



Upper Gunnison River Water Conservancy District

210 West Spencer Avenue, Suite B • Gunnison,
Colorado 81230 Telephone (970) 641-6065 •
www.ugrwcd.org

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

AGENDA – ANNUAL MEETING

Monday, June 26, 2023 at 5:30 p.m.

UGRWCD Offices, 210 W. Spencer Ave, Suite B, Gunnison, CO 81230

ZOOM LINK:

<https://us02web.zoom.us/join/9tZDyqcuqspzwwGtJoRwZsMUQAgD4GbFBopnok>

MISSION STATEMENT

To be an active leader in all issues affecting the water resources of the Upper Gunnison River Basin.

5:30 p.m.	1. Call to Order
5:31 p.m.	2. Agenda Approval
5:33 p.m.	3. Administration of Oath of Office for Michelle Pierce, Rebie Hazard, Mike Rogers, Joellen Fonken and Rosemary Carroll by Judge Steven Patrick
5:40 p.m.	4. Consent Agenda Items: Any of the following items may be removed for discussion from the consent agenda at the request of any Board member or citizen. • Approval of May 27, 2023 Minutes • Monthly Budget Summary • Consideration of Expenses
5:45 p.m.	5. Election of Officers
5:50 p.m.	6. Consideration of Resolution Appointing Financial Officers
5:55 p.m.	7. Re-authorization of Standing Committees
6:00 p.m.	8. Presentation by David Gardner and Mike Rogers, City of Gunnison, Water Treatment Plant Update

6:25 p.m.	9. DINNER BREAK with Basin Water Supply Update
6:45 p.m.	10. Legal and Legislative Matters • Bylaws Amendments
7:15 p.m.	11. General Manager and Committee Reports • Treasurer's Report • General Manager Updates • Watershed Management Planning Committee • Drought Contingency Plan Update • Wet Meadows Program Update • Taylor Local User's Group Update - o June 6, 2023 Meeting Summary • Scientific Endeavors • Gunnison River Festival • STOR Committee
8:05 p.m.	12. Miscellaneous Matters • Current Gunnison River Spreadsheet • Colorado Water Congress Conference – August 22-24, 2023
8:10 p.m.	13. Citizens Comments
8:12 p.m.	14. Future Meetings
8:15 p.m.	15. Summary of Meeting Action Items
8:20 p.m.	16. Adjournment

Note: This agenda is subject to change, including the addition of items or the deletion of items at any time. All times are approximate. Regular meetings, public hearings, and special meetings are recorded, and action can be taken on any item. The Board may address individual agenda items at any time or in any order to accommodate the needs of the Board and the audience. Persons with special needs due to a disability are requested to call the District at (970) 641-6065 at least 24 hours prior to the meeting.

AGENDA ITEM 3

Administration of Oath

District Court, Gunnison County, State of Colorado Court Address: 200 E. Virginia Ave., Gunnison, Colorado 81230	JUN 06 2023 Clerenda Fry Clerk of the Court
In Re the Matter of Upper Gunnison River Water Conservancy District	▲ COURT USE ONLY ▲ Case Number: C-6518 Division: 2
Order of Appointment	

Pending before the Court are appointments to the District board for the 1st, 2nd, 3rd, 5th and 8th Divisions. The terms of Michelle Pierce, Division 1 (Hinsdale County), Rebie Hazard, Division 2 (Saguache County), and Joellen Fonken, Division 3 (Tomichi), Rosemary Carroll, Division 5 (Crested Butte) and Sara Bergstrom, Division 8 (City of Gunnison) who recently resigned and relocated. The four current Board Members have all timely applied for reappointment. There were no other applications submitted. All four are thanked for their past service and willingness to serve another term. The only applicant for the remainder of Sara Bergstrom's term is Michael Rogers. He is the Wastewater Superintendent for the City of Gunnison. He is well qualified for appointment and thanked for his willingness to serve. He is appointed to the remainder of the term (2 years) in Division 8 (City of Gunnison).

After conferring with Chief Judge Michael Gonzales of the 12th Judicial District and others in the community, the Court reappoints Michelle Pierce, Rebie Hazard, Joellen Fonken and Rosemary Carroll and appoints Michael Rogers for the remainder of the term for Sara Bergstrom.

Dated this 6th day of June, 2023.

By the Court:


J. Steven Patrick, District Court Judge

Xc: UGRWCD, Pierce, Hazard, Fonken and Carroll, Rogers, Gunnison Country Times, Crested Butte News, Hon. Michael Gonzales

STATE OF COLORADO)
) s.s. OATH OF OFFICE
COUNTY OF GUNNISON)

I, Rosemary Carroll, do solemnly swear that I will support the Constitution of the United States, the Constitution of the State of Colorado, and laws of the State of Colorado, and will faithfully perform the duties of the office of Director of the Upper Gunnison River Water Conservancy District which I am about to enter to the best of my ability.

I do further swear and affirm that I am a citizen of the United States and a qualified elector of the State of Colorado and reside within the confines of the Upper Gunnison River Water Conservancy District.

Rosemary Carroll

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 26th day of June, 2023 by

J. Steven Patrick
District Judge

STATE OF COLORADO)
) s.s. OATH OF OFFICE
COUNTY OF GUNNISON)

I, Joellen Fonken, do solemnly swear that I will support the Constitution of the United States, the Constitution of the State of Colorado, and laws of the State of Colorado, and will faithfully perform the duties of the office of Director of the Upper Gunnison River Water Conservancy District which I am about to enter to the best of my ability.

I do further swear and affirm that I am a citizen of the United States and a qualified elector of the State of Colorado and reside within the confines of the Upper Gunnison River Water Conservancy District.

Joellen Fonken

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 26th day of June, 2023 by

J. Steven Patrick
District Judge

STATE OF COLORADO)
) s.s. OATH OF OFFICE
COUNTY OF GUNNISON)

I, Rebie Hazard, do solemnly swear that I will support the Constitution of the United States, the Constitution of the State of Colorado, and laws of the State of Colorado, and will faithfully perform the duties of the office of Director of the Upper Gunnison River Water Conservancy District which I am about to enter to the best of my ability.

I do further swear and affirm that I am a citizen of the United States and a qualified elector of the State of Colorado and reside within the confines of the Upper Gunnison River Water Conservancy District.

Rebie Hazard

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 26th day of June, 2023 by

J. Steven Patrick
District Judge

STATE OF COLORADO)
) s.s. OATH OF OFFICE
COUNTY OF GUNNISON)

I, Michelle Pierce, do solemnly swear that I will support the Constitution of the United States, the Constitution of the State of Colorado, and laws of the State of Colorado, and will faithfully perform the duties of the office of Director of the Upper Gunnison River Water Conservancy District which I am about to enter to the best of my ability.

I do further swear and affirm that I am a citizen of the United States and a qualified elector of the State of Colorado and reside within the confines of the Upper Gunnison River Water Conservancy District.

Michelle Pierce

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 26th day of June, 2023 by

J. Steven Patrick
District Judge

STATE OF COLORADO)
) s.s. OATH OF OFFICE
COUNTY OF GUNNISON)

I, Mike Rogers, do solemnly swear that I will support the Constitution of the United States, the Constitution of the State of Colorado, and laws of the State of Colorado, and will faithfully perform the duties of the office of Director of the Upper Gunnison River Water Conservancy District which I am about to enter to the best of my ability.

I do further swear and affirm that I am a citizen of the United States and a qualified elector of the State of Colorado and reside within the confines of the Upper Gunnison River Water Conservancy District.

Mike Rogers

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 26th day of June, 2023 by

J. Steven Patrick
District Judge

AGENDA ITEM 4

Consent Agenda Items

**Upper Gunnison River Water Conservancy District
Meeting Minutes of the Board of Directors
Monday, May 22, 2023**

The Board of Directors of the Upper Gunnison River Water Conservancy District conducted a regular Board meeting on Monday, May 22, 2023 at 1:00 p.m. in the Lake City Fire Hall, 131 North Henson Street, Lake City, CO 81235 and via Zoom video/teleconferencing.

Board members present: Rosemary Carroll, Joellen Fonken (via Zoom), Rebie Hazard (via Zoom), Stacy McPhail (via Zoom), Bill Nesbitt, John Perusek, Michelle Pierce and Andy Spann.

Board members absent: Julie Nania and Don Sabrowski

Others present:

Sonja Chavez, UGRWCD General Manager
John Coy, LSCWAE Representative
Cheryl Cwelich, UGRWCD Water Resource Specialist I
Jeff Derry, Colorado Dust on Snow Program (via Zoom)
Zach Dutra, Lake Fork Valley Conservancy Director
Robert Hurd, LSCWAE Representative
Alana Nichols, UGRWCD Fellow
Beverly Richards, UGRWCD Water Resource Specialist II
Sue Uerling, UGRWCD Admin. Asst/Communications Specialist (via Zoom)
Henry Woods, LSCWAE Representative

1. CALL TO ORDER

Board President Michelle Pierce called the meeting to order at 1:00 p.m.

2. AGENDA APPROVAL

Director Bill Nesbitt moved and Director Rosemary Carroll seconded approval of the agenda as circulated. The motion carried.

3. CONSENT AGENDA ITEMS

Director Rebie Hazard requested that the May 2, 2022 Special Board Meeting minutes and the Budget Summary be removed from the Consent Agenda Items for separate consideration.

Director Bill Nesbitt moved and Director Andy Spann seconded approval of the April 24, 2023 Board of Directors meeting minutes. The motion carried.

Director Rebekah Hazard noted that in the May 2, 2023 Special Board Meeting Minutes, her name is not listed either in the “Board members present” section, nor the “Board members absent” section. Since she was not in attendance, Director Hazard asked that this be noted in the minutes. She also commented that in the current Budget Summary on page 3 of the financials, there is a line that includes both “Audit and Accounting” as one line item. Director Hazard thinks combining these expenses on one line makes it confusing for the public as it currently shows that the District is at 174.8% of budget. She does not want the public to think there are any issues with the audit, since this percentage is really a reflection of changing accounting personnel/procedures. General Manager Sonja Chavez said that the audit expenses and accounting expenses can be reported as two separate line items in future budget summaries.

Director Bill Nesbitt moved and Director Andy Spann seconded approval of the May 2, 2023 Special Board Meeting Minutes and the May 2023 Financial Reports with the changes requested by Director Hazard. The motion carried.

4. COLORADO DUST-ON-SNOW PROGRAM UPDATE, JEFF DERRY

Jeff Derry, the executive director of the Colorado Dust-On-Snow program, gave a presentation on the water year 2023 to date. Jeff said that thanks to a lot of moisture in the west earlier in the year, this tended to keep the dust in the deserts packed down and there really weren’t any significant dust-on-snow events until April 2023. Since then, there have been six dust-on-snow events, with the events on April 3 and 4 being the largest so far. Jeff outlined some of the activity throughout the basin and noted that Spring Creek Pass is average while the East River region has a significant blanket of dust. This is also true for the Roaring Fork Castle Creek region. Jeff said the 2023 water year will be classified as an average year for dust-on-snow events, whereas 2022 was classified as a “severe” year for the entire western Colorado region.

Jeff noted that there have been 31 atmospheric river events in California through March of this water year. There were several instances where those atmospheric rivers reached into Colorado helping 2023 become an above average year for snowpack. Jeff also noted it has been a good year for snow water equivalency; and as of May 21, 2023, the region was at 221 percent of median and 62 percent of median peak. Jeff said the 8-14 day precipitation outlook is for above normal precipitation with the temperature outlook being near normal. Nighttime temperatures are still hovering at or below freezing, which is helping slow the snowmelt.

Jeff also reported that there has been an abundance of microplastics found in snowpack samples and that they believe a good portion of these microplastics are coming from motor vehicle tire wear. He noted that tires are actually white and then dyed black with plastics.

Jeff also said there was a good article written by *The Colorado Sun* (May 18, 2023 edition) that went more in-depth about the dust-on snow program and how it benefits water managers. Jeff said the reporter, Tracy

Ross, did a good job of following the story from the Colorado headwaters to the desert lowlands, explaining the problems with dust and managing streamflow along the way. It also addressed some of the political issues surrounding government policy that holds whoever is responsible for degrading the soil accountable. Jeff encouraged those in attendance to sign up for his weekly email reports by sending him an email at: jderry@snowstudies.org.

Director Bill Nesbitt asked Jeff if they are able to forecast dust-on-snow events based on trends they have seen in the past? Jeff said that as the season progresses, in his almost weekly updates, he gives an albedo update/forecast. He said he can predict accurately what the albedo is going to do, which, in turn, affects what the streamflow is going to do. He can also predict whether streamflow is going to go up or down, but that predicting the volume of water is much more challenging.

Director Joellen Fonken asked Jeff if the heavy smoke from the wildfires in Canada is affecting the snowmelt. Jeff said that his accurate answer is “I don’t know.” However, he said that there is the possibility that the incoming solar radiation is being blocked somewhat by the smoke particles in the air but that his best guess is that a lot of heat from the sun is still getting through.

Director Rosemary Carroll asked if Jeff and his team collect specific data on microplastics and how he feels these might directly affect the snowpack or affect albedo. Jeff answered that they did not intend specifically to collect data on microplastics but they found during their regular snow surveys, there are microplastics in virtually every sample when they looked at them under the microscope. Jeff said they will continue to collect samples and note the microplastics content but that at this time they are not making any direct correlations between the microplastics and the solar radiation input and output. Jeff said that there have been a couple of papers written on this topic which might provide such data.

General Manager Sonja Chavez said she had read an article about polyfluorinated alkyl substances (PFAs) being found in high mountain streams. She wondered if Jeff had any information about this. Jeff said he did not. He said it makes sense that you would find this in high mountain streams, but that fortunately, in the Red Mountain Pass area there have not been any forest fires. He said that down by Durango, they have experienced more fires and that he can follow-up with them and see if their samples are showing any such particles.

5. BASIN WATER SUPPLY UPDATE

Water Resource Specialist Beverly Richards referenced her Basin Water Supply Report included in the Board packet and said that drought conditions have remained the same since early March and that precipitation has been running at about 100 percent. Beverly noted that her report matches Jeff’s predictions of above average precipitation and slightly cooler than normal temperatures, which will slow down the snowmelt. At this time, Bev said that three of the five SNOTEL sites used to determine the Upper Gunnison Basin snowpack have already melted out. She said that Schofield is still reporting about 31 inches of snow but that all of the sites will likely be melted out in the next couple of weeks. Beverly said that the

streamflows are definitely rising and that the East River was reporting a streamflow of 2200 cfs today versus 1100 cfs just a week ago, which is well over the historical average. She thinks this will continue for a week or two as Schofield melts out.

Bev said that in a webinar she attended a couple of weeks ago, the question was asked what would it take to fill all reservoirs and the presenter answered “three years of water years like 2023 without anyone using any water.” However, since everyone will be using water, he said then it would likely take six to eight consecutive years of above average water years.

Beverly said the cloud seeding program for this winter ended on April 15, 2023 with 1900 generator hours, including hours on the new remote generator on Black Mesa. She said the generator at Lake Irwin broke down in March and because of the high snowpack, no one was able to get up there to repair it, but that repairs are planned there for this summer. Bev also reported that North American Weather Consultants have proposed to the Colorado Water Conservation Board (CWCW) that another remote generator be added 18 miles west of the new remote generator at Black Mesa. Bev said she initially expressed concerns that this generator is actually just outside of the District boundaries, but she was told that the snow that it would generate would actually fall inside the District. Bev said it sounds like the CWCW may end up funding the whole cost of installation and operations for this new remote generator and that the District would only be responsible for supplies. Bev also said that there are other cloud seeding generator locations being proposed, including some new ones in western Utah and California. She said that in Colorado, the CWCW has traditionally supported the program with about \$350,000 annually and that this year, they have \$600,000 earmarked for the 2023-2024 program.

Director Bill Nesbitt asked Beverly if they are still predicting the elevation of Blue Mesa to be about 82 percent at peak. Beverly said it is and that the District should be getting some updated reports from the Bureau on year-end storage predictions in the next couple of weeks.

Beverly spoke with Jeff Deems, and he said they have flights scheduled this weekend over the East River and Taylor River Basins and then the Dolores Basin on Monday, which should provide some updated information on snowpack. There was discussion about the expense of these flights and Bev reported that if more basins become involved and the ASO flight areas expand, then the cost will likely come down. There were also some snow-off ASO flights scheduled for the front range, but there is discussion about moving these flights to early next season to save money.

General Manager Sonja Chavez noted that there are reports of 200 percent of normal for snowpack, but she said that is for the entire Gunnison Basin and does not give a clear picture of the Upper Gunnison basin. She said the ASO flights help with this.

Water Resource Specialist Cheryl Cwelich noted that the Gunnison Sheriff's Department issued a dangerous river conditions warning on May 18 for all watercraft vessels between Almont and North Bridge at Highway 135 saying bridges are unnavigable. This was posted on the UGRWCD's social media platforms.

Director Bill Nesbitt said he had heard a comment that there were no sandbags available in the area. Sonja replied that Gunnison County has a supply but that they are smaller sandbags.

There was follow-up discussion about the expense and effectiveness of ASO flights. General Manager Sonja Chavez reported that the District submitted a grant application to the BOR for \$1M to support the Upper Gunnison River Basin Snow Water Supply Measurement grant proposal. Sonja noted that the District would utilize BOR funding to conduct two ASO snow surveys per year over a three-year period in the Upper Gunnison River Basin. She noted that these flights could really help with providing accurate snow measurement and precipitation data for much more accurate water supply and inflow information. Director Rosemary Carroll noted that this is also very valuable data for her studies and that there are a lot of scientists using the ASO data. Water Resource Specialist Beverly Richards noted that almost all the basins in the state, eight total, had also applied for this funding grant. Sonja and Rosemary explained the ASO process of flying over various parts of the watershed to shoot radar across the snowpack to get the data needed for modeling.

6. GENERAL MANAGER, STAFF AND COMMITTEE UPDATES

Treasurers Report: Treasurer Bill Nesbitt noted that currently US Treasury notes are paying interest at rates of 5.23 percent for a six-month note; 5.09 percent for a 12-month note; 4.3% for a two-year note; and 3.78 percent for a five-year note. He noted that this is still inverted. He also provided a comparison of the federal funds rate from a year ago to today and said that he is still waiting to see what happens with inflation. Bill stated that he believes the District made a good investment in purchasing Unit A at the current Spencer Business Park for cash in the amount of \$650,000. He noted that feelers have been put out to possible renters and that there has been interest. He conducted a free analysis of what he thinks the District could charge in rent and what return that would provide in return for the District and he believes it could range from 5.9 percent on the low side to 6.2 percent on the high side. As for other investments, he is still taking a wait and see approach and is watching China and Russia closely.

U.S. Bureau of Reclamation (BOR) – Snow Water Supply Measurement Grant: General Manager Sonja Chavez noted that this grant was discussed earlier and that the District was hoping to hear back about on awards by August. President Michelle Pierce referred to Resolution 2023-03 included in the packet, which is a requirement of the grant application, and asked if anyone had questions about the resolution. No questions were raised.

Director Bill Nesbitt moved and Director Rosemary Carroll seconded approval of Resolution 2023-03 ad circulated. The motion carried.

Spencer Avenue Condominium Association Roof Replacement: General Manager Sonja Chavez reported that the District closed on the purchase of Unit A on May 12, 2023. Since then, District management has been developing plans to review with an architectural and structural engineer to make the current Suite A

suitable for District operations. This includes developing an estimated expense spreadsheet and annual budget for the building.

Sonja noted that the roof replacement is still projected to begin in mid to late June and that the contractor, Bullet Construction, is in direct contact with the solar panel company about the timing of the removal and reinstallation and storage of the solar panels.

Drought Contingency Plan (DCP) Consultant Team Selection

Sonja reported that staff and the Request For Proposal team had selected Strategic by Nature & Harris Engineering (SBN Team) to oversee the DCP. Stacy Beaugh SBN and Carrie Lyle-Padgett (from Harris Water Engineering in Durango) have extensive experience leading similar projects. Sonja said they are putting together the scope of work and will have a contract ready soon. This is being funded by a BOR grant for \$140,000 plus \$20,000 from the District budget.

Watershed Management Planning Update – Sonja said the District has been very successful in their WMP fundraising efforts and are actually developing plans to spend down some of the monies, which is a good problem to have. She noted that two assessments have now been completed, the Wildfire Risk Assessment and Phase 1 of the Geo-Fluvial Assessment. On May 2, the District made a presentation to the Town of Lake City about the assessments. The presentation was well attended and there was good discussion.

Wet Meadows Program: Water Resource Specialist Cheryl Cwelich reported that Max Sawyer started in his role as the Field Supervisor of the sagebrush steppe and wet meadows conservation crew. She noted that last week they began training a field crew of about 10 individuals who are very passionate about restoration and wetlands. This crew will be working across land boundaries including Bureau of Land Management (BLM), Colorado Parks & Wildlife (CPW) and private land and that they will help with assessments of wet meadows for future planning, as well as the construction and installation of structures, and cheatgrass treatments, seed collection, seeding and road decommissioning.

Cheryl also reported that she has partnered with the CPW on a \$3.5 million grant to coordinate a combined wet meadows and cheatgrass mitigation project in the basin, which would include providing funding for the salary of a cheatgrass coordinator who would work with the County, BLM, CPW and Wet Meadows on mitigation efforts.

President Michelle Pierce asked Cheryl if the high snowpack and runoff will be a help to the Wet Meadows program and Cheryl answered that yes, with the structures that have already been built and installed, this will help keep this runoff in place longer and benefit the wildlife and livestock who use this water. She noted that of the 1 percent of the basin that is considered wet meadows, this directly feeds 80 percent of the wildlife and livestock in the basin.

Education and Outlook Update – UGRWCD Communications Specialist reported that the recent City-wide and River clean up on May 13 went really well and that there were around 50 volunteers who helped with the clean-up at the Gunnison White Water Park. She said the timing was perfect as the clean-up crew was able to get the park and riverbanks in good shape right before the water started to rise. Sue also noted that Colt Maul is very enthusiastic about his art show at the Gunnison Arts Center on June 2nd which the District supported through a Mini-Grant. He will be giving his presentation at 7 p.m. and is encouraging everyone to come to his “Arteries of the Earth” show. Director Bill Nesbitt asked how many of the first-grade water books were distributed this school year and Sue replied that while she did not have the exact number handy, all of the first graders in both Gunnison and Crested Butte were given the book “Drop” and a supply had just been delivered for the Lake City first graders, which President Pierce has agreed to distribute following the meeting. Bill explained how the books have become an annual outreach effort on behalf of the District. Sonja also noted that the District is working on an effort to better coordinate with the Lake City School so that they can take part in a field trip to Rocky Mountain Biological Laboratory (RMBL) this next Fall which focuses on education about the watershed. As Bev was scrolling through photos of the Ag Venture Days and 4th Grade Water Festival, LSCWAE representative John Coy asked about the mobility of the water trailer and said he would love to see a grass roots effort in Lake City led by school children, teachers and their parents to get volunteers to help plant vegetation to prevent bank erosion. Sue noted that the trailer is available for educational opportunities with advance planning.

Taylor Local Users Group – In Don Sabrowski’s absence, General Manager Chavez noted that the group has been meeting monthly since March with the goal of making recommendations on releases from Taylor Reservoir to deal with the higher spring runoff while also maintaining a good level of storage in the reservoir at the end of the year. So far this season, the projections received from the BOR and UCAR have been fairly accurate in terms of inflows, so it was decided the group would not meet twice in May. The next meeting is June 8, 2023 at noon.

Scientific Endeavors: Director Rosemary Carroll reported that with respect to weather data collection, for the past couple of years, the Department of Energy SAIL program has had a large amount of equipment, including radar, stationed at the top of CBMR. These data will be processed in the future for use by atmospheric scientists and hydrologists around the world. Unfortunately, she said all of this infrastructure, including the radar equipment that was on loan from Colorado State University, will be pulled out and going to other locations mid-June of this year. The NOAA SPLASH atmospheric program and its infrastructure will be removed in September. She also noted that she has just returned from a Department of Energy conference in DC, where the Science Focus Area (SFA) project run by Lawrence Berkeley National Lab presented results and discussed science objectives for the next four years. While focus over the next four years will remain in the East River, the SFA will begin collecting data in the Taylor River basin and it will be good to coordinate activities in Trail Creek with the District and the USGS who are looking at the effects Beaver Dam Analogues on hydrology.

Miscellaneous Updates: General Manager Sonja Chavez noted that she and John had spoken to the Gunnison Stockgrowers Association about a detailed water budget and irrigation return flow study instead of

asking them to do demand management and that it was well received. Director Andy Spann mentioned that a number of the stockgrowers were of the opinion that there needs to be data to show how experimental fallowing affects the amount of water that comes from this in relation to the adverse effects of fallowing. He said they would also like to see data collected about how much water from irrigation diversions actually recharges the groundwater system. Sonja reported that there is a company called LoRaWan that makes environmental sensors that can be used to measure soil moisture content and she will be getting more information on these later in the week.

Director Bill Nesbitt also mentioned that the western states of Arizona, Nevada and California are still overusing water while asking us to contribute to restoring levels in Lake Powell.

Sonja also noted that data collection related to the Harmful Algae Bloom study at Blue Mesa have concluded. Data is currently being analyzed. Director Bill Nesbitt asked if there were any plans to study the effects of HAB's downstream from Blue Mesa. Sonja replied that this was not part of their scope of study.

Gunnison Basin Roundtable: – General Manager Chavez said she was unable to attend the meeting on May 15th but had heard that there were a couple of projects presented for funding consideration. General Counsel was present.

Gunnison River Festival: GRF Director Cheryl Cwelich referred to her memorandum included in the packet and noted that due to high flows, a couple of the river events were pushed later into the summer. Zach Dutra of Lake Fork Valley Conservancy noted that they will host a Stand Up Paddle board (SUP) event on July 29, 2023 on Lake San Cristobal which includes a half-day event with paddleboard yoga and some other morning activities. Cheryl said the Sunni-Gunni float will now take place on August 26th, after the Western University students are back for classes in an effort to involve more of them and present river safety recommendations. Cheryl also said Gunnison County plans to erect some signage at the Gunnison Whitewater Park about river safety, especially for those who navigate through the Kemel-Owens #2 diversion structure downstream of the Gunnison Whitewater Park..

STOR Committee Update: Water Resource Specialist Beverly Richards attended the meeting but said the focus was ongoing work on STOR's Strategic Plan.

CBLT Long Lake Planning Committee Update: Director Rosemary Carroll said the group is really not meeting any more but that there were some concerns raised by the Allen family about erosion of the banks at Long Lake due to heavy usage. Sonja indicated that the District relayed to Rosemary that they would appreciate any information about plans that include addressing erosion concerns on the section representing the dam structure. Rosemary offered to follow-up on this.

7. MISCELLANEOUS MATTERS

President Michelle Pierce made note that in the packet was the current Gunnison River spreadsheet as well as letter from the City of Gunnison about the upcoming free swim lessons they will offer at the Rec Center for

seven days after Memorial Day. The District's Education and Outreach plan includes a line item of \$500 to support these swim lessons.

8. CITIZENS COMMENTS

No citizens elected to make comments.

9. FUTURE MEETINGS

President Michelle Pierce referred to the schedule of upcoming meetings included in the Board packet and noted that the deadline for Board applications to Judge Patrick is this Friday at 5 p.m.

10. SUMMARY OF MEETING ACTION ITEMS

General Manager Sonja Chavez said she would follow up with an email to Director Carroll to invite her to listen in on the LoRaWan presentation about their environmental sensors.

Thomas Stoeber PC, CPA's will be asked to separate the Accounting and Audit expenses on the Budget Summary for future reports.

A Finance Committee meeting date will be finalized and members will be notified. Currently considering June 8th.

11. ADJOURNMENT

Board President Michelle Pierce adjourned the May 22, 2023 regular Board meeting at 2:53 p.m.

MINUTES SUBMITTED:

John Perusek, Secretary

APPROVED:

Michelle Pierce, President

Upper Gunnison River Water Conservancy District
Monthly Budget Summary 2023

	May 23	YTD 2023	2023 Budget	% of Budget
Ordinary Income/Expense				
Income				
Asp Water Sales	2,246.21	21,804.83	20,920.00	104.23%
Cloud Seeding Income	77,000.00	140,750.00	140,750.00	100.0%
Interest Income	5,364.87	28,377.41	20,000.00	141.89%
Property Tax Income	349,221.51	1,122,451.82	1,598,974.00	70.2%
Reimbursed Exp Income				
GRF Reimbursed Income	0.00	0.00	35,000.00	0.0%
LSC Reimbursed Income	0.00	0.00		
Misc Income	864.00	35,036.32		
UGRAWE Reimbursed Inc	0.00	0.00		
Reimbursed Exp Income - Other	0.00	0.00		
Total Reimbursed Exp Income	864.00	35,036.32	35,000.00	100.1%
Taylor-CWRPDA Hydro Income	0.00	0.00		
Unspent Funds from Previous Yr	0.00	0.00		
Watershed Mgmt Income				
CWCB 2023-2404 Black Mesa Gen.	0.00	0.00		
BOR DCP 2023-24 \$140,480	0.00	0.00		
Blue Mesa HABs Study	0.00	0.00		
CWCB WMP (TBD) Grant Income	0.00	0.00		
CRWCD CFP2021-15 Grant Inc	0.00	0.00		
CWCB 2019-2891 \$150,000	0.00	0.00		
CWCB 2020-2113 \$31,507	0.00	0.00		
CWCB 2022-2085 \$180,000	35,062.75	43,758.10		
NPS 2021-4821 Grant Inc	0.00	0.00		
TU Restore Grant Inc	0.00	0.00		
Watershed Restore Program Inc	0.00	0.00		
WMP CWCB PO 2023-3317	0.00	0.00		
Watershed Mgmt Income - Other	0.00	0.00	435,018.00	0.0%
Total Watershed Mgmt Income	35,062.75	43,758.10	435,018.00	10.06%
Wet Meadows Income				
USFS SPA 2018 Grant	0.00	32,941.05		
BLM L17AC00255	0.00	113,222.31		
BLM L19AC00207 Silt	0.00	43,186.64		
NFWF Landscape	0.00	0.00		
NFWF Phase II Grant Income	0.00	0.00		
NRCS Grant Income	0.00	0.00		
Wet Meadows BLM Grant Inc	0.00	0.00		
WM USFS PA 18 Inc	0.00	0.00		
Wet Meadows Income - Other	103,950.00	103,950.00	274,166.00	37.92%
Total Wet Meadows Income	103,950.00	293,300.00	274,166.00	106.98%
WQ Monitoring Inc	0.00	0.00	38,869.00	0.0%
Water Supply Income				
CWCB NCAR Water Supply2023-2377	0.00	6,923.70		
CWCB PO 2023-3158	0.00	0.00		
Water Supply Income - Other	0.00	0.00		
Total Water Supply Income	0.00	6,923.70		
Additional Contribution Reserve	0.00	0.00	283,636.00	0.0%
Total Income	573,709.34	1,692,402.18	2,847,333.00	59.44%

Upper Gunnison River Water Conservancy District
Monthly Budget Summary 2023

Cost of Goods Sold				
Cloud Seeding COST	37.52	113,628.92	189,060.00	60.1%
COST Grants	0.00	0.00		
Cost of Goods Sold	0.00	0.00		
NPS PO 2021-4821 COST	0.00	0.00		
UGR&D CRWCD CFP2021-15 COST	0.00	0.00		
Watershed COST				
CRWD CFP Grant - HAB's	0.00	9,750.00		
2023 GOCO Planning COST	0.00	20,000.00		
CWCB 2020-2113	0.00	2,104.00		
BOR DCP 2023-24 COST	0.00	0.00		
CWCB WMP 2023-3317	11,043.75	32,703.75		
2021-15 UG Restoration COST	0.00	0.00		
CWCB 2022-2085 (Restore) COST	0.00	6,577.50		
CWCB 2019-2891 COST	0.00	0.00		
CWCB PO 2019 2891 COST	0.00	0.00		
CWCB WtrShed Restore Grant COST	0.00	0.00		
TU Restore Grant COST	0.00	0.00		
UGR&D CRWCD CFP2022 COST	0.00	6,158.00		
CWCB GBRT-PEPO 2023-2489	5,252.20	7,931.14		
Watershed COST - Other	0.00	37,024.85	482,920.00	7.67%
Total Watershed COST	16,295.95	122,249.24	482,920.00	25.32%
Wet Meadows COST				
FWS Sagebrush Ecosystem COST	0.00	17,999.99		
BLM Coop L17AC00255 COST	0.00	728.00		
BLM L19AC00207 COST	0.00	0.00		
CPW HPP COST	0.00	0.00		
CPW Wetlands Grant COST	0.00	0.00		
NFWF Phase II COST	0.00	0.00		
NRCS Grant Exp COST	0.00	0.00		
USFS 22-PA-11020400-050	0.00	1,350.68		
USFS PA-2 17-PA COST	0.00	0.00		
USFS SPA 2018 COST	0.00	0.00		
2022 GOCO Planning COST	1,536.97	7,021.91		
Wet Meadows COST - Other	0.00	4,427.22	294,166.00	1.51%
Total Wet Meadows COST	1,536.97	31,527.80	294,166.00	10.72%
WQ Monitoring COST				
WQ Monitoring USGS JFA 2023	0.00	37,117.00		
WQ Monitoring COST - Other	0.00	40,861.00	157,930.00	25.87%
Total WQ Monitoring COST	0.00	77,978.00	157,930.00	49.38%
Water Supply COST				
CWCB/ NCAR #2023-2377 \$14,998	631.87	7,555.57		
CWCB PO 2023-3158	16,250.84	19,874.60		
Water Supply COST - Other	0.00	0.00		
Total Water Supply COST	16,882.71	27,430.17		
Total COGS	34,753.15	372,814.13	1,124,076.00	33.17%

Upper Gunnison River Water Conservancy District
Monthly Budget Summary 2023

Gross Profit	538,956.19	1,319,588.05	1,723,257.00	76.58%
Expense				
Reconciliation Discrepancies	0.00	0.00		
1 Op X				
Donation-Endangered Fish	0.00	0.00		
Admin.Travel & Exp.	575.71	12,855.80	35,000.00	36.73%
Accounting & Professional Fees	4,845.00	14,830.00		
Audit Expense	0.00	0.00	10,000.00	0.0%
Bad Debts	0.00	0.00		
Bank Service Charges	1,739.02	9,241.06		
BOD Expenses	0.00	5,060.04	15,000.00	33.73%
BOD Mileage	449.36	1,091.61	2,200.00	49.62%
BOD Mtg Fees	3,400.00	3,400.00	13,360.00	25.45%
Bonding and Insurance	12,613.00	13,047.00	12,003.00	108.7%
Building Rep/Maint	0.00	0.00	10,000.00	0.0%
Computer Exp				
Computer Asset Purchase	348.99	2,523.26		
Computer Repairs	0.00	0.00		
Computer Software	571.87	7,461.26		
Internet	249.12	3,794.58		
Computer Exp - Other	800.00	4,622.47	22,850.00	20.23%
Total Computer Exp	1,969.98	18,401.57	22,850.00	80.53%
Copier Expenses	0.00	1,760.61	5,000.00	35.21%
County Treasurers' Fees	10,692.82	37,918.03	47,969.00	79.05%
Donation RMBL Weather	0.00	0.00		
Donation Selenium Program	0.00	0.00		
Dues, Memberships&Subscriptions	426.13	8,820.57	15,000.00	58.8%
Election Expenses	0.00	0.00		
Legal Publication	68.65	4,331.84	6,000.00	72.2%
Manager's Discretionary	260.88	16,191.21	25,000.00	64.77%
Meeting Expenses	637.22	1,146.70	4,000.00	28.67%
Office Equipment Exp	1,000.00	1,390.69	21,500.00	6.47%
Office Supplies & Misc Expenses	554.50	4,078.20	21,250.00	19.19%
Payroll Exp				
CRA Retirement Plan	3,741.47	18,664.03		
Medical Insurance	1,950.60	19,801.20		
Payroll Taxes	3,542.96	17,345.57		
Salaries - Admin	30,300.75	151,503.75		
Salaries - Staff	15,820.64	71,615.49		
Staff Development	1,172.88	2,046.90		
Work Comp Ins	1,702.00	5,697.00		
Payroll Penalties	0.00	0.00		
Payroll Exp - Other	0.00	0.00	762,354.00	0.0%
Total Payroll Exp	58,231.30	286,673.94	762,354.00	37.6%
Postage	378.00	441.00	1,500.00	29.4%
Public Outreach				
4-H Sponsorships	500.00	500.00		
Donation GRF	0.00	0.00		
Internship	0.00	0.00		
Mini-Grants	0.00	0.00		
Public Ed./Advertising	1,388.67	11,720.00		
Social Media	0.00	0.00		
Website Updates	0.00	774.00		
Youth Conservation Corps	0.00	0.00		
Public Outreach - Other	306.12	1,947.04	61,680.00	3.16%
Total Public Outreach	2,194.79	14,941.04	61,680.00	24.22%

Upper Gunnison River Water Conservancy District
Monthly Budget Summary 2023

RICD Exp	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0%
Telephone	924.60	3,531.74	7,110.00	49.67%
Utilities, Clean, Condo Dues	2,472.24	13,032.07	15,516.00	83.99%
Vehicle Expenses - Toyota Highl	0.00	274.08	4,525.00	6.06%
1 Op X - Other	0.00	0.00		
Total 1 Op X	103,433.20	472,458.80	1,118,817.00	42.23%
2 Non-Op X				
Lake Fork Conservancy	10,000.00	10,000.00	10,000.00	100.0%
Coal Creek Watershed Coalition	0.00	0.00	10,000.00	0.0%
City of Gunnison Cleanup	0.00	0.00	2,000.00	0.0%
Asp Subordination Report	0.00	5,040.00	22,040.00	22.87%
Aspinall Contract Costs	0.00	18,494.59		
Cloud Seeding	0.00	0.00		
Consulting/Engineering	0.00	6,520.63	15,000.00	43.47%
Contribution to Reserve Fund	0.00	0.00		
Donation Dust on Snowpack	0.00	3,500.00	3,500.00	100.0%
Drought Contingency Cont	0.00	0.00	44,000.00	0.0%
Endanger Fish Recovery Program	0.00	0.00	3,000.00	0.0%
Home Loan Program Cont	0.00	0.00	100,000.00	0.0%
Legal Fees/Projects	0.00	0.00		
LSC Expenses	0.00	0.00	13,464.00	0.0%
RMBL (Basinwide Planning X)	0.00	0.00		
Regional Water Supply Imp. Exp.	0.00	0.00		
Grant Program	54,188.03	94,390.65	300,000.00	31.46%
Spencer Ave Res Exp	0.00	0.00	10,000.00	0.0%
Taylor Park Projects Exp	0.00	7,436.00	7,436.00	100.0%
Taylor River Modeling Exp	-13,653.48	-13,653.48	40,000.00	-34.13%
Watershed Mgmt X	4,068.76	5,988.28		
Wet Meadow X	12,900.40	12,900.40		
WQ Monitoring	0.00	0.00		
2 Non-Op X - Other	0.00	0.00		
Total 2 Non-Op X	67,503.71	150,617.07	580,440.00	25.95%
Capital Outlay Expense	669,626.83	714,876.83	0.00	100.0%
SUSPENSE	0.00	0.00		
Total Expense	840,563.74	1,337,952.70	1,699,257.00	78.74%
Net Ordinary Income	-301,607.55	-18,364.65	24,000.00	-76.52%
Other Income/Expense				
Other Income	0.00	0.00		
Other Expense				
Contingency	0.00	0.00	24,000.00	0.0%
Depreciation Expenses	0.00	0.00		
Total Other Expense	0.00	0.00	24,000.00	0.0%
Net Other Income	0.00	0.00	-24,000.00	0.0%
Net Income	-301,607.55	-18,364.65	0.00	100.0%

12:47 PM
06/16/23
Accrual Basis

Upper Gunnison River Water Conservancy District
Expenses For Approval (Paid & Payable)
May 2023

Date	Name	Account	Amount
Alexander C. Baca 05/31/2023	Alexander C. Baca	Utilities, Clean, Condo Dues	532.87
Total Alexander C. Baca			532.87
Andy Spann BOD 05/10/2023	Andy Spann BOD	BOD Mtg Fees	400.00
05/10/2023	Andy Spann BOD	BOD Mileage	13.77
Total Andy Spann BOD			413.77
Anthem 05/10/2023	Anthem	Medical Insurance	304.30
Total Anthem			304.30
Applegate Group, Inc. 05/31/2023	Applegate Group, Inc.	Grant Program	550.00
Total Applegate Group, Inc.			550.00
Atmos Energy 05/31/2023	Atmos Energy	Utilities, Clean, Condo Dues	61.33
05/31/2023	Atmos Energy	Utilities, Clean, Condo Dues	67.78
Total Atmos Energy			129.11
Bank of the West 05/23/2023	Bank of the West	Postage	378.00
05/23/2023	Bank of the West	Office Supplies & Misc Expenses	156.29
05/23/2023	Bank of the West	Dues, Memberships&Subscriptions	28.15
05/23/2023	Bank of the West	Utilities, Clean, Condo Dues	560.00
05/23/2023	Bank of the West	Internet	124.56
05/23/2023	Bank of the West	Computer Software	387.87
05/23/2023	Bank of the West	Manager's Discretionary	60.88

12:47 PM
06/16/23
Accrual Basis

Upper Gunnison River Water Conservancy District
Expenses For Approval (Paid & Payable)
May 2023

Date	Name	Account	Amount
05/23/2023	Bank of the West	Meeting Expenses	637.22
05/23/2023	Bank of the West	Office Equipment Asset (<1500)	618.00
05/23/2023	Bank of the West	Admin.Travel & Exp.	575.71
05/23/2023	Bank of the West	Staff Development	1,172.88
05/23/2023	Bank of the West	Dues, Memberships&Subscriptions	397.98
05/23/2023	Bank of the West	Public Outreach	226.12
05/23/2023	Bank of the West	Wet Meadow X	482.31
05/23/2023	Bank of the West	Dues, Memberships&Subscriptions	60.00
Total Bank of the West			5,865.97
Bill Nesbitt - BOD			
05/10/2023	Bill Nesbitt - BOD	BOD Mtg Fees	200.00
Total Bill Nesbitt - BOD			200.00
BIO-Logic Inc			
05/31/2023	BIO-Logic Inc	2022 GOCO Planning COST	1,536.97
Total BIO-Logic Inc			1,536.97
CEBT			
05/31/2023	CEBT	Medical Insurance	3,268.20
Total CEBT			3,268.20
City of Gunnison			
05/10/2023	City of Gunnison	Utilities, Clean, Condo Dues	153.38
05/10/2023	City of Gunnison	Utilities, Clean, Condo Dues	114.62
05/31/2023	City of Gunnison	Grant Program	25,000.00
05/31/2023	City of Gunnison	Utilities, Clean, Condo Dues	40.78
05/31/2023	City of Gunnison	Utilities, Clean, Condo Dues	163.27
05/31/2023	City of Gunnison	Utilities, Clean, Condo Dues	88.34

12:47 PM
06/16/23
Accrual Basis

Upper Gunnison River Water Conservancy District
Expenses For Approval (Paid & Payable)
May 2023

Date	Name	Account	Amount
Total City of Gunnison			25,560.39
Crested Butte News			
05/31/2023	Crested Butte News	Public Ed./Advertising	888.67
05/31/2023	Crested Butte News	Legal Publication	29.05
Total Crested Butte News			917.72
Don Sabrowski BOD			
05/10/2023	Don Sabrowski BOD	BOD Mtg Fees	400.00
05/10/2023	Don Sabrowski BOD	BOD Mileage	62.88
Total Don Sabrowski BOD			462.88
Fullmer's Ace Hardware			
05/31/2023	Fullmer's Ace Hardware	Wet Meadow X	2,280.35
Total Fullmer's Ace Hardware			2,280.35
GL Computer Service, Inc.			
05/01/2023	GL Computer Service, Inc.	Computer Asset Purchase	348.99
05/01/2023	GL Computer Service, Inc.	Computer Exp	400.00
05/31/2023	GL Computer Service, Inc.	Computer Exp	400.00
Total GL Computer Service, Inc.			1,148.99
Glatfelter Public Entities			
05/31/2023	Glatfelter Public Entities	Bonding and Insurance	12,513.00
Total Glatfelter Public Entities			12,513.00
Golden Eagle Trash Service			
05/06/2023	Golden Eagle Trash Service	Utilities, Clean, Condo Dues	78.12
05/31/2023	Golden Eagle Trash Service	Utilities, Clean, Condo Dues	51.75

12:47 PM
06/16/23
Accrual Basis

Upper Gunnison River Water Conservancy District
Expenses For Approval (Paid & Payable)
May 2023

Date	Name	Account	Amount
	Total Golden Eagle Trash Service		129.87
	Gunnison Conservation District		
05/31/2023	Gunnison Conservation District	CWCB GBRT-PEPO 2023-2489	798.80
	Total Gunnison Conservation District		798.80
	Gunnison County Abstract Company		
05/25/2023	Gunnison County Abstract Company	Capital Outlay Expense	669,626.83
05/25/2023	Gunnison County Abstract Company	Bank Service Charges	10.00
	Total Gunnison County Abstract Company		669,636.83
	Gunnison County Clerk and Recorder		
05/03/2023	Gunnison County Clerk and Recorder	Office Supplies & Misc Expenses	98.09
	Total Gunnison County Clerk and Recorder		98.09
	Gunnison Watershed School District		
05/31/2023	Gunnison Watershed School District	CWCB GBRT-PEPO 2023-2489	1,500.00
	Total Gunnison Watershed School District		1,500.00
	Internal Revenue Service		
05/25/2023	Internal Revenue Service	Bank Service Charges	1,714.02
	Total Internal Revenue Service		1,714.02
	Intuition Consulting		
05/31/2023	Intuition Consulting	Wet Meadow X	515.00
	Total Intuition Consulting		515.00
	J&K Services Inc.		
05/31/2023	J&K Services Inc.	Utilities, Clean, Condo Dues	560.00

12:47 PM
06/16/23
Accrual Basis

Upper Gunnison River Water Conservancy District
Expenses For Approval (Paid & Payable)
May 2023

Date	Name	Account	Amount
Total J&K Services Inc.			560.00
Joellen Fonken			
05/10/2023	Joellen Fonken	BOD Mtg Fees	300.00
05/10/2023	Joellen Fonken	BOD Mileage	13.10
Total Joellen Fonken			313.10
John Perusek BOD			
05/10/2023	John Perusek BOD	BOD Mtg Fees	400.00
Total John Perusek BOD			400.00
Jr. Livestock Committee			
05/31/2023	Jr. Livestock Committee	4-H Sponsorships	500.00
Total Jr. Livestock Committee			500.00
Julie Nania BOD			
05/10/2023	Julie Nania BOD	BOD Mtg Fees	200.00
05/10/2023	Julie Nania BOD	BOD Mileage	39.30
Total Julie Nania BOD			239.30
JW Associates, Inc.			
05/31/2023	JW Associates, Inc.	Watershed Mgmt X	4,068.76
Total JW Associates, Inc.			4,068.76
KEJJ Radio			
05/02/2023	KEJJ Radio	Public Ed./Advertising	125.00
05/31/2023	KEJJ Radio	Public Ed./Advertising	125.00
Total KEJJ Radio			250.00

12:47 PM
06/16/23
Accrual Basis

Upper Gunnison River Water Conservancy District
Expenses For Approval (Paid & Payable)
May 2023

Date	Name	Account	Amount
King Systems 05/17/2023	King Systems	Office Equipment Exp	1,000.00
Total King Systems			1,000.00
KVLE FM 05/09/2023	KVLE FM	Public Ed./Advertising	125.00
05/31/2023	KVLE FM	Public Ed./Advertising	125.00
Total KVLE FM			250.00
Lake Fork Valley Conservancy 05/17/2023	Lake Fork Valley Conservancy	Lake Fork Conservancy	10,000.00
Total Lake Fork Valley Conservancy			10,000.00
Leann Lopez 05/31/2023	Leann Lopez	Wet Meadow X	280.34
Total Leann Lopez			280.34
Lela Buckin 05/31/2023	Lela Buckin	Wet Meadow X	280.34
Total Lela Buckin			280.34
Lightspeed Voice 05/08/2023	Lightspeed Voice	Telephone	265.80
05/31/2023	Lightspeed Voice	Telephone	265.80
05/31/2023	Lightspeed Voice	Telephone	9.76
Total Lightspeed Voice			541.36
Melinda McCawmedia			

12:47 PM
06/16/23
Accrual Basis

Upper Gunnison River Water Conservancy District
Expenses For Approval (Paid & Payable)
May 2023

Date	Name	Account	Amount
05/31/2023	Melinda McCawmedia	CWCB GBRT-PEPO 2023-2489	77.00
Total Melinda McCawmedia			77.00
Michelle Pierce BOD			
05/10/2023	Michelle Pierce BOD	BOD Mtg Fees	200.00
05/10/2023	Michelle Pierce BOD	BOD Mileage	146.72
Total Michelle Pierce BOD			346.72
Microsoft			
05/07/2023	Microsoft	Computer Software	184.00
Total Microsoft			184.00
Nationwide			
05/11/2023	Nationwide	Bonding and Insurance	100.00
Total Nationwide			100.00
Pat's Screen Printing			
05/31/2023	Pat's Screen Printing	Wet Meadow X	450.50
Total Pat's Screen Printing			450.50
PCI - Professional Contractors, Inc.			
05/01/2023	PCI - Professional Contractors, Inc.	Manager's Discretionary	200.00
Total PCI - Professional Contractors, Inc.			200.00
Percival Dirtworks, LLC			
05/31/2023	Percival Dirtworks, LLC	Grant Program	28,638.03
Total Percival Dirtworks, LLC			28,638.03
Pinnacol Assurance			

12:47 PM
06/16/23
Accrual Basis

Upper Gunnison River Water Conservancy District
Expenses For Approval (Paid & Payable)
May 2023

Date	Name	Account	Amount
05/03/2023	Pinnacol Assurance	Work Comp Ins	1,145.00
05/22/2023	Pinnacol Assurance	Work Comp Ins	557.00
Total Pinnacol Assurance			1,702.00
Rebie Hazard-BOD			
05/10/2023	Rebie Hazard-BOD	BOD Mtg Fees	400.00
05/10/2023	Rebie Hazard-BOD	BOD Mileage	115.95
Total Rebie Hazard-BOD			515.95
Regina Lopez-Whiteskunk			
05/31/2023	Regina Lopez-Whiteskunk	Wet Meadow X	280.34
Total Regina Lopez-Whiteskunk			280.34
RigNet Inc			
05/31/2023	RigNet Inc	Cloud Seeding COST	37.52
Total RigNet Inc			37.52
Rosemary Carroll - BOD			
05/10/2023	Rosemary Carroll - BOD	BOD Mtg Fees	300.00
05/10/2023	Rosemary Carroll - BOD	BOD Mileage	39.30
Total Rosemary Carroll - BOD			339.30
Sara Bergstrom BOD			
05/10/2023	Sara Bergstrom BOD	BOD Mtg Fees	300.00
Total Sara Bergstrom BOD			300.00
Silver World Publishing			
05/31/2023	Silver World Publishing	Legal Publication	39.60

12:47 PM
06/16/23
Accrual Basis

Upper Gunnison River Water Conservancy District
Expenses For Approval (Paid & Payable)
May 2023

Date	Name	Account	Amount
05/31/2023	Silver World Publishing	Public Outreach	80.00
Total Silver World Publishing			119.60
Stacy McPhail BOD			
05/10/2023	Stacy McPhail BOD	BOD Mtg Fees	300.00
05/10/2023	Stacy McPhail BOD	BOD Mileage	18.34
Total Stacy McPhail BOD			318.34
Sue Uerling			
05/31/2023	Sue Uerling	Telephone	60.00
Total Sue Uerling			60.00
Sunshine Creatives			
05/02/2023	Sunshine Creatives	CWCB GBRT-PEPO 2023-2489	1,438.20
05/31/2023	Sunshine Creatives	CWCB GBRT-PEPO 2023-2489	1,438.20
Total Sunshine Creatives			2,876.40
The Paper Clip			
05/31/2023	The Paper Clip	Office Supplies & Misc Expenses	310.12
05/31/2023	The Paper Clip	Wet Meadow X	125.40
05/31/2023	The Paper Clip	Office Supplies & Misc Expenses	-10.00
Total The Paper Clip			425.52
Thomas N Stoeber, CPA			
05/31/2023	Thomas N Stoeber, CPA	Accounting & Professional Fees	4,845.00
Total Thomas N Stoeber, CPA			4,845.00
UnitedHealthcare			

12:47 PM
06/16/23
Accrual Basis

Upper Gunnison River Water Conservancy District
Expenses For Approval (Paid & Payable)
May 2023

Date	Name	Account	Amount
05/05/2023	UnitedHealthcare	Medical Insurance	129.10
Total UnitedHealthcare			129.10
University Corp. for Atmospheric Research			
05/03/2023	University Corp. for Atmospheric Research	CWCB/ NCAR #2023-2377 \$14,998	631.87
05/31/2023	University Corp. for Atmospheric Research	CWCB PO 2023-3158	16,250.84
Total University Corp. for Atmospheric Research			16,882.71
Verizon Wireless			
05/31/2023	Verizon Wireless	Telephone	323.24
Total Verizon Wireless			323.24
Visionary Broadband			
05/31/2023	Visionary Broadband	Internet	124.56
Total Visionary Broadband			124.56
Watershed Science and Design			
05/31/2023	Watershed Science and Design	CWCB WMP 2023-3317	11,043.75
Total Watershed Science and Design			11,043.75
Western Colorado Conservation Corps			
05/31/2023	Western Colorado Conservation Corps	Wet Meadow X	8,205.82
Total Western Colorado Conservation Corps			8,205.82
No name			
05/31/2023		Bank Service Charges	15.00
Total no name			15.00

12:47 PM
06/16/23
Accrual Basis

Upper Gunnison River Water Conservancy District
Expenses For Approval (Paid & Payable)
May 2023

Date	Name	Account	Amount
TOTAL			827,300.73

12:47 PM
06/16/23
Accrual Basis

Upper Gunnison River Water Conservancy District
Expenses For Approval (Paid & Payable)
May 2023

Date	Name	Account	Amount
Alexander C. Baca 05/31/2023	Alexander C. Baca	Utilities, Clean, Condo Dues	532.87
Total Alexander C. Baca			532.87
Andy Spann BOD 05/10/2023	Andy Spann BOD	BOD Mtg Fees	400.00
05/10/2023	Andy Spann BOD	BOD Mileage	13.77
Total Andy Spann BOD			413.77
Anthem 05/10/2023	Anthem	Medical Insurance	304.30
Total Anthem			304.30
Applegate Group, Inc. 05/31/2023	Applegate Group, Inc.	Grant Program	550.00
Total Applegate Group, Inc.			550.00
Atmos Energy 05/31/2023	Atmos Energy	Utilities, Clean, Condo Dues	61.33
05/31/2023	Atmos Energy	Utilities, Clean, Condo Dues	67.78
Total Atmos Energy			129.11
Bank of the West 05/23/2023	Bank of the West	Postage	378.00
05/23/2023	Bank of the West	Office Supplies & Misc Expenses	156.29
05/23/2023	Bank of the West	Dues, Memberships&Subscriptions	28.15
05/23/2023	Bank of the West	Utilities, Clean, Condo Dues	560.00
05/23/2023	Bank of the West	Internet	124.56
05/23/2023	Bank of the West	Computer Software	387.87
05/23/2023	Bank of the West	Manager's Discretionary	60.88

12:47 PM
06/16/23
Accrual Basis

Upper Gunnison River Water Conservancy District
Expenses For Approval (Paid & Payable)
May 2023

Date	Name	Account	Amount
05/23/2023	Bank of the West	Meeting Expenses	637.22
05/23/2023	Bank of the West	Office Equipment Asset (<1500)	618.00
05/23/2023	Bank of the West	Admin.Travel & Exp.	575.71
05/23/2023	Bank of the West	Staff Development	1,172.88
05/23/2023	Bank of the West	Dues, Memberships&Subscriptions	397.98
05/23/2023	Bank of the West	Public Outreach	226.12
05/23/2023	Bank of the West	Wet Meadow X	482.31
05/23/2023	Bank of the West	Dues, Memberships&Subscriptions	60.00
Total Bank of the West			5,865.97
Bill Nesbitt - BOD			
05/10/2023	Bill Nesbitt - BOD	BOD Mtg Fees	200.00
Total Bill Nesbitt - BOD			200.00
BIO-Logic Inc			
05/31/2023	BIO-Logic Inc	2022 GOCO Planning COST	1,536.97
Total BIO-Logic Inc			1,536.97
CEBT			
05/31/2023	CEBT	Medical Insurance	3,268.20
Total CEBT			3,268.20
City of Gunnison			
05/10/2023	City of Gunnison	Utilities, Clean, Condo Dues	153.38
05/10/2023	City of Gunnison	Utilities, Clean, Condo Dues	114.62
05/31/2023	City of Gunnison	Grant Program	25,000.00
05/31/2023	City of Gunnison	Utilities, Clean, Condo Dues	40.78
05/31/2023	City of Gunnison	Utilities, Clean, Condo Dues	163.27
05/31/2023	City of Gunnison	Utilities, Clean, Condo Dues	88.34

12:47 PM
06/16/23
Accrual Basis

Upper Gunnison River Water Conservancy District
Expenses For Approval (Paid & Payable)
May 2023

Date	Name	Account	Amount
Total City of Gunnison			25,560.39
Crested Butte News			
05/31/2023	Crested Butte News	Public Ed./Advertising	888.67
05/31/2023	Crested Butte News	Legal Publication	29.05
Total Crested Butte News			917.72
Don Sabrowski BOD			
05/10/2023	Don Sabrowski BOD	BOD Mtg Fees	400.00
05/10/2023	Don Sabrowski BOD	BOD Mileage	62.88
Total Don Sabrowski BOD			462.88
Fullmer's Ace Hardware			
05/31/2023	Fullmer's Ace Hardware	Wet Meadow X	2,280.35
Total Fullmer's Ace Hardware			2,280.35
GL Computer Service, Inc.			
05/01/2023	GL Computer Service, Inc.	Computer Asset Purchase	348.99
05/01/2023	GL Computer Service, Inc.	Computer Exp	400.00
05/31/2023	GL Computer Service, Inc.	Computer Exp	400.00
Total GL Computer Service, Inc.			1,148.99
Glatfelter Public Entities			
05/31/2023	Glatfelter Public Entities	Bonding and Insurance	12,513.00
Total Glatfelter Public Entities			12,513.00
Golden Eagle Trash Service			
05/06/2023	Golden Eagle Trash Service	Utilities, Clean, Condo Dues	78.12
05/31/2023	Golden Eagle Trash Service	Utilities, Clean, Condo Dues	51.75

12:47 PM
06/16/23
Accrual Basis

Upper Gunnison River Water Conservancy District
Expenses For Approval (Paid & Payable)
May 2023

Date	Name	Account	Amount
	Total Golden Eagle Trash Service		129.87
	Gunnison Conservation District		
05/31/2023	Gunnison Conservation District	CWCB GBRT-PEPO 2023-2489	798.80
	Total Gunnison Conservation District		798.80
	Gunnison County Abstract Company		
05/25/2023	Gunnison County Abstract Company	Capital Outlay Expense	669,626.83
05/25/2023	Gunnison County Abstract Company	Bank Service Charges	10.00
	Total Gunnison County Abstract Company		669,636.83
	Gunnison County Clerk and Recorder		
05/03/2023	Gunnison County Clerk and Recorder	Office Supplies & Misc Expenses	98.09
	Total Gunnison County Clerk and Recorder		98.09
	Gunnison Watershed School District		
05/31/2023	Gunnison Watershed School District	CWCB GBRT-PEPO 2023-2489	1,500.00
	Total Gunnison Watershed School District		1,500.00
	Internal Revenue Service		
05/25/2023	Internal Revenue Service	Bank Service Charges	1,714.02
	Total Internal Revenue Service		1,714.02
	Intuition Consulting		
05/31/2023	Intuition Consulting	Wet Meadow X	515.00
	Total Intuition Consulting		515.00
	J&K Services Inc.		
05/31/2023	J&K Services Inc.	Utilities, Clean, Condo Dues	560.00

12:47 PM
06/16/23
Accrual Basis

Upper Gunnison River Water Conservancy District
Expenses For Approval (Paid & Payable)
May 2023

Date	Name	Account	Amount
Total J&K Services Inc.			560.00
Joellen Fonken			
05/10/2023	Joellen Fonken	BOD Mtg Fees	300.00
05/10/2023	Joellen Fonken	BOD Mileage	13.10
Total Joellen Fonken			313.10
John Perusek BOD			
05/10/2023	John Perusek BOD	BOD Mtg Fees	400.00
Total John Perusek BOD			400.00
Jr. Livestock Committee			
05/31/2023	Jr. Livestock Committee	4-H Sponsorships	500.00
Total Jr. Livestock Committee			500.00
Julie Nania BOD			
05/10/2023	Julie Nania BOD	BOD Mtg Fees	200.00
05/10/2023	Julie Nania BOD	BOD Mileage	39.30
Total Julie Nania BOD			239.30
JW Associates, Inc.			
05/31/2023	JW Associates, Inc.	Watershed Mgmt X	4,068.76
Total JW Associates, Inc.			4,068.76
KEJJ Radio			
05/02/2023	KEJJ Radio	Public Ed./Advertising	125.00
05/31/2023	KEJJ Radio	Public Ed./Advertising	125.00
Total KEJJ Radio			250.00

12:47 PM
06/16/23
Accrual Basis

Upper Gunnison River Water Conservancy District
Expenses For Approval (Paid & Payable)
May 2023

Date	Name	Account	Amount
King Systems 05/17/2023	King Systems	Office Equipment Exp	1,000.00
Total King Systems			1,000.00
KVLE FM 05/09/2023	KVLE FM	Public Ed./Advertising	125.00
05/31/2023	KVLE FM	Public Ed./Advertising	125.00
Total KVLE FM			250.00
Lake Fork Valley Conservancy 05/17/2023	Lake Fork Valley Conservancy	Lake Fork Conservancy	10,000.00
Total Lake Fork Valley Conservancy			10,000.00
Leann Lopez 05/31/2023	Leann Lopez	Wet Meadow X	280.34
Total Leann Lopez			280.34
Lela Buckin 05/31/2023	Lela Buckin	Wet Meadow X	280.34
Total Lela Buckin			280.34
Lightspeed Voice 05/08/2023	Lightspeed Voice	Telephone	265.80
05/31/2023	Lightspeed Voice	Telephone	265.80
05/31/2023	Lightspeed Voice	Telephone	9.76
Total Lightspeed Voice			541.36
Melinda McCawmedia			

12:47 PM
06/16/23
Accrual Basis

Upper Gunnison River Water Conservancy District
Expenses For Approval (Paid & Payable)
May 2023

Date	Name	Account	Amount
05/31/2023	Melinda McCawmedia	CWCB GBRT-PEPO 2023-2489	77.00
Total Melinda McCawmedia			77.00
Michelle Pierce BOD			
05/10/2023	Michelle Pierce BOD	BOD Mtg Fees	200.00
05/10/2023	Michelle Pierce BOD	BOD Mileage	146.72
Total Michelle Pierce BOD			346.72
Microsoft			
05/07/2023	Microsoft	Computer Software	184.00
Total Microsoft			184.00
Nationwide			
05/11/2023	Nationwide	Bonding and Insurance	100.00
Total Nationwide			100.00
Pat's Screen Printing			
05/31/2023	Pat's Screen Printing	Wet Meadow X	450.50
Total Pat's Screen Printing			450.50
PCI - Professional Contractors, Inc.			
05/01/2023	PCI - Professional Contractors, Inc.	Manager's Discretionary	200.00
Total PCI - Professional Contractors, Inc.			200.00
Percival Dirtworks, LLC			
05/31/2023	Percival Dirtworks, LLC	Grant Program	28,638.03
Total Percival Dirtworks, LLC			28,638.03
Pinnacol Assurance			

12:47 PM
06/16/23
Accrual Basis

Upper Gunnison River Water Conservancy District
Expenses For Approval (Paid & Payable)
May 2023

Date	Name	Account	Amount
05/03/2023	Pinnacol Assurance	Work Comp Ins	1,145.00
05/22/2023	Pinnacol Assurance	Work Comp Ins	557.00
Total Pinnacol Assurance			1,702.00
Rebie Hazard-BOD			
05/10/2023	Rebie Hazard-BOD	BOD Mtg Fees	400.00
05/10/2023	Rebie Hazard-BOD	BOD Mileage	115.95
Total Rebie Hazard-BOD			515.95
Regina Lopez-Whiteskunk			
05/31/2023	Regina Lopez-Whiteskunk	Wet Meadow X	280.34
Total Regina Lopez-Whiteskunk			280.34
RigNet Inc			
05/31/2023	RigNet Inc	Cloud Seeding COST	37.52
Total RigNet Inc			37.52
Rosemary Carroll - BOD			
05/10/2023	Rosemary Carroll - BOD	BOD Mtg Fees	300.00
05/10/2023	Rosemary Carroll - BOD	BOD Mileage	39.30
Total Rosemary Carroll - BOD			339.30
Sara Bergstrom BOD			
05/10/2023	Sara Bergstrom BOD	BOD Mtg Fees	300.00
Total Sara Bergstrom BOD			300.00
Silver World Publishing			
05/31/2023	Silver World Publishing	Legal Publication	39.60

12:47 PM
06/16/23
Accrual Basis

Upper Gunnison River Water Conservancy District
Expenses For Approval (Paid & Payable)
May 2023

Date	Name	Account	Amount
05/31/2023	Silver World Publishing	Public Outreach	80.00
Total Silver World Publishing			119.60
Stacy McPhail BOD			
05/10/2023	Stacy McPhail BOD	BOD Mtg Fees	300.00
05/10/2023	Stacy McPhail BOD	BOD Mileage	18.34
Total Stacy McPhail BOD			318.34
Sue Uerling			
05/31/2023	Sue Uerling	Telephone	60.00
Total Sue Uerling			60.00
Sunshine Creatives			
05/02/2023	Sunshine Creatives	CWCB GBRT-PEPO 2023-2489	1,438.20
05/31/2023	Sunshine Creatives	CWCB GBRT-PEPO 2023-2489	1,438.20
Total Sunshine Creatives			2,876.40
The Paper Clip			
05/31/2023	The Paper Clip	Office Supplies & Misc Expenses	310.12
05/31/2023	The Paper Clip	Wet Meadow X	125.40
05/31/2023	The Paper Clip	Office Supplies & Misc Expenses	-10.00
Total The Paper Clip			425.52
Thomas N Stoeber, CPA			
05/31/2023	Thomas N Stoeber, CPA	Accounting & Professional Fees	4,845.00
Total Thomas N Stoeber, CPA			4,845.00
UnitedHealthcare			

12:47 PM
06/16/23
Accrual Basis

Upper Gunnison River Water Conservancy District
Expenses For Approval (Paid & Payable)
May 2023

Date	Name	Account	Amount
05/05/2023	UnitedHealthcare	Medical Insurance	129.10
Total UnitedHealthcare			129.10
University Corp. for Atmospheric Research			
05/03/2023	University Corp. for Atmospheric Research	CWCB/ NCAR #2023-2377 \$14,998	631.87
05/31/2023	University Corp. for Atmospheric Research	CWCB PO 2023-3158	16,250.84
Total University Corp. for Atmospheric Research			16,882.71
Verizon Wireless			
05/31/2023	Verizon Wireless	Telephone	323.24
Total Verizon Wireless			323.24
Visionary Broadband			
05/31/2023	Visionary Broadband	Internet	124.56
Total Visionary Broadband			124.56
Watershed Science and Design			
05/31/2023	Watershed Science and Design	CWCB WMP 2023-3317	11,043.75
Total Watershed Science and Design			11,043.75
Western Colorado Conservation Corps			
05/31/2023	Western Colorado Conservation Corps	Wet Meadow X	8,205.82
Total Western Colorado Conservation Corps			8,205.82
No name			
05/31/2023		Bank Service Charges	15.00
Total no name			15.00

12:47 PM
06/16/23
Accrual Basis

Upper Gunnison River Water Conservancy District
Expenses For Approval (Paid & Payable)
May 2023

Date	Name	Account	Amount
TOTAL			827,300.73

Alexander Baca
114 Sandpiper Trail, Gunnison, Colorado 81230

\$0.21/SF

Date	Description of Activities	SF	Rate (\$)	Total
5/30/2023	Unit A - Upstairs	744.00	0.21	156.24
5/30/2023	Unit A - Downstairs (E. Wing Only)	803.00	0.21	168.63
5/30/2023	Unit C - Conf. Room, John's Office, Hallway	800.00	0.21	168.00
5/26/2023	Sweep building entryways, remove cobwebs from walls, ceilings, light fixtures, etc. Replace batteries on door keypad.	LS	20.00	20.00
	Misc. Bissell Carpet Solution		20.00	20.00
	Totals:	2347		\$ 532.87

Date Rec. 05/30/23 Adm. Ckd. _____
 Agr. Appr. JRC Aml. Appr. 532.87
 Bd. Appr. Date _____ Bd. Initials JP
 Pd. Date _____ Clk# _____
 Account(s) Op: Office Supplies & Exp
Carpet Cleaning
Utilities

2023 UGRWCD BOARD MEMBER FEES AND MILEAGE - PAID QUARTERLY

Mileage Reimbursed at IRS Rate of:

\$ 0.655

As of January 1, 2020, BOD fees per meeting increased to:

\$100.00

Dec 22 - Mar 23

As of March 31, 2023

per mile (IRS rate)

NAME			MEETING DATE	FEE	MILEAGE	TOTAL
BILL NESBITT		via zoom	12/12/2022	\$100.00	-	100.00
		not present	1/30/2023		-	-
		in-person	2/27/2023	\$100.00	-	100.00
		not present	3/27/2023	\$0.00		-
	City of Gunnison 0					
			THIS QUARTER	200.00	-	200.00
JOELLEN FONKEN		via zoom	12/12/2022	\$100.00		100.00
	10	in person	1/30/2023	\$100.00	6.55	106.55
		not present	2/27/2023			-
		in person	3/27/2023	\$100.00	6.55	106.55
	10 miles					
	6.55		THIS QUARTER	300.00	13.10	313.10
ROSEMARY CARROLL		not present	12/12/2022		-	-
	60	via Zoom	1/30/2023	\$100.00	-	100.00
		via Zoom	2/27/2023	\$100.00		100.00
		in-person	3/27/2023	\$100.00	39.30	139.30
	60 miles					
	\$ 39.30		THIS QUARTER	300.00	39.30	200.00
STACY MCPHAIL		via zoom	12/12/2022	\$100.00		100.00
	14	not present	1/30/2023			-
		in person	2/27/2023	\$100.00	9.17	109.17
		in person	3/27/2023	\$100.00	9.17	109.17
	14 miles					
	\$ 9.17		THIS QUARTER	300.00	18.34	318.34
JOHN PERUSEK		via zoom	12/12/2022	\$100.00	-	100.00
	0	in person	1/30/2023	\$100.00	-	100.00
		in person	2/27/2023	\$100.00	-	100.00
		in person	3/27/2023	\$100.00	-	100.00
	City of Gunnison 0					
			THIS QUARTER	400.00	-	400.00
ANDY SPANN		via Zoom	12/12/2022	\$100.00		100.00
	7	in person	1/30/2023	\$100.00	4.59	104.59
		in person	2/27/2023	\$100.00	4.59	104.59

339.30

	in person	3/27/2023	\$100.00	4.59	104.59
7 miles					
	\$	4.59	THIS QUARTER	400.00	13.77
					413.77

NAME		MEETING DATE		As of March 31, 202:	FEE	\$	0.655	MILEAGE		TOTAL
SARA BERGSTROM	0	via Zoom	12/12/2022		\$100.00		-		100.00	
		in person	1/30/2023		\$100.00		-		100.00	
		in person	2/27/2023		\$100.00		-		100.00	
		Resigned	3/27/2023							
City of Gunnison 0										
THIS QUARTER					300.00		-		300.00	
MICHELLE PIERCE	112	not present	12/12/2022		\$0.00		-		-	
		not present	1/30/2023						-	
		in person	2/27/2023		\$100.00		73.36		173.36	
		in person	3/27/2023		\$100.00		73.36		173.36	
112 miles										
\$ 73.36		THIS QUARTER					200.00	146.72	346.72	
REBIE HAZARD	59	via Zoom	12/12/2022		\$100.00		-		100.00	
		in person	1/30/2023		\$100.00		38.65		138.65	
		in person	2/27/2023		\$100.00		38.65		138.65	
		in person	3/27/2023		\$100.00		38.65		138.65	
59 miles										
\$ 38.65		THIS QUARTER					400.00	115.95	515.95	
DON SABROWSKI	32	via Zoom	12/12/2022		\$100.00		-		100.00	
		in person	1/30/2023		\$100.00		20.96		120.96	
		in person	2/27/2023		\$100.00		20.96		120.96	
		in person	3/27/2023		\$100.00		20.96		120.96	
32 miles										
\$ 20.96		THIS QUARTER					400.00	62.88	462.88	
JULIE NANIA	60	not present	12/12/2022				-		-	
		via Zoom	1/30/2023		\$100.00		-		100.00	
		not present	2/27/2023							
		in person	3/27/2023		\$100.00		39.30		139.30	
60 miles										
\$ 39.30		THIS QUARTER					200.00	39.30	239.30	
TOTALS FOR QUARTER:					3,400.00		449.35		3,710.05	
					FEE		MILEAGE		TOTAL	
TOTALS FOR DECEMBER					\$800.00		\$0.00	\$	800.00	
JANUARY MEETING					\$800.00		\$70.75	\$	870.75	
FEBRUARY MEETING					\$900.00		\$146.72	\$	1,046.72	
MARCH MEETING					\$900.00		\$231.88	\$	1,131.88	
TOTALS					\$3,400.00	\$	449.35		\$3,849.35	



P.O. Box 659816
San Antonio, TX 78265-9116

Important Premium Information



P-0 T2 *****SNGLP 17807 1 SP 0.570

John McCLOW
644 Pashuta Dr
Gunnison CO 81230



November 2022

Dear John McCLOW:

ID number: 953M50844

We would like to thank you for choosing **Anthem Blue Cross and Blue Shield** to help with your health care coverage needs. We value the trust you have placed in us.

Effective January 1, 2023, the monthly amount of your premium will be **\$304.30**. Any discounts for your premium have been applied.

Any change in your premium does not affect your benefits. If you would like to stay with your current coverage, just continue making your premium payment.

We have enclosed important information we are required to send to our members each year.

For questions about your current coverage or information about other Medicare Supplement plans we offer, contact your **Anthem Blue Cross and Blue Shield** agent or broker or call us at **844-660-0434** between 8 a.m. and 6 p.m. MT, Monday through Friday. TTY users may call 711.

Again, thank you for your membership. We look forward to continuing to provide the quality health benefits you have come to expect from us.

Sincerely,

Elena McFann
President, Medicare

Enclosures

Anthem
Premium
we pay for
John.
Jan 2023

Social Security Administration
Retirement, Survivors, and Disability Insurance
Important Information

BNC#: 22B1984D25524

JOHN H MCCLOW
P O BOX 862
GUNNISON CO 81230-0862

Your 2023 Social Security Cost of Living Adjustment

Your Social Security benefit will increase by **8.7%** in 2023 because of a rise in the cost of living. You can use this letter as proof of your benefit amount if you need to apply for food, rent, or energy assistance. You can also use it to apply for bank loans or for other business. Keep this letter with your important financial records.

How Much You Will Get	
Your monthly benefit before deductions	\$3,771.90
Deductions:	
Medicare Medical Insurance (If you did not have Medicare as of November 17, 2022 or if someone else pays your premium, we show \$0.00)	-\$164.90
Medicare Prescription Drug Plan (We will notify you if the amount changes in 2023. If you did not elect withholding as of November 1, 2022, we show \$0.00)	-\$0.00
U.S. Federal tax withholding	-\$0.00
Voluntary Federal tax withholding (If you did not elect voluntary tax withholding as of November 17, 2022, we show \$0.00)	-\$0.00
After we take any other deductions, you will receive the payment you are due for December 2022 on or about January 11, 2023.	\$3,607.00

The information above shows your monthly benefit amount before and after deductions. Please remember, we will pay you in the month following the month for which it is due.

If you still get a paper check, you must visit the Department of the Treasury's website at www.godirect.gov to request electronic payments.

See Next Page



**Applegate
Group, Inc.**

Water Resource Advisors for the West

Approved for payment - BAR 5/26/23 - Charge
to General Budget Line Item 46 - Regional
Water Supply Improvement - Grant Program
2022 - Contract#UG2022-014

Invoice Memorandum

Date: May 26, 2022

AG Job No.: 21-106

To: Hannah Cranor
hannah.cranor@hotmail.com

From: Craig Ullmann
Applegate Group, Inc.
1490 W. 121st Avenue, Suite 100
Denver, CO 80234

SUBJECT: Invoice for Marshal No. 1 Ditch

Cc:

Attached please find our invoice for professional consulting services provided for the period through April 30, 2023, in the amount of **\$550.00**.

A description of services provided during this period is listed below:

- Coordination with Jesse regarding contractor questions
- Site visit to inspect construction
- Preparation of memo regarding construction completion of project

This invoice can be directly submitted to the Upper Gunnison Water Conservancy District for payment once you have reviewed and approved. This brings our invoices to 100% complete and this is the final invoice on this project.

Please do not hesitate to contact us with any questions regarding your account or project. We appreciate the opportunity to be of service.

Date Rec. 5/26/23 Adm. Ckd. BAR
Mgr. Appr. SEC Amt. Appr. 550
Bd. Appr. Date 6/15/23 Bd. Initials MM/JP
Pd. Date 6/15/23 Ck# 16285
Account(s) grant program 2023
Non-operating Expenses

*** PAID BY BANK DRAFT ***

CONVENIENT Ways to Pay Your Bill

-  **Online.** Visit our website to make a one-time payment or manage your account through the Account Center.*
-  **Mail.** Mail payments in time to arrive before the due date. *Please no cash.*
-  **Telephone.** Use the automated phone system or speak with an agent to pay your bill.
-  **Payment Center.** Pay at about 4,500 authorized locations. Take your bill. A fee may apply.
-  **Kiosk.** Payments post immediately at kiosks. Take your bill. A fee may apply.
-  **Electronic Banking.** Use your bank's website for easy payments. Include your account number.
-  **Automatic Payment Plan.** Your payment is automatically deducted each month. Auto Pay by Visa®, MasterCard® or Discover® is available for qualified residential customers.

atmosenergy.com 1-888-286-6700

Your Billing Detail Information:

Meter Serial #	Date of Service		Meter Reading	
	From	To	Previous	Present
04E376230	5/5/23	6/6/23	9340	9369
	Read Difference:			29.00
	Pressure Factor:			0.776792
	Actual Usage in CCF:			22.53

Your Charges:

PREVIOUS BALANCE	96.49
Payment Received 05/23/2023	-96.49
CURRENT GAS CHARGE TOTAL	55.62
COMMERCIAL	
Facility Charge	28.91
COM DSR Cost	3.61
Commodity Cost @ 0.49409 / CCF	11.13
Extraordinary Gas Cost Recovery	1.53
Franchise Fee @ 0.05	2.65
G-DSMCA-Base Charge	0.47
G-DSMCA-Volumetric Charge @ 0.00185 / CCF	0.04
SSIR-Volumetric Charge	0.90
PIPP Surcharge	0.13
Upstream Cost @ 0.2148 / CCF	4.84
Deferred Gas Cost @ 0.0625 / CCF	1.41
TAX/FEE CHARGE TOTAL	4.92
State Sales Tax @ 0.02900	1.61
County Sales Tax @ 0.01000	0.55
City Sales Tax @ 0.04000	2.21
Local Sales Tax @ 0.01000	0.55
OTHER CHARGE TOTAL	0.79
Energy Assist Benefit Charge 10/1/22	0.75
Franchise Fee 10/1/22	0.04
CURRENT CHARGES	61.33

Looking for ways to save energy?

Learn how to save energy, money, and emissions. Visit atmosenergy.com/energytips.

Page 2 of 3

CHANGE OF MAILING ADDRESS:

Address/P.O. Box

City, State, Zip Code

Telephone Number

Cell Phone Number

To change account name, please call 1-888-286-6700

Help Your Neighbors in Need. Contribute to Sharing the Warmth

You can help the elderly, the disabled and families in need keep their homes warm and secure by donating to Atmos Energy's Sharing the Warmth program.

All donations are distributed to a local area non-profit energy assistance agency(s) that serves your community. Visit www.atmosenergy.com/share to find agencies near you.

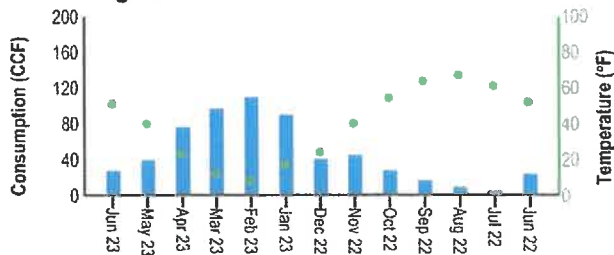
Please indicate the contribution amount below to be billed monthly on your Atmos Energy statement.

Thank you for sharing the warmth with those in need in your community.

☐ \$1	☐ \$20
☐ \$5	☐ Other
☐ \$10	☐ Round-up
☐ One-time Contribution	

TO BE DRAFTED ON 06/26/2023

Gas Usage Trend



Account Summary
Billing Date: 6/6/23

Previous Balance 81.82
Payment(s) -81.82
Current Charges 67.78

Total Amount Due \$67.78

(see reverse for billing details)

Important Messages from Your Natural Gas Company

BE CAREFUL AROUND PIPELINE RIGHTS OF WAY

Yellow warning markers indicate the approximate route of larger pipelines and how to contact the operator. The right of way for a pipeline must always be kept clear, so that the line can be visually inspected and quickly repaired. Obstructions, such as buildings, cars and debris, must be kept off the right of way. State law requires you to call 811 at least two working days before digging to have pipelines or other utilities marked.

Your donation amount, account number, name, and address will be shared with Energy Outreach Colorado for tax reporting purposes only and will be otherwise kept securely and confidentially and used for no other purpose.

If current bill is not paid by the due date, a penalty (if applicable) will appear on your next bill and any prior amounts already past due may result in service disconnect. Please contact us online or by phone for assistance.

For instructions on reading your Atmos Energy bill, please visit www.atmosenergy.com/yourbill.

CONTACT US:

Emergency Phone 24/7: 1-866-322-8667
Customer Service M-F 7am - 6pm CST:
1-888-286-6700

Scan Here



To Make a Payment

Help Your Neighbors Stay Warm

When you donate to Atmos Energy's Sharing the Warmth program, you help families and the elderly stay warm and secure.



atmosenergy.com/share

How to donate:

- Online at www.atmosenergy.com/share
- Or check off your voluntary donation amount on the back of this bill.
- Or call 888.286.6700 to speak with a Customer Support Representative.

020200274825

Keep this portion for your records

Page 1 of 3



Return this portion with your check or money order and include your account number. If paying in person, please bring the bill.

Account Number 3052364607 **Due Date** 06/26/2023 **Total Amount Due** \$67.78



Amount Enclosed: \$



To update your mailing address or donate to energy assistance check here and complete the form on the back.



BCMAIL.ATMOS.20230607_9634.afp.003215
DISTRICT UPPER GUNNISON RIVER WATER CONS
210 W SPENCER AVE STE A
GUNNISON CO 81230-2544

ATMOS ENERGY
PO Box 740353
Cincinnati Ohio 45274-0353



Date Rec. 6/12/23 Adm. Ckd. [Signature]
Mgr. Appr. [Signature] Amt. Appr. \$67.78
Bd. Appr. Date [Signature] Bd. Initials [Signature]
Pd. Date [Signature] Ckd. [Signature]

*** PAID BY BANK DRAFT *** Account(s) Utilities-Spencer

[Signature]

CONVENIENT Ways to Pay Your Bill

 **Online.** Visit our website to make a one-time payment or manage your account through the Account Center.

 **Mail.** Mail payments in time to arrive before the due date. *Please no cash.*

 **Telephone.** Use the automated phone system or speak with an agent to pay your bill.

 **Payment Center.** Pay at about 4,500 authorized locations. Take your bill. A fee may apply.

 **Kiosk.** Payments post immediately at kiosks. Take your bill. A fee may apply.

 **Electronic Banking.** Use your bank's website for easy payments. Include your account number.

 **Automatic Payment Plan.** Your payment is automatically deducted each month. Auto Pay by Visa®, MasterCard® or Discover® is available for qualified residential customers.

atmosenergy.com 1-888-286-6700

Your Billing Detail Information:

Meter Serial #	Date of Service		Meter Reading	
	From	To	Previous	Present
04E376234	5/5/23	6/6/23	925	961
	Read Difference:			36.00
	Pressure Factor:			0.776792
	Actual Usage in CCF:			27.97

Your Charges:

PREVIOUS BALANCE	81.82
Payment Received 05/23/2023	-81.82
CURRENT GAS CHARGE TOTAL	61.54
COMMERCIAL	
Facility Charge	28.91
COM DSR Cost	4.43
Commodity Cost @ 0.49409 / CCF	13.82
Extraordinary Gas Cost Recovery	1.90
Franchise Fee @ 0.05	2.93
G-DSMCA-Base Charge	0.47
G-DSMCA-Volumetric Charge @ 0.00185 / CCF	0.05
SSIR-Volumetric Charge	1.14
PIPP Surcharge	0.13
Upstream Cost @ 0.2148 / CCF	6.01
Deferred Gas Cost @ 0.0625 / CCF	1.75
TAX/FEE CHARGE TOTAL	5.45
State Sales Tax @ 0.02900	1.78
County Sales Tax @ 0.01000	0.61
City Sales Tax @ 0.04000	2.45
Local Sales Tax @ 0.01000	0.61
OTHER CHARGE TOTAL	0.79
Energy Assist Benefit Charge 10/1/22	0.75
Franchise Fee 10/1/22	0.04
CURRENT CHARGES	67.78

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Page 2 of 3

CHANGE OF MAILING ADDRESS:

Address/P.O. Box

City, State, Zip Code

Telephone Number

Cell Phone Number

To change account name, please call 1-888-286-6700

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All donations are distributed to a local area non-profit energy assistance agency(s) that serves your community. Visit www.atmosenergy.com/share to find agencies near you.

Please indicate the contribution amount below to be billed monthly on your Atmos Energy statement.

Thank you for sharing the warmth with those in need in your community.

☐ \$1	☐ \$20
☐ \$5	☐ Other
☐ \$10	☐ Round-up
☐ One-time Contribution	

Statement Date:	4/28/2023	Bank of the West
Statement Balance:	\$5,865.97	Credit Card Program
Due Date (Auto-paid):	5/23/2023	Breakdown

Office Telephone

Line Total	\$0.00

Postage

USPS	378.00

Line Total	\$378.00

Office Expenses

Supplies

Amazon - Stamp for Poker Run	41.10
Walmart - Memory Cards	30.45
Walmart - Glass Carafes	20.29
Amazon - Coffee	54.46
Amazon - Coffee Filters	9.99

\$156.29

Publications

Denver Post	28.15

\$28.15

Office Cleaning

J&K Services	560.00

560.00

Internet

Visionary Broadband	124.56

\$124.56

Software

Microsoft	23.00
Apple.com - Per Sonja	99.99
Intuit	25.00
Adobe	239.88

\$387.87

Line Total	\$1,256.87

Manager's Discretionary Fund

City Market - Flowers for Sue	10.88
Tapas & Spirits	50.00

Line Total	\$60.88

Meeting Expenses

Gunnison Pizza Co - Food for Board Meeting	302.35
City Market - Food for Board Meeting	29.00
Café Sylvestre	125.36
Gunnison Pizza Co - Meeting with Bill	65.49
Café Sylvestre	115.02

Line Total	\$637.22

Office Equipment

iRepair of Gunnison	618.00

Line Total **\$618.00**

Administrative Travel

City Market - Gunnison, CO Fuel	59.62
Stinker - Delta, CO Fuel	34.17
Conoco - Bailey, CO Fuel	28.09
Sprouts	38.69
Marriott Westminster	393.54
Northwest Parkway - Tolls	6.60
License Plate Toll	15.00

Line Total **\$575.71**

Education

Amazon - Books	29.94
Amazon - Books	119.80
CU Law	350.00
FSP Continuing Legal Education	612.96
FSP Continuing Legal Education	60.18

Line Total **\$1,172.88**

Staff Development

Line Total **\$0.00**

Membership Fees

Bank of the West Annual Fee	30.00
Bank of the West Annual Fee	30.00
Bank of the West Annual Fee	30.00
Bank of the West Annual Fee	30.00
Bank of the West Annual Fee	30.00
ACA - Sanctioning Fee	60.00
Checkr - Background Checks	187.98

Line Total **\$397.98**

Public Outreach

Amazon - Water Trailer Supplies	26.12
City Market - Sponsorship	200.00

Line Total **\$226.12**

Wet Meadows

Gunnison Pizza Company	95.75
5 B's BBQ	91.78
Amazon - Shirts for Crew	294.78

Line Total **\$482.31**

Dues & Licenses

Colorado Secretary of State	60.00

Line Total **\$60.00**

GRAND TOTAL **\$ 5,865.97** **\$5,865.97**

Amount listed on statement

\$5,865.97
difference \$0.00

BANK OF THE WEST

A trade name used by BMO Harris Bank N.A.

BANKCARD CENTER
PO BOX 84043
COLUMBUS GA 31908-4043

Account Number XXXX-XXXX-0152-7948

Payment Due Date MAY 23, 2023

Amount Due \$5,865.97

Current Balance \$5,865.97

****PRE-AUTHORIZED PAYMENT****
DO NOT REMIT PAYMENT

1245EOAL - 003466 - 0001 - 0003



UPPER GUNNISON RIVER WATER CONS DIS **N0003466
210 W SPENCER AVE STE B
GUNNISON CO 81230-2544

Amount Enclosed

\$

⑆586825013⑆5569320001527948⑆

⑆0000586597⑆

ACCOUNT MESSAGES

Your Bank of the West Mastercard includes an additional benefit: Mastercard ID Theft Protection with access to complimentary Identity Theft resolution services. The benefit also helps prevent identity theft by monitoring the Internet to identify compromised and potentially damaging use of personal information. To enroll your card, please visit: <https://mastercardus.idprotectiononline.com>.

CORPORATE ACCOUNT SUMMARY

UPPER GUNNISON RIVER XXXX-XXXX-0152-7948 Company Total	Previous Balance	Purchases + & Other Debits	Cash Advances	Finance Charges	Credits	Payments	New Balance
	\$6,208.49	\$5,872.57	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$6.60	\$6,208.49	\$5,865.97

CARDHOLDER NEW ACTIVITY SUMMARY

SUE UERLING XXXX-XXXX-0203-3094 Credit Limit \$5,000	Purchases and Other Debits	Cash Advances	Credits	Total Activity
	\$680.35	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$680.35
UPP GUNN RIVER WATER XXXX-XXXX-0177-3377 Credit Limit \$5,000	Purchases and Other Debits	Cash Advances	Credits	Total Activity
	\$121.88	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$121.88
CHERYL CWELICH XXXX-XXXX-0182-5532 Credit Limit \$5,000	Purchases and Other Debits	Cash Advances	Credits	Total Activity
	\$1,486.98	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$1,486.98

For Customer Service, Call: 1-866-432-8161	Account Number XXXX-XXXX-0152-7948		Account Summary	
			Previous Balance	\$6,208.49
			Purchases & Other Charges	\$5,872.57
	Statement Date	Payment Due Date	Cash Advances	\$0.00
For Autopay Accounts, a pre-authorized payment will be processed by your Bank prior to the payment due date All other inquiries can be sent to: BANKCARD CENTER PO BOX 84043 COLUMBUS GA 31908-4043	APR 28, 2023	MAY 23, 2023	Cash Advance Fees	\$0.00
	Credit Limit	Available Credit	Late Charge	\$0.00
	\$100,000	\$94,134.03	Finance Charges	\$0.00
			Credits	\$6.60
	Amount Due	Disputed Amount	Payments	\$6,208.49
	\$5,865.97	\$0.00	New Balance	\$5,865.97

1245EOAL - 003466 - 0002 - 0003

Statement Date	APR 28, 2023	Payment Due Date	MAY 23, 2023
Credit Limit	\$100,000	Amount Due	\$5,865.97
Cash Advance Balance	\$0.00	New Balance	\$5,865.97
Available Credit	\$94,134.03		
UPPER GUNNISON RIVER WATER CONS DIS			
XXXX-XXXX-0152-7948			

CARDHOLDER NEW ACTIVITY SUMMARY				
SONJA CHAVEZ XXXX-XXXX-0188-5056 Credit Limit \$12,000	Purchases and Other Debits	Cash Advances	Credits	Total Activity
	\$1,557.13	\$0.00	\$6.60	\$1,550.53
JOHN MCCLOW XXXX-XXXX-0199-2969 Credit Limit \$12,000	Purchases and Other Debits	Cash Advances	Credits	Total Activity
	\$1,481.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$1,481.00
BEVERLY RICHARDS XXXX-XXXX-0153-1692 Credit Limit \$5,000	Purchases and Other Debits	Cash Advances	Credits	Total Activity
	\$485.23	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$485.23
JILL STEELE XXXX-XXXX-0153-1700 Credit Limit \$0	Purchases and Other Debits	Cash Advances	Credits	Total Activity
	\$30.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$30.00

FINANCE CHARGE SUMMARY				
	Average Daily Balance	Daily Periodic Rate	Corresponding Annual Percentage Rate	Periodic Finance Charge
PURCHASES	\$0.00	0.0349%	12.74%	\$0.00
CASH ADVANCES	\$0.00	0.0493%	18.00%	\$0.00

CORPORATE ACCOUNT ACTIVITY				
UPPER GUNNISON RIVER WATER CONS DIS XXXX-XXXX-0152-7948			TOTAL CORPORATE ACTIVITY \$6,178.49 CR	
Posting Date	Transaction Date	Reference Number	Transaction Description	Amount
03-31	03-31		ANNUAL MEMBERSHIP FEE	30.00
04-24	04-24		PRE-AUTHORIZED PAYMENT	6,208.49 CR

CORPORATE REWARDS INFORMATION	
For Reward Points Balance including Earned and Redeemed Points, please visit www.bankofthewestcorporaterewards.com or call 1-800-921-6407	

CARDHOLDER ACTIVITY					
SUE UERLING XXXX-XXXX-0203-3094	PURCHASES	CASH ADVANCES	CREDITS	TOTAL ACTIVITY	
	\$680.35	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$680.35	
Posting Date	Transaction Date	Reference Number	Transaction Description	Amount	
04-19	04-18	02305373109000643158230	USPS PO 0740860777 GUNNISON CO	378.00	
		Tran: None Tax ID: 410760000 Mer Zip: 81230 Origin Zip: 81230			



CARDHOLDER ACTIVITY

Posting Date	Transaction Date	Reference Number	Transaction Description	Amount
			Product Code: 740400 Desc: U.S. Flags Coil Qty: 1 Unit: NMB Unit Cost: 63.00 Disc: N Ext Item Amt: 63.00 Product Code: 684200 Desc: Tulip Blossoms Qty: 25 Unit: NMB Unit Cost: 12.60 Disc: N Ext Item Amt: 315.00 75500393114900014100010 GUNNISON PIZZA COMPANY GUNNISON CO Tax ID: 822893583 Mer Zip: 81230	302.35

*April 2nd
Mtg
Meal*

UPP GUNN RIVER WATER XXXX-XXXX-0177-3377		PURCHASES \$121.88	CASH ADVANCES \$0.00	CREDITS \$0.00	TOTAL ACTIVITY \$121.88
Posting Date	Transaction Date	Reference Number	Transaction Description	Amount	
03-29	03-28	05436843087300268783038	CITY MARKET #0219 FUEL GUNNISON CO Tax ID: 480196590 Mer Zip: 81230 Origin Zip: 81230 Time: 11:49 Srv Type: SELF Qty: 14.909 Unit: GAL Unit Cost: 4.00 Sale Amt: 59.62 Mer ID: 4445001026781 Mer Addr: N MAIN ST	59.62	
03-30	03-29	52708243089838000780147	STINKER #319 DELTA CO Tax ID: 203986441 Mer Zip: 81416 Time: 09:02 Srv Type: SELF Qty: 9.62 Unit: GAL Unit Cost: 3.55 Sale Amt: 34.17 Mer ID: 313077442884 Mer Addr: N MAIN ST	34.17	
04-18	04-17	22303793107001110668421	CONOCO - BAILEY SELF S BAILEY CO Tax ID: 371652702 Mer Zip: 80421 Time: 14:16 Srv Type: SELF Qty: 7.80 Unit: GAL Unit Cost: 3.60 Sale Amt: 28.09 Mer ID: 650000010888504 Mer Addr: 285	28.09	

*Receipt
attached*

CHERYL CWELICH XXXX-XXXX-0182-5532		PURCHASES \$1,486.98	CASH ADVANCES \$0.00	CREDITS \$0.00	TOTAL ACTIVITY \$1,486.98
Posting Date	Transaction Date	Reference Number	Transaction Description	Amount	
03-29	03-28	55432863087204554980802	AMZN Mktp US*HY25H53D1 Amzn.com/billWA Tran: 114-6651889-80698 Tax ID: 202936165 Mer Ref: 37KSMPYY1RYM Mer Zip: 98109 Tax: 2.14 Product Code: B099528N16 Desc: 16 Pieces Figures Toys Realistic Ju Qty: 1 Unit: PCE Disc: N Ext Item Amt: 13.06 Product Code: B07TFR51Y9 Desc: Toymany 27PCS Play Farm Feed Food A Qty: 1 Unit: PCE Disc: N Ext Item Amt: 13.06	26.12	
04-07	04-06	05436843096300274787980	CITY-MARKET #0419 GUNNISON CO Tax ID: 480196590 Mer Zip: 81230 Origin Zip: 81230 Tax: 1.38	29.00	
04-10	04-07	75500393097900012400173	GUNNISON PIZZA COMPANY GUNNISON CO Tax ID: 822893583 Mer Zip: 81230	95.75	
04-10	04-07	72700693098900010574588	5BS BBQ GUNNISON CO Tax ID: 200671267 Mer Zip: 81230	91.78	
04-18	04-18	55432863108200512390386	Amazon.com*HV3B59AG1 Amzn.com/billWA Tran: 431 Tax ID: 820544687 Mer Ref: 2Qp6JHk6wZHHMJSq Mer Zip: 98109 Tax: 3.35 Product Code: B007OWNXTW Desc: 2000 PLUS Stamp Pad, Felt, Size No. Qty: 5.00 Unit: PCE Disc: N Ext Item Amt: 41.10	41.10	
04-19	04-18	05436843108300270372486	CITY-MARKET #0419 GUNNISON CO Tax ID: 480196590 Mer Zip: 81230 Origin Zip: 81230	200.00	
04-20	04-18	85179393109980003635511	IREPAIR OF GUNNISON GUNNISON CO Tax ID: 270370552 Mer Zip: 81230 Tax: 50.51 CR	618.00	
04-21	04-21	55432863111201342296806	Amazon.com*HF55S2O90 Amzn.com/billWA Tran: 114-5277400-24802 Tax ID: 820544687 Mer Ref: vgDC2XIFofvOcz6XO Mer Zip: 98109 Tax: 24.09 Product Code: B004GKBT6 Desc: Columbia Women's Tamiami II Long SI Qty: 2.00 Unit: PCE Disc: N Ext Item Amt: 109.10 Product Code: B0058YR380 Desc: Columbia Men's PFG TamiamiTM II Lon Qty: 1 Unit: PCE Disc: N Ext Item Amt: 41.93 Product Code: B0058YR31W Desc: Columbia Men's PFG TamiamiTM II Lon Qty: 1 Unit: PCE Disc: N Ext Item Amt: 59.90 Product Code: B001SFDJ6S Desc: Columbia Men's Plus Tamiami II Long Qty: 1 Unit: PCE Disc: N Ext Item Amt: 41.93 Product Code: B001SFFHPO Desc: Columbia Men's Plus Tamiami II Long Qty: 1 Unit: PCE Disc: N Ext Item Amt: 41.93	294.78	
04-25	04-24	25247803114001624132443	AMERICAN CANOE ASSOCIA FREDERICKSBURVA Tax ID: 840619411 Mer Zip: 22401	60.00	
04-28	04-27	05416013117142000166827	WAL-MART #1550 GUNNISON CO Tax ID: 710415188 Mer Zip: 81230	30.45	

*All
Cheryl's
post
coding*

SONJA CHAVEZ		PURCHASES	CASH ADVANCES	CREDITS	TOTAL ACTIVITY
XXXX-XXXX-0188-5056		\$1,557.13	\$0.00	\$6.60	\$1,550.53
Posting Date	Transaction Date	Reference Number	Transaction Description		Amount
03-30	03-29	05436843089400085231324	WAL-MART #1550 Tax ID: 710415188 Mer Zip: 81230 Origin Zip: 81230	GUNNISON CO	20.29

1245EOAL - 003466 - 0003 - 0003 -

Statement Date	APR 28, 2023	Payment Due Date	MAY 23, 2023
Credit Limit	\$100,000	Amount Due	\$5,865.97
Cash Advance Balance	\$0.00	New Balance	\$5,865.97
Available Credit	\$94,134.03		
UPPER GUNNISON RIVER WATER CONS DIS			
XXXX-XXXX-0152-7948			

CARDHOLDER ACTIVITY				
Posting Date	Transaction Date	Reference Number	Transaction Description	Amount
03-31	03-30	55432863089205089036083	AMZN Mkt US*HY4BS8VY1 Amzn.com/billWA Tran: 111-1774896-73018 Tax ID: 202936165 Mer Ref: 2PrZ1S1E5EePz0bdl Mer Zip: 98109 Product Code: 164105560X Desc: The Modern Rules of Order Qty: 1 Unit: PCE Disc: N Ext Item Amt: 29.94	29.94 <i>book for office</i>
03-31	03-31		ANNUAL MEMBERSHIP FEE	30.00
04-03	03-31	55310203090083374886725	AMAZON.COM*HY0S27WU0 A AMZN.COM/BILLWA Tran: 111-2023464-11722 Tax ID: 820544687 Mer Ref: 5DA6LS2HW16 Mer Zip: 98109 Dest Ctry: USA Product Code: 164105560X Desc: THE MODERN RULES OF ORDER Qty: 4 Unit: PCE Disc: N Ext Item Amt: 119.80	119.80 <i>office cleaning</i>
04-03	03-31	55432863090205422106889	IN *J&K SERVICES INC. 970-9016267 CO Tran: 17585 Tax ID: 770034661 Mer Ref: ARLFDB7B Mer Zip: 81230-4054 Product Code: 48 Desc: 03/31/2023JANITORIAL SCOPE OF SERVI Qty: 1 Unit: NMB Unit Cost: 580.0000 Disc: N Ext Item Amt: 580.00 Product Code: 14 Desc: CP_DESCX Qty: 1 Unit: NMB Unit Cost: 20.0000 Disc: N Ext Item Amt: 20.00	580.00 <i>office cleaning</i>
04-04	04-03	85179393093980003413560	CAFE SILVESTRE GUNNISON CO Tax ID: 840862924 Mer Zip: 81230	125.36 <i>coffee for office</i>
04-05	04-04	75500393094900012100024	GUNNISON PIZZA COMPANY GUNNISON CO Tax ID: 822893583 Mer Zip: 81230	65.49 <i>pizza</i>
04-06	04-04	75265863095654201314559	NORTHWEST PARKWAY LLC 303-9262500 CO Tax ID: 651316024 Mer Zip: 80023	6.60 <i>coffee</i>
04-06	04-04	75265863095654201318170	NORTHWEST PARKWAY LLC 303-9262500 CO Tax ID: 651316024 Mer Zip: 80023	6.60 <i>coffee</i>
04-06	04-06	55480773096026939106667	SOS REGISTRATION FEE 3038606962 CO Tax ID: 840644739 Mer Ref: 93910666 Mer Zip: 80209 Origin Zip: 80209 Dest Ctry: USA	60.00 <i>state</i>
04-10	04-09	55432863099208026499313	AMZN Mkt US*HS4DK8S42 Amzn.com/billWA Tran: 111-5162506-28826 Tax ID: 202936165 Mer Ref: 2rZyALIU3wUGnnkX4 Mer Zip: 98109 Product Code: B08DQOVL1H Desc: Maud's Super Flavored Coffee Variet Qty: 1 Unit: PCE Disc: N Ext Item Amt: 39.49 Product Code: B07MVL125J Desc: Circleware Clear Carafe Drink Pitch Qty: 1 Unit: PCE Disc: N Ext Item Amt: 8.99 Product Code: B092CZNPX5 Desc: Aigee 28 RFID Blocking Sleeves (24 Qty: 1 Unit: PCE Disc: N Ext Item Amt: 5.98	54.46 <i>coffee for office</i>
04-11	04-10	55432863100208225883223	AMZN Mkt US*HJ48S0180 Amzn.com/billWA Tran: 111-7111226-81010 Tax ID: 202936165 Mer Ref: 5GnfgxRGLCPa41kha Mer Zip: 98109 Product Code: B017606TMU Desc: Cuisinart Gold Tone Filter Permanen Qty: 1 Unit: PCE Disc: N Ext Item Amt: 9.99	9.99 <i>coffee for office</i>
04-17	04-13	55436873104161041502504	DENVER 1223 SHERMAN ST DENVER CO Tran: 16104150195 Tax ID: 591162686 Mer Zip: 80203 Origin Zip: 80203 Dest Ctry: USA Product Code: MCF Desc: PARKING FEES Qty: 1 Unit: EA Disc: N Ext Item Amt: 15.00	15.00 <i>parking</i>
04-17	04-14	82303563106900019280166	VISIONARY 888-6821884 WY Tax ID: 830313552 Mer Zip: 82716 Tax: 12.00	124.56 <i>interest</i>
04-19	04-17	55458853108083713397347	DENVER POST CIRCULATIO DENVER CO Tran: 12392023041709384 Tax ID: 760425553 Mer Ref: 250038751 Mer Zip: 80202 Origin Zip: 80202 Dest Zip: 812302544 Dest Ctry: USA Product Code: SUBSCRIPTION Desc: DENVER POST Qty: 1 Unit: ITM Disc: N Ext Item Amt: 28.15	28.15 <i>auto charge</i>
04-19	04-17	75265863108710501514887	NORTHWEST PARKWAY LLC 303-9262500 CO Tax ID: 651316024 Mer Zip: 80023	6.60 CR <i>coffee</i>
04-21	04-21	55432863111201394177227	APPLE.COM/BILL 866-712-7753 CA Tax ID: 942404110 Mer Ref: MSD0K1X3M3a0 Mer Zip: 95014	99.99
04-24	04-24	55432863114202270421306	INTUIT *PayrollEE usag CL.INTUIT.COMCA Tax ID: 770034661 Mer Ref: T1-3d95c8-7f Mer Zip: 92129	25.00



CARDHOLDER ACTIVITY

Posting Date	Transaction Date	Reference Number	Transaction Description	Amount
04-26	04-25	85179393115980003413580	CAFE SILVESTRE GUNNISON CO Tax ID: 840862924 Mer Zip: 81230	115.02 ✓
04-27	04-26	05436843116300261844394	CITY-MARKET #0419 GUNNISON CO Tax ID: 480196590 Mer Zip: 81230 Origin Zip: 81230 Tax: 0.89	10.88 ✓
04-28	04-27	55432863118203397269616	SQ *1880 TAPAS & SPIRI Gunnison CO Tran: 00023058430174794 Tax ID: 800429876 Mer Ref: 00023058430174794 Mer Zip: 81230 Origin Zip: 81230 Dest Zip: 81230 Dest City: USA Product Code: 099 Desc: Food Item1682664002453 Qty: 100.00 Unit: NMB Disc: N Ext Item Amt: 50.00	50.00 ✓

water bottle 115.02 ✓
see memo - Admin 10.88 ✓
Receipt 50.00 ✓
Admin Approved

JOHN MCCLOW	PURCHASES	CASH ADVANCES	CREDITS	TOTAL ACTIVITY
XXXX-XXXX-0199-2969	\$1,481.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$1,481.00

Posting Date	Transaction Date	Reference Number	Transaction Description	Amount
03-31	03-31		ANNUAL MEMBERSHIP FEE	30.00
04-03	04-01	55429503091719834108503	ADOBE *ACROPRO SUBS 4085386000 CA Tran: 0H3EVDN8 Tax ID: 770019522 Mer Ref: 0H3EVDN8 Mer Zip: 95110 Origin Zip: 95110 Dest Zip: 81230 Dest City: USA Product Code: 30000065 Desc: APCC ALL MLP DRI12 MUN 001 N A Qty: 1 Unit: PCS Disc: N Ext Item Amt: 239.88	239.88
04-10	04-07	82305093097000009412692	CHECKR, INC CHECKR.COM SAN FRANCISCO CA Tax ID: 465213376 Mer Zip: 94104	187.98
04-13	04-11	55458853101206094800053	CU LAW 3034929326 CO Tran: I Tax ID: 846000555 Mer Ref: 4302354538 Mer Zip: 80309 Origin Zip: 80309 Dest City: USA	350.00
04-19	04-18	05436843108300270377840	FSP*CONTINUING LEGAL E DENVER CO Tran: 4221 Tax ID: 840816041 Mer Ref: 4221 Mer Zip: 80203 Tax: 16.94 Product Code: CCSURCHARGE0 Desc: Credit Card Surcharge Qty: 1.0000 Unit: EA Unit Cost: 12.0200 Disc: N Ext Item Amt: 12.02 Product Code: EM042723N Desc: 2023 Employment Law Conference SC C Qty: 1.0000 Unit: EA Unit Cost: 584.0000 Disc: N Ext Item Amt: 584.00	612.96
04-28	04-27	05436843117300262649189	FSP*CONTINUING LEGAL E DENVER CO Tran: 4221 Tax ID: 840816041 Mer Ref: 4221 Mer Zip: 80203 Product Code: CCSURCHARGE0 Desc: Credit Card Surcharge Qty: 1.0000 Unit: EA Unit Cost: 1.1800 Disc: N Ext Item Amt: 1.18 Product Code: TS050423W Desc: The Law of Background Checks What Qty: 1.0000 Unit: EA Unit Cost: 59.0000 Disc: N Ext Item Amt: 59.00	60.18

BEVERLY RICHARDS	PURCHASES	CASH ADVANCES	CREDITS	TOTAL ACTIVITY
XXXX-XXXX-0153-1692	\$485.23	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$485.23

Posting Date	Transaction Date	Reference Number	Transaction Description	Amount
03-31	03-31		ANNUAL MEMBERSHIP FEE	30.00 ✓
04-10	04-08	15270213098000700055075	MSFT * E0200MR4QL MSBILL.INFO WA Tax ID: 911144442 Mer Zip: 98052	23.00 ✓
04-19	04-17	05140483108710032029541	SPROUTS FARMERS MARK WESTMINSTER CO Tax ID: 320331600 Mer Zip: 80020 Tax: 2.91	38.69 ✓
04-21	04-17	55432863110201180590998	MARRIOTT WESTMINSTER WESTMINSTER CO Arrival Date: 04/17/23 Departure Date: 04/17/23 Invoice Number: M11176 Tran: 298273 Tax ID: 264287294 Mer Ref: 013093 Mer Zip: 80021	393.54 ✓

JILL STEELE	PURCHASES	CASH ADVANCES	CREDITS	TOTAL ACTIVITY
XXXX-XXXX-0153-1700	\$30.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$30.00

Posting Date	Transaction Date	Reference Number	Transaction Description	Amount
03-31	03-31		ANNUAL MEMBERSHIP FEE	30.00

1245EOAL - 003466 - 0002 - 0003

Statement Date	APR 28, 2023	Payment Due Date	MAY 23, 2023
Credit Limit	\$100,000	Amount Due	\$5,865.97
Cash Advance Balance	\$0.00	New Balance	\$5,865.97
Available Credit	\$94,134.03		
UPPER GUNNISON RIVER WATER CONS DIS			
XXXX-XXXX-0152-7948			

CARDHOLDER NEW ACTIVITY SUMMARY				
SONJA CHAVEZ XXXX-XXXX-0188-5056 Credit Limit \$12,000	Purchases and Other Debits	Cash Advances	Credits	Total Activity
	\$1,557.13	\$0.00	\$6.60	\$1,550.53
JOHN MCCLOW XXXX-XXXX-0199-2969 Credit Limit \$12,000	Purchases and Other Debits	Cash Advances	Credits	Total Activity
	\$1,481.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$1,481.00
BEVERLY RICHARDS XXXX-XXXX-0153-1692 Credit Limit \$5,000	Purchases and Other Debits	Cash Advances	Credits	Total Activity
	\$485.23	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$485.23
JILL STEELE XXXX-XXXX-0153-1700 Credit Limit \$0	Purchases and Other Debits	Cash Advances	Credits	Total Activity
	\$30.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$30.00

FINANCE CHARGE SUMMARY				
	Average Daily Balance	Daily Periodic Rate	Corresponding Annual Percentage Rate	Periodic Finance Charge
PURCHASES	\$0.00	0.0349%	12.74%	\$0.00
CASH ADVANCES	\$0.00	0.0493%	18.00%	\$0.00

CORPORATE ACCOUNT ACTIVITY				
UPPER GUNNISON RIVER WATER CONS DIS XXXX-XXXX-0152-7948			TOTAL CORPORATE ACTIVITY \$6,178.49 CR	
Posting Date	Transaction Date	Reference Number	Transaction Description	Amount
03-31	03-31		ANNUAL MEMBERSHIP FEE	30.00
04-24	04-24		PRE-AUTHORIZED PAYMENT	6,208.49 CR

CORPORATE REWARDS INFORMATION	
For Reward Points Balance Including Earned and Redeemed Points, please visit www.bankofthewestcorporaterewards.com or call 1-800-921-6407	

CARDHOLDER ACTIVITY					
SUE UERLING XXXX-XXXX-0203-3094	PURCHASES	CASH ADVANCES	CREDITS	TOTAL ACTIVITY	
	\$680.35	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$680.35	
Posting Date	Transaction Date	Reference Number	Transaction Description	Amount	
04-19	04-18	02305373109000643158230 Tran: None	USPS PO 0740860777 GUNNISON CO Tax ID: 410760000 Mer Zip: 81230 Origin Zip: 81230	378.00	

Bue's CC

Postage for Office

April Board Mtg Meal



GUNNISON
200 N WISCONSIN ST
GUNNISON, CO 81230-2626
(800)275-8777

04/18/2023 01:30 PM

Product	Qty	Unit Price	Price
U.S. Flags Coll	1	\$63.00	\$63.00
Tulip Blossoms	25	\$12.60	\$315.00
Grand Total:			\$378.00
Credit Card Remit			\$378.00

Card Name: MasterCard
Account #: XXXXXXXXXXXX3094
Approval #: 080211
Transaction #: 172
AID: A0000000041010
AL: MASTERCARD
PIN: Not Required

Chip

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or scan this code with your mobile device.



or call 1-800-410-7420.

UFN: 074086-0777
Receipt #: 840-58000351-2-6051213-1
Clerk: 05

GUNNISON PIZZA COMPANY
303 E TOMICHI AVE
GUNNISON, CO 81230
970-641-1110
CT-2017049201

04/21/2023 11:41

Sale

Trans #: 1 Batch #: 541

MASTERCARD Manual
*****3094 **/**

BASE AMT: \$244.59
SVC: \$9.76
DISC: \$0.00

SUB TOTAL: \$254.35

TIP AMT: \$

TOTAL AMT: \$362.00

Resp: APPROVAL 096907
Code: 096907
Ref #: 311417665389
TransID: 0424MCFGIFCT8

THANK YOU
COME AGAIN!
CUSTOMER COPY

April Board Mtg

070641 0065

(970) 641-1110
Gunnison Pizza Company
303 E Tomichi Ave
Gunnison, CO
United States, 81230
Tel: +1 9706411110

Printed April 24, 2023 at 11:51 AM

April 24, 2023 at 11:51 AM
Bar Tab: UGRWCD Board Meeting Monday 04/24 @ 530pm
Party Name: UGRWCD Board
Meeting Monday 04/24 @ 530pm

Note: D

Monday
@
5:30

2 x Cheesy Garlic Bread	\$22.5
3 x Garden Salad	\$24.3
+ \$9.00: LARGE	
+ Ranch	
3 x Caprese Salad	\$27.0
+ \$10.00: LARGE	
3 x Greek Salad	\$27.0
+ \$10.00: LARGE	
+ Balsamic	
20" Pizza	\$26.1
+ \$8.00: **MEAT SUPREME	
20" Pizza	\$26.1
+ \$8.00: **MARGARITA	
20" Pizza	\$29.0
+ \$8.00: **HERBIVORE	
20" Pizza	\$21.6
+ \$3.00: Extra Cheese	
2 x Cheesecake	\$36.0
Delivery Fee	\$5.0

Food Total \$244.6
Discount Total \$23.4

Sub Total \$244.6
Sales Tax 8.9% \$0.0

Total \$244.6

We appreciate your business

Tip Guide:
10%=\$24.46 15%=\$36.69 20%=\$48.92

GUNNISON PIZZA COMPANY
30711 TOMICH
GUNNISON, CO 80646
703 411 1111
012017049101

04/21/2023

11:41

Sale

Trans #: 1 Batch #: 541

MASTERCARD

Manual

*****3091

/

BASE AMT: 524.59
SVC: \$9.76
DIS: \$0.00

SUB TOTAL: \$254.35

TIP AMT: \$

TOTAL AMT: \$362.35

Resp: APPROVAL 096907
Code: 096907
Ref #: 31141766589
TransID: 0424MCFG1ECT3

THANK YOU
COME AGAIN!

CUSTOMER COPY

April
2023
Mg

070641 0065

(970) 641-1110
Gunnison Pizza Co.
303 E. Toiyuchi Av.
Gunnison, CO
United States, 81230
Tel: +1 9706411110
Printed April 24, 2023 at 11:51 AM

April 24, 2023 at 11:51 AM

Bar Tab: UGRWCD Board Meeting Monday 04/24 @ 530pm
Party Name: UGRWCD Board Meeting Monday 04/24 @ 530pm

Monday
@
5:30

Note: D

2 x Cheesy Garlic Bread	\$22.50
3 x Garden of Eatin' + \$9.00: ITALIAN + Ranch	\$24.00
3 x Caprese Salad + \$10.00: LARGE	7.00
3 x Greek Salad + \$10.00: LARGE + Balsamic	
20" Pizza + \$8.00: **MEAT SUPREME	\$26.10
10" Pizza + \$8.00: **MARGARITA	\$26.10
Pizza + \$8.00: **HERBIVORE	\$29.00
10" Pizza + \$3.00: Extra Cheese	\$21.60
2 x Cheesecake	\$36.00
Delivery Fee	\$5.00

Food Total	\$244.60
Discount Total	\$23.40
Sub Total	\$244.60
Sales Tax 8.9%	\$0.00
Total	\$244.60

We appreciate your business

Tip Guide:
10%=\$24.46 15%=\$36.69 20%=\$48.92

Sue's CC



GUNNISON
200 N WISCONSIN ST
GUNNISON, CO 81230-2626
(800)275-8777

04/18/2023

01:30 PM

Product	Qty	Unit Price	Price
U.S. Flags Coil	1	\$63.00	\$63.00
Tulip Blossoms	25	\$12.60	\$315.00

Grand Total: \$378.00

Credit Card Remit \$378.00

Card Name: MasterCard
Account #: XXXXXXXXXXXX3094
Approval #: 080211
Transaction #: 172
AID: A0000000041010 Chip
AL: MASTERCARD
PIN: Not Required

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or scan this code with your mobile device.



or call 1-800-410-7420.

UFN: 074086-0777
Receipt #: 840-58000351-2-6051213-1
Clerk: 05

BANK OF THE WEST

A trade name used by BMO Harris Bank N.A.

BANKCARD CENTER
PO BOX 84043
COLUMBUS GA 31908-4043

BEVERLY RICHARDS
UGRWCD
210 W SPENCER AVE STE B
GUNNISON CO 81230-2544

MEMO STATEMENT

Account Number XXXX-XXXX-0153-1692
Statement Date APR 28, 2023
Total Activity \$455.23

**** MEMO STATEMENT ONLY ****
DO NOT REMIT PAYMENT

ACCOUNT MESSAGES

Your Bank of the West Mastercard includes an additional benefit: Mastercard ID Theft Protection with access to complimentary Identity Theft resolution services. The benefit also helps prevent identity theft by monitoring the Internet to identify compromised and potentially damaging use of personal information. To enroll your card, please visit: <https://mastercardus.idprotectiononline.com>.

ACCOUNT SUMMARY

BEVERLY RICHARDS XXXX-XXXX-0153-1692	Purchases & Other Debits	+	Cash Advances	-	Credits	=	Total Activity
Account Total	\$455.23		\$0.00		\$0.00		\$455.23

ACCOUNT ACTIVITY

Posting Date	Transaction Date	Reference Number	Transaction Description	Amount
04-10	04-08	15270213098000700055075 Tax ID: 911144442 Mer Zip: 98052	MSFT * E0200MR4QL MSBILL.INFO WA	23.00
04-19	04-17	05140483108710032029541 Tax ID: 320331600 Mer Zip: 80020 Tax: 2.91	SPROUTS FARMERS MARK WESTMINSTER CO	38.69
04-21	04-17	55432863110201180590998 Arrival Date: 04/17/23 Departure Date: 04/17/23 Invoice Number: M11176 Tran: 298273 Tax ID: 264287294 Mer Ref: 013093 Mer Zip: 80021	MARRIOTT WESTMINSTER WESTMINSTER CO	393.54

For Customer Service, Call: 1-866-432-8161	Account Number	Account Summary	
	XXXX-XXXX-0153-1692	Purchases & Other Charges	\$455.23
Send Billing Inquiries to: BANKCARD CENTER PO BOX 84043 COLUMBUS GA 31908-4043	Statement Date	Cash Advances	\$0.00
	APR 28, 2023	Fees	\$0.00
	Credit Limit	Credits	\$0.00
	\$5,000	Payments	\$0.00
Disputed Amount		Total Activity	\$455.23
\$0.00			



Invoice

May 2023
Invoice Date: 05/07/2023
Invoice Number: E0200N5FMU
Due Date: 05/07/2023
23.00 USD

Sold-To
UGRWCD
210 W. Spencer Ave, Ste B
Gunnison co 81230-2544
United States

Bill-To
UGRWCD
210 W. Spencer Suite B
Gunnison co 81230
United States

Service Usage Address
UGRWCD
210 W. Spencer Ave, Ste B
Gunnison co 81230-2544
United States

Order Details		Billing Summary	
Product:	Online Services	Charges:	23.00
Customer PO Number:		Discounts:	0.00
Order Number:	d00cc767-d436-4fa9-a127-be329212cc61	Credits:	0.00
Billing Period:	04/07/2023 - 05/06/2023	Tax:	0.00
Due Date:	05/07/2023	Total:	23.00
Payment Instructions:	Please DO NOT PAY. You will be charged the amount due through your selected method of payment.		

Date Rec. _____ Adm. Chg. _____
Mgr. Appr. _____ Amt. Appr. _____
Bd. Appr. Date _____ Bd. Initials _____
Pd. Date _____ Clk _____
Account(s) Computer Software
Operating Expenses

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Microsoft Corporation, One Microsoft Way, Redmond, WA 98052, United States
US FEIN 91-1144442



Invoice

May 2023
Invoice Date: 05/07/2023
Invoice Number: E0200N5FMU
Due Date: 05/07/2023
23.00 USD

Office 365 E3

Formula for charges

Licenses in service period X Monthly (or Yearly) price per license X (Days in service period / Total in service period) = Charge

New charges

These are your charges for the next billing period for your current number of licenses.

Service period	Details	Licenses in service period	Monthly price/license period	Days in service period	Charges	Discounts	Credits	Subtotal	Tax %	Tax	Total
04/14/2023 - 05/13/2023	Monthly subscription charges	1	23.00	30	23.00	0.00	0.00	23.00	0.00 %	0.00	23.00
Subtotal					23.00	0.00	0.00	23.00		0.00	23.00
Grand Total					23.00	0.00	0.00	23.00		0.00	23.00

Billing or service question? Call 1-800-865-9408 or visit <https://aka.ms/Office365Billing>

Microsoft Corporation, One Microsoft Way, Redmond, WA 98052, United States

US FEIN 91-1144442



DENVER MARRIOTT WESTMINSTER

GUEST FOLIO

432	RICHARDS/BEVERLY	169.00	04/19/23	07:43	21932	3685
ROOM	NAME	RATE	DEPART	TIME	ACCT#	GROUP
GK	UPPER GUNNISON RIVER		04/17/23	16:00		
TYPE	210 WEST SPENCER		ARRIVE	TIME		
77	SUITE B					
ROOM	GUNNISON CO 81230	MCXXXXXXXXXXXX1692			MBV#:	
CLERK	ADDRESS	PAYMENT				
DATE	REFERENCES		CHARGES	CREDITS	BALANCES DUE	
04/17	ROOM	432, 1	169.00			
04/17	ROOM TAX	432, 1	7.61			
04/17	OCC TAX	432, 1	11.83			
04/17	CONF FEE	432, 1	3.38			
04/18	COFFEE	6418 432	3.48			
04/18	COFFEE	6419 432	6.42			
04/18	ROOM	432, 1	169.00			
04/18	ROOM TAX	432, 1	7.61			
04/18	OCC TAX	432, 1	11.83			
04/18	CONF FEE	432, 1	3.38			
04/19	CCARD-MC			393.54		
PAYMENT RECEIVED BY: MASTERCARD			XXXXXXXXXXXX1692			
					.00	

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Date Rec. _____ Adm. Ckd. _____
Agr. Appr. _____ Amt. Appr. _____
Ad. Appr. Date _____ Bd. Initials _____
Ad. Date _____ Ckd. _____
Account(s) Administrative
Operating @ X26224

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7000 CHURCH RANCH BL
WESTMINSTER CO 80021
PH:720-887-1177 FAX:720-887-1199

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Signature X

~~BOARD 1~~

ADMIN TRAVEL

04/17/2023 17:18:19
MASTERCARD Entry Method: Chip
CARD #: XXXXXXXXXXXX1692
PURCHASE - APPROVED
AUTH CODE:012866

Mode: Issuer
AID: A0000000041010
TVR: 0400008000
IAD: 0110A000032200000000000000000000
000FF
TSI: E800
ARC: 00
TC: 8635029C571AD27C
MID: 683846 TID: 001 SEQ: 047463

Total: USD\$ 38.69

PRODUCE

EX SWT RED PLUMS 2LB 6.99 t F
WATERMELON SPEARS 6.99 M F

GROCERY

CASHEW BUTTER CUPS 5.00 M F
2 @ 2 FOR 5.00
GRAPE ENERGY DRINK 1.67 M
1 @ 3 FOR 5.00

DAIRY

CHANTILY CREAMER 5.79 t F

DELI

MEDITTRN GREEK SALAD 9.74 M F

Tax Report

State Tax 23.40 0.94 TT
City Tax 36.18 1.39 TT
County Tax 23.40 0.18 TT

BALANCE DUE 38.69
CREDIT \$38.69

[] XXXXXXXXXXXX1692

Auth# 012866 Ref# 047463

CHANGE 0.00

Date Rec. _____ Adm. Ckd. _____
Mgr. Appr. _____ Amt. Appr. _____
Bd Appr. Date _____ Bd. Initials _____
Pd. Date _____ Ck# _____
Account(s) Admin Travel

Operating Expenses

We need your feedback!

for the change

gas
cards

WELCOME
BAILEY SELF SERVE
BAILEY SELF SVC
HWY 285
BAILEY CO
88421

DATE 4/17/23 14:18
TRAN#9811252
PUMP# 01
SERVICE LEVEL: SELF
PRODUCT: REG E10
GALLONS: 7.884
PRICE/G: \$3.599
FUEL SALE \$28.89
CREDIT \$28.89

ENTRY: Insert
MC FLEET Acct: 3377
Term ID: 21
AUTH: 00-065419
Batch: 35
Seq: 029
INVOICE: 141658
EMV STAMP: 092920061
43
APP NAME: MASTERCARD
AID: A0000000041010
APP CRYPTOGRAM:
ARQC B7EA51B227B3790
3

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receipts?

03/08/23
City Mkt-
\$59.82

03/29/23
Stinkier in
Delta

\$34.17

WELCOME
BAILEY SELF SERVE
BAILEY SELF SVC
HWY 285
BAILEY CO
80421

DATE 4/17/23 14:18
TRAN#9011252
PUMP# 01
SERVICE LEVEL: SELF
PRODUCT: REG E10
GALLONS: 7.804
PRICE/G: \$3.599
FUEL SALE \$28.09
CREDIT \$28.09

ENTRY: Insert
MC FLEET Acct: 3377
Term ID: 21
AUTH: 00-065419
Batch: 35
Seq: 029
INVOICE: 141658
EMV STAN#: 092920061
43
APP NAME: MASTERCARD
AID: A0000000041010
APP CRYPTOGRAM:
ARQC B7EA51B227B3790
3

Tell us about
your visit for a
chance to win
a gas gift card!
Gasfeedback.com
THANK YOU
HAVE A NICE DAY

BANK OF THE WEST

A trade name used by BMO Harris Bank N.A.

BANKCARD CENTER
PO BOX 84043
COLUMBUS GA 31908-4043

MEMO STATEMENT

Account Number	XXXX-XXXX-0182-5532
Statement Date	APR 28, 2023
Total Activity	\$1,486.98

**** MEMO STATEMENT ONLY ****
DO NOT REMIT PAYMENT

CHERYL CWELICH
UPPER GUNNISON RIVER WATER CONS DIS
210 W SPENCER AVE STE B
GUNNISON CO 81230

all receipts added

ACCOUNT MESSAGES

Your Bank of the West Mastercard includes an additional benefit: Mastercard ID Theft Protection with access to complimentary Identity Theft resolution services. The benefit also helps prevent identity theft by monitoring the Internet to identify compromised and potentially damaging use of personal information. To enroll your card, please visit: <https://mastercardus.idprotectiononline.com>.

ACCOUNT SUMMARY

CHERYL CWELICH XXXX-XXXX-0182-5532	Purchases & Other Debits	+	Cash Advances	-	Credits	=	Total Activity
Account Total	\$1,486.98		\$0.00		\$0.00		\$1,486.98

ACCOUNT ACTIVITY

Posting Date	Transaction Date	Reference Number	Transaction Description	Amount
03-29	03-28	55432863087204554980802	AMZN Mktp US*HY25H53D1 Amzn.com/billWA Tran: 114-6651889-80698 Tax ID: 202936165 Mer Ref: 37KSMPYY1RYM Mer Zip: 98109 Tax: 2.14 Product Code: B0995Z8N16 Desc: 16 Pieces Figures Toys Realistic Ju Qty: 1 Unit: PCE Disc: N Ext Item Amt: 13.06 Product Code: B07TFR51Y9 Desc: Toymany 27PCS Play Farm Feed Food A Qty: 1 Unit: PCE Disc: N Ext Item Amt: 13.06	26.12
04-07	04-06	05436843096300274787980	CITY-MARKET #0419 GUNNISON CO Tax ID: 480196590 Mer Zip: 81230 Origin Zip: 81230 Tax: 1.38	29.00
04-10	04-07	75500393097900012400173	GUNNISON PIZZA COMPANY GUNNISON CO Tax ID: 822893583 Mer Zip: 81230	95.75
04-10	04-07	72700693098900010574588	5BS BBQ GUNNISON CO Tax ID: 200671267 Mer Zip: 81230	91.78

For Customer Service, Call: 1-866-432-8161	Account Number	Account Summary	
	XXXX-XXXX-0182-5532	Purchases & Other Charges	\$1,486.98
Send Billing Inquiries to: BANKCARD CENTER PO BOX 84043 COLUMBUS GA 31908-4043	Statement Date	Cash Advances	\$0.00
	APR 28, 2023	Fees	\$0.00
	Credit Limit	Credits	\$0.00
	\$5,000	Payments	\$0.00
Disputed Amount		Total Activity	\$1,486.98
\$0.00			

Statement Date	APR 28, 2023	Total Activity	\$1,486.98
Credit Limit	\$5,000	Single Purchase Limit	\$3,000.00
CHERYL CWELICH			
XXXX-XXXX-0182-5532			

ACCOUNT ACTIVITY				
Posting Date	Transaction Date	Reference Number	Transaction Description	Amount
04-18	04-18	55432863108200512390386	Amazon.com*HV3B59AG1 Amzn.com/billWA Tran: 431 Tax ID: 820544687 Mer Ref: 2Qp6JHk6wZHhMjtSq Mer Zip: 98109 Tax: 3.35 Product Code: B007OWNXTW Desc: 2000 PLUS Stamp Pad, Felt, Size No. Qty: 5.00 Unit: PCE Disc: N Ext Item Amt: 41.10	41.10
04-20	04-18	85179393109980003635511	IREPAIR OF GUNNISON GUNNISON CO Tax ID: 270370552 Mer Zip: 81230 Tax: 50.51 CR	618.00
04-19	04-18	05436843108300270372486	CITY-MARKET #0419 GUNNISON CO Tax ID: 480196590 Mer Zip: 81230 Origin Zip: 81230	200.00
04-21	04-21	55432863111201342296806	Amazon.com*HF55S2O90 Amzn.com/billWA Tran: 114-5277400-24802 Tax ID: 820544687 Mer Ref: vgDC2XIFofvOcz6XO Mer Zip: 98109 Tax: 24.09 Product Code: B004GKBT6 Desc: Columbia Women's Tamiami II Long SI Qty: 2.00 Unit: PCE Disc: N Ext Item Amt: 109.10 Product Code: B0058YR380 Desc: Columbia Men's PFG TamiamiTM II Lon Qty: 1 Unit: PCE Disc: N Ext Item Amt: 41.93 Product Code: B0058YR31W Desc: Columbia Men's PFG TamiamiTM II Lon Qty: 1 Unit: PCE Disc: N Ext Item Amt: 59.90 Product Code: B001SFDJ6S Desc: Columbia Men's Plus Tamiami II Long Qty: 1 Unit: PCE Disc: N Ext Item Amt: 41.93 Product Code: B001SFFHPO Desc: Columbia Men's Plus Tamiami II Long Qty: 1 Unit: PCE Disc: N Ext Item Amt: 41.93	294.78
04-25	04-24	25247603114001624132443	AMERICAN CANOE ASSOCIA FREDERICKSBURVA Tax ID: 840619411 Mer Zip: 22401	60.00
04-28	04-27	05416013117142000166827	WAL-MART #1550 GUNNISON CO Tax ID: 710415188 Mer Zip: 81230	30.45



Final Details for Order #114-6651889-8069853

[Print this page for your records.](#)

Order Placed: March 27, 2023

Amazon.com order number: 114-6651889-8069853

Order Total: \$26.12

Shipped on March 28, 2023

Items Ordered

Price

1 of: *Toymany 27PCS Play Farm Feed Food Accessories Toy Set for Barn Farm Animals Figure Horse Fence Stable Playset, Includes Plastic Hay Bale, Straw Heap, Educational Gift Cake Toppers for Kids Toddlers* \$11.99
 Sold by: TOYMANY ([seller profile](#))

Condition: New

1 of: *16 Pieces Figures Toys Realistic Jungle Farm Animal Figurines Mini Learning Educational Playset Cake Topper Ornaments for Easter Egg Fillers Birthday Christmas Animal Themed Party Supplies* \$11.99
 Sold by: Woowan Auce ([seller profile](#))

Condition: New

Shipping Address:

Cheryl Cwelich
 210 W SPENCER AVE STE B
 GUNNISON, CO 81230-2544
 United States

Shipping Speed:

Standard Shipping

- CC
- Water Trailer Supplies
- Line Item# 44
 (Public Outreach & Education)

Payment information

Payment Method:

MasterCard | Last digits: 5532

Item(s) Subtotal: \$23.98
 Shipping & Handling: \$0.00

Billing address

Cheryl Cwelich
 210 W SPENCER AVE STE B
 GUNNISON, CO 81230-2544
 United States

Total before tax: \$23.98
 Estimated tax to be collected: \$2.14

Grand Total: \$26.12

Credit Card transactions

MasterCard ending in 5532: March 28, 2023: \$26.12

To view the status of your order, return to [Order Summary](#).

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WILTC METTOWN

880
to Store
was 514
SC 1.00 4.47
3 @ 1.49
MUFFIN 4.47 B
12 @ 0.89
SINGLE DONUT 10.68 B
LONG JOHN 0.89 B
MR RAPER BG FEE 0.00

* Coupons *

SC Fuel Points
SC Gaming Points
TAX 1.38
*** BALANCE 29.00

Gunnison CO 81230
MASTERCARD Purchase
*****5532 - C
REF#: 046735 TOTAL: 29.00
AID: A000006041010
TC: CDBEB091F4F4F76E

MASTERCARD 29.00
CHANGE 0.00

TOTAL NUMBER OF ITEMS SOLD - 18
Value Last Coupon Savings \$ 1.00
Total Coupon Savings \$ 1.00
You Saved 3% Off Your Order Today!

01/05/23 08:05am 414 14.10 994995.14

Annual Card Savings \$97.91

Fuel Points Earned Today: 28
Total April Fuel Points: 103

Remaining March Fuel Points: 147

Gaming - Points Rewards Plus
Every \$40 Spent on participating
items earns Reward Points.
Look for printout at checkout
with Rewards Points Pin Code.

Your Rewards spending: \$16.97
Expires on 4/30/2023

Apply Now
Save an additional 25c per gallon
of fuel EVERYDAY each time you
redeem at least 100 Fuel Points at
King Soopers/City Market Fuel Centers
in the first year and thereafter
when you spend \$6,000 in a calendar
year* when using the
King Soopers Rewards World Mastercard

APPLY TODAY!
www.KingSoopersMastercard.com/42466

*Restrictions apply, see website
for details.

With Our Low Prices, You Saved
\$1.00

PARTICIPATING ITEMS <+ = 1
Fresh opportunity awaits
Join our team today!
NER#
kingsoopers.com

GUNNISON PIZZA COMPANY
303 E TOMICHI AVE
GUNNISON, CO 81230
970-641-1110
CT-2017019201

04/07/2023 18:45

Sale

Trans #: 17 Batch #: 524

MASTERCARD CHIP
*****5532 ****

BASE AMT: \$76.69
SVC: \$3.06
DISC: \$0.00

SUB TOTAL: \$79.75

TIP AMT: \$16.00

TOTAL AMT: \$95.75

Resp: APPROVAL 030101
Code: 030101
Ref #: 30080000012
TransID: 0407MCF5Q85NE

App Name: MASTERCARD
AID: A00000000011010
TVR: 0000008000
TSI: E807

THANK YOU
COME AGAIN

CHEF: [illegible]

5B's BBQ
405 W Tomichi Ave
Gunnison, CO 81230

Opened: 04/07/2023 5:19 pm
Closed: 04/07/2023 6:19 pm
Order: 18380
Order Type: Carryout
Name: 30
Server: Jack

Check: 1

2	Pulled Pork Sand Combo	23.40
1	Pulled Pork Sand Combo	11.70
1	Mozzarella Sticks	7.02
	Side- Ranch	0.05
1	Beef Brisket Sand Combo	12.74
	Add Cole Slaw	1.04
1	Soft Drink	2.60
1	Pulled Pork Sand Combo	11.70

Subtotal 70.25
Sales Tax 6.23

Total 76.48

Mastercard 5532 (030641) 76.48
Tip: 15.38
Total with Tip: 91.78

Balance Due 0.00

Pay With Cash: 0.00

Thank You!
970-641-7360
5bsbbq.com

- CC
- Ute Mtn Ute Dinner
- Line Item #57 (Wet Meadows)

- CC
- Ute Mtn Ute Dinner
- Line Item #57 (Wet Meadows)

**Final Details for Order #114-4616954-0300259**[Print this page for your records.](#)**Order Placed:** April 17, 2023**Amazon.com order number:** 114-4616954-0300259**Order Total:** \$41.10**Shipped on April 18, 2023****Items Ordered**

5 of: 2000 PLUS Stamp Pad, Felt, Size No.2, 6-1/4" x 3-1/2", Black Ink (090407)
Sold by: Amazon.com Services LLC

Price

\$7.55

Condition: New

Shipping Address:

Cheryl Cwelich
221 N LOVELAND ST UNIT D
GUNNISON, CO 81230-2052
United States

Shipping Speed:

FREE Prime Delivery

Payment information**Payment Method:**

MasterCard | Last digits: 5532
Reference number: 431

Item(s) Subtotal: \$37.75
Shipping & Handling: \$0.00

Billing address

Cheryl Cwelich
210 W SPENCER AVE STE B
GUNNISON, CO 81230-2544
United States

Total before tax: \$37.75
Estimated tax to be collected: \$3.35

Grand Total: \$41.10**Credit Card transactions**

MasterCard ending in 5532: April 18, 2023: \$41.10

To view the status of your order, return to [Order Summary](#).[Conditions of Use](#) | [Privacy Notice](#) © 1996-2023, Amazon.com, Inc. or its affiliates

• CL
• Stamps for Poker Run
• GRF Budget



HOMETOWN GROCER. HOMETOWN TEAM.

880 N. Main
(970) 641-3816 Store
Your cashier was Cathy S

MR LOGO K S GC NP 200.00
GK *****5370 200.00 BInc
TAX 0.00
**** BALANCE 200.00

Gunnison CO 81230
MASTERCARD Purchase
*****5532 - C
REF#: 074049 TOTAL: 200.00
AID: A0000000041010
TC: 44F614772D5FD348

MASTERCARD 200.00
CHANGE 0.00
TOTAL NUMBER OF ITEMS SOLD = 0
04/18/23 11:45am 419 30 47 451

** Sign up for your Value Card **
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Fresh opportunity awaits
Join our team today!



job
ww

- CC
- Sponsorship (Arteries of the Earth)
- GRF Budget



iRepair of Gunnison n

118 N WISCONSIN
GUNNISON, CO 812302668
+1 970-596-4536

Used Tablet x 2	\$498.00
Misc Part x 2	\$40.00
Case x 2	\$50.00
Tempered Glass - Tablet x 2	\$30.00
Subtotal	\$618.00
Tax (Removed)	\$0.00

Total \$ 618 00



MASTERCARD
5532

\$618.00

April 18, 2023 • 11:31 am
Payment ID: 1MCC4A2G0C8NE
Order ID: Z1H9NMF146KGR

[Hide Details](#)

Card: MASTERCARD 5532
April 18, 2023, 11:33 AM
Method: EMV
Auth ID: 019601
Reference ID: 310800517752
AID: A0000000041010
CVM: SIGNATURE VERIFIED

. CC
• Conservation Grant
Tablets
• FWS Sagebrush
Grant



Final Details for Order #114-5277400-2480227

[Print this page for your records.](#)

Order Placed: April 20, 2023

Amazon.com order number: 114-5277400-2480227

Order Total: \$294.78

Shipped on April 20, 2023

Items Ordered

Price

1 of: *Columbia Men's Plus Tamiami II Long Sleeve Shirt, Sail - Medium, Columbia*

\$38.50

Sold by: Amazon.com Services LLC

Condition: New

1 of: *Columbia Men's PFG Tamiami™ II Long Sleeve Shirt, Vivid Blue, Medium*

\$55.00

Sold by: Amazon.com Services LLC

Condition: New

1 of: *Columbia Men's Plus Tamiami II Long Sleeve Shirt, Sail - Large*

\$38.50

Sold by: Amazon.com Services LLC

Condition: New

1 of: *Columbia Men's PFG Tamiami™ II Long Sleeve Shirt, Vivid Blue, Large*

\$38.50

Sold by: Amazon.com Services LLC

Condition: New

2 of: *Columbia Women's Tamiami II Long Sleeve Shirt, White Cap(blue), Medium*

\$49.96

Sold by: Amazon.com Services LLC

Condition: New

Shipping Address:

Cheryl Cwelich

221 N LOVELAND ST UNIT D

GUNNISON, CO 81230-2052

United States

• CC
• Shirts for Conservation Crew
• Line item #57 (Wet Meadows)

Shipping Speed:

Delivery in fewer trips to your address

Payment information

Payment Method:

MasterCard | Last digits: 5532

Item(s) Subtotal: \$270.42

Shipping & Handling: \$0.00

Billing address

Cheryl Cwelich

210 W SPENCER AVE STE B

GUNNISON, CO 81230-2544

United States

Total before tax: \$270.42

Estimated tax to be collected: \$24.09

CO Retail Delivery Fees \$0.27

Grand Total: \$294.78

Credit Card transactions

MasterCard ending in 5532: April 20, 2023: \$294.78

To view the status of your order, return to [Order Summary](#).

Cheryl Cwelich

From: aca@americancanoe.org
Sent: Monday, April 24, 2023 11:46 AM
To: Cheryl Cwelich
Subject: ACA | Canoe - Kayak - SUP - Raft - Rescue - Thank you for your order

ACA | Canoe - Kayak - SUP - Raft - Rescue

Dear Cheryl Cwelich,

This is your confirmation for the order you placed on 4/24/2023

[Click here](#) for a printable view of your order.

The following is a description of your order:

Your Order Number is: 609990507

You ordered 2 products (see below):

Product Number: AP36NN
Product: Sanctioning Fee
Quantity: 2
Price Each: \$20.00
Total Price: \$40.00

Product Number: AP36NN
Product: Sanctioning Fee
Quantity: 1
Price Each: \$20.00
Total Price: \$20.00

Total: \$60.00

If you have questions about your order, please contact the ACA [Membership Department](#).

ACA | Canoe - Kayak - SUP - Raft - Rescue

This is an email sent from the [ACA | Canoe - Kayak - SUP - Raft - Rescue](#). If you would like to discuss the contents of this email, please feel free to [contact us](#).



- CC
- Event Sanctioning Fee (ACA)
- GIRF Budget

Give us feedback @ survey.walmart.com
Thank you! ID #:7SHXFBJSBDP



Wal-Mart
970-641-1733 Mgr. STEVEN
900 N MAIN ST
GUNNISON CO 81230
ST# 01550 OP# 009047 TE# 47 TR# 01323

ITEMS SOLD 2
TC# 0901 2240 4416 0331 9463



64G MICROSD 619659175790 13.98 X
64G MICROSD 619659175790 13.98 X

SUBTOTAL 27.96
TAX1 8.9000 % 2.49
TOTAL 30.45
MCARD TEND 30.45
CHANGE DUE 0.00

MASTERCARD- 5532 I 1 APPR#046352
30.45 TOTAL PURCHASE
REF # 311700457588
AID A0000000041010
TC 55EB633501980E82
TERMINAL # SC010425
*No Signature Required
04/27/23 14:42:57



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Low prices You Can Trust. Every Day.
04/27/23 14:43:06

- CC
- Memory Cards for
Conservation Crew
Tablets
- FWS Sagebrush Grant

BANK OF THE WEST

A trade name used by BMO Harris Bank N.A.

BANKCARD CENTER
PO BOX 84043
COLUMBUS GA 31908-4043

MEMO STATEMENT

Account Number XXXX-XXXX-0188-5056
Statement Date APR 28, 2023
Total Activity \$1,520.53

MEMO STATEMENT ONLY
DO NOT REMIT PAYMENT

SONJA CHAVEZ
UGRWCD
210 W SPENCER AVE STE B
GUNNISON CO 81230-2544

*Each of
at more
charged a
\$30 annual
fee - including
bill's card*

Alisha,
*John McElow said he gave you
his receipts previously.
And do you know what the
"SOS" purchase for \$60 on April 6 is for on
Abigail card? (Secretary of State??)*
Thanks! Sue

ACCOUNT MESSAGES

Your Bank of the West Mastercard includes an additional benefit: Mastercard ID Theft Protection with access to complimentary Identity Theft resolution services. The benefit also helps prevent identity theft by monitoring the Internet to identify compromised and potentially damaging use of personal information. To enroll your card, please visit: <https://mastercardus.idprotectiononline.com>.

ACCOUNT SUMMARY

SONJA CHAVEZ XXXX-XXXX-0188-5056	Purchases & Other Debits	+	Cash Advances	-	Credits	=	Total Activity
Account Total	\$1,527.13		\$0.00		\$6.60		\$1,520.53

ACCOUNT ACTIVITY

Posting Date	Transaction Date	Reference Number	Transaction Description	Amount
03-30	03-29	05436843089400085231324	WAL-MART #1550 GUNNISON CO Tax ID: 710415188 Mer Zip: 81230 Origin Zip: 81230	20.29
03-31	03-30	55432863089205089036083	AMZN Mktp US*HY4BS8VY1 Amzn.com/billWA Tran: 111-1774896-73018 Tax ID: 202936165 Mer Ref: 2PrZ1S1E5EePz0bdI Mer Zip: 98109 Product Code: 164105560X Desc: The Modern Rules of Order Qty: 1 Unit: PCE Disc: N Ext Item Amt: 29.94	29.94
04-03	03-31	55310203090083374886725	AMAZON.COM*HYDS27WU0 A AMZN.COM/BILLWA Tran: 111-2023464-11722 Tax ID: 820544687 Mer Ref: 5DA6LS2HW16 Mer Zip: 98109 Dest Ctry: USA Product Code: 164105560X Desc: THE MODERN RULES OF ORDER Qty: 4 Unit: PCE Disc: N Ext Item Amt: 119.80	119.80
04-03	03-31	55432863090205422106889	IN *J&K SERVICES INC. 970-9016267 CO Tran: 17585 Tax ID: 770034661 Mer Ref: ARLFDB7B Mer Zip: 81230-4054	560.00

*Hand charges
for Board
RM*
*books
for
her
house*
*office
cleaning*

For Customer Service, Call: 1-866-432-8161	Account Number	Account Summary	
	XXXX-XXXX-0188-5056	Purchases & Other Charges	\$1,527.13
	Statement Date	Cash Advances	\$0.00
Send Billing Inquiries to: BANKCARD CENTER PO BOX 84043 COLUMBUS GA 31908-4043	APR 28, 2023	Fees	\$0.00
	Credit Limit	Credits	\$6.60
	\$12,000	Payments	\$0.00
	Disputed Amount	Total Activity	\$1,520.53
	\$0.00		

05/10/23

Note to Credit Card Statement File: Sonja Chavez

On March 29, 2023, I purchased four glass water carafes to be used for serving water for meetings in the Board Room. The total amount was \$20.29. No receipt was found.

Sonja Chavez



Final Details for Order #111-1774896-7301822

Order Placed: March 29, 2023

Amazon.com order number: 111-1774896-7301822

Order Total: \$29.94

Shipped on March 30, 2023	
Items Ordered	Price
1 of: <i>The Modern Rules of Order</i> , Tortorice, Donald A	\$25.95
Sold by: Clickgoodwill (seller profile)	
Condition: Used - Acceptable This is a paper back book: Used - Acceptable: All pages and the cover are intact, but shrink wrap, dust covers , or boxed set case may be missing. Pages may include limited notes, highlighting, or minor water damage but the text is readable. Item may be missing bundled media.	
Shipping Address: Sonja Chavez 210 W SPENCER AVE STE B GUNNISON, CO 81230-2544 United States	Item(s) Subtotal: \$25.95 Shipping & Handling: \$3.95 ----- Total before tax: \$29.94 Sales Tax: \$0.00 -----
Shipping Speed: Standard Shipping	Total for This Shipment: \$29.94 -----

Payment information	
Payment Method: MasterCard Last digits: 5056	Item(s) Subtotal: \$25.95 Shipping & Handling: \$3.95 -----
Billing address Sonja Chavez 210 W SPENCER AVE STE B GUNNISON, CO 81230-2544 United States	Total before tax: \$29.94 Estimated Tax: \$0.00 ----- Grand Total: \$29.94
Credit Card transactions	MasterCard ending in 5056: March 30, 2023: \$29.94

To view the status of your order, return to [Order Summary](#) .

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Final Details for Order #111-2023464-1172267

Order Placed: March 29, 2023

Amazon.com order number: 111-2023464-1172267

Order Total: \$119.80

Shipped on March 31, 2023	
Items Ordered	Price
4 Of: <i>The Modern Rules of Order</i> , Tortorice, Donald A	\$29.95
Sold by: Amazon.com	
Condition: New	
Shipping Address: Sonja Chavez 210 W SPENCER AVE STE B GUNNISON, CO 81230-2544 United States	Item(s) Subtotal: \$119.80 Shipping & Handling: \$0.00 Total before tax: \$119.80 Sales Tax: \$0.00
Shipping Speed: Two-Day Shipping	Total for This Shipment: \$119.80

Payment information	
Payment Method: MasterCard Last digits: 5056	Item(s) Subtotal: \$119.80 Shipping & Handling: \$0.00
Billing address Sonja Chavez 210 W SPENCER AVE STE B GUNNISON, CO 81230-2544 United States	Total before tax: \$119.80 Estimated Tax: \$0.00
	Grand Total: \$119.80
Credit Card transactions	MasterCard ending in 5056: March 31, 2023: \$119.80

To view the status of your order, return to [Order Summary](#).

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Sue Uerling

On Sonja's Credit Card

From: QuickBooks Payments <quickbooks@notification.intuit.com>
Sent: Friday, March 31, 2023 10:49 AM
To: Sue Uerling
Subject: Payment confirmation: Invoice #4218-(J&K SERVICES INC.)



[Manage payment](#)



You paid \$560.00

to J&K SERVICES INC. on 03/31/2023

Payment details

Invoice no.	4218
Invoice amount	\$560.00
Total amount	\$560.00

No additional transfer fees or taxes apply.

Status	Paid
Payment method	MASTERCARD****5056
Authorization ID	MU0150926612

Please don't reply to this email, if you need any help regarding this message,
please contact the business directly.

Thank you,



J&K SERVICES INC.

(970) 901-6267

<http://www.jkserviceinc.com> | jkserviceinc@gmail.com

P.O. box 542, Gunnison, CO, 81230, US

Payment services brought by:

Intuit Payments Inc.

2700 Coast Avenue, Mountain View, CA 94043

Phone number 1-888-536-4801

NMLS #1098819

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2800 E. Commerce Center Place, Tucson, AZ 85706

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turbotax



quickbooks



proconnect



mint

J&K SERVICES INC.

P.O. box 542
Gunnison, CO 81230 US
(970) 901-6267
jkserviceinc@gmail.com
<http://www.jkserviceinc.com>

**INVOICE**

BILL TO	SHIP TO	INVOICE	4218
Upper Gunnison River	Upper Gunnison River	DATE	03/30/2023
Water Conservancy District	Water Conservancy District	TERMS	Due on receipt
210 Spencer Ave, Suite B	210 Spencer Ave, Suite B	DUE DATE	03/31/2023
Gunnison,, CO 81230, USA	Gunnison,, CO 81230, USA		

ACTIVITY	QTY	RATE	AMOUNT
Cleaning service:J&K SCOPE OF SERVICE 03/31/2023 JANITORIAL SCOPE OF SERVICE Monthly Service Fee Once per week cleaning service	1	580.00	580.00
DUSTING Surfaces Computers Picture frames Shelfs Corners/ edges Baseboards			
CLEANING Surfaces Desks Shelfs All flat surfaces			
TRASH All available rooms bathrooms offices kitchenette (No recycling)			
GLASS Interior windows Spot clean			
VACUUMING Throughout Building			

Notes:

- Janitors will keep all bathroom supplies stocked and will on the days the services are preformed.
- Facilities Maintenance staff may occasionally note cleaning required or areas that have been missed or where cleaning is deficient. Such requests are considered part of regular duties and do not constitute request

for extra services.

- Janitors required to ensure doors and windows are locked and closed and lights are off before leaving.
- Janitors will note maintenance needs and report them to Facilities Maintenance staff.
- Janitors shall be issued keys to the facility and to private offices, keys are to remain in control of the individual they are assigned to. If other keys are required for additional staff please contact Facilities Maintenance.
- The services performed under this contract shall be performed in such a manner that is consistent with public health and safety and to properly maintain the equipment, furnishings, and property of the District
- Services shall be performed in a manner that does not interfere with operations or hinder Gunnison Water Conservancy District employees in the completion of their work.

(Service will include FREE infectious disease mitigation fogging service on an as needed basis as specifically requested by the District.)

Cleaning service:Infectious Disease Mitigation

1

0.00

0.00

ULV FOGGING

Scope Of Work (included)

building/residence will need to be empty 1 hour prior to starting mitigation

Most CDC sanitation specifications will be accomplished with a cold air fogging unit which will require the building to be vacant for more then 24 hour after work is completed

Hard Surfaces

If surfaces are dirty, they should be cleaned using a detergent or soap and water prior to disinfection.

For disinfection, most common EPA-registered household disinfectants should be effective.

A list of products that are EPA-approved for use against the virus that causes COVID-19 is available [herepdf iconexternal icon](#).

Follow the manufacturer's instructions for all cleaning and disinfection products for concentration, application method and contact time.

Additionally, diluted household bleach solutions (at least 1000ppm sodium hypochlorite) can be used if appropriate for the surface. Follow manufacturer's instructions for application, ensuring a contact time of at least 1 minute, and allowing proper ventilation during and after application. Check to ensure the product is not past its expiration date. Never mix household bleach with ammonia or any other cleanser. Unexpired household bleach will be effective against coronaviruses when properly diluted.

Prepare a bleach solution by mixing:

5 tablespoons bleach per gallon of water or

4 teaspoons bleach per quart of water

Soft Surfaces

For soft surfaces such as carpeted floor, rugs, and drapes, remove visible contamination if present and clean with appropriate cleaners indicated for use on these surfaces. After cleaning:

If the items can be laundered, launder items in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions using the warmest appropriate water setting for the items and then dry items completely.

Otherwise, use products that are EPA-approved for use against the virus that causes COVID-19[pdf iconexternal icon](#) and that are suitable for porous surfaces

Electronics

For electronics such as tablets, touch screens, keyboards, remote controls, and ATM machines, remove visible contamination if present.

Follow the manufacturer's instructions for all cleaning and disinfection products.

Consider use of wipeable covers for electronics.

If no manufacturer guidance is available, consider the use of alcohol-based wipes or sprays containing at least 70% alcohol to disinfect touch screens. Dry surfaces thoroughly to avoid pooling of liquids.

Linens, Clothing, and Other Items That Go in the Laundry

In order to minimize the possibility of dispersing virus through the air, do not shake dirty laundry.

Wash items as appropriate in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions. If possible, launder items using the warmest appropriate water setting for the items and dry items completely.

Dirty laundry that has been in contact with an ill person can be washed with other people's items.

Clean and disinfect hampers or other carts for transporting laundry according to guidance above for hard or soft surfaces.

Revisions made on

Practice everyday preventive actions to help reduce your risk of getting sick and remind everyone in your home to do the same.

These actions are especially important for older adults and people who have severe chronic medical conditions.

Avoid close contact with people who are sick.

Stay home when you are sick, except to get medical care.

Cover your coughs and sneezes with a tissue and throw the tissue in the trash.

Wash your hands often with soap and water for at least 20 seconds, especially after blowing your nose, coughing, or sneezing; going to the bathroom; and before eating or preparing food.

If soap and water are not readily available, use an alcohol-based hand sanitizer with at least 60% alcohol. Always wash hands with soap and water if hands are visibly dirty.

Clean and disinfect frequently touched surfaces and objects (e.g., tables, countertops, light switches, doorknobs, and cabinet handles).

Last updated March 20, 2020 | Source: CDC

Service charge: \$250.00 -Free

Discount	1	-20.00	-20.00

03/31/2023	BALANCE DUE	\$560.00

TMC
Asst. Mgr.
Del. Dr. 5/2/23
(Director)
CAFE SILVESTRE
903 N MAIN
GUNNISON, CO 812302415
9706424550

Cashier: Employee

Transaction 400002

Total \$97.52

CREDIT CARD AUTH
MASTERCARD 5056

Tip \$27.84

Total \$125.36

Retain this copy for statement
validation

03-Apr-2023 2:57:30P
\$97.52 | Method: EMV
MASTERCARD
XXXXXXXXXXXX5056
SONJA CHAVEZ
Reference ID: 311500583669
Auth ID: 033436
MID: *****7168
AID: A0000000041010
SIGNATURE VERIFIED

Online: [https://clover.com/p
/E70ZEJ5C92NEC](https://clover.com/p/E70ZEJ5C92NEC)

Payment E70ZEJ5C92NEC

Clover Privacy Policy
<https://clover.com/privacy>

Meeting with
Bill Nesbitt
& Spencer
Bus Park Assn
re: roof

970-641-1110
CT-2017049201

04/04/2023

11:50

Sale

Trans #: 2 Batch #: 521

MASTERCARD CHIP
*****5056 **/**

BASE AMT: \$53.36
SVC: \$2.13
DISC: \$0.00

SUB TOTAL: \$55.49

TIP AMT: \$10.00

TOTAL AMT: \$65.49

Resp: APPROVAL 072673
Code: 072673
Ref #: 309417830285
TransID: 0404MCFXJBS7A

App Name: MASTERCARD
AID: A00000000041010
TVR: 0000008000
TSI: E800

THANK YOU
COME AGAIN!

CUSTOMER COPY

(970) 641-1110
Gunnison Pizza Company
303 E Tomichi Ave
Gunnison, CO
United States, 81230
Tel: +1 9706411110
Printed April 4, 2023 at 11:51 AM

April 4, 2023 at 11:51 AM

Takeout: 21

Party Name: 21

Note:

CUSTOMER
Tel:

20" Pizza \$29.00
+ \$8.00: **MEAT SUPREME
2 x Greek Salad \$20.00
+ \$10.00: LARGE
+ Balsalmic

Food Total \$49.00

Sub Total \$49.00

Sales Tax 8.9% \$4.36

Total \$53.36

We appreciate your business

Tip Guide:
10%=\$5.34 15%=\$8.00 20%=\$10.67



Final Details for Order #111-5162506-2882646

Order Placed: April 7, 2023

Amazon.com order number: 111-5162506-2882646

Order Total: \$54.46

Shipped on April 9, 2023	
Items Ordered	Price
1 Of: Aigee 28 RFID Blocking Sleeves (24 Credit Card Protector Holders in 12 Colors & 4 Passport Protectors), Identity Theft Protection Secure Sleeve for Cr Sold by: changyumiao (seller profile) Condition: New	\$5.98
1 Of: Maud's Super Flavored Coffee Variety Pack, 80cl. Solar Energy Produced Recyclable Single Serve Flavored Coffee Pods Jam-Packed with 16 Flavors - 100% Sold by: Maud'sCoffee&Tea (seller profile) Product question? (Ask Seller) Business Price Condition: New	\$39.49
1 Of: Circleware Clear Carafe Drink Pitcher New Fun Party Entertainment Home and Kitchen Beverage for Water, Juice, Beer, Punch, Iced Tea, Kombucha, Cold Dr Sold by: Amazon (seller profile) Business Price Condition: New	\$8.99
Shipping Address: Sonja Chavez 210 W SPENCER AVE STE B GUNNISON, CO 81230-2544 United States	Item(s) Subtotal: \$54.46 Shipping & Handling: \$0.00 Total before tax: \$54.46 Sales Tax: \$0.00
Shipping Speed: FREE Prime Delivery	Total for This Shipment: \$54.46

Payment information	
Payment Method: MasterCard Last digits: 5056	Item(s) Subtotal: \$54.46 Shipping & Handling: \$0.00
Billing address Sonja Chavez 210 W SPENCER AVE STE B GUNNISON, CO 81230-2544 United States	Total before tax: \$54.46 Estimated Tax: \$0.00 Grand Total: \$54.46
Credit Card transactions	MasterCard ending in 5056: April 9, 2023: \$54.46

To view the status of your order, return to [Order Summary](#).



Final Details for Order #111-7111226-8101040

Order Placed: April 7, 2023

Amazon.com order number: 111-7111226-8101040

Order Total: \$9.99

Shipped on April 10, 2023		
Items Ordered 1 of: Cuisinart Gold Tone Filter Permanent Sold by: Cafe Brew Collection (seller profile) Product question? (Ask Seller) Condition: New	<i>Apple pot filter replacement office</i>	Price \$9.99
Shipping Address: Sonja Chavez 210 W SPENCER AVE STE B GUNNISON, CO 81230-2544 United States	Item(s) Subtotal:	\$9.99
	Shipping & Handling:	\$0.00

	Total before tax:	\$9.99
	Sales Tax:	\$0.00

Shipping Speed: Standard Shipping	Total for This Shipment:	\$9.99

Payment information		
Payment Method: MasterCard Last digits: 5056	Item(s) Subtotal:	\$9.99
	Shipping & Handling:	\$0.00

Billing address Sonja Chavez 210 W SPENCER AVE STE B GUNNISON, CO 81230-2544 United States	Total before tax:	\$9.99
	Estimated Tax:	\$0.00

	Grand Total:	\$9.99
Credit Card transactions	MasterCard ending in 5056: April 10, 2023: \$9.99	

To view the status of your order, return to [Order Summary](#).

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LICENSE PLATE TOLL STATEMENT

LicensePlateToll

Statement ID:	Statement Date:	Unpaid Balance:	New Charges:	AMOUNT DUE:	DUE DATE:
2081174469	04/21/2023	\$0.00	\$11.25	\$11.25	05/20/2023*


AVOID A LATE CHARGE**

If payment is received after the due date, you may be charged a \$5 late charge**. See insert for billing process.


SAVE \$4.20 WITH EXPRESSTOLL!

Open your account today and receive the lowest toll rate! See insert for all the benefits of ExpressToll.

**The term "charge" in the case of E-470 shall mean "fee", and in the case of High Performance Transportation Enterprise shall mean "civil penalty".

3 EASY WAYS TO PAY!

PAY ONLINE: www.expresstoll.com

PAY BY PHONE: (303) 537-3470 or Out-of-Area: 1(888) 946-3470

PAY BY MAIL: Mail in payment and stub below


NEW CHARGES

CHARGE TYPE	TRANSACTION DATE	POST DATE	LOCATION	AMOUNT
License Plate # UQF925 CO				
Toll Transaction	03/14/2023 03:16:56 PM	03/29/2023	E470 64TH AVE South	\$2.05
Toll Transaction	03/14/2023 03:27:57 PM	03/29/2023	E470 PLAZA D North	\$4.60
Toll Transaction	03/14/2023 03:36:35 PM	03/29/2023	E470 PLAZA E North	\$4.60

UGRWCD
SC: To/from Airport
to get Cheryl
day of Tacoma
purchase.

Pay by
phone
5/4/23
or
Sue's
CC
card

Date Rec. 05/03/23 Adm. Ckd.
Mgr. Appr. ERC Amt. Appr. 11.25
Bd. Appr. Date _____ Bd. Initials _____
Pd. Date _____ Ckt# _____
Account(s) Op - Admin Travel

TOTAL NEW CHARGES \$11.25

Please call the ExpressToll Service Center for billing inquiries: (303) 537-3470

⌋ Please detach coupon on perforation ⌋

VN1-REV 11/2015

LicensePlateToll

Statement ID:
2081174469

AMOUNT DUE:
\$11.25

DUE DATE:
05/20/2023*

SONJA RUTH CHAVEZ
114 SANDPIPER TRL
GUNNISON, CO 81230

Make checks payable to: ExpressToll
DO NOT SEND CASH

*We recommend you mail your payment at least 7 days
before the due date to allow for processing time.

Mail payment to:
E-470 PUBLIC HIGHWAY AUTHORITY
P.O. Box 5470
Denver, CO 80217-5470



00007 00000 0001125 05202023 2081174469

Sue Uerling

From: Visionary Broadband Billing Team <no-reply@vcn.com>
Sent: Saturday, April 15, 2023 12:09 AM
To: Sue Uerling
Subject: Payment to Visionary Broadband successfully processed.



Payment to Visionary Broadband successfully processed.

Hello John McClow,

A payment for \$124.56 has been applied to your account. Thank you for your payment! You can view this invoice online, update your credit card details, and submit payments at <https://myaccount.vcn.com>.

Visionary Broadband
<https://www.vcn.com/>
(888) 682-1884

DNR- water comm 10
TOM E Jall
SONJA Cheryl
CAFE SILVESTRE
903 N MAIN
GUNNISON, CO 812302415
9706424550

Cashier: Employee
Transaction 400002

Total **\$97.52**
CREDIT CARD AUTH **\$97.52**
MASTERCARD 5056
Tip 17.50
Total \$115.02

Retain this copy for statement
validation

25-Apr-2023 12:57:30P
\$97.52 | Method: EMV
MASTERCARD
XXXXXXXXXXXX5056
SONJA CHAVEZ
Reference ID: 311500583669
Auth ID: 033436
MID: *****7168
AID: A000000041010
SIGNATURE VERIFIED

Online: <https://clover.com/p/E70ZEJ5C92NEC>

Payment E70ZEJ5C92NEC
Clover Privacy Policy
<https://clover.com/privacy>

SC Parking
Travel stream Legistatun
Denver - Capitol
RECEIPT
Place Receipt
on
DASHBOARD

License Plate Number
UQF925
Expiration Date/Time
06:00 PM
APR 13, 2023

Purchase Date/Time: 01:40pm Apr 13, 2023
Total Due: \$15.00 Rate: \$15 Expires at 6PM
Total Paid: \$15.00 Pmt Type: CC (Swipe)
Ticket #: 00017825
S/N #: 520117301180
Setting: 12th and Sherman
Mach Name: 12th and Sherman C

#****-5056, MasterCard

Auth #: 036642

Admon Prof. Day
(Sue)

1880 Tapas & Spirits

206 N Main St
GUNNISON, CO
81230-9229
(970) 707-4331
www.1880tapas.com

Apr 27, 2023
6:09 PM

Ticket: Gc
Authorization: 073756
Receipt: NQxu

MASTERCARD
AID A0 00 00 00 04 10 10

Total **\$115.02**
MasterCard 5056 **\$115.02**
(Contactless)

Tip

Total

\$50.00

I agree to pay the above total amount
according to my card issuer agreement.

880 Tapas & Spirits is a tip pool restaurant.
Servers share tips with bartending, food
running, and kitchen staff.

May 10, 2023

Note to Credit Card Statement File: Sonja Chavez

On April 26, 2023, I purchased a small flower arrangement from City Market for employee, Sue Uerling, in recognition of our appreciation for her on Administrative Professionals Day. The amount of the purchase was \$10.88 and I was not able to find the receipt.

- Sonja Chavez

BANK OF THE WEST

A trade name used by BMO Harris Bank N.A.

BANKCARD CENTER
PO BOX 84043
COLUMBUS GA 31908-4043

Account Number XXXX-XXXX-0152-7948

Payment Due Date MAY 23, 2023

Amount Due \$5,865.97

Current Balance \$5,865.97

****PRE-AUTHORIZED PAYMENT****
DO NOT REMIT PAYMENT

Amount Enclosed

\$

UPPER GUNNISON RIVER WATER CONS DIS
210 W SPENCER AVE STE B
GUNNISON CO 81230-2544

⑆5868 2501 3⑆55693 2000 1527948⑈

⑈0000586597⑈

ACCOUNT MESSAGES

Your Bank of the West Mastercard includes an additional benefit: Mastercard ID Theft Protection with access to complimentary Identity Theft resolution services. The benefit also helps prevent identity theft by monitoring the Internet to identify compromised and potentially damaging use of personal information. To enroll your card, please visit: <https://mastercardus.idprotectiononline.com>.

CORPORATE ACCOUNT SUMMARY

UPPER GUNNISON RIVER XXXX-XXXX-0152-7948 Company Total	Previous Balance	Purchases + & Other Debits	Cash Advances	Finance Charges	Credits	Payments	New Balance
	\$6,208.49	\$5,872.57	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$6.60	\$6,208.49	\$5,865.97

CARDHOLDER NEW ACTIVITY SUMMARY

SUE UERLING XXXX-XXXX-0203-3094 Credit Limit \$5,000	Purchases and Other Debits	Cash Advances	Credits	Total Activity
	\$680.35	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$680.35
UPP GUNN RIVER WATER XXXX-XXXX-0177-3377 Credit Limit \$5,000	Purchases and Other Debits	Cash Advances	Credits	Total Activity
	\$121.88	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$121.88
CHERYL CWELICH XXXX-XXXX-0182-5532 Credit Limit \$5,000	Purchases and Other Debits	Cash Advances	Credits	Total Activity
	\$1,486.98	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$1,486.98

For Customer Service, Call:

1-866-432-8161

Account Number

XXXX-XXXX-0152-7948

Account Summary

Previous Balance \$6,208.49

Purchases & Other Charges \$5,872.57

Statement Date

APR 28, 2023

Payment Due Date

MAY 23, 2023

Cash Advances \$0.00

Cash Advance Fees \$0.00

Late Charge \$0.00

Finance Charges \$0.00

Credits \$6.60

Credit Limit

\$100,000

Available Credit

\$94,134.03

Amount Due

\$5,865.97

Disputed Amount

\$0.00

Payments \$6,208.49

New Balance \$5,865.97

****For Autopay Accounts, a pre-authorized
payment will be processed by your Bank
prior to the payment due date****

All other inquiries can be sent to:
BANKCARD CENTER
PO BOX 84043
COLUMBUS GA 31908-4043

Statement Date	APR 28, 2023	Payment Due Date	MAY 23, 2023
Credit Limit	\$100,000	Amount Due	\$5,865.97
Cash Advance Balance	\$0.00	New Balance	\$5,865.97
Available Credit	\$94,134.03		
UPPER GUNNISON RIVER WATER CONS DIS			
XXXX-XXXX-0152-7948			

CARDHOLDER NEW ACTIVITY SUMMARY				
SONJA CHAVEZ XXXX-XXXX-0188-5056 Credit Limit \$12,000	Purchases and Other Debits	Cash Advances	Credits	Total Activity
	\$1,557.13	\$0.00	\$6.60	\$1,550.53
JOHN MCCLOW XXXX-XXXX-0199-2969 Credit Limit \$12,000	Purchases and Other Debits	Cash Advances	Credits	Total Activity
	\$1,481.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$1,481.00
BEVERLY RICHARDS XXXX-XXXX-0153-1692 Credit Limit \$5,000	Purchases and Other Debits	Cash Advances	Credits	Total Activity
	\$485.23	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$485.23
JILL STEELE XXXX-XXXX-0153-1700 Credit Limit \$0	Purchases and Other Debits	Cash Advances	Credits	Total Activity
	\$30.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$30.00

FINANCE CHARGE SUMMARY				
	Average Daily Balance	Daily Periodic Rate	Corresponding Annual Percentage Rate	Periodic Finance Charge
PURCHASES	\$0.00	0.0349%	12.74%	\$0.00
CASH ADVANCES	\$0.00	0.0493%	18.00%	\$0.00

CORPORATE ACCOUNT ACTIVITY				
UPPER GUNNISON RIVER WATER CONS DIS XXXX-XXXX-0152-7948			TOTAL CORPORATE ACTIVITY \$6,178.49 CR	
Posting Date	Transaction Date	Reference Number	Transaction Description	Amount
03-31	03-31		ANNUAL MEMBERSHIP FEE	30.00
04-24	04-24		PRE-AUTHORIZED PAYMENT	6,208.49 CR

CORPORATE REWARDS INFORMATION	
For Reward Points Balance Including Earned and Redeemed Points, please visit www.bankofthewestcorporaterewards.com or call 1-800-921-6407	

CARDHOLDER ACTIVITY				
SUE UERLING XXXX-XXXX-0203-3094	PURCHASES	CASH ADVANCES	CREDITS	TOTAL ACTIVITY
	\$680.35	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$680.35
Posting Date	Transaction Date	Reference Number	Transaction Description	Amount
04-19	04-18	02305373109000643158230	USPS PO 0740860777 GUNNISON CO	378.00
Tran: None Tax ID: 410760000 Mer Zip: 81230 Origin Zip: 81230				

CARDHOLDER ACTIVITY

Posting Date	Transaction Date	Reference Number	Transaction Description	Amount
Product Code: 740400 Desc: U.S. Flags Coil Qty: 1 Unit: NMB Unit Cost: 63.00 Disc: N Ext Item Amt: 63.00 Product Code: 684200 Desc: Tulip Blossoms Qty: 25 Unit: NMB Unit Cost: 12.60 Disc: N Ext Item Amt: 315.00 75500393114900014100010 GUNNISON PIZZA COMPANY GUNNISON CO Tax ID: 822893583 Mer Zip: 81230				
04-25	04-24			302.35
UPP GUNN RIVER WATER XXXX-XXXX-0177-3377				
		PURCHASES	CASH ADVANCES	CREDITS
		\$121.88	\$0.00	\$0.00
				TOTAL ACTIVITY
				\$121.88
Posting Date	Transaction Date	Reference Number	Transaction Description	Amount
03-29	03-28	05436843087300268783038	CITY MARKET #0219 FUEL GUNNISON CO Tax ID: 480196590 Mer Zip: 81230 Origin Zip: 81230 Time: 11:49 Srv Type: SELF Qty: 14.909 Unit: GAL Unit Cost: 4.00 Sale Amt: 59.62 Mer ID: 4445001026781 Mer Addr: N MAIN ST	59.62
03-30	03-29	52708243089838000780147	STINKER #319 DELTA CO Tax ID: 203986441 Mer Zip: 81416 Time: 09:02 Srv Type: SELF Qty: 9.62 Unit: GAL Unit Cost: 3.55 Sale Amt: 34.17 Mer ID: 313077442884 Mer Addr: N MAIN ST	34.17
04-18	04-17	22303793107001110668421	CONOCO - BAILEY SELF S BAILEY CO Tax ID: 371652702 Mer Zip: 80421 Time: 14:16 Srv Type: SELF Qty: 7.80 Unit: GAL Unit Cost: 3.60 Sale Amt: 28.09 Mer ID: 650000010888504 Mer Addr: 285	28.09
CHERYL CWELICH XXXX-XXXX-0182-5532				
		PURCHASES	CASH ADVANCES	CREDITS
		\$1,486.98	\$0.00	\$0.00
				TOTAL ACTIVITY
				\$1,486.98
Posting Date	Transaction Date	Reference Number	Transaction Description	Amount
03-29	03-28	55432863087204554980802	AMZN Mktp US*HY25H53D1 Amzn.com/billWA Tran: 114-6651889-80698 Tax ID: 202936165 Mer Ref: 37KSMPPY1RYM Mer Zip: 98109 Tax: 2.14 Product Code: B0995Z8N16 Desc: 16 Pieces Figures Toys Realistic Ju Qty: 1 Unit: PCE Disc: N Ext Item Amt: 13.06 Product Code: B07TFR51Y9 Desc: Toymany 27PCS Play Farm Feed Food A Qty: 1 Unit: PCE Disc: N Ext Item Amt: 13.06	26.12
04-07	04-06	05436843086300274787980	CITY-MARKET #0419 GUNNISON CO Tax ID: 480196590 Mer Zip: 81230 Origin Zip: 81230 Tax: 1.38	29.00
04-10	04-07	75500393097900012400173	GUNNISON PIZZA COMPANY GUNNISON CO Tax ID: 822893583 Mer Zip: 81230	95.75
04-10	04-07	72700693098900010574588	5BS BBQ GUNNISON CO Tax ID: 200671267 Mer Zip: 81230	91.78
04-18	04-18	55432863108200512390386	Amazon.com*HV3B59AG1 Amzn.com/billWA Tran: 431 Tax ID: 820544687 Mer Ref: 2Qp6JHk6wZHhMjS Mer Zip: 98109 Tax: 3.35 Product Code: B007OWNXTW Desc: 2000 PLUS Stamp Pad, Felt, Size No. Qty: 5.00 Unit: PCE Disc: N Ext Item Amt: 41.10	41.10
04-19	04-18	05436843108300270372486	CITY-MARKET #0419 GUNNISON CO Tax ID: 480196590 Mer Zip: 81230 Origin Zip: 81230	200.00
04-20	04-18	85179393109980003635511	IREPAIR OF GUNNISON GUNNISON CO Tax ID: 270370552 Mer Zip: 81230 Tax: 50.51 CR	618.00
04-21	04-21	55432863111201342296806	Amazon.com*HF55S2O90 Amzn.com/billWA Tran: 114-5277400-24802 Tax ID: 820544687 Mer Ref: vgDC2XIFofvOcz6XO Mer Zip: 98109 Tax: 24.09 Product Code: B004GKBTT6 Desc: Columbia Women's Tamiami II Long Sl Qty: 2.00 Unit: PCE Disc: N Ext Item Amt: 109.10 Product Code: B0058YR380 Desc: Columbia Men's PFG TamiamiTM II Lon Qty: 1 Unit: PCE Disc: N Ext Item Amt: 41.93 Product Code: B0058YR31W Desc: Columbia Men's PFG TamiamiTM II Lon Qty: 1 Unit: PCE Disc: N Ext Item Amt: 59.90 Product Code: B001SFDJ6S Desc: Columbia Men's Plus Tamiami II Long Qty: 1 Unit: PCE Disc: N Ext Item Amt: 41.93 Product Code: B001SFFHPO Desc: Columbia Men's Plus Tamiami II Long Qty: 1 Unit: PCE Disc: N Ext Item Amt: 41.93	294.78
04-25	04-24	25247803114001624132443	AMERICAN CANOE ASSOCIA FREDERICKSBURVA Tax ID: 840619411 Mer Zip: 22401	60.00
04-28	04-27	05416013117142000166827	WAL-MART #1550 GUNNISON CO Tax ID: 710415188 Mer Zip: 81230	30.45
SONJA CHAVEZ XXXX-XXXX-0188-5056				
		PURCHASES	CASH ADVANCES	CREDITS
		\$1,557.13	\$0.00	\$6.60
				TOTAL ACTIVITY
				\$1,550.53
Posting Date	Transaction Date	Reference Number	Transaction Description	Amount
03-30	03-29	05436843089400085231324	WAL-MART #1550 GUNNISON CO Tax ID: 710415188 Mer Zip: 81230 Origin Zip: 81230	20.29

Statement Date	APR 28, 2023	Payment Due Date	MAY 23, 2023
Credit Limit	\$100,000	Amount Due	\$5,865.97
Cash Advance Balance	\$0.00	New Balance	\$5,865.97
Available Credit	\$94,134.03		
UPPER GUNNISON RIVER WATER CONS DIS			
XXXX-XXXX-0152-7948			

CARDHOLDER ACTIVITY				
Posting Date	Transaction Date	Reference Number	Transaction Description	Amount
03-31	03-30	55432863089205089036083	AMZN Mktp US*HY4BS8VY1 Amzn.com/billWA Tran: 111-1774896-73018 Tax ID: 202936165 Mer Ref: 2PrZ1S1E5EePz0bdl Mer Zip: 98109 Product Code: 164105560X Desc: The Modern Rules of Order Qty: 1 Unit: PCE Disc: N Ext Item Amt: 29.94	29.94
03-31	03-31		ANNUAL MEMBERSHIP FEE	30.00
04-03	03-31	5531020309008374886725	AMAZON.COM*HY0S27WU0 A AMZN.COM/BILLWA Tran: 111-2023464-11722 Tax ID: 820544687 Mer Ref: 5DA6LS2HW16 Mer Zip: 98109 Dest Ctry: USA Product Code: 164105560X Desc: THE MODERN RULES OF ORDER Qty: 4 Unit: PCE Disc: N Ext Item Amt: 119.80	119.80
04-03	03-31	55432863090205422106889	IN *J&K SERVICES INC. 970-9016267 CO Tran: 17585 Tax ID: 770034661 Mer Ref: ARLFDB7B Mer Zip: 81230-4054 Product Code: 48 Desc: 03/31/2023JANITORIAL SCOPE OF SERVI Qty: 1 Unit: NMB Unit Cost: 580.0000 Disc: N Ext Item Amt: 580.00 Product Code: 14 Desc: CP_DESCX Qty: 1 Unit: NMB Unit Cost: 20.0000 Disc: N Ext Item Amt: 20.00	560.00
04-04	04-03	85179393093980003413560	CAFE SILVESTRE GUNNISON CO Tax ID: 840862924 Mer Zip: 81230	125.36
04-05	04-04	75500393094900012100024	GUNNISON PIZZA COMPANY GUNNISON CO Tax ID: 822893583 Mer Zip: 81230	65.49
04-06	04-04	75265863095654201314559	NORTHWEST PARKWAY LLC 303-9262500 CO Tax ID: 651316024 Mer Zip: 80023	6.60
04-06	04-04	75265863095654201318170	NORTHWEST PARKWAY LLC 303-9262500 CO Tax ID: 651316024 Mer Zip: 80023	6.60
04-08	04-06	55480773096026939106667	SOS REGISTRATION FEE 3038606962 CO Tax ID: 840644739 Mer Ref: 93910666 Mer Zip: 80209 Origin Zip: 80209 Dest Ctry: USA	60.00
04-10	04-09	55432863099208026499313	AMZN Mktp US*HS4DK8S42 Amzn.com/billWA Tran: 111-5162506-28826 Tax ID: 202936165 Mer Ref: 2rZyALIU3wUGnnkX4 Mer Zip: 98109 Product Code: B08DQQL1H Desc: Maud's Super Flavored Coffee Variet Qty: 1 Unit: PCE Disc: N Ext Item Amt: 39.49 Product Code: B07MVL125J Desc: Circleware Clear Carafe Drink Pitch Qty: 1 Unit: PCE Disc: N Ext Item Amt: 8.99 Product Code: B092CZNPX5 Desc: Aigee 28 RFID Blocking Sleeves (24 Qty: 1 Unit: PCE Disc: N Ext Item Amt: 5.98	54.46
04-11	04-10	55432863100208225883223	AMZN Mktp US*HJ48S0180 Amzn.com/billWA Tran: 111-7111226-81010 Tax ID: 202936165 Mer Ref: 5GnfgxRGLCPa41kha Mer Zip: 98109 Product Code: B0178O6TMU Desc: Cuisinart Gold Tone Filter Permanen Qty: 1 Unit: PCE Disc: N Ext Item Amt: 9.99	9.99
04-17	04-13	55436873104161041502504	DENVER 1223 SHERMAN ST DENVER CO Tran: 16104150195 Tax ID: 591162686 Mer Zip: 80203 Origin Zip: 80203 Dest Ctry: USA Product Code: MCF Desc: PARKING FEES Qty: 1 Unit: EA Disc: N Ext Item Amt: 15.00	15.00
04-17	04-14	82303563106900019280166	VISIONARY 888-6821884 WY Tax ID: 830313552 Mer Zip: 82716 Tax: 12.00	124.56
04-19	04-17	55458853108063713397347	DENVER POST CIRCULATIO DENVER CO Tran: 12392023041709384 Tax ID: 760425553 Mer Ref: 250038751 Mer Zip: 80202 Origin Zip: 80202 Dest Zip: 812302544 Dest Ctry: USA Product Code: SUBSCRIPTION Desc: DENVER POST Qty: 1 Unit: ITM Disc: N Ext Item Amt: 28.15	28.15
04-19	04-17	75265863108710501514887	NORTHWEST PARKWAY LLC 303-9262500 CO Tax ID: 651316024 Mer Zip: 80023	6.60 CR
04-21	04-21	55432863111201394177227	APPLE.COM/BILL 866-712-7753 CA Tax ID: 942404110 Mer Ref: MSD0K1X3M3a0 Mer Zip: 95014	99.99
04-24	04-24	55432863114202270421306	INTUIT *PayrollEE usag CL.INTUIT.COMCA Tax ID: 770034661 Mer Ref: T1-3d95c8-7f Mer Zip: 92129	25.00

CARDHOLDER ACTIVITY

Posting Date	Transaction Date	Reference Number	Transaction Description	Amount
04-26	04-25	85179393115980003413580	CAFE SILVESTRE GUNNISON CO Tax ID: 840862924 Mer Zip: 81230	115.02
04-27	04-26	05436843116300261844394	CITY-MARKET #0419 GUNNISON CO Tax ID: 480196590 Mer Zip: 81230 Origin Zip: 81230 Tax: 0.89	10.88
04-28	04-27	55432863118203397269616	SQ *1880 TAPAS & SPIR! Gunnison CO Tran: 00023058430174794 Tax ID: 800429876 Mer Ref: 00023058430174794 Mer Zip: 81230 Origin Zip: 81230 Dest Zip: 81230 Dest Ctry: USA Product Code: 099 Desc: Food Item1682664002453 Qty: 100.00 Unit: NMB Disc: N Ext Item Amt: 50.00	50.00

JOHN MCCLOW XXXX-XXXX-0199-2969	PURCHASES \$1,481.00	CASH ADVANCES \$0.00	CREDITS \$0.00	TOTAL ACTIVITY \$1,481.00

Posting Date	Transaction Date	Reference Number	Transaction Description	Amount
03-31	03-31		ANNUAL MEMBERSHIP FEE	30.00
04-03	04-01	55429503091719834108503	ADOBE *ACROPRO SUBS 4085366000 CA Tran: 0H3EVDN8 Tax ID: 770019522 Mer Ref: 0H3EVDN8 Mer Zip: 95110 Origin Zip: 95110 Dest Zip: 81230 Dest Ctry: USA Product Code: 30000065 Desc: APCC ALL MLP DRI12 MUN 001 N A Qty: 1 Unit: PCS Disc: N Ext Item Amt: 239.88	239.88
04-10	04-07	82305093097000009412692	CHECKR, INC CHECKR.COM SAN FRANCISCO CA Tax ID: 465213376 Mer Zip: 94104	187.98
04-13	04-11	55458853101206094800053	CU LAW 3034929326 CO Tran: I Tax ID: 846000555 Mer Ref: 4302354538 Mer Zip: 80309 Origin Zip: 80309 Dest Ctry: USA	350.00
04-19	04-18	05436843108300270377840	FSP*CONTINUING LEGAL E DENVER CO Tran: 4221 Tax ID: 840616041 Mer Ref: 4221 Mer Zip: 80203 Tax: 16.94 Product Code: CCSURCHARGE0 Desc: Credit Card Surcharge Qty: 1.0000 Unit: EA Unit Cost: 12.0200 Disc: N Ext Item Amt: 12.02 Product Code: EM042723N Desc: 2023 Employment Law Conference SC C Qty: 1.0000 Unit: EA Unit Cost: 584.0000 Disc: N Ext Item Amt: 584.00	612.96
04-28	04-27	05436843117300262649189	FSP*CONTINUING LEGAL E DENVER CO Tran: 4221 Tax ID: 840616041 Mer Ref: 4221 Mer Zip: 80203 Product Code: CCSURCHARGE0 Desc: Credit Card Surcharge Qty: 1.0000 Unit: EA Unit Cost: 1.1800 Disc: N Ext Item Amt: 1.18 Product Code: TS050423W Desc: The Law of Background Checks What Qty: 1.0000 Unit: EA Unit Cost: 59.0000 Disc: N Ext Item Amt: 59.00	60.18

BEVERLY RICHARDS XXXX-XXXX-0153-1692	PURCHASES \$485.23	CASH ADVANCES \$0.00	CREDITS \$0.00	TOTAL ACTIVITY \$485.23

Posting Date	Transaction Date	Reference Number	Transaction Description	Amount
03-31	03-31		ANNUAL MEMBERSHIP FEE	30.00
04-10	04-08	15270213098000700055075	MSFT * E0200MR4QL MSBILL.INFO WA Tax ID: 911144442 Mer Zip: 98052	23.00
04-19	04-17	05140483108710032029541	SPROUTS FARMERS MARK WESTMINSTER CO Tax ID: 320331600 Mer Zip: 80020 Tax: 2.91	38.69
04-21	04-17	55432863110201180590998	MARRIOTT WESTMINSTER WESTMINSTER CO Arrival Date: 04/17/23 Departure Date: 04/17/23 Invoice Number: M11176 Tran: 298273 Tax ID: 264287294 Mer Ref: 013093 Mer Zip: 80021	393.54

JILL STEELE XXXX-XXXX-0153-1700	PURCHASES \$30.00	CASH ADVANCES \$0.00	CREDITS \$0.00	TOTAL ACTIVITY \$30.00

Posting Date	Transaction Date	Reference Number	Transaction Description	Amount
03-31	03-31		ANNUAL MEMBERSHIP FEE	30.00

Checkr Inc.
1 Montgomery Street
Suite 2400
San Francisco CA 94104
US

INVOICE

Upper Gunnison River Water Conservancy District

UPPER-GUNNISON-RIVER-WATER-C6BAE75E02-0001

Bill To:
Upper Gunnison River Water Conservancy District
210 West Spencer, Suite B
Gunnison CO 81230
US

Invoice # 780385

PO #

Invoice Date: 03/31/2023



USD \$187.98

Due Date: 04/07/2023

AutoPay: ON

Item	Quantity	Unit Price	Amount
Basic Plus Criminal With Addons	1	\$66.99	\$66.99
Basic Plus Criminal With Addons	1	\$101.99	\$101.99
CA DMV Fee	1	\$2.00	\$2.00
CO DMV Fee	1	\$2.00	\$2.00
Education Verification Fee	1	\$15.00	\$15.00
Subtotal			\$187.98
Taxable Amount			\$0.00
Sales Tax (0.0000%)			\$0.00
Total			\$187.98

FW: CLE Order Confirmation

John McClow

Tue 4/18/2023 4:34 PM

To: Accounting <accounting@ugrwcd.org>

Credit card receipt.

John H. McClow, General Counsel
Upper Gunnison River Water Conservancy District
210 West Spencer, Suite B
Gunnison, Colorado 81230
Telephone: 970.641.6065
Mobile: 970.209.6574
jmcclow@ugrwcd.org



From: Continuing Legal Education in Colorado <clesupport@cobar.org>
Sent: Tuesday, April 18, 2023 4:32 PM
To: John McClow <jmcclow@ugrwcd.org>
Subject: CLE Order Confirmation

[Print this Page]



Order Confirmed

Thank you! Your order is complete.

To access course materials, course ID#, home study media, links for live webinars, fillable forms and electronic books, please visit your [CLE Dashboard](#).

You will receive any printed publications you have ordered in 7-10 business days.

Order Number: 1429181

Payment Number: 1008524

Bill To Address:

John McClow 210 W Spencer Ave Ste B Gunnison, 897

Ship To Address:

210 W Spencer Ave Ste B
Gunnison, CO, 81230

Items in this Transaction

Type	Item	Price	Qty	Total
	2023 Employment Law Conference SC COURSE ID 828642	\$584.00	1	\$600.94
	Credit Card Surcharge	\$12.02	1	\$12.02

Other Invoices

Invoice # Member Name Invoice Total

Cart Total:	\$596.02
Shipping:	\$0.00
Tax:	\$16.94
Credit Charge Surcharge:	\$12.02
Total Amount Paid:	\$612.96
Balance Due:	\$0.00

What is the CLE Dashboard?

The [/CLE-Dashboard]CLE Dashboard is the core of your personal experience with the CBA-CLE website.

The [/CLE-Dashboard]CLE Dashboard is where you will find tabs with the following important resources:

Online Home Studies

- Date Added
- Expiration Date
- Credits
- Course ID
- Invoice
- Download Materials
- Download MP3
- View/Download Video

Seminars & Webinars

- Seminar Date
- Credits
- Course ID
- Invoice
- Download Materials
- Download MP3*
- View Webinar

Books

- Date Added

Forms

- Access Fillable Forms

FW: CLE Order Confirmation

John McClow

Thu 4/27/2023 2:43 PM

To: Accounting <accounting@ugrwcd.org>

Credit card receipt

John H. McClow, General Counsel
Upper Gunnison River Water Conservancy District
210 West Spencer, Suite B
Gunnison, Colorado 81230
Telephone: 970.641.6065
Mobile: 970.209.6574
jmcclow@ugrwcd.org



PUBLIC RECORDS NOTICE: Under Title 24, Colorado Revised Statutes, this email, and responses, unless otherwise made confidential by law, may be subject to the Colorado Open Records Act and may be subject to public inspection under § 24-72-203.

From: Continuing Legal Education in Colorado <clesupport@cobar.org>

Sent: Thursday, April 27, 2023 2:42 PM

To: John McClow <jmcclow@ugrwcd.org>

Subject: CLE Order Confirmation

[Print this Page]



Order Confirmed

Thank you! Your order is complete.

To access course materials, course ID#, home study media, links for live webinars, fillable forms and electronic books, please visit your [CLE Dashboard](#).

You will receive any printed publications you have ordered in 7-10 business days.

Order Number: 1430477**Payment Number: 1009270****Bill To Address:**

John McClow 210 W Spencer Ave Ste B Gunnison, 81230

Ship To Address:210 W Spencer Ave Ste B
Gunnison, CO, 81230**Items in this Transaction**

Type	Item	Price	Qty	Total
	The Law of Background Checks: What Clients May/May Not 'Check' - Audio Webcast (5/4/2023)--CBA Member	\$59.00	1	\$59.00
	Credit Card Surcharge	\$1.18	1	\$1.18

Other Invoices**Invoice # Member Name Invoice Total**

Cart Total:	\$60.18
Shipping:	\$0.00
Tax:	\$0.00
Credit Charge Surcharge:	\$1.18
Total Amount Paid:	\$60.18
Balance Due:	\$0.00

What is the CLE Dashboard?

The [/CLE-Dashboard]CLE Dashboard is the core of your personal experience with the CBA-CLE website.

The [/CLE-Dashboard]CLE Dashboard is where you will find tabs with the following important resources:

Online Home Studies

- Date Added
- Expiration Date
- Credits
- Course ID
- Invoice
- Download Materials
- Download MP3

Seminars & Webinars

- Seminar Date
- Credits
- Course ID
- Invoice
- Download Materials
- Download MP3*
- View Webinar



125 Colorado Ave., Suite B
Montrose, CO 81401
(970) 240-4374

UGRWCD
Attn: Sonja Chavez
210 West Spencer, Suite B
Gunnison, CO 81230

Invoice

Date	Invoice #
5/16/2023	4462

Approved by C. Cwelich on 05/30/2023
Budget: Wet Meadows
Grant Source:
GOCO 2022 \$1,536.97

Terms	Due Date
Net 30	6/15/2023

Quantity	Description	Rate	Amount
	Project: Wet Meadows Restoration & Resiliency Project Period Covered: 03/01/2023 thru 04/30/2023		
	Task 1: Identify Potential Sites Subtotal: \$69.86		
0.75	Hours, Shawn Conner, Senior Scientist	90.00	67.50
	Subtotal Labor		67.50
	Overhead (3.5% of staff labor)	3.50%	2.36
	Total Balance Due		69.86
	Task 4: Participate In Team Meetings Subtotal: \$1,467.11		
15.75	Hours, Shawn Conner, Senior Scientist	90.00	1,417.50
	Subtotal Labor		1,417.50
	Overhead (3.5% of staff labor)	3.50%	49.61
	Total Balance Due		1,467.11
Date Rec. <u>05/30/23</u> Addn. Ckd. <u>BAR</u> Mgr. Appr. <u>SRC</u> Amt. Appr. <u>\$1,536.97</u> Bd. Appr. Date <u>6/15/23</u> Bd. Initials <u>JA</u> Pd. Date <u>6/15/23</u> Ckd. <u>16286</u> Account(s) <u>Wet meadows</u> <u>GOCO 2022</u> <u>income</u>			

Thank you for your business.

Total	\$1,536.97
Payments/Credits	\$0.00
Total Due	\$1,536.97

	LAST NAME	FIRST NAME	SSN (last 6)	MEDICAL	DENTAL	VISION	LIFE	DEP LIFE	TOTAL DUE
<i>Balance Forward</i>									
Plan - Status									
No Med-Active	Mcclow	John	744838		\$82.00	\$12.00	\$0.71		\$94.71
			Subtotal		\$82.00	\$12.00	\$0.71		\$94.71
PPO2-Active	Chavez	Sonja	556969	\$1,006.00	\$40.00	\$9.00	\$2.83		\$1,057.83
	Cwelich	Cheryl	678153	\$1,006.00	\$40.00	\$9.00	\$2.83		\$1,057.83
	Richards	Beverly	942504	\$1,006.00	\$40.00	\$9.00	\$2.83		\$1,057.83
			Subtotal	\$3,018.00	\$120.00	\$27.00	\$8.49		\$3,173.49
CURRENT MONTH TOTAL				\$3,018.00	\$202.00	\$39.00	\$9.20		\$3,268.20
Adjustments									
ADJUSTMENT TOTALS									
Additional EAP									
<u>CURRENT MONTH TOTAL PLUS ADJUSTMENTS</u>				<u>\$3,018.00</u>	<u>\$202.00</u>	<u>\$39.00</u>	<u>\$9.20</u>		<u>\$3,268.20</u>
BALANCE FORWARD									
Current Month Total Plus Adjustments									<u>\$3,268.20</u>
Grand Total due for					2023-06		<u>\$3,268.20</u>		



City of Gunnison
201 West Virginia Ave. P.O. Box 239
Gunnison, CO 81230
970-641-8070
www.gunnisonco.gov

Account Number: 1937710-00
Service Address: 210 W SPENCER #B
Current Charges Due: 5/10/2023
Current Charges: 153.38
Past Due Charges: Due Immediately 0.00
Balance: 153.38

CHECKING ACCT AUTO PAY
DO NOT PAY - THANK YOU



*****AUTO**SCH 5-DIGIT 81201

UPPER GUNNISON RIVER WATER CONSERVANCY DISTRICT
210 W SPENCER AVE STE B
GUNNISON CO 81230



Please return this portion with your payment in the enclosed envelope.



201 West Virginia Ave. P.O. Box 239
Gunnison, CO 81230
970-641-8070
www.gunnisonco.gov

Account Number: 1937710-00
Service Address: 210 W SPENCER #B
Last Payment: 178.82

PAST DUE CHARGES: DUE IMMEDIATELY
CURRENT CHARGES DUE: 5/10/2023

Service	Current	Past Due	Balance
ELECTRIC	35.00	0.00	35.00
DEMAND	0.00	0.00	0.00
WATER	43.98	0.00	43.98
SEWER	59.38	0.00	59.38
REFUSE	0.00	0.00	0.00
LIGHT CHRG	11.90	0.00	11.90
RECONNECT FEE	0.00	0.00	0.00
ADDTNL REFUSE	0.00	0.00	0.00
GREEN POWER	0.00	0.00	0.00
ELEC RECYCLE	0.00	0.00	0.00
24 HOUR FEE	0.00	0.00	0.00
CITY TAX	1.40	0.00	1.40
STATE TAX	1.02	0.00	1.02
COUNTY TAX	0.35	0.00	0.35
RTA TAX	0.35	0.00	0.35
DEPOSIT	0.00	0.00	0.00
NSF/COLLECTION	0.00	0.00	0.00
OVERPAYMENT	0.00	0.00	0.00
Totals:	153.38	0.00	153.38

Meter Readings and Usage		
ELECTRIC - Current	4/17/2023	12387
ELECTRIC - Previous	3/16/2023	12387
ELECTRIC - Usage		0
WATER - Current	4/9/2023	311208
WATER - Previous	3/10/2023	303258
WATER - Usage		7950

Important Messages

Most City offices will be closed Monday, May 29th in observance of Memorial Day

Date Rec. 5/1/23 Adm. Ckd. _____
Mgr. Appr. _____ Amt. Appr. _____
Bd. Appr. Date _____ Bd. Initials _____
Pd. Date _____ Ck# _____
Account(s) _____

USAGE HISTORY

Current	1 MO Prior	2 MO Prior	3 MO Prior	4 MO Prior	5 MO Prior	6 MO Prior	7 MO Prior	8 MO Prior	9 MO Prior	10 MO Prior	11 MO Prior	12 MO Prior
WATER												
7950	7367	7057	7619	7426	4563	3798	3790	4408	8875	8606	10319	10119
ELECTRIC												
0	286	101	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

UPPER GUNNISON RIVER WATER 1937710-00
CONSERVANCY DISTRICT

CHECKING ACCT AUTO PAY

DO NOT PAY - THANK YOU



City of Gunnison
201 West Virginia Ave. P.O. Box 239
Gunnison, CO 81230
970-641-8070
www.gunnisonco.gov

Account Number: 1937800-00
Service Address: 210 W SPENCER #C
Current Charges Due: 5/10/2023
Current Charges: 114.62
Past Due Charges: Due Immediately 0.00
Balance: 114.62

CHECKING ACCT AUTO PAY
DO NOT PAY - THANK YOU



*****AUTO**SCH 5-DIGIT 81201

UPPER GUNNISON RIVER WATER CONSERVANCY DISTRICT
210 W SPENCER AVE STE B
GUNNISON CO 81230



Please return this portion with your payment in the enclosed envelope.



201 West Virginia Ave. P.O. Box 239
Gunnison, CO 81230
970-641-8070
www.gunnisonco.gov

Account Number: 1937800-00
Service Address: 210 W SPENCER #C
Last Payment: 147.19

PAST DUE CHARGES: DUE IMMEDIATELY
CURRENT CHARGES DUE: 5/10/2023

Service	Current	Past Due	Balance
ELECTRIC	60.33	0.00	60.33
DEMAND	0.00	0.00	0.00
WATER	22.78	0.00	22.78
SEWER	26.15	0.00	26.15
REFUSE	0.00	0.00	0.00
LIGHT CHRG	0.00	0.00	0.00
RECONNECT FEE	0.00	0.00	0.00
ADDTNL REFUSE	0.00	0.00	0.00
GREEN POWER	0.00	0.00	0.00
ELEC RECYCLE	0.00	0.00	0.00
24 HOUR FEE	0.00	0.00	0.00
CITY TAX	2.41	0.00	2.41
STATE TAX	1.75	0.00	1.75
COUNTY TAX	0.60	0.00	0.60
RTA TAX	0.60	0.00	0.60
DEPOSIT	0.00	0.00	0.00
NSF/COLLECTION	0.00	0.00	0.00
OVERPAYMENT	0.00	0.00	0.00
Totals:	114.62	0.00	114.62

Meter Readings and Usage		
ELECTRIC - Current	4/17/2023	20001
ELECTRIC - Previous	3/16/2023	19738
ELECTRIC - Usage		263
WATER - Current	4/8/2023	71790
WATER - Previous	3/10/2023	70955
WATER - Usage		835
Important Messages		
Most City offices will be closed Monday, May 29th in observance of Memorial Day.		
Date Rec.	5/1/23	Adm. Day.
Mgr. Appr.		Amt. Appr.
Bd. Appr. Date		Bd. Initials
Pd. Date		Clk#
Account(s)		

USAGE HISTORY

Current	1 MO Prior	2 MO Prior	3 MO Prior	4 MO Prior	5 MO Prior	6 MO Prior	7 MO Prior	8 MO Prior	9 MO Prior	10 MO Prior	11 MO Prior	12 MO Prior
WATER												
835	858	977	616	821	774	827	724	1034	688	508	1226	849
ELECTRIC												
263	572	804	579	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

UPPER GUNNISON RIVER WATER 1937800-00
CONSERVANCY DISTRICT

CHECKING ACCT AUTO PAY

DO NOT PAY - THANK YOU

Upper Gunnison River Water Conservancy District
Grant Reimbursement Request

Date: 6/14/2023

Project Name: City of Gunnison Potable Water Loss Study

UGRWCD Contract Number: UG2022-013

Reimbursement Request Amount: \$ 25,000

Match Provided: \$ 25,200 Actual Match Provided - \$29,598.79

Project Performance Period: June 2022 - May 2023

Applicant/Payee Name: City of Gunnison Check Payable To: City of Gunnison

Applicant Address: 201 W. Virginia Ave Gunnison, CO 81230

Applicant Phone: 970 641-8381 Applicant Email: MRogers@gunnisonco.gov

PROJECT DELIVERABLES:

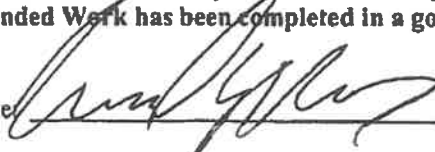
- Project completion report including a description of project, accomplishments, and photographs as applicable (e.g. pre-project, work in progress, and post project; please include brief description of what we are seeing with each photo).

Difficulties Encountered/Corrective Action:

- Problem(s) / Changes: Master Well Meter Accuracy; Systematic Data Handline Errors; Customer Meter Accuracy
- Resolution / Corrective Action: Initiated Contract for Master Well Meter Testing; Transition to new Accounting Software; Customer Meter Replacement Program

By submittal of this reimbursement request and supporting documentation of expenditures, Applicant attests to the Upper Gunnison River Water Conservancy District that all items listed under *Project Deliverables* have been completed, all amounts due and payable for the Funded Work have been paid or, alternatively will be paid with the funds advanced by the District in response to this Request for Payment, and that all work done on the Funded Work has been completed in a good and workmanlike manner.

Applicant/Payee Signature & Date:

 6/14/23

Upper Gunnison Project Manager Signature & Date:

Beverly Richards 6/14/23

Date Rec. 6/14/23 Adm. Ckd. BAR

Mgr. Appr. REC Amt. Appr. 25,000

Bd. Appr. Date 6/15/23 Bd. Initials JP

Pd. Date 6/15/23 Ckd 16288

Account(s) Grant Program 2022-Nonoperating expenses

Contract # UG 2022-013



City of Gunnison

***Public Works Department
1100 W. Virginia Avenue
Gunnison, CO 81230
970-641-8020***

DATE

6/14/2023

FOR

Potable Water Loss Study

Details

AMOUNT

Leak Detection Survey (Utility Technical Services) 7/21/22	\$7,500.00

Water Loss & Control Plan (ME Simpson) #1 12/29/22	\$16,028.79

Water Loss & Control Plan (ME Simpson) #2 2/20/23	\$8,750.00

Water Loss & Control Plan (ME Simpson) #3 5/31/23	\$22,320.00

SUBTOTAL	\$54,598.79

TOTAL	\$54,598.79



Utility Technical Services, Inc
P. O. Box 3613
Englewood, CO 80155 US
Zac@UTSLeak.com

INVOICE

BILL TO
Mike Rogers
City of Gunnison
1100 W. Virginia Avenue
Gunnison, CO 81230

INVOICE # 8273
DATE 07/21/2022
DUE DATE 08/20/2022
TERMS Net 30

SALES REP
Zac B

DESCRIPTION	QTY	RATE	AMOUNT
LS Leak Survey	6	1,250.00	7,500.00

It is a pleasure working with you!
Dave and Zac

BALANCE DUE **\$7,500.00**



CITY OF GUNNISON

Accounts Payable Voucher

Vendor # 4122

Payable To Utility Technical Services Inc.

Address

City

State

Zip

Item Description

Invoice #

Inv. Date

\$ Amount

Account Number

Leak Survey

8273

07/21/22

\$ 7,500.00

25-4202-4330

Total \$ 7,500.00

Approval:

Initials

Department

Date

MR

Water

7/25/2022

Special Instructions:



INVOICE

Ph: 1-800-255-1521

www.mesimpson.com

Fax: 1-888-531-2444

Mr. Mike Rogers
Water & Wastewater Superintendent
City of Gunnison Public Works Department
1100 W. Virginia Ave.
Gunnison, CO 81230

Invoice # 39765
Your P.O. #
Terms - Net 30 Days
December 29, 2022

Quantity	Unit	Description	Cost per Item	Total

M.E. Simpson Co., Inc. is conducting a Water Loss Audit and Loss Control Plan for the City of Gunnison. The billing period for this invoice is August 2022 - December 2022.

29		Hours of Water Audit Services at \$210.00 per hour	\$210.00	\$6,090.00
24.5		Hours of Detailed Billing Analysis at \$220.00 per hour	\$220.00	\$5,390.00
18		Hour of Field Inspections at \$220.00 per hour	\$220.00	\$3,960.00
1		Reimbursable Expenses (detail included in progress report)	\$588.79	\$588.79

TOTAL DUE THIS INVOICE----- **\$16,028.79**

Progress Report Enclosed

Please remit to: M.E. Simpson Co., Inc., PO Box 1430, Valparaiso, IN 46384
For questions please call: 800-255-1521

Page 1 of 1



CITY OF GUNNISON

Accounts Payable Voucher

Vendor # New

Payable To M.E. Simpson Co., Inc.

Address

City

State

Zip

Item Description

Invoice #

Inv. Date

\$ Amount

Account Number

Water Loss Audit and Loss Control Plan

39765

12/29/22

\$ 16,028.79

25-4202-4330

Total \$ 16,028.79

Approval:

Initials

MR

Department

PW

Date

1/10/2023

Special Instructions:

2022 Budget

\$25,000 of total contract
to be reimbursed at end of
contract via HARRIS



INVOICE

Ph: 1-800-255-1521

www.mesimpson.com

Fax: 1-888-531-2444

Mr. Mike Rogers
Water & Wastewater Superintendent
City of Gunnison Public Works Department
1100 W. Virginia Ave.
Gunnison, CO 81230

Invoice # 40059
Your P.O. #
Terms - Net 30 Days
February 20, 2023

Quantity	Unit	Description	Cost per Item	Total

M.E. Simpson Co., Inc. is conducting a Water Loss Audit and Loss Control Plan for the City of Gunnison. The billing period for this invoice is January 1, 2023 - January 31, 2023.

27		Hours of Water Audit Services at \$210.00 per hour	\$210.00	\$5,670.00
14		Hours of Detailed Billing Analysis at \$220.00 per hour	\$220.00	\$3,080.00

TOTAL DUE THIS INVOICE----- \$8,750.00

Please remit to: M.E. Simpson Co., Inc., PO Box 1430, Valparaiso, IN 46384
For questions please call: 800-255-1521

Page 1 of 1



INVOICE

Ph: 1-800-255-1521

www.mesimpson.com

Fax: 1-888-531-2444

Mr. Mike Rogers
Water & Wastewater Superintendent
City of Gunnison Public Works Department
1100 W. Virginia Ave.
Gunnison, CO 81230

Invoice # 40552
Your P.O. #
Terms - Net 30 Days
May 31, 2023

Quantity	Unit	Description	Cost per Item	Total

M.E. Simpson Co., Inc. is conducting a Water Loss Audit and Loss Control Plan for the City of Gunnison. The billing period for this invoice is February 1, 2023 - May 31, 2023.

45		Hours of Water Audit Services at \$210.00 per hour	\$210.00	\$9,450.00
54.5		Hours of Detailed Billing Analysis at \$220.00 per hour	\$220.00	\$11,990.00
4		Hours of Field Inspections at \$220.00 per hour	\$220.00	\$880.00

TOTAL DUE THIS INVOICE----- \$22,320.00

Please remit to: M.E. Simpson Co., Inc., PO Box 1430 Valparaiso, IN 46384
For questions please call 1-800-255-1521

Page 1 of 1

Special Instructions:



PO Box 3613, Englewood, CO 80155
Phone: 303-773-2808 Fax: 303-799-3436

Full Report Located in Contract File - UG2022-013

**WATER SYSTEM
LEAK SURVEY REPORT**

**for
City of Gunnison
May 2022**

**Prepared By
UTILITY TECHNICAL SERVICES, INC.
P.O. BOX 3613
ENGLEWOOD, COLORADO 80155
303.773.2808**

INTRODUCTION

A Water Loss Control Audit program was utilized to be able to help the City of Gunnison locate, understand and control the water losses in the distribution system. This was accomplished by using the standard AWWA Water Audit Spreadsheet (version 6) and Water Balance through distinct tasks as outlined. The Audit was able to help determine probable areas of water loss and allowed for a review of water department practices for water accounting. It is especially important to be able to locate areas of water loss in the system including potential leakage, potential inaccurate meters, as well as potential issues with the accounting and billing departments by utilizing an audit.

WATER LOSS CONTROL SURVEY-AUDIT APPROACH

The **Water Loss Control Survey/Audit** program is a multi-phase plan encompassing a selected group of services designed to assist the *Utility* in improving water accountability and optimizing the distribution system's operational performance. The program was structured around the utility's specific needs so that the results can help optimize a structured water loss reduction program.

The way the audit data was compiled to complete this report was:

- To present how the audit was conducted and the results of the audit
- An interpretation of the audit results
- Conclusions derived from the interpretation of the results
- Recommendations for improved water loss controls

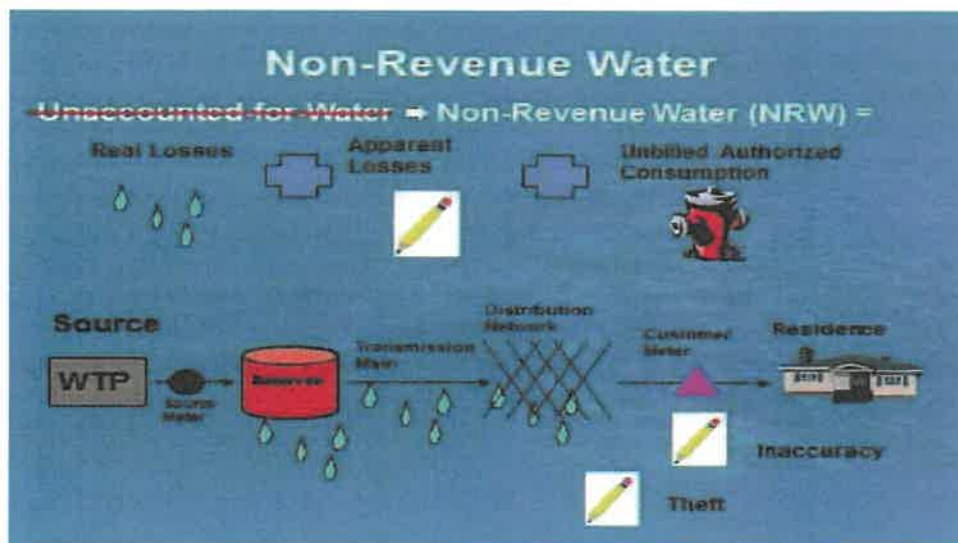
HOW THE AUDIT WAS CONDUCTED AND RESULTS COMPILED

The AWWA Water Audit Format was used to track the finished water amounts from the purchased water source through the uses of water, metered, unmetered, and potential leakage in the distribution system, into the water customer properties. This component analysis allowed for the various segments of water use to be examined based on available data supplied by the utility. The desired end results were to uncover potential areas of water loss that can be mitigated in the short term but also provide some long-range planning goals to be set for sustainability. In simple terms, water loss occurs in two ways. It is either not measured correctly via the metering and billing process, (hence the water is not really lost, it simply was not correctly accounted for) and this is termed "Apparent Loss", or it leaked out of the system somewhere between the source of entry into the distribution system, to the customer's meter or service, and this is called "Real Loss".

As shown in the IWA/AWWA Water Balance below, all water entering a water distribution system can be accounted for as it flows through the distribution system to customers. The most meaningful information developed from a water audit is the quantity (gallons) of water loss components (apparent and real) shown in the Water Balance and the monetary value of these components. Consequently, water systems can assess the effectiveness of existing water loss management efforts, evaluate the potential for improved performance, and prioritize activities specifically designed to address deficiencies.

A Water Loss Control Audit program was utilized to be able to help the City of Gunnison locate, understand and control the water losses in the distribution system. This was accomplished by completing the standard AWWA Water Audit Spreadsheet (version 6) for the calendar year 2021. The Audit is designed able to help determine probable areas of water loss (non-revenue water) and facilitate improving water department practices in water accounting in the components of water production and water use.

By definition, non-revenue water is the difference between water delivered into the distribution and water that is measured and billed. In simple terms, the water audit process works as follows: Water Supply volume minus Authorized uses volume, yields water loss volumes also known as Non-Revenue Water (NRW). While this seems to be simple enough, it gets complicated quickly because there are several areas where water volumes can get incorrectly measured and incorrectly accounted for. A water audit helps identify those areas.



The AWWA Water Audit Format was used to identify finished water generated by the nine water supply wells in Gunnison from readily available records. (Gunnison does not import or export water to other water systems). Customer water uses including municipal use for the calendar year were then obtained from billing records. This required an extensive identification of accounts, complicated by a third party's cumbersome AMI system principally designed for multiple billing including electric bills and taxes. Adjustments were also necessary to consumption volumes to adjust for the timing of bills (usually the 10th of the month) to approximate actual consumption from January 1, 2021 to December 31, 2021. The "water balance" computation also quantifies water use that is authorized but unbilled. Generally, authorized unbilled water is unmetered and estimated. Gunnison effectively minimizes this volume with comprehensive metering and billing of most water uses.

The 2021 non-revenue water computed as the net difference in 2021 between water production gathered from 9 metered wells of 562.5 million gallons (MG), and authorized water uses, mostly metered of 298.9 MG, was 263.6 MG. The non-revenue water is subsequently broken down into two primary components, apparent losses - losses associated with billing, and real losses – losses associated with leaks in the system. There are three sources of apparent loss: meter inaccuracy, billing errors and unauthorized (unmetered) use.

Meter inaccuracy is difficult to estimate. Although meters average less than 8 years old, the mechanical meters are prone to wear, especially given the presence of sand in the groundwater. Meters large and small are not tested for accuracy. An estimate of 4% of measured metered flow was inserted into the audit (12.423 MG) to try to account for meter inaccuracies. The MESCO team gained some familiarity with the billing process in an effort to calculate metered use in 2021. Several errors were identified through staff diligence in reviewing billing and meter inventory records. Owing to some late discoveries of billing issues, a significant quantity (17.660 MG) was estimated for “system handling errors.” A default percentage value was used for unauthorized use (0.745 MG). Apparent losses totaled 30.828 MG.

These calculations generated an estimated real loss of 232.778 MG. This very high value for the system leakage does not reflect the distribution system information. The system has very few leaks and has what appears to be an effective acoustic monitoring program. The entire system was surveyed in 2021 with few leaks found. It appears more likely that the entries provided for water production volumes and authorized consumption volumes in the audit are not accurate. While there are some concerns about the billing system, many of the issues appear to have been corrected during the course of the audit process.

The MESCO team made recommendations that focused on two issues: production meter accuracies and customer meter accuracies. The assumption of accurate production meters is likely a poor one and should be the first area of investigation. The initial inspection of the well meters suggested several meters are not properly placed and located too close to valves or fittings which will affect their accuracy. The extent of inaccuracy is unknown but it is recommended that several meters be tested for accuracy. The accuracy of customer meters should also be considered. Sand has been suspected of getting into the meters and causing premature wear. Sand can both block and damage the meter workings. In lieu of testing, replacing select meters with ultrasonic units that do not have moving parts (installation of Diehl meters is contemplated) and looking for a change in metered volumes may provide an indication of issues.



City of Gunnison

***Public Works Department
1100 W. Virginia Avenue
Gunnison, CO 81230
970-641-8028***

Potable Water Loss Study

Education & Outreach

The City of Gunnison has increased public education and outreach to bring awareness to water conservation and utility infrastructure conditions. The City recently shared the UGRWCD's video, titled "#OurWater", to our website. This video does an excellent job of showing firsthand how water is the "lifeblood of the economy and community". The City will continue to partner with the UGRWCD and help educate the community.

The City of Gunnison has also partnered with Colorado WaterWise to start a campaign for water conservation. Colorado WaterWise will help provide useful tools to bring our community fun facts and best practices for water conservation.

The City has engaged with the community during several city council meetings regarding water conservation, water rights, source water protection and overall conditions of our water systems and will continue to do so in the future.

Overall the City has exceeded the requirement for Public Outreach and Education In-Kind services of \$200.00

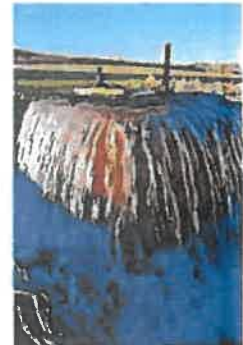
Water & Sewer

WATER DISTRIBUTION, COLLECTION, AND DITCHES

Please email us [click here](#), or call Public Works at 970-641-8020 for any of the following:

- Your water meter is leaking or broken.
- You need the water turned off at the curb valve.
- There is water bubbling up in the street by your house.
- There is no water flowing through your ditch.
- Your irrigation ditch is flooding your yard.

DITCHES: The City has 25 miles of irrigation ditches. Our ditch water rights run from May 15th through September 15th. When the water is turned on, it takes some time for maintenance, cleanup, and repairs. Water is usually in town by the 15th of May.



UGRWCD #OurWater



For questions on your bill, call [Utility Billing](#) at 970-641-8070.

FOR AFTER-HOURS OR WEEKEND EMERGENCIES

Call dispatch at 970-641-8200. We maintain after-hours emergency services.

Call the [Utility Notification Center of Colorado](#) at 811 or 1-800-922-1987 if you need your water or sewer lines located before you dig.

Become a Partner (<https://lovecoloradowater.org/join/#partner>)

VE IT

LORADOWATER.ORG/#LIVELIKEYOULOVEIT)

JVECDORADOWATER.ORG/JOIN/)



(<https://lovecoloradowater.org>)

(<https://www.facebook.com/LoveColoradoWater>)

(<https://instagram.com/lovecoloradowater>)



(<https://twitter.com/lovecowater>)

LIVE
LOVE
IT



(https://youtu.be/zcAh8u_7k5w)

* *
0
WATER IS
SOMETHING
NONE OF US
CAN LIVE
WITHOUT

JOIN
THE
CAMPAIGN

(/join/)

(<https://twitter.com/lovecowater>)

(<https://www.facebook.com/LoveColoradoWater>)

(<https://instagram.com/lovecoloradowater/>)

COLORADO WATER LIVE LIKE YOU LOVE IT

COLORADO WATER IS VERY POPULAR

That's because a lot of people depend on it. The snow that falls in the Colorado Rockies not only provides water to about 5 million Coloradans, but also to people living in 18 other states. Colorado is the only state other than Hawaii where water flows out of its borders, but doesn't flow in.

Become a Partner (<https://lovecoloradowater.org/join/#partner>)

VE IT

LORADOWATER.ORG/#LIVELIKEYOULOVEIT)

YVECOLORADOWATER.ORG/JOIN/)



(<https://lovecoloradowater.org>)

(<https://www.facebook.com/LoveColoradoWater>)

(<https://instagram.com/lovecoloradowater>)

(<https://twitter.com/lovecowater>)



Colorado has eight major watersheds.

Know where your water comes from so you can get involved with important issues that relate to your local water supply.

FOUNDING PARTNERS

Thank you to our inaugural partners for supporting Colorado Water Live Like You Love It.

BECOME A PARTNER (<https://lovecoloradowater.org/join/>)



(<https://www.lovelandwaterandpower.org/home-water>)



(<http://www.northernwater.org/>)



(<http://www.northernwater.org/>)



(<http://www.fountaincolorado.org/>)



(<http://www.pueblowater.org/>)



Upper Gunnison River Water Conservancy District

16288

City of Gunnison				6/14/2023	
Date	Type	Reference	Original Amt.	Balance Due	Discount
5/31/2023	Bill		25,000.00	25,000.00	
				Check Amount	Payment
					25,000.00
					25,000.00

PAYMENT
RECORD

BOW Checking

UG2022-013

25,000.00



1052C



105291



Rev 6/21



City of Gunnison
201 West Virginia Ave. P.O. Box 239
Gunnison, CO 81230
970-641-8070
www.gunnisonco.gov

Account Number: 1937900-00
Service Address: 210 W SPENCER HOUSE
Current Charges Due: 6/10/2023
Current Charges: 40.78
Past Due Charges: Due Immediately 0.00
Balance: 40.78

CHECKING ACCT AUTO PAY
DO NOT PAY - THANK YOU



*****AUTO**SCH 5-DIGIT 81201

SPENCER AVE BUSINESS PARK CONDO ASSOC
210 W SPENCER AVE STE B
GUNNISON CO 81230 2544

1679 6
1



Please return this portion with your payment in the enclosed envelope.



201 West Virginia Ave. P.O. Box 239
Gunnison, CO 81230
970-641-8070
www.gunnisonco.gov

Account Number: 1937900-00
Service Address: 210 W SPENCER HOUSE
Last Payment: 40.22

PAST DUE CHARGES: DUE IMMEDIATELY
CURRENT CHARGES DUE: 6/10/2023

Service	Current	Past Due	Balance
ELECTRIC	37.45	0.00	37.45
DEMAND	0.00	0.00	0.00
WATER	0.00	0.00	0.00
SEWER	0.00	0.00	0.00
REFUSE	0.00	0.00	0.00
LIGHT CHRG	0.00	0.00	0.00
RECONNECT FEE	0.00	0.00	0.00
ADDNL REFUSE	0.00	0.00	0.00
GREEN POWER	0.00	0.00	0.00
ELEC RECYCLE	0.00	0.00	0.00
24 HOUR FEE	0.00	0.00	0.00
CITY TAX	1.50	0.00	1.50
STATE TAX	1.09	0.00	1.09
COUNTY TAX	0.37	0.00	0.37
RTA TAX	0.37	0.00	0.37
DEPOSIT	0.00	0.00	0.00
NSF/COLLECTION	0.00	0.00	0.00
OVERPAYMENT	0.00	0.00	0.00
Totals:	40.78	0.00	40.78

Meter Readings and Usage		
ELECTRIC - Current	5/10/2023	13988
ELECTRIC - Previous	4/10/2023	13948
ELECTRIC - Usage		40
WATER - Current		0
WATER - Previous		0
WATER - Usage		0

Important Messages

Date Rec. 05/30/23 Adm. Ckd. BAR
Mgr. Appr. _____ Amt. Appr. 140.78
Bd. Appr. Date _____ Bd. Initials 4/10
Pd. Date _____ Ck# _____
Account(s) Utilities Spencer Ave Condo
Operating Expense

USAGE HISTORY

Current	1 MO Prior	2 MO Prior	3 MO Prior	4 MO Prior	5 MO Prior	6 MO Prior	7 MO Prior	8 MO Prior	9 MO Prior	10 MO Prior	11 MO Prior	12 MO Prior
WATER												
0												
ELECTRIC												
40	46	44	46	47	46	38	38	36	31	30	32	30

SPENCER AVE BUSINESS PARK 1937900-00
CONDO ASSOC

CHECKING ACCT AUTO PAY

DO NOT PAY - THANK YOU



City of Gunnison
201 West Virginia Ave. P.O. Box 239
Gunnison, CO 81230
970-641-8070
www.gunnisonco.gov

Account Number: 1937710-00
Service Address: 210 W SPENCER #B
Current Charges Due: 6/10/2023
Current Charges: 163.27
Past Due Charges: Due Immediately 0.00
Balance: 163.27

CHECKING ACCT AUTO PAY
DO NOT PAY - THANK YOU



*****AUTO**SCH 5-DIGIT 81201

UPPER GUNNISON RIVER WATER CONSERVANCY DISTRICT
210 W SPENCER AVE STE B
GUNNISON CO 81230 2544

Please return this portion with your payment in the enclosed envelope.



201 West Virginia Ave. P.O. Box 239
Gunnison, CO 81230
970-641-8070
www.gunnisonco.gov

Account Number: 1937710-00
Service Address: 210 W SPENCER #B
Last Payment: 153.38

PAST DUE CHARGES: DUE IMMEDIATELY
CURRENT CHARGES DUE: 6/10/2023

Service	Current	Past Due	Balance
ELECTRIC	35.98	0.00	35.98
DEMAND	0.00	0.00	0.00
WATER	47.38	0.00	47.38
SEWER	64.45	0.00	64.45
REFUSE	0.00	0.00	0.00
LIGHT CHRG	12.26	0.00	12.26
RECONNECT FEE	0.00	0.00	0.00
ADDTNL REFUSE	0.00	0.00	0.00
GREEN POWER	0.00	0.00	0.00
ELEC RECYCLE	0.00	0.00	0.00
24 HOUR FEE	0.00	0.00	0.00
CITY TAX	1.44	0.00	1.44
STATE TAX	1.04	0.00	1.04
COUNTY TAX	0.36	0.00	0.36
RTA TAX	0.36	0.00	0.36
DEPOSIT	0.00	0.00	0.00
NSF/COLLECTION	0.00	0.00	0.00
OVERPAYMENT	0.00	0.00	0.00
Totals:	163.27	0.00	163.27

Meter Readings and Usage			
ELECTRIC - Current	5/18/2023	12387	
ELECTRIC - Previous	4/17/2023	12387	
ELECTRIC - Usage		0	
WATER - Current	5/10/2023	320244	
WATER - Previous	4/9/2023	311208	
WATER - Usage		9036	
Important Messages			
Date Rec. 05/30/23 Addn. Ckd. BAR			
Mgr. Appr. Amt. Appr. 163.27			
Bd. Appr. Bd. Initials			
To Date Ck#			
Account(s) UT Titles			
Operating Expense			

USAGE HISTORY

Current	1 MO Prior	2 MO Prior	3 MO Prior	4 MO Prior	5 MO Prior	6 MO Prior	7 MO Prior	8 MO Prior	9 MO Prior	10 MO Prior	11 MO Prior	12 MO Prior
WATER												
9036	7950	7367	7057	7619	7426	4563	3798	3790	4408	8875	8606	10319
ELECTRIC												
0	0	286	101	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

UPPER GUNNISON RIVER WATER 1937710-00
CONSERVANCY DISTRICT

CHECKING ACCT AUTO PAY

DO NOT PAY - THANK YOU



City of Gunnison
201 West Virginia Ave. P.O. Box 239
Gunnison, CO 81230
970-641-8070
www.gunnisonco.gov

Account Number: 1937800-00
Service Address: 210 W SPENCER #C
Current Charges Due: 6/10/2023
Current Charges: 88.34
Past Due Charges: Due Immediately 0.00
Balance: 88.34

CHECKING ACCT AUTO PAY
DO NOT PAY - THANK YOU



*****AUTO**SCH 5-DIGIT 81201

UPPER GUNNISON RIVER WATER CONSERVANCY DISTRICT
210 W SPENCER AVE STE B
GUNNISON CO 81230 2544



Please return this portion with your payment in the enclosed envelope.



201 West Virginia Ave. P.O. Box 239
Gunnison, CO 81230
970-641-8070
www.gunnisonco.gov

Account Number: 1937800-00
Service Address: 210 W SPENCER #C
Last Payment: 114.62

PAST DUE CHARGES: DUE IMMEDIATELY
CURRENT CHARGES DUE: 6/10/2023

Service	Current	Past Due	Balance
ELECTRIC	35.98	0.00	35.98
DEMAND	0.00	0.00	0.00
WATER	22.86	0.00	22.86
SEWER	26.30	0.00	26.30
REFUSE	0.00	0.00	0.00
LIGHT CHRG	0.00	0.00	0.00
RECONNECT FEE	0.00	0.00	0.00
ADDTNL REFUSE	0.00	0.00	0.00
GREEN POWER	0.00	0.00	0.00
ELEC RECYCLE	0.00	0.00	0.00
24 HOUR FEE	0.00	0.00	0.00
CITY TAX	1.44	0.00	1.44
STATE TAX	1.04	0.00	1.04
COUNTY TAX	0.36	0.00	0.36
RTA TAX	0.36	0.00	0.36
DEPOSIT	0.00	0.00	0.00
NSF/COLLECTION	0.00	0.00	0.00
OVERPAYMENT	0.00	0.00	0.00
Totals:	88.34	0.00	88.34

Meter Readings and Usage			
ELECTRIC - Current	5/18/2023	20001	
ELECTRIC - Previous	4/17/2023	20001	
ELECTRIC - Usage		0	
WATER - Current	5/10/2023	72657	
WATER - Previous	4/8/2023	71790	
WATER - Usage		867	

Important Messages

Date Rec. 05/30/23 Adm. Ckd. 12/11/23
Mgr. Appr. Amt. Appr. 458.34
Bd. Appr. Date Bd. Initials WJH
Pd. Date Clk
Account(s) Utilities
Operating Expense

USAGE HISTORY

Current	1 MO Prior	2 MO Prior	3 MO Prior	4 MO Prior	5 MO Prior	6 MO Prior	7 MO Prior	8 MO Prior	9 MO Prior	10 MO Prior	11 MO Prior	12 MO Prior
WATER												
867	835	858	977	616	821	774	827	724	1034	688	508	1226
ELECTRIC												
0	263	572	804	579	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

UPPER GUNNISON RIVER WATER 1937800-00
CONSERVANCY DISTRICT

CHECKING ACCT AUTO PAY

DO NOT PAY - THANK YOU



City of Gunnison
201 West Virginia Ave. P.O. Box 239
Gunnison, CO 81230
970-641-8070
www.gunnisonco.gov

Account Number: 1937900-00
Service Address: 210 W SPENCER HOUSE
Current Charges Due: 6/10/2023
Current Charges: 40.78
Past Due Charges: Due Immediately 0.00
Balance: 40.78

CHECKING ACCT AUTO PAY
DO NOT PAY - THANK YOU



*****AUTO**SCH 5-DIGIT 81201

SPENCER AVE BUSINESS PARK CONDO ASSOC
210 W SPENCER AVE STE B
GUNNISON CO 81230 2544

1679 6
1

Please return this portion with your payment in the enclosed envelope.



201 West Virginia Ave. P.O. Box 239
Gunnison, CO 81230
970-641-8070
www.gunnisonco.gov

Account Number: 1937900-00
Service Address: 210 W SPENCER HOUSE
Last Payment: 40.22

PAST DUE CHARGES: DUE IMMEDIATELY
CURRENT CHARGES DUE: 6/10/2023

Service	Current	Past Due	Balance
ELECTRIC	37.45	0.00	37.45
DEMAND	0.00	0.00	0.00
WATER	0.00	0.00	0.00
SEWER	0.00	0.00	0.00
REFUSE	0.00	0.00	0.00
LIGHT CHRG	0.00	0.00	0.00
RECONNECT FEE	0.00	0.00	0.00
ADDTNL REFUSE	0.00	0.00	0.00
GREEN POWER	0.00	0.00	0.00
ELEC RECYCLE	0.00	0.00	0.00
24 HOUR FEE	0.00	0.00	0.00
CITY TAX	1.50	0.00	1.50
STATE TAX	1.09	0.00	1.09
COUNTY TAX	0.37	0.00	0.37
RTA TAX	0.37	0.00	0.37
DEPOSIT	0.00	0.00	0.00
NSF/COLLECTION	0.00	0.00	0.00
OVERPAYMENT	0.00	0.00	0.00
Totals:	40.78	0.00	40.78

Meter Readings and Usage			
ELECTRIC - Current	5/10/2023	13988	
ELECTRIC - Previous	4/10/2023	13948	
ELECTRIC - Usage		40	
WATER - Current		0	
WATER - Previous		0	
WATER - Usage		0	

Important Messages

Date Rec. 05/30/23 Adm. Ckd. BAR
Mgr. Appr. _____ Amt. Appr. 140.78
Bd. Appr. Date _____ Bd. Initials 4/10
Pd. Date _____ Ck# _____
Account(s) Utilities Spencer Ave Condo
Operating Expense

USAGE HISTORY

Current	1 MO Prior	2 MO Prior	3 MO Prior	4 MO Prior	5 MO Prior	6 MO Prior	7 MO Prior	8 MO Prior	9 MO Prior	10 MO Prior	11 MO Prior	12 MO Prior
WATER												
0												
ELECTRIC												
40	46	44	46	47	46	38	38	36	31	30	32	30

SPENCER AVE BUSINESS PARK 1937900-00
CONDO ASSOC

CHECKING ACCT AUTO PAY

DO NOT PAY - THANK YOU

Crested Butte News, Inc.

PO Box 369
Crested Butte, CO 81224

Statement

Date

5/30/2023

To:

Upper Gunnison River Water Cons. Dist.
210 W. Spencer Ave., Suite B
Gunnison, CO 81230

Amount Due

Amount Enc.

\$917.72

Date	Description	Amount	Balance		
04/28/2023	Balance forward		733.12		
05/10/2023	PMT #16236.	-733.12	0.00		
05/12/2023	INV #721161. Legal Notice #051206 - Meeting notice May 22 run 5/12	11.62	11.62		
05/12/2023	INV #721162. Legal Notice #051207 - LSCWAE budget run 5/12	17.43	29.05		
05/15/2023	INV #721319. Summer Guide - Quarter page ad - Gunni River fest w/non-profit	531.00	560.05		
05/19/2023	INV #721424. 3x9 ad - Gunni River fest w/non-profit w/color	357.67	917.72		
from Education + Outreach not G.R.F. informed SW confirmed SW Date Rec. <u>6/5/23</u> Adm. Ckd. <u>BAR</u> Mgr. Appr. <u>SRC</u> Amt. Appr. <u>\$917.72</u> Bd. Appr. Date <u>6/5/23</u> Bd. Initials <u>SP</u> Pd. Date <u>6/15/23</u> Ckd. <u>16289</u> Account(s) <u>Legal Publications - \$29.05</u> <u>Public Outreach - Advertising - \$888.67</u>					
CURRENT	1-30 DAYS PAST DUE	31-60 DAYS PAST DUE	61-90 DAYS PAST DUE	OVER 90 DAYS PAST DUE	Amount Due
917.72	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	\$917.72

The Crested Butte News sincerely thanks you for continuing to support your community newspaper.

For billing questions please contact Jill at 970.349.0500 x110 or jill@crestedbuttenews.com.
Finance charges will be applied at 2% per month on overdue invoices, minimum FC of \$2 per month.

STATEMENT

CLOSING DATE: 5/31/23
DUE DATE : 6/30/23
ACCT: 23913

00000000000000000000000000000000

all
wet the down

Date Rec. 06/05/93 Addn. Ckd. LAM
Mgr. Appr. SRC Amt. Appr. \$380.75
Bd. Appr. Date 6/5/93 Bd. Initials [Signature]
Pd. Date 6/15/93 Ck# 16410
Account(s) #12160000000000000000
New operating
on Codes FWS Agent

A - Adjustment	C - Credit	I - Invoice
B - Balance Forward	F - Finance Charge	P - Payment

This statement covers transactions on your account for the period ending on the date above. Charges, payments, and credits received after the above date will be shown on your next sta

FULLMER'S ACE HARDWARE COMPANY INC.
820 WEST TOMICHI
GUNNISON, CO 81230
A/P AND A/R: (303)531-2375
PHONE: (970) 641-1212

PAGE NO 1

ALL RETURNS REQUIRE RECEIPT DATED WITHIN
60 DAYS AND ARE SUBJECT TO A RESTOCK FEE

UPPER GUNNISON RIVER WATER
CONSERVANCY DISTRICT
210 W. SPENCER STE B
GUNNISON CO 81230

CUST # 23913
TERMS: NET EOM

INV # 535871
DATE : 5/15/23
CLERK: NMP
TERM # 625

TIME : 5:13

* INVOICE *

QUANTITY	UM	ITEM	DESCRIPTION	SUG. PRICE	PRICE/PER	EXTENSION
1	EA	7012818	RAKE BOW FIBER 16T ACE	29.99	21.99 /EA	21.99SN
1	EA	21337	HANDL FILE LONG FERRUL#3		7.99 /EA	7.99 N
1	EA	21338	HANDL FILE LONG FERRUL#4		7.99 /EA	7.99 N
1	EA	21283	FILE MILL BASTARD10"CARD		9.99 /EA	9.99 N
1	EA	21312	FILE H RND BASTRD10"CARD		19.99 /EA	19.99 N
2	EA	7011273	ACE SHVL RND-PT LONG-HND	29.99	21.99 /EA	43.98SN
1	EA	7598519	SLEDGE FBRGL HNDL 8LB		41.99 /EA	41.99 N
1	EA	7118425	SPADE TRENCHING FIBRGLS		31.99 /EA	31.99 N
1	EA	21339	FILE CLEANER 8"		9.99 /EA	9.99 N
** AMOUNT CHARGED TO ACCOUNT **				195.90	TAXABLE	0.00
					NON-TAXABLE	195.90
					SUB-TOTAL	195.90
					TAX AMOUNT	0.00
					TOTAL INVOICE	195.90

ACE REWARDS ID # 1981236972

(SAWYER MAX)

X 
Received By

• CC
• Small tools & Equip
• FWS Sogichbrush Grant

MMX

FULLMER'S ACE HARDWARE COMPANY INC.
820 WEST TOMICHI
GUNNISON, CO 81230
A/P AND A/R: (303)531-2375
PHONE: (970) 641-1212

PAGE NO 1

- CC
- Small Tools & Equip
- FWS Sagbrush Grant

ALL RETURNS REQUIRE RECEIPT DATED WITHIN
 60 DAYS AND ARE SUBJECT TO A RESTOCK FEE

UPPER GUNNISON RIVER WATER
 CONSERVANCY DISTRICT
 210 W. SPENCER STE B
 GUNNISON CO 81230

CUST # 23913
 TERMS: NET EOM

INV # 534855
 DATE : 5/08/23
 CLERK: BJD
 TERM # 625

TIME : 9:41

 * INVOICE *

QUANTITY	UM	ITEM	DESCRIPTION	SUG. PRICE	PRICE/PER	EXTENSION
1	EA	7011414	ACE SHVL SQR-PT LONG-HND	29.99	21.99 /EA	21.99SN
1	EA	2307262	CM SCKT SET 3/8 SAE10PC		29.99 /EA	29.99 N
1	EA	2024495	WRENCH COM 10PC SAE ACE		36.99 /EA	36.99 N
1	EA	2464923	WRENCH ADJUSTABLE 2PC		36.99 /EA	36.99 N
1	EA	2194868	ACE SNIPS STRT CUT AVIAT		15.99 /EA	15.99 N
1	EA	21691	PLIER 12"PUMP CHANNEL LK		24.99 /EA	24.99 N
1	EA	2060804	HEXKEY COMBO SET CD/3		36.99 /EA	36.99 N
1	EA	2004075	LONG NOSE PLIERS 8" ACE		19.99 /EA	19.99 N
1	EA	2004117	LINESMAN PLIERS 7" ACE		19.99 /EA	19.99 N
1	EA	2192839	ACE 6 IN 1 SCRWDVR DSP		12.99 /EA	12.99 N
1	EA	21706	PLIER 10" VISE GRIP STRT		19.99 /EA	19.99 N
1	EA	2018328	TOOL BAG MASSI MOUT 16"		44.99 /EA	44.99 N
1	EA	3009490	POWER BANK BLK 12000MAH		49.99 /EA	49.99 N
1	EA	91406	KING SIZE MARKER BLACK		3.59 /EA	3.59 N
1	EA	90257	MARKER MAGNUM BLK		4.99 /EA	4.99 N
1	EA	9306432	SHARPIE INDUST FINE BLK		4.99 /EA	4.99 N
1	EA	7269897	PRUNER DUAL CUT BYPASS		32.99 /EA	32.99 N
1	EA	8056171	HAND SANITIZER GEL 8OZ	4.99	2.30 /EA	2.30SN
10	EA	8038011D	WHISTLE ASST 42PC		3.99 /EA	39.90 N
1	EA	3014263	ELEC TAPE 3/4"X66BLK		7.99 /EA	7.99 N

CONT'D

Date Rec. _____ Addn. Ckd. _____
 Mgr. Appr. *SLK* Amt. Appr. _____
 Bd. Appr. Date _____ Bd. Initials _____
 Pd. Date _____ Clk# _____
 Account(s) _____

X *Will Say*
 Received By

FULLMER'S ACE HARDWARE COMPANY INC.
820 WEST TOMICHI
GUNNISON, CO 81230
A/P AND A/R: (303)531-2375
PHONE: (970) 641-1212

PAGE NO 2

ALL RETURNS REQUIRE RECEIPT DATED WITHIN
 60 DAYS AND ARE SUBJECT TO A RESTOCK FEE

UPPER GUNNISON RIVER WATER
 CONSERVANCY DISTRICT
 210 W. SPENCER STE B
 GUNNISON CO 81230

CUST # 23913
 TERMS: NET EOM

INV # 534855
 DATE : 5/08/23
 CLERK: BJD
 TERM # 625

TIME : 9:41

 * INVOICE *

QUANTITY	UM	ITEM	DESCRIPTION	SUG. PRICE	PRICE/PER	EXTENSION
1	EA	4172235	DUCT TAPE LIME XFCT 15YD		5.99 /EA	5.99 N
1	EA	4172227	DUCT TAPE ORG XFCT 15YD		5.99 /EA	5.99 N
1	EA	4294880	DUCT TAPE 20YD BLUE ACE		5.99 /EA	5.99 N
1	EA	4294872	DUCT TAPE 20YD YLW ACE		5.99 /EA	5.99 N
1	EA	2107688	TAPE MEASUR FATMAX 30		32.99 /EA	32.99 N
1	EA	311165	SOLAR POWER BANK		39.99 /EA	39.99 N
1	EA	8503914	TIRE GAUGE DUAL HEAD		9.99 /EA	9.99 N
1	EA	1600691	PAINTERS TAPE 1.41"X45YD		12.99 /EA	12.99 N
1	EA	4595559	GORILLA TAPE TOUGH&WIDE		19.99 /EA	19.99 N
1	EA	2305779	RAPID LOAD SET 20PC		24.99 /EA	24.99 N
1	EA	72035	SOIL MATTOCK 15"		19.99 /EA	19.99 N
1	EA	2493427	DRILL/DRIVER 20VMAX BL		169.99 /EA	169.99 N
1	EA	6093082	CONTRACTOR BAG 55G 15PK		16.99 /EA	16.99 N
4	EA	1147461	PLSTC BUCKET 5G WHT ACE		6.99 /EA	27.96 N
1	EA	71038	DRIVER POST W/HANDLES		36.99 /EA	36.99 N
1	EA	8465213	TIRE INFLATOR/SEALER 240		19.99 /EA	19.99 N
1	EA	1207000	TOWELS SHOP BLUE 2PK		6.99 /EA	6.99 N
2	EA	8254385	TIE DOWN W/RTCH YLW 27L		24.99 /EA	49.98 N
3	EA	23224	PINLOCK HARD HAT WHT		9.99 /EA	29.97 N
1	EA	2026606	SFTY VEST HI VS ORG L/XL		23.99 /EA	23.99 N

CONT'D

X 
 Received By

FULLMER'S ACE HARDWARE COMPANY INC.
820 WEST TOMICHI
GUNNISON, CO 81230
A/P AND A/R: (303)531-2375
PHONE: (970) 641-1212

PAGE NO 3

ALL RETURNS REQUIRE RECEIPT DATED WITHIN
60 DAYS AND ARE SUBJECT TO A RESTOCK FEE

UPPER GUNNISON RIVER WATER
CONSERVANCY DISTRICT
210 W. SPENCER STE B
GUNNISON CO 81230

CUST # 23913
TERMS: NET EOM

INV # 534855
DATE : 5/08/23
CLERK: BJD
TERM # 625

TIME : 9:41

* INVOICE *

QUANTITY	UM	ITEM	DESCRIPTION	SUG. PRICE	PRICE/PER	EXTENSION
1	EA	20530	UTILITY KNIFE CLASSIC 99		5.99 /EA	5.99 N
1	EA	8136996	FIRE EXT HOUSEHOLD 2.5LB		29.99 /EA	29.99 N
2	EA	7112790	LOPPER BYPASS METAL 28"		24.99 /EA	49.98 N
1	EA	1595628	WD-40 EZ-REACH 14.4OZ		15.99 /EA	15.99 N
1	EA	6101919	ACTION PACKER TOTE 24GAL		59.99 /EA	59.99 N
1	EA	2026606	SFTY VEST HI VS ORG L/XL		23.99 /EA	23.99 N
1	EA	8592628	DIEHARD BOOST CBL 20X4G		44.99 /EA	44.99 N
3	EA	25878	QUIET TIP EAR PLUGS		4.99 /EA	14.97 N
1	EA	2123107	UTILITY KNIFE BLADE CD5		4.59 /EA	4.59 N
1	EA	8061117	CHMPN EAR PLUGS		9.99 /EA	9.99 N
3	EA	2467827	SAFETY GLS FLAT TMPL CLR		15.99 /EA	47.97 N
1	EA	21715	PLIER 10" FENCE DIAMOND		26.99 /EA	26.99 N
1	EA	2007241	BLACKSMITH HMR FGLS 40OZ		27.99 /EA	27.99 N
1	EA	8310187	TRIPLE BALL MOUNT 8" L		64.99 /EA	64.99 N
1	EA	2448314	FIBERGLSS TAPE 1/2"X200		34.99 /EA	34.99 N
1	EA	92408	FIRST AID KIT VEH 94PC		44.99 /EA	44.99 N
1	EA	89673	HITCH PULLPIN&CLP5/8"X3"		9.99 /EA	9.99 N
1	EA	4004325	WATER COOLER PLSTC 3GAL		36.99 /EA	36.99 N
4	PR	247140	1564S ELKSKIN GLOVES		39.99 /PR	159.96 N
8	EA	944309	1564M ELKSKIN GLOVE		39.99 /EA	319.92 N
** AMOUNT CHARGED TO ACCOUNT **				2071.61	TAXABLE	0.00
					NON-TAXABLE	2071.61
					SUB-TOTAL	2071.61
					TAX AMOUNT	0.00
					TOTAL INVOICE	2071.61

ACE REWARDS ID # 1981236972

(SAWYER MAX)

X 
Received By

FULLMER'S ACE HARDWARE COMPANY INC.
820 WEST TOMICHI
GUNNISON, CO 81230
A/P AND A/R: (303)531-2375
PHONE: (970) 641-1212

PAGE NO 1

SKC

ALL RETURNS REQUIRE RECEIPT DATED WITHIN
 60 DAYS AND ARE SUBJECT TO A RESTOCK FEE

CC
Wet Meadows
FWS Sagebrush Grant

UPPER GUNNISON RIVER WATER
 CONSERVANCY DISTRICT
 210 W. SPENCER STE B
 GUNNISON CO 81230

CUST # 23913
 TERMS: NET EOM

INV # 535046
 DATE : 5/09/23
 CLERK: BJI
 TERM # 625

TIME :11:41

 * INVOICE *

QUANTITY	UM	ITEM	DESCRIPTION	SUG. PRICE	PRICE/PER	EXTENSION
2	EA	5329768	TURNBKL 7/16"X6-5/8"HKHK		4.99 /EA	9.98 N
1	EA	56	FASTENERS		1.30 /EA	1.30 N
1	EA	56	FASTENERS		1.30 /EA	1.30 N
2	EA	56	FASTENERS		.13 /EA	.26 N
REPRINT						
** AMOUNT CHARGED TO ACCOUNT **				12.84	TAXABLE	0.00
					NON-TAXABLE	12.84
					SUB-TOTAL	12.84
					TAX AMOUNT	0.00
					TOTAL INVOICE	12.84

ACE REWARDS ID # 1981236972

(CWELICH CHERYL)

X 
 Received By



123 W. Tomichi Ave. #2
Gunnison, CO 81230

Invoice

DATE	INVOICE #
5/1/2023	28108

BILL TO
Upper Gunnison River Water Conservancy Di 210 West Spencer Avenue, Suite B Gunnison, CO 81230

SHIP TO
Upper Gunnison River Water Conservancy Di 210 West Spencer Avenue, Suite B Gunnison, CO 81230

P.O. NO.	TERMS	DUE DATE	REP	PROJECT
	Due on Receipt	5/1/2023	GHL	

ITEM	QUANTITY	DESCRIPTION	RATE	SERVICED	Serial Num...	AMOUNT
097564309892	1	(PA03805-B005) Fujitsu ScanSnap iX1300 - Document scanner - Dual CIS - Duplex - 8.5 in x 118 in - 600 dpi x 600 dpi - up to 30 ppm (mono) / up to 30 ppm (color) - ADF (20 sheets) - USB 3.2 Gen 1x1, Wi-Fi(ac)	348.99		CJP'A013655	348.99

Rate Rec 5/2/23 Addn. Cks. _____
Inv. Appr. _____ Amt. Appr. _____
Inv. Appr. Date _____ Bd. Initials _____
Pg. Date _____ Ck# _____
Account(s) _____

Subtotal \$348.99

Sales Tax (0.0%) \$0.00

Total \$348.99

Payments/Credits \$0.00

Balance Due \$348.99

All sales are final.

Software cannot be returned once opened.

Hardware can be exchanged for same item if it has failed, in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions. Unused/Unopened items may be returned for store credit unless approved by management for refund.

Check us out on Facebook !

<http://www.facebook.com/pages/GL-Computer-Service/110009162364829?sk=wall>

Phone #	Fax #	E-mail	Web Site
(970) 641-4051	(970) 641-4049	sales@glcomputers.net	www.glcomputers.net



123 W. Tomichi Ave. #2
Gunnison, CO 81230

Invoice

DATE	INVOICE #
5/1/2023	28106

BILL TO
Upper Gunnison River Water Conservancy Di 210 West Spencer Avenue, Suite B Gunnison, CO 81230

SHIP TO
Upper Gunnison River Water Conservancy Di 210 West Spencer Avenue, Suite B Gunnison, CO 81230

P.O. NO.	TERMS	DUE DATE	REP	PROJECT
	Due on Receipt	5/1/2023	MS	

ITEM	QUANTITY	DESCRIPTION	RATE	SERVICED	Serial Num...	AMOUNT
Managed Ser...	1	Managed Services for the Month of May 2023 Date Rec. <u>5/1/23</u> Adm. Cks. _____ Mgr. Appr. _____ Amt. Appr. _____ Bd. Appr. Date _____ Bd. Initials _____ Pd. Date _____ Ck# _____ Account(s) _____	400.00			400.00

Subtotal \$400.00

Sales Tax (0.0%) \$0.00

Total \$400.00

Payments/Credits \$0.00

Balance Due \$400.00

All sales are final.

Software cannot be returned once opened.

Hardware can be exchanged for same item if it has failed in accordance with the manufacturers instructions. Unused/Unopened items may be returned for store credit unless approved by management for refund.

Check us out on Facebook !

<http://www.facebook.com/pages/GL-Computer-Service/110009162364829?sk=wall>

Phone #	Fax #	E-mail	Web Site
(970) 641-4051	(970) 641-4049	sales@glcomputers.net	www.glcomputers.net



123 W. Tomichi Ave. #2
Gunnison, CO 81230

Invoice

DATE	INVOICE #
6/1/2023	28136

BILL TO
Upper Gunnison River Water Conservancy Di 210 West Spencer Avenue, Suite B Gunnison, CO 81230

SHIP TO
Upper Gunnison River Water Conservancy Di 210 West Spencer Avenue, Suite B Gunnison, CO 81230

P.O. NO.	TERMS	DUE DATE	REP	PROJECT
	Due on Receipt	6/1/2023	MS	

ITEM	QUANTITY	DESCRIPTION	RATE	SERVICED	Serial Num...	AMOUNT
Managed Ser...	1	Managed Services for the Month of June 2023	400.00			400.00
Date Rec <u>06/02/23</u> Addn. Ckd. <u>BAR</u> Mgr. Appr. <u>SRC</u> Amt. Appr. <u>1400</u> Bd. Appr. Date <u>6/5/23</u> Bd. Initials <u>WJP</u> Pd. Date <u>6/15/23</u> Ck# <u>16291</u> Account(s) <u>Office Computer Expenses</u> <u>non-operating Expense</u>						

Subtotal \$400.00

Sales Tax (0.0%) \$0.00

Total \$400.00

Payments/Credits \$0.00

Balance Due \$400.00

All sales are final.
Software cannot be returned once opened.
Hardware can be exchanged for same item if it has failed, in accordance with the manufacturers instructions. Unused/Unopened items may be returned for store credit unless approved by management for refund.

Check us out on Facebook !

<http://www.facebook.com/pages/GL-Computer-Service/110009162364829?sk=wall>

Phone #	Fax #	E-mail	Web Site
(970) 641-4051	(970) 641-4049	sales@glcomputers.net	www.glcomputers.net



UPPER GUNNISON RIVER WATER CONSERVANCY DISTRICT
210 WEST SPENCER AVE., STE. B
GUNNISON, CO 81230-0000

INVOICE

Remit Payment To: GPE c/o M&T Bank PO Box 64904 Baltimore, MD 21264-4904	Customer #: C65127 PB #:16899		
	Broker: F & W Insurance		
	Policy Type: Portfolio		
	Policy Number: GPNP-PF-0016071-03		
	Contract Dates: 06/09/2023 TO 06/09/2024		
	Trans Type: Renew		
	Effective Date: 06/09/2023		
	Invoice Date	Invoice Number	Payment Due Date
Please make checks payable to GPE.	05/19/2023	62498128	07/09/2023

Description	Effective Date	Due Date	Future	Current
Policy Premium	06/09/2023	07/09/2023		\$12,511.00
Taxes / Fees / Surcharges	06/09/2023	07/09/2023		\$2.00
Total Amount Due:				\$12,513.00

Date Rec. 5/26/23 Adm. Ckd. [Signature]
Mgr. Appr. SRC Amt. Appr. 12,513.00
Bd. Appr. Date 6/15/23 Bd. Initials [Signature]
Pd. Date 6/15/23 Ck# 162193
Account(s) Landmark Insurance
Operating Expenses

received
05/26/23

If any policy or coverage is not wanted, please notify us immediately. Otherwise, an earned premium will be due the company for the time the policy was in force. Failure to remit payment will result in cancellation of coverage.

SR37

183 Leader Heights Road | York, PA 17402
717.741.0911 | 800.233.1957 | f. 717.747.7085 | glatfelterpublicentities.com | License #0B17046
Administered by Glatfelter Underwriting Services, Inc
a/k/a Glatfelter Insurance Services in CA, MN, NV, TX and UT and Glatfelter Brokerage Services in NY

FW: Payment Confirmation - Golden Eagle Trash Service

Sonja Chavez

Sat 5/6/2023 1:38 PM

To: Accounting <accounting@ugrwcd.org>

Sonja Chavez, General Manager
 Upper Gunnison River Water Conservancy District
 210 West Spencer Avenue, Suite B
 Gunnison, Colorado 81230
 Office: 970-641-6065
 Mobile: 970-596-4066
 Website: www.ugrwcd.org



PUBLIC RECORDS NOTICE: Under Title 24, Colorado Revised Statutes, this email and responses, unless otherwise made confidential by law, may be subject to the Colorado Open Records Act and may be subject to public inspection under § 24-72-203.

From: notify@billandpay.com <notify@billandpay.com> **On Behalf Of** Golden Eagle Trash Service
Sent: Saturday, May 6, 2023 1:25 PM
To: Sonja Chavez <schavez@ugrwcd.org>
Subject: Payment Confirmation - Golden Eagle Trash Service

Sonja Chavez,

Thank you for your payment.

Payment Amount: \$78.12

Confirmation #6662447-8717-6456a976120b5428d878e5e7

Your payment was applied to the following invoices:

- Paid \$77.25 on Invoice #APR23-0563 from 04/30/2023.

[Click here to login to your account](#) to see your invoice and payment history.

*AUTO PMT VIA
BANK CHECKING*

Date Rec.	5-24-23	Addn. Ckd.	
Mgr. Appr.	SAC	Amt. Appr.	\$78.12
Bd. Appr. Date	5/24/23	Bd. Initials	[Signature]
Pd. Date	5/24/23	Ckd#	AUTO
Account(s)	Spencer Ave (enb) Operations-Utilities		

Golden Eagle Trash

330 Griffing Rd.

Gunnison CO 81230

(970) 641-3230

goldeneagletrash@pcrs.net

Invoice

Service Address: 210 W Spencer Ave Ste B

ACCOUNT #: C00-3802

Date Invoiced: 5/31/2023

DUE DATE: 6/30/2023

ROUTE: MGN

INVOICE #: MAY23-0123

Please include invoice number with payment.

Bill To:

UGRWCD

210 W. Spencer Ave, Ste B

Gunnison, CO 81230

Auto Pay via ACH monthly
B.o.W.

QUANTITY	SERVICE DATE	DESCRIPTION	RATE	AMOUNT
1	5/8/2023	Scheduled service attempted- container empty	0.00	0.00
1	5/22/2023	Once a Month Dumpster (Minimum Requirement)	49.50	49.50
1	5/31/2023	Fuel Surcharge based on current diesel fuel prices	2.25	2.25
Date Rec. <u>6/6/23</u> Adm. <u>BAR</u> Mgr. Appr. <u>SRC</u> Amt. Appr. <u>151.75</u> Bd. Appr. Date _____ Bd. Initials <u>WPP</u> Pd. Date _____ Clk _____ Account(s) <u>Spencer Avenue Cond Assoc</u> <u>Utilities - trash</u>				

Current Month

\$51.75

Invoice Total

Online Payments Available

Visit our website at:

www.goldeneagletrashservice.com

Current Account Balance

PLEASE PAY THIS AMOUNT

\$51.75

Balance includes all unpaid invoices

Sue Uerling

From: notify@billandpay.com on behalf of Golden Eagle Trash Service <goldeneagletrash@pcrs.net>
Sent: Tuesday, June 6, 2023 1:26 PM
To: Sue Uerling
Subject: Payment Confirmation - Golden Eagle Trash Service



Sonja Chavez,

Thank you for your payment.

Payment Amount: \$52.37

Confirmation #6760745-8748-647f88318c771647bdc29ec0

Your payment was applied to the following invoices:

- Paid \$51.75 on Invoice #MAY23-0123 from 05/31/2023.

[Click here to login to your account](#) to see your invoice and payment history.

If you have any questions, please contact us.

Golden Eagle Trash Service
goldeneagletrash@pcrs.net
970-641-3230

This email has been sent to sue@ugrwcd.org by Golden Eagle Trash Service.
Please let us know if you no longer wish to receive email communications from us.

Powered by Bill & Pay
Learn more at
<http://www.billandpay.com/>



Upper Gunnison River Water Conservancy District

Request for Payment

Date: June 12, 2023

Project Name: 4th Grade Water Festival 2023

UGRWCD Contract Number: UG2023-012 Amended

Reimbursement Request Amount: \$798.80

Project Contact Name: Aleshia Rummel

Project Contact Phone: 970-707-3044

Project Contact Email: Aleshia.rummel@co.nacdnet.net

Date Rec. 6/12/23 Admin. Ck. BAR
Mgr. Appr. SR Amt. Appr. \$798.80
Bd. Appr. Date 6/15/23 Bd. Initials JD
Pd. Date 6/15/23 Ck. 16293
Account(s) CWCB APO # 2023-2489

Financial Contact Name: Caroline Czenkusch

Financial Contact Phone: 970-707-3047

Financial Contact Email: gunnisoncd2006@gmail.com

PROJECT DELIVERABLES:

The Gunnison Conservation District was able to host the 4th Grade Water Festival on May 19, 2023. This year, there were 72 students and 7 teachers/assistants accompanying the classes, and we had 17 instructors throughout the day. There were 8 stations throughout the day, including: aquatic ecosystems, aquatic macro-invertebrates, riparian wildlife, waterfowl migration, agricultural water use, the water trailer, water conservation, and ethical leave-no-trace camping near water sources.



Water conservation station relay race



Agricultural water use station



Ethical camping station



Aquatic macro-invertebrate station



Aquatic ecosystems station game



Riparian wildlife station



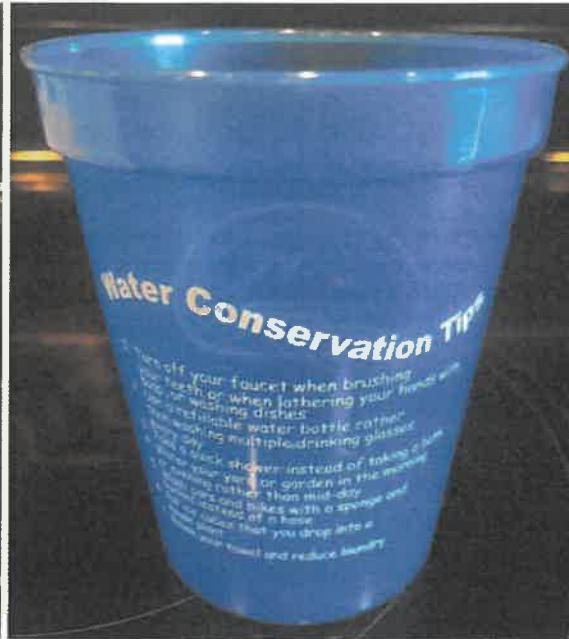
Water trailer



Waterfowl migration habitat game

Unfortunately, a lightning and thunderstorm forced us indoors for the last two stations this year, where we had a quiz, where we awarded the cups to students who answered questions correctly (and then to everyone else that did not answer questions).

We had \$700 budgeted in the grant for purchasing cups with water conservation tips that we could provide to students (which was intended for many years of providing cups at the Water Festival). This year we provided cups to all students, teachers, and most presenters. We purchased 1000 cups from 4imprint for \$702.60. These cups are blue and transparent, and have white text on them. One side has the Gunnison Conservation District logo, and the other side has 7 water conservation tips for kids (see pictures below).



Pro Forma Invoice 24978322

Page 1

101 Commerce St
PO Box 320
Oshkosh, WI 54901

www.4imprint.com

Toll Free: 877-446-7746
Free Fax: 800-355-5043

Main Address
ALESHIA RUMMEL
GUNNISON CONSERVATION DISTRICT
218 NORTH COLORADO STREET
GUNNISON, CO 81230-2104

Invoice Address
Aleshia Rummel
10 Quartz Street
Gunnison CO 81230-2581
USA

Shipping Address
Aleshia Rummel
Gunnison Conservation District
218 North Colorado Street
Gunnison, CO 81230-2104
USA
Tel: (970) 707-3044

Order Number: 24978322
Order Date: May 02 2023
Account No: 5926268
Reference No:

Questions Call: Missy Baldry
Phone: 877-446-7746 Ext. 8835
Fax: 800-355-5043
Email: mbaldry@4imprint.com

Item		Translucent Stadium Cup - 16 oz.	Colors	(Cup, Trim): Translucent Blue, Translucent Blue		
Qty	Item#	Description	Unit \$	Price \$	Total \$	
1,000	109808-16	Translucent Stadium Cup - 16 oz.	0.5900	590.00	590.00	
1		Set-Up Charge	50.0000	50.00	50.00	
		Freight		62.80	62.80	
					702.80	

Artwork Instructions

Product Color (Base, Trim): Translucent Blue, Translucent Blue
Imprint Location: Both Sides
Imprint Colors: White

Grand Total 702.80

There was also \$100 set aside in the grant for purchasing gift cards for instructors. The gift cards were less expensive than anticipated, so we were able to acquire 75 gift cards for \$195.00 (see receipts below). However, we then realized we had budgeted \$100 for the gift cards instead of \$200, so we returned 38 gift cards at \$2.60 each, for a refund of \$98.80. Therefore, the total cost of the gift cards we bought (37) was \$96.20. Remaining gift cards will be distributed in 2024.

The Coffee Trader Gunnison

700 N. Main May 18, 2023
Gunnison, CO 8:09 AM
81230 Abby
(970) 707-4284
www.thecoffeetrader.com

Receipt: ZWxs
Ticket: 81
Authorization: 95350D

VISA CREDIT
AID AO 00 00 00 03 10 10

Drip Coffee x 25 \$85.00
Medium, Coffee of the Day

Total \$65.00
Visa 0379 (Chip) \$65.00
Aleshia L. Rummel

The Coffee Trader Gunnison

700 N. Main May 18, 2023
Gunnison, CO 10:47 AM
81230 Abby
(970) 707-4284
www.thecoffeetrader.com

Receipt: dSQ9
Ticket: 45
Authorization: 13806D

VISA CREDIT
AID AO 00 00 00 03 10 10

Drip Coffee x 50 \$130.00
Medium, Trader Dark Roast, Hot

Total \$130.00
Visa 0379 (Chip) \$130.00
Aleshia L. Rummel



Posted On May 18, 2023

Cardmember Name Aleshia L. Rummel

Type Credit

The total expenditures for this grant were \$96.20 + \$702.60 = \$798.80. The Gunnison Conservation District thanks the Gunnison Basin Roundtable for their support in making this year (and future years') 4th Grade Water Festival a special event.

Difficulties Encountered / Corrective Action:

Problem(s) / Change: No significant difficulties were encountered with the execution of this grant. We did have to alter plans for the anticipated forecast, and then onsite again given the rain.

Resolution / Corrective Action Plan & Schedule: In the future, we may move the Water Festival to August or September when the weather is more predictable, and/or we may have a more set rain delay schedule to avoid having last minute complications.

By submittal of this request for payment and supporting documentation of expenditures, Contractee attests to the Upper Gunnison River Water Conservancy District that all items listed under *Project Deliverables* have been completed, all amounts due and payable for the Funded Work have been documented with expense documentation, and will be reimbursed with funds provided by the District in response to this Request for Payment.

Contractee Signature & Date:  5/1/2023

Upper Gunnison Project Manager Approval & Date: Beverly Richards 6/12/2023

Itemized Statement for Expenditures:



Gunnison Conservation District

216 North Colorado Street

Gunnison, CO 81230

970-707-3047

May 25, 2023

BILL TO

Gunnison Basin Roundtable

Upper Gunnison River Water Conservancy District

RE: UG2023-012 Amended

INVOICE

<u>Product</u>	<u>Price per unit</u>	<u>Quantity</u>	<u>Total</u>
Cups with water conservation tips	\$0.59	1000	\$590.00
Printer set up for cups	\$50.00	1	\$50.00
Freight for cups	\$62.60	1	\$62.60
Coffee Trader free drink coupons	\$2.60	37	\$96.20
TOTAL			\$798.80

Checks can be made payable to Gunnison Conservation District

Upper Gunnison River Water Conservancy District

16293

Gunnison Conservation District

Date	Type	Reference	Original Amt.	Balance Due	6/14/2023 Discount	Payment
5/31/2023	Bill		798.80	798.80		798.80
				Check Amount		798.80

PAYMENT
RECORD

BOW Checking

4th Grade Water Festival

798.80



Settlement Date May 12, 2023	File Number G23-67	Property Location 210 W Spencer Avenue, Unit A, Gunnison, CO 81230
Settlement Agent / Place of Settlement Guaranty Abstract Company 320 S. Boulder Tulsa, Oklahoma 74103		PARCEL ID NUMBER: A333/A
Name and Address of Buyer Upper Gunnison River Water Conservancy District, a water conservancy district organized pursuant to the Water Conservancy Act 210 West Spencer Avenue, Ste B Gunnison, Colorado 81230		Name and Address of Seller BAMP, LLC, a Colorado limited liability company 600 West Ohio Avenue Gunnison, Colorado 81230

[illegible]

CERTIFICATION I have carefully reviewed this Settlement Statement and to the best of my knowledge and belief, it is a true and accurate statement of all receipts and disbursements made on my account or by me in this transaction. I further certify that I have received a copy of this statement

Stacy McPhail, Vice President

This statement which I have prepared is a true and accurate account of this transaction. I have caused the funds to be disbursed in accordance with this statement.

05/12/2023

Settlement Agent Gunnison County Abstract Company

Date _____

Broker Berkshire Hathaway Home Services Today Realty & Assoc.

BANK OF THE WEST

A trade name used by BMO Harris Bank N.A.
1-800-488-2265

PURCHASER'S RECORD - CASHIER'S CHECK

1004080685

90-78/1211
00912

PURCHASER UPPER GUNNISON RIVER CONSERVACY

DATE 05/09/2023

PAY TO THE GUNNISON COUNTY ABSTRACT COMPANY
ORDER OF

\$669,626.83

Six Hundred Sixty-Nine Thousand Six Hundred Twenty-Six and 83/100ths
Dollars

Fee - \$10.00

Memo Unit A Purchase

CASHIER'S CHECK

NON - NEGOTIABLE

035-06540-BMO (Rev. 11/22)

FW: Check for registering Toyota Tacoma and ordering license plates

Alisha Jackson <alisha@stoeber-cpa.com>

Tue 5/2/2023 11:43 AM

To: Accounting <accounting@ugrwcd.org>

*Alisha***From:** Sue Uerling <sue@ugrwcd.org>**Sent:** Monday, May 01, 2023 3:06 PM**To:** Alisha Jackson <alisha@stoeber-cpa.com>**Cc:** Sonja Chavez <schavez@ugrwcd.org>; Alana Nichols <anichols@ugrwcd.org>**Subject:** Check for registering Toyota Tacoma and ordering license plates

Hello Alisha:

I talked to Katherine today at the DMV/Gunnison County and she said it would cost \$98.09 for us to order the license plate/tags for the new Toyota Tacoma. We are going to order the plates to read: UGRWCD2

Katherine said the check should be made payable to the Gunnison County Clerk.

Katherine also noted that we would need to bring in proof of insurance.

Thanks for cutting the check next time you are in.

Cheers!

Sue Uerling, Admin. Asst./Communications Support Specialist**UGRWCD****210 W. Spencer Ave., Suite B****Gunnison, CO 81230****Office: (970) 641-6065****sue@ugrwcd.org**

PUBLIC RECORDS NOTICE: Under Title 24, Colorado Revised Statutes, this email and responses, unless otherwise made confidential by law, may be subject to the Colorado Open Records Act and may be subject to public inspection under § 24-72-203.

Upper Gunnison River Water Conservancy District
Request for Payment

Date: June 7, 2023

Project Name: GMS Outdoor Learning Lab

UGRWCD Contract Number: UG2023-014

Reimbursement Request Amount: \$ 1,500

Contact Name: Renee Brekke-Ebbott

Contact Phone: (970) 596-0705

Contact Email: rbrekke@gunnisonschools.net

Payable to:
Gunnison Watershed
School District
1099 North 11th Street
Gunnison, CO 81230

PROJECT DELIVERABLES:

- Project completion report including a description of project, expense documentation, and photographs of work associated with the project (please include brief description of what we are seeing with each photo)

Difficulties Encountered / Corrective Action:

Problem(s) / Changes: None

Date Rec. 6/8/23 Amd. Ctd. BAR
Mgr. Appr. SRC Amt. Appr. \$1,500
Bd. Appr. Date 6/5/23 Bd. Initials [Signature]
Pd. Date 6/5/23 Cks 16254
Account(s) UGCD REPO #2023-2489

Resolution / Corrective Action Plan & Schedule: N/A

By submittal of this request for payment and supporting documentation of expenditures, Contractee attests to the Upper Gunnison River Water Conservancy District that all items listed under *Project Deliverables* have been completed, all amounts due and payable for the Funded Work have been documented with expense documentation, and will be reimbursed with funds provided by the District in response to this Request for Payment.

Contractee Signature & Date:

[Signature]

6/7/23

Upper Gunnison Project Manager Approval & Date:

[Signature] 6/8/23

GMS Outdoor Learning Lab—Project Completion Report
Renee Brekke-Ebbott June 7, 2023

Project Description

The GMS Outdoor Learning Lab, located on the northeast corner of the Gunnison Community School property, has evolved over the last two decades. What was once a barren space surrounded by chain link fencing, is now a thriving ecosystem for students of all ages to explore science in the natural environment. The Outdoor Learning Lab includes a pond, viewing deck, Mountain Roots vegetable garden, the Water Walk interpretive signs, and a pollinator garden planted in the fall of 2022. This corner of Gunnison has become a hub of student and community activity and we look forward to continuing its evolution next year by completing a permanent shade structure and outdoor classroom space.

The GMS Outdoor Learning Lab is a thriving ecosystem where students learn in the natural environment. It includes a pond, deck, vegetable garden, the Water Walk interpretive signs, and a pollinator garden planted in the fall of 2022. With the financial support of this grant, we were able to build a permanent shade structure for an outdoor classroom.

For decades, the GMS science teachers have worked with students in the Outdoor Learning Lab during the fall, spring and summer months. Although the evolving ecosystem is beautiful and engaging for students, we have one problem. There is no shade or space for groups of students to gather comfortably. With grant funding, we are thrilled to provide a new shaded space for learning year-round in this outdoor classroom.

Our Outdoor Learning Lab is more important than ever to provide students of all ages with a space to enjoy and learn from the natural environment. Gunnison Community School Summer Experience students and Mountain Roots Garden Camp participants visit it daily. High School students practice fly fishing in the pond. Community members pass through to enjoy the Frisbee Golf Course, Van Tuyl trail system, and Gunnison County Library. By building an outdoor classroom space, we are not only serving GMS students, we are providing continued opportunities for learners of all ages and backgrounds.

Expense Documentation

(copies of invoices available upon request)

Western Lumber	Building Materials	5/1/2023	742.71
Western Lumber	Building Materials	5/2/2023	54.97
Western Lumber	Building Materials	5/2/2023	48.49
Western Lumber	Building Materials	5/2/2023	351.05
Western Lumber	Building Materials	5/2/2023	-61.34
Western Lumber	Building Materials	5/4/2023	429.04
Western Lumber	Building Materials	5/4/2023	-40.12
Western Lumber	Building Materials	5/8/2023	250.83
Western Lumber	Building Materials	5/12/2023	100.91
Western Lumber	Building Materials	5/12/2023	10.42
Total Expenses	(-386.96 paid by GMS)		1,500.00

Photographs of completed project
(Digital copies available upon request)



GMS Outdoor Learning Lab
entrance from Gunnison
Community School



Permanent shade structure.
Additional work tables and
benches for classes of students
still to come.



Additional work tables will be
moved under the shade structure
for students to complete projects
out of the sun.



Fall 2022 students putting the
final touches on their pollinator
garden sign. Our goal is to
continue learning in the pollinator
garden during the 2023-2024
school year.

GMS Outdoor Learning Lab—Project Completion Report
Renee Brekke-Ebbott June 7, 2023

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(Digital copies available upon request)



GMS Outdoor Learning Lab entrance from Gunnison Community School



Permanent shade structure. Additional work tables and benches for classes of students still to come.



Additional work tables will be moved under the shade structure for students to complete projects out of the sun.



Fall 2022 students putting the final touches on their pollinator garden sign. Our goal is to continue learning in the pollinator garden during the 2023-2024 school year.

Invoices

TAXPAYER NAME: UPPER GUNNISON RIVER WATER

TIN: xxxxx5208

Deposit Confirmation

Your payment has been accepted.

Payment Successful

An EFT Acknowledgement Number has been provided for this payment. Please keep this number for your records.

REMINDER: REMEMBER TO FILE ALL RETURNS WHEN DUE!

EFT ACKNOWLEDGEMENT NUMBER:	270354562830508

Payment Information	Entered Data
Taxpayer EIN	xxxxx5208
Tax Form	941 Employers Federal Tax
Tax Type	Balance due on return or notice
Tax Period	Q4/2022
Payment Amount	\$1,714.02
Settlement Date	05/25/2023
Account Number	xxxxx0999
Account Type	CHECKING
Routing Number	107002147
Bank Name	BANK OF THE WEST

PAY PER CONVERSATION WITH SONJA
1:20 PM 5/24/23



Department of the Treasury
Internal Revenue Service
Ogden, UT 84201-0039

008080.304849.149346.23408 1 AV 0.471 697
UPPER GUNNISON RIVER WATER
CONSERVANCY DISTRICT
210 W SPENCER AVE STE B
GUNNISON CO 81230-2544



008080

Notice	CP161
Tax period	December 31, 2022
Notice date	March 27, 2023
Employer ID number	84-0925208
To contact us	Phone 833-678-7020
Your Caller ID	595624

Page 1 of 4

You have an unpaid balance for your December 31, 2022, Form 941

Amount due: \$1,714.02

Our records show you have an unpaid balance
for December 31, 2022.

Billing Summary

Tax you owed	\$34,303.60
Payments you made	-34,303.60
Failure to make a proper federal tax deposit penalty	1,714.02
Amount due by April 17, 2023	\$1,714.02

Continued on back...



UPPER GUNNISON RIVER WATER
CONSERVANCY DISTRICT
210 W SPENCER AVE STE B
GUNNISON CO 81230-2544

Notice	CP161
Notice date	March 27, 2023
Employer ID number	84-0925208

Payment

- Make your check or money order payable to the United States Treasury.
- Write your Employer ID number (84-0925208), the tax period (December 31, 2022), and the form number (941) on your payment and any correspondence.

INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE
OGDEN, UT 84201-0039

**Amount due by
April 17, 2023**

\$1,714.02



840925208 Y0 UPPE 01 2 202212 670 00000171402

Notice	CP161
Tax period	December 31, 2022
Notice date	March 27, 2023
Employer ID number	84-0925208
Page 2 of 4	

What you need to do immediately



Scan here for help paying your taxes

Pay immediately

- You must pay the full balance you owe by April 17, 2023, to avoid additional interest charges.
- Pay online or by phone, or mail a check or money order with the attached payment stub. **You can pay online now at www.eftps.gov.**
- If you can't pay the amount due, pay as much as you can now and call us at 833-678-7020 to discuss your options for paying the remaining balance.

If you think there's been a mistake

- Call 833-678-7020 within 10 days from the date of this notice to review your account with a representative. Be sure to have your account information available when you call.

Notice CP161
Tax period December 31, 2022
Notice date March 27, 2023
Employer ID number 84-0925208
Page 3 of 4

Payments credited to your account for the tax period ending on December 31, 2022

The total amount of your tax payments is shown below. Please call 833-678-7020 if any information is incorrect or missing.

Date received	Amount
October 14, 2022	\$1,111.00
October 26, 2022	\$9,202.30
December 12, 2022	\$14,144.44
January 17, 2023	\$8,020.14
January 30, 2023	\$1,825.72
Total payments	\$34,303.60

Penalties

We are required by law to charge any applicable penalties.

Failure to make a proper federal tax deposit

Due date	Payment date	Days late	Payment type	Rate	Amount due	Penalty
10/13/2022	10/14/2022	1	EFT	2%	1,111.00	22.22
11/30/2022	12/12/2022	12	EFT	5%	14,144.44	707.22
11/30/2022	01/30/2023	61	EFT	10%	1,825.72	182.57 *
12/29/2022	01/17/2023	19	EFT	10%	8,020.14	802.01 **
Total failure to make a proper federal tax deposit						\$1,714.02

We charged a penalty because you did not make a proper tax deposit. Common reasons why we charge this penalty are:

- You did not deposit your tax on time
- You did not deposit enough tax
- You paid your tax directly to the IRS
- You did not deposit your tax electronically, as required by law

For information about depositing taxes, see the Employer's Tax Guide (Publication 15) or the Agricultural Employer's Tax Guide (Publication 51). (Internal Revenue Code Section 6656)

The penalty rate for each improper deposit is as follows:

1-5 days late: 2%

6-15 days late: 5%

16 or more days late: 10%

More than 10 days after the first IRS bill: 15%

For a detailed calculation of your penalty charges, call 833-678-7020.

Designation of deposit

The law allows you to tell the IRS where to apply your deposits within the tax return period with a deposit penalty. You have 90 days from the date of the correspondence you received showing the deposit penalty to contact the IRS if you want to specify where to apply your deposits.

The law also allows the IRS to remove the deposit penalty if: (1) the penalty applies to the first required deposit after a required change to your frequency of deposits, and (2) you file your employment tax returns by the due date.

Continued on back...

* PENALTY FOR LATE PMT OF
FICA/MEDICARE NOT ORIGINALLY
CALCULATED ON JILL'S
SEVERANCE CHECK.

** PENALTY ON LATE 941 DEPOSIT
FOR 12/23/22 PAYROLL

008080

Notice	CP161
Tax period	December 31, 2022
Notice date	March 27, 2023
Employer ID number	84-0925208
Page 4 of 4	

Penalties—continued

Removal or reduction of penalties

We understand that circumstances—such as a serious illness or injury, a family member's death, or loss of financial records due to natural disaster—may make it difficult for you to meet your taxpayer responsibility in a timely manner.

We can generally process your request for penalty removal or reduction quicker if you contact us at the number listed above with the following information:

- Identify which penalty charges you would like us to reconsider (e.g., 2016 late filing penalty).
- For each penalty charge, explain why you believe it should be reconsidered.

If you write us, include a signed statement and supporting documentation for penalty abatement request.

We'll review your request and let you know whether we accept your explanation as reasonable cause to reduce or remove the penalty charge(s).

Removal of penalties due to erroneous written advice from the IRS

If you were penalized based on written advice from the IRS, we will remove the penalty if you meet the following criteria:

- You wrote us asking for written advice on a specific issue
- You gave us adequate and accurate information
- You received written advice from us
- You reasonably relied on our written advice and were penalized based on that advice

To request removal of penalties based on erroneous written advice from us, submit a completed Claim for Refund and Request for Abatement (Form 843) to the address shown above. For a copy of the form, go to www.irs.gov or call 800-TAX-FORM (800-829-3676).

Additional information

- Visit www.irs.gov/cp161.
- Review Publications:
 - 594, The IRS Collection Process
 - 1, Your Rights as a Taxpayer
- Find tax forms or publications by visiting www.irs.gov/forms or calling 800-TAX-FORM (800-829-3676).
- If you believe your small business has experienced excessive compliance or enforcement actions from any federal agency, you have the right to file a complaint with the Small Business Administration ombudsman. To learn more about your options and the Small Business Regulatory Enforcement Fairness Act, visit www.sba.gov and search for keyword: "ombudsman."
- You can contact us by mail at the address at the top of the first page of this notice. Be sure to include your employer ID number and the tax period and form number you are writing about.
- Keep this notice for your records.





Invoice #327

Jun 01, 2023

BILL TO

Upper Gunnison River Water Conservancy District
ccwelich@ugrwc.org

FROM

Intuition Consulting
PO BOX 1803
Crested Butte, CO 81224
intuitionconsultingcb@gmail.com
+1 9702752745

INVOICE ITEMS

AMOUNT

2023, June 1 Wilderness 1st Aid Introduction & CPR Class & Certification
5 units x \$125.00/unit

\$625.00

20% Discount for over 10 people

-\$125.00

3% processing fee

\$15.00

\$515.00

PAYMENT DUE JUN 10, 2023

MESSAGE

Thank You for choosing Intuition Consulting for your training and certification needs.

It was a pleasure doing business with you.

- CC
- Net Meadows:
Crew Safety Training
- Budget Line Item: #57

Date Rec. 4/5/23 Adm. Ckd. Bae
Mgr. Appr. SRC Amt. Appr. 5,550.00
Bd. Appr. Date 6/15/23 Bd. Initials WM
Pd. Date 6/15/23 Ckd. 16,295
Account(s) Net Meadows Expense
non-operating
(WM Coord Discretionary - \$20k)

J&K SERVICES INC.

P.O. box 542
 Gunnison, CO 81230 US
 (970) 901-6267
 jkserviceinc@gmail.com
 http://www.jkserviceinc.com

**INVOICE**

BILL TO	SHIP TO	INVOICE	4289
Upper Gunnison River	Upper Gunnison River	DATE	05/26/2023
Water Conservancy District	Water Conservancy District	TERMS	Due on receipt
210 Spencer Ave, Suite B	210 Spencer Ave, Suite B	DUE DATE	05/31/2023
Gunnison,, CO 81230, USA	Gunnison,, CO 81230, USA		

ACTIVITY	QTY	RATE	AMOUNT
Cleaning service:J&K SCOPE OF SERVICE 04/30/2023 JANITORIAL SCOPE OF SERVICE Monthly Service Fee Once per week cleaning service	1	580.00	580.00
DUSTING Surfaces Computers Picture frames Shelfs Corners/ edges Baseboards			
CLEANING Surfaces Desks Shelfs All flat surfaces			
TRASH All available rooms bathrooms offices kitchenette (No recycling)			
GLASS Interior windows Spot clean			
VACUUMING Throughout Building			

Date Recd. 05/30/23 Addn. Ckd. BAR PAID 4500
 Amt. Appr. 580 Amt. Appr. 1560
 Date 6/15/23 Sd. Initials WLT
 Date 6/14/23 Ck# 16296
 Account(s) Utilities - Cleaning
Operating Expenses

Notes:

- Janitors will keep all bathroom supplies stocked and will on the days the services are preformed.
- Facilities Maintenance staff may occasionally note cleaning required or areas that have been missed or where cleaning is deficient. Such requests are considered part of regular duties and do not constitute request



Livestock Committee
Horse Committee
Gunnison County 4-H Program
275 South Spruce Street
Gunnison, Colorado 81230
970-641-1260

May 22, 2023

Upper Gunnison River Water Conservancy District
210 W. Spencer Ave., Suite B
Gunnison, CO 81230

Dear UGRWCD Board,

Thank you so much for your sponsorship last year of \$500 for our Buyer's Barbeque. to the Jr. Livestock Committee, it relieved a huge burden of cost which normally has been covered by the kids' sale commissions.

We would love to have your \$500 support again this year. We will eagerly promote the district as an annual sponsor and it would be nice to see your banner hanging up throughout the youth livestock events. We'll also promote the district in our promotional materials. You are welcome to drop off a banner at the Extension office any time before July 7th. You're also welcome to have a table of materials at the event if you like and set up the morning of the BBQ or before. Please let us know if we can do anything to help support your organization. Once again, we appreciate your support and hope you find the ability to help us this year and maybe for years to come!

Thank you so much,

Hannah Kersting
Gunnison CSU Extension, County Director

✓ Confirmed for payment
line item in Educational
& Outreach Budget
outreach

Date Rec. 05/29/23 Adm. Ckd. BAR
Mgr. Appr. SPC Amt. Appr. SPC
Bd. Appr. Date 6/15/23 Bd. Initials SPC
Pd. Date 6/15/23 Ck# 112297
Account(s) Public Outreach-General
public outreach
non operating expenses



Approved for payment - 6/5/23 - BAR.
Charge to WMP Expense Line Item 56.
Non-Operating Expense

Invoice Number: 1 Date: Jun 1, 2023
Project name: Watershed Wildfire Assessment Phase 2
Contract Number: UG2023-003
Project Manager: Brad Piehl
JWA Project Number: 299 Period: Feb 1, 2023 to May 31, 2023

Submitted to: Beverly Richards
Upper Gunnison River Water Conservancy District
210 West Spencer, Suite B
Gunnison, CO 81230

Past Due: \$0.00
Invoice Total: \$4,068.76
Total Due: \$4,068.76

Approved by: _____

Submit to: JW Associates, Inc.
P.O. Box 3759
Breckenridge, CO 80424-3759

This invoice	Past invoices	Total	Budget	Remain. Budget
\$4,068.76	\$0.00	\$4,068.76	\$27,500.00	\$23,431.24

Date Rec. 6/1/23 Admin. Ck# BAR
Mgr. Appr. SR Amt. Appr. \$4,068.76
Bd. Appr. Date 6/15/23 Bd. Initials JP
Pd. Date 6/5/23 Ck# 14316
Account(s) WMP Expense Line Item #56

non-operating

Task Detail

Invoice No. 1

Date: Jun 1, 2023

Phase 1 Informational Products Development**Task 1 - Labor**

Description	Staff	Week ending	Rate	Hours	Cost
Prepare Powerpoint for meetings	Brad Piehl	Invoice period	\$150	4	\$600.00
Mapping revisions	Abby McNamara	Invoice period	\$105	3	\$315.00
					\$0.00
					\$0.00
					\$0.00
					\$0.00
Labor Totals				7.0	\$915.00

Task 1 - Expenses

Expense description	Category	Trip Destination	Week ending	Unit cost	Units	Cost
Computer Rental	NA	NA	Invoice Period	\$100.00	1	\$100.00
						\$0.00
						\$0.00
						\$0.00
						\$0.00
						\$0.00
Task Expenses						\$100.00

Task 1 - Summary

	Task Labor Cost	Task Expenses	Expense Markup (10%)	Task Totals
This Invoice	\$915.00	\$100.00	\$10.00	\$1,025.00
Past Invoices	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00
Totals	\$915.00	\$100.00	\$10.00	\$1,025.00
Budget				\$17,500.00
Remaining Budget				\$16,475.00

Task Detail

Invoice No. 1

Date: Jun 1, 2023

Stakeholder/Public Outreach**Task 2 - Labor**

Description	Staff	Week ending	Rate	Hours	Cost
Meeting Preparation	Brad Piehl	May 5, 2023	\$150	7	\$1,050.00
2 meetings May 3rd	Brad Piehl	May 5, 2023	\$150	10	\$1,500.00
					\$0.00
					\$0.00
					\$0.00
					\$0.00
Labor Totals				17.0	\$2,550.00

Task 2 - Expenses

Expense description	Category	Trip Destination	Week ending	Unit cost	Units	Cost
May 3rd Meetings	mileage	Gunnison	May 5, 2023	\$0.655	394	\$258.07
May 3rd Meetings	lodging	Gunnison	May 5, 2023	\$190.80	1	\$190.80
						\$0.00
						\$0.00
						\$0.00
						\$0.00
Task Expenses						\$448.87

Task 2 - Summary

	Task Labor Cost	Task Expenses	Expense Markup (10%)	Task Totals
This Invoice	\$2,550.00	\$448.87	\$44.89	\$3,043.76
Past Invoices	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00
Totals	\$2,550.00	\$448.87	\$44.89	\$3,043.76
Budget				\$10,000.00
Remaining Budget				\$6,956.24

Summary

Invoice No. 1

Date: Jun 1, 2023

Task Budget Summary

Task #	Task	Total Budget	This Invoice	Remaining Budget	Percent Complete
1	Phase 1 Informational Products Development	\$17,500.00	\$1,025.00	\$3,991.00	73.1%
2	Stakeholder/Public Outreach	\$10,000.00	\$3,043.76	\$25,011.50	0.0%
Totals:		\$27,500.00	\$4,068.76	\$23,431.24	14.8%

Receipt

Hotels.com itinerary: 72548493712866

Purchase date: May 3, 2023

Booking details

Holiday Inn Express & Suites Gunnison, an IHG Hotel

910 E Tomichi Ave, Gunnison, CO, 81230 United States of America

Check-in: May 3, 2023

Check-out: May 4, 2023

1 room x 1 night

Suite, 1 King Bed

Booked for: Brad Piehl

Payment details

Room price

Wed, May 3	\$169.00

Taxes	\$21.80

Total	\$190.80
	Paid
	[Visa 7085]

Upper Gunnison River Water Conservancy District

16316

Date	Type	Reference	Original Amt.	Balance Due	6/14/2023 Discount	Payment
5/31/2023	Bill		4,068.76	4,068.76		4,068.76
				Check Amount		4,068.76

PAYMENT
RECORD

BOW Checking

Invoice #1

4,068.76



10529



105291



Fiev 6/21

KEJJ FM Statement of Account

Account ID: 0373
Statement Date: 5/2/2023
Account Rep: House Accounts

Please Pay This Amount \$125.00

Amount Paid: _____

UPPER GUNNISON RIVER WATER CONSERVANCY DISTRICT
210 W SPENCER AVE
SUITE B
GUNNISON, CO 81230

PO Box 1288
Gunnison CO 81230
(970) 641-4000

Sponsor: Upper Gunnison River Water Conservancy District

Page 1

Reference	Date	Type	Description	Amount	Balance
BalForward	4/1/2023	Bal	Balance Forward as of 3/31/2023	125.00	125.00
23040031	4/30/2023	INV	Invoice: KEJJ 0373-003 Upper Gunnison River Water Conservancy [1-Package / 146-:30 Spots]	125.00	250.00
23050002	5/2/2023	PMT	Payment Check 16229 on Inv 23030038 Upper Gunnison River Wa (3/23)	125.00	125.00
Statement Total:					125.00

THANK
YOU

Date Rec. 5/4/23 Adm. Ckd. _____
Mgr. Appr. _____ Amt. Appr. \$125
Bd. Appr. Date _____ Bd. Initials _____
Pd. Date _____ Ckd _____
Account(s) Public Outreach - Advertising
operating Expenses

received
5/11/23

Please Pay This Amount

125.00

4/23

Current	31-60 Days	61-90 Days	91-120 Days	121+ Days	Total Due
125.00					125.00

KEJJ FM Invoice

Invoice ID: 23040031
Invoice Date: 4/30/2023
Account ID: 0373
Order ID: 0373-003
Account Rep: House Accounts

Amount Due: \$125.00

Amount Paid: _____

UPPER GUNNISON RIVER WATER CONSERVANCY DISTRICT
210 W SPENCER AVE
SUITE B
GUNNISON, CO 81230

KEJJ Radio
PO Box 1288
Gunnison CO 81230
(970) 641-4000

Sponsor: Upper Gunnison River Water Conservancy District
Upper Gunnison River Water Conservancy District

Page 1

Date	Description	Times	Qty	Rate	Cost
4/1/2023	:30 Spot	07:37 AM 10:15 AM	2	[Package]	[Package]
4/2/2023	:30 Spot	05:37 PM	1	[Package]	[Package]
4/3/2023	:30 Spot	07:26 AM 09:15 AM 11:37 AM 03:15 PM 09:15 PM	5	[Package]	[Package]
4/4/2023	:30 Spot	07:26 AM 12:37 PM 01:15 PM 04:37 PM 06:37 PM 07:37 PM	6	[Package]	[Package]
4/5/2023	:30 Spot	07:37 AM 09:26 AM 10:26 AM 05:26 PM 09:15 PM	5	[Package]	[Package]
4/6/2023	:30 Spot	09:15 AM 11:37 AM 12:37 PM 03:37 PM 06:37 PM 08:37 PM 09:15 PM	7	[Package]	[Package]
4/7/2023	:30 Spot	06:37 AM 08:37 AM 01:37 PM 02:37 PM 04:37 PM 09:15 PM	6	[Package]	[Package]
4/8/2023	:30 Spot	10:15 AM	1	[Package]	[Package]
4/9/2023	:30 Spot	07:37 PM	1	[Package]	[Package]
4/10/2023	:30 Spot	06:37 AM 09:37 AM 11:15 AM 01:26 PM 03:15 PM 05:26 PM 07:15 PM	7	[Package]	[Package]
4/11/2023	:30 Spot	07:15 AM 12:37 PM 02:26 PM 04:37 PM 06:37 PM 09:15 PM	6	[Package]	[Package]
4/12/2023	:30 Spot	09:37 AM 10:15 AM 11:15 AM 03:15 PM 05:26 PM 08:37 PM 07:15 PM	7	[Package]	[Package]
4/13/2023	:30 Spot	06:26 AM 07:37 AM 08:37 AM 12:37 PM 04:37 PM 05:37 PM 09:15 PM	7	[Package]	[Package]
4/14/2023	:30 Spot	09:15 AM 10:26 AM 01:37 PM 03:15 PM 05:26 PM 09:15 PM	6	[Package]	[Package]
4/15/2023	:30 Spot	09:37 AM 04:37 PM 06:37 PM	3	[Package]	[Package]
4/16/2023	:30 Spot	11:15 AM 08:15 PM	2	[Package]	[Package]
4/17/2023	:30 Spot	07:26 AM 01:15 PM 02:26 PM 03:37 PM 04:37 PM 09:15 PM	6	[Package]	[Package]
4/18/2023	:30 Spot	06:37 AM 08:37 AM 10:37 AM 11:37 AM 12:37 PM 06:37 PM 09:15 PM	7	[Package]	[Package]
4/19/2023	:30 Spot	08:37 AM 09:37 AM 01:37 PM 02:37 PM 03:37 PM 04:37 PM 09:15 PM	7	[Package]	[Package]
4/20/2023	:30 Spot	08:37 AM 10:37 AM 11:37 AM 05:26 PM 06:37 PM 07:37 PM	6	[Package]	[Package]

Continued

KEJJ FM InvoiceInvoice ID: 23040031
Invoice Date: 4/30/2023

Page 2

Sponsor: Upper Gunnison River Water Conservancy District
Upper Gunnison River Water Conservancy District

Date	Description	Times					Qty	Rate	Cost
4/21/2023	:30 Spot	06:37 AM 05:37 PM	07:15 AM 09:15 PM	09:37 AM	12:37 PM	02:15 PM	7	[Package]	[Package]
4/22/2023	:30 Spot	10:37 AM					1	[Package]	[Package]
4/23/2023	:30 Spot	11:37 AM	05:37 PM	08:15 PM			3	[Package]	[Package]
4/24/2023	:30 Spot	07:15 AM 09:15 PM	09:37 AM	01:26 PM	02:37 PM	06:15 PM	6	[Package]	[Package]
4/25/2023	:30 Spot	08:37 AM 08:15 PM	10:15 AM 09:15 PM	12:37 PM	03:15 PM	04:37 PM	7	[Package]	[Package]
4/26/2023	:30 Spot	06:26 AM 05:26 PM	08:37 AM 09:15 PM	10:37 AM	01:37 PM	03:37 PM	7	[Package]	[Package]
4/27/2023	:30 Spot	07:15 AM 09:15 PM	08:37 AM	02:15 PM	04:37 PM	06:15 PM	6	[Package]	[Package]
4/28/2023	:30 Spot	06:37 AM 07:15 PM	09:37 AM 09:15 PM	10:37 AM	02:37 PM	03:37 PM	7	[Package]	[Package]
4/29/2023	:30 Spot	10:37 AM	05:37 PM				2	[Package]	[Package]
4/30/2023	:30 Spot	11:37 AM	02:15 PM				2	[Package]	[Package]
4/30/2023	Package						1	125.00	125.00

146 Total Items

Total Cost:

125.00

Amount Due:

125.00

KEJJ FM Statement of Account

Account ID: 0373
Statement Date: 5/31/2023
Account Rep: House Accounts

Please Pay This Amount \$125.00
Amount Paid: \$125.00

UPPER GUNNISON RIVER WATER CONSERVANCY DISTRICT
210 W SPENCER AVE
SUITE B
GUNNISON, CO 81230

PO Box 1288
Gunnison CO 81230
(970) 641-4000

Sponsor: Upper Gunnison River Water Conservancy District

Page 1

Reference	Date	Type	Description	Amount	Balance
BalForward	5/1/2023	Bal	Balance Forward as of 4/30/2023	250.00	250.00
23050002	5/2/2023	PMT	Payment Check 16229 on Inv 23030038 Upper Gunnison (3/23)	125.00	125.00
23050018	5/30/2023	PMT	Payment Check 16273 on Inv 23040031 Upper Gunnison (4/23)	-125.00	0.00
23050042	5/31/2023	INV	Invoice: KEJJ 0373-003 Upper Gunnison River Water Con [1-Package / 180-30 Spots]	125.00	125.00

Statement Total: 125.00

Date Rec. 06/05/23 Adm. Ck. BAR
Mgr. Appr. ERC Amt. Appr. 125.00
Bd. Appr. Date 6/15/23 Bd. Initials WJR
Pd. Date 6/15/23 Ck. # 16273
Account(s) public outreach ad. int. sing
operating expense

Please Pay This Amount

125.00

5/23

Current	31-60 Days	61-90 Days	91-120 Days	121+ Days	Total Due
125.00					125.00

KEJJ FM Invoice

Invoice ID: 23050042
Invoice Date: 5/31/2023
Account ID: 0373
Order ID: 0373-003
Account Rep: House Accounts

Amount Due: \$125.00

Amount Paid: _____

UPPER GUNNISON RIVER WATER CONSERVANCY DISTRICT
210 W SPENCER AVE
SUITE B
GUNNISON, CO 81230

KEJJ Radio
PO Box 1288
Gunnison CO 81230

(970) 641-4000

Sponsor: Upper Gunnison River Water Conservancy District
Upper Gunnison River Water Conservancy District

Page 1

Date	Description	Times					Qty	Rate	Cost
5/1/2023	:30 Spot	07:26 AM 07:37 PM	08:37 AM 09:15 PM	01:15 PM	03:37 PM	06:37 PM	7	[Package]	[Package]
5/2/2023	:30 Spot	06:26 AM 04:37 PM	08:37 AM 05:37 PM	09:15 AM 09:15 PM	10:15 AM	01:15 PM	8	[Package]	[Package]
5/3/2023	:30 Spot	07:15 AM 05:26 PM	08:37 AM 09:15 PM	11:15 AM	02:26 PM	04:37 PM	7	[Package]	[Package]
5/4/2023	:30 Spot	06:37 AM 01:15 PM	07:37 AM 08:37 PM	09:37 AM 09:15 PM	10:15 AM	11:15 AM	8	[Package]	[Package]
5/5/2023	:30 Spot	08:37 AM	09:26 AM	02:37 PM	03:26 PM	09:15 PM	5	[Package]	[Package]
5/6/2023	:30 Spot	07:15 AM	11:15 AM	12:37 PM	07:37 PM		4	[Package]	[Package]
5/7/2023	:30 Spot	08:37 AM	08:15 PM				2	[Package]	[Package]
5/8/2023	:30 Spot	07:15 AM 08:15 PM	09:26 AM 09:15 PM	01:37 PM	02:37 PM	05:37 PM	7	[Package]	[Package]
5/9/2023	:30 Spot	06:37 AM 09:15 PM	07:37 AM	08:37 AM	10:37 AM	03:37 PM	6	[Package]	[Package]
5/10/2023	:30 Spot	06:37 AM 06:15 PM	07:15 AM 09:15 PM	09:15 AM	12:37 PM	02:37 PM	7	[Package]	[Package]
5/11/2023	:30 Spot	08:37 AM 05:26 PM	10:15 AM 08:37 PM	01:37 PM 09:15 PM	02:15 PM	03:15 PM	8	[Package]	[Package]
5/12/2023	:30 Spot	07:15 AM 05:37 PM	09:37 AM 06:37 PM	11:15 AM 09:15 PM	01:15 PM	02:15 PM	8	[Package]	[Package]
5/13/2023	:30 Spot	10:37 AM	05:37 PM				2	[Package]	[Package]
5/14/2023	:30 Spot	01:15 PM	03:26 PM	07:15 PM			3	[Package]	[Package]
5/16/2023	:30 Spot	06:15 AM 09:15 PM	07:37 AM	11:15 AM	01:37 PM	06:15 PM	6	[Package]	[Package]
5/16/2023	:30 Spot	07:15 AM 06:15 PM	10:37 AM 09:15 PM	12:37 PM	03:15 PM	05:26 PM	7	[Package]	[Package]
5/17/2023	:30 Spot	06:37 AM 08:15 PM	09:15 AM 09:15 PM	01:15 PM	02:15 PM	03:37 PM	7	[Package]	[Package]
5/18/2023	:30 Spot	07:26 AM 09:15 PM	08:37 AM	10:15 AM	04:37 PM	08:37 PM	6	[Package]	[Package]
5/19/2023	:30 Spot	06:15 AM 09:15 PM	07:37 AM	11:15 AM	02:15 PM	03:37 PM	6	[Package]	[Package]

Continued

KVLE FM
The Storm
PO Box 884
Gunnison, CO 81230

KVLE Invoice

Invoice ID: 23050032
Invoice Date: 5/31/2023
Account ID: 0233
Order ID: 0233-004
Account Rep: House Accounts

Amount Due: \$125.00

Amount Paid: _____

UPPER GUNNISON RIVER WATER CONSERVANCY DISTRICT
210 W SPENCER AVE, SUITE B
GUNNISON CO. 81230

Make checks payable to KVLE FM

Sponsor: Upper Gunnison River Water Conservancy District for P.O./Estimate # 2023
Upper Gunnison River Water Conservancy District

Page 1

Date	Description	Times			Qty	Rate	Cost
5/1/2023	:30 Spot	10:48 AM	01:34 PM	04:48 PM	3	[Package]	[Package]
5/1/2023	:45 Spot	08:34 AM	03:15 PM		2	[Package]	[Package]
5/2/2023	:30 Spot	07:15 AM	12:46 PM	06:34 PM	3	[Package]	[Package]
5/2/2023	:45 Spot	09:15 AM	02:34 PM		2	[Package]	[Package]
5/3/2023	:30 Spot	10:15 AM	11:15 AM	05:46 PM	3	[Package]	[Package]
5/3/2023	:45 Spot	06:46 AM	08:15 AM		2	[Package]	[Package]
5/4/2023	:30 Spot	07:34 AM	01:15 PM	05:34 PM	3	[Package]	[Package]
5/4/2023	:45 Spot	09:46 AM	02:46 PM		2	[Package]	[Package]
5/5/2023	:30 Spot	10:15 AM	12:46 PM	06:34 PM	3	[Package]	[Package]
5/5/2023	:45 Spot	06:46 AM	08:46 AM		2	[Package]	[Package]
5/6/2023	:30 Spot	07:46 AM	01:34 PM	04:46 PM	3	[Package]	[Package]
5/6/2023	:45 Spot	09:34 AM	02:34 PM		2	[Package]	[Package]
5/7/2023	:30 Spot	06:34 AM	01:34 PM	06:46 PM	3	[Package]	[Package]
5/7/2023	:45 Spot	10:34 AM	11:34 AM	03:34 PM 05:46 PM	4	[Package]	[Package]
5/8/2023	:30 Spot	08:46 AM	11:15 AM	04:46 PM	3	[Package]	[Package]
5/9/2023	:30 Spot	09:34 AM	12:34 PM	03:34 PM	3	[Package]	[Package]
5/10/2023	:30 Spot	06:46 AM	10:34 AM	06:46 PM	3	[Package]	[Package]
5/11/2023	:30 Spot	07:34 AM	01:34 PM	05:46 PM	3	[Package]	[Package]
5/12/2023	:30 Spot	08:46 AM	11:34 AM	04:46 PM	3	[Package]	[Package]
5/13/2023	:30 Spot	09:15 AM	10:46 AM	03:34 PM	3	[Package]	[Package]
5/14/2023	:30 Spot	06:34 AM	02:34 PM	06:34 PM	3	[Package]	[Package]
5/15/2023	:30 Spot	12:34 AM	02:46 AM	04:46 AM 05:46 AM 07:34 AM			
		08:46 AM	11:15 AM	12:34 PM 01:34 PM 04:34 PM	10	[Package]	[Package]
5/16/2023	:30 Spot	01:15 AM	02:46 AM	04:34 AM 07:46 AM 09:46 AM			
		11:46 AM	12:46 PM	02:34 PM 03:46 PM 06:34 PM	10	[Package]	[Package]
5/17/2023	:30 Spot	12:34 AM	02:34 AM	04:34 AM 07:15 AM 08:46 AM			
		10:34 AM	11:46 AM	01:34 PM 05:34 PM 06:34 PM	10	[Package]	[Package]
5/18/2023	:30 Spot	12:15 AM	01:46 AM	03:34 AM 05:15 AM 06:15 AM			
		07:34 AM	09:46 AM	01:34 PM 02:15 PM 03:34 PM	10	[Package]	[Package]
5/19/2023	:30 Spot	12:34 AM	02:15 AM	04:15 AM 05:46 AM 07:46 AM			
		08:46 AM	10:34 AM	11:34 AM 12:34 PM 06:34 PM	10	[Package]	[Package]
5/20/2023	:30 Spot	12:15 AM	02:15 AM	03:46 AM 06:15 AM 09:34 AM			
		10:34 AM	01:15 PM	02:15 PM 05:34 PM 06:46 PM	10	[Package]	[Package]
5/21/2023	:30 Spot	01:46 AM	03:46 AM	05:34 AM 07:15 AM 08:34 AM			
		09:46 AM	11:34 AM	12:34 PM 01:15 PM 03:46 PM	10	[Package]	[Package]
5/22/2023	:30 Spot	01:46 AM	03:34 AM	05:34 AM 06:34 AM 08:46 AM			
		10:34 AM	02:15 PM	04:46 PM 06:34 PM 07:34 PM	10	[Package]	[Package]

Continued

KVLE Invoice

Sponsor: Upper Gunnison River Water Conservancy District for P.O./Estimate # 2023
Upper Gunnison River Water Conservancy District

Invoice ID: 23050032
Invoice Date: 5/31/2023

Page 2

Date	Description	Times						Qty	Rate	Cost
5/23/2023	:30 Spot	12:34 AM	01:46 AM	03:34 AM	05:15 AM	07:46 AM				
		09:34 AM	10:34 AM	11:34 AM	01:34 PM	03:34 PM	10	[Package]	[Package]	
5/24/2023	:30 Spot	01:34 AM	03:15 AM	05:15 AM	08:15 AM	09:15 AM				
		12:46 PM	02:46 PM	04:34 PM	05:34 PM	06:34 PM	10	[Package]	[Package]	
5/25/2023	:30 Spot	12:46 AM	02:34 AM	04:15 AM	05:46 AM	08:46 AM				
		10:15 AM	11:15 AM	01:34 PM	03:34 PM	04:34 PM	10	[Package]	[Package]	
5/26/2023	:30 Spot	12:34 AM	02:34 AM	04:34 AM	07:46 AM	09:34 AM				
		11:15 AM	12:34 PM	02:34 PM	03:34 PM	05:46 PM	10	[Package]	[Package]	
5/27/2023	:30 Spot	01:34 AM	02:46 AM	04:34 AM	06:15 AM	08:15 AM				
		09:15 AM	10:34 AM	11:46 AM	02:34 PM	06:46 PM	10	[Package]	[Package]	
5/28/2023	:30 Spot	12:15 AM	02:15 AM	04:15 AM	06:15 AM	08:15 AM				
		10:15 AM	12:46 PM	01:46 PM	04:15 PM	05:34 PM	10	[Package]	[Package]	
5/29/2023	:30 Spot	12:34 AM	02:34 AM	04:34 AM	07:15 AM	08:15 AM				
		09:46 AM	11:46 AM	01:34 PM	02:34 PM	04:15 PM	10	[Package]	[Package]	
5/30/2023	:30 Spot	01:34 AM	02:46 AM	04:34 AM	08:34 AM	11:15 AM				
		12:34 PM	01:46 PM	03:34 PM	05:15 PM	06:34 PM	10	[Package]	[Package]	
5/31/2023	:30 Spot	12:46 AM	02:46 AM	04:34 AM	05:46 AM	07:46 AM				
		09:15 AM	10:15 AM	11:46 AM	02:34 PM	06:34 PM	10	[Package]	[Package]	
5/31/2023	Package						1		125.00	125.00

228 Total Items

Total Cost:

125.00

Amount Due:

125.00

Invoice



150 Capital Drive, Suite 230, Golden, CO 80401
Office (303) 410-0924
www.kingsystemsllc.com.

Commercial & Residential Audio / Video Systems

Date	Invoice #
5/17/2023	29372

Bill To UGRWCD 210 W. Spencer Ave. Suite B Gunnison, CO 81230

P.O. No.	Due Date	Rep
	5/17/2023	AJZ

Item	Description	Quantity	Rate	Amount
Programming	Programming Labor: 4/20/23: Crestron Go scaling, deployment, and programming	2.5	250.00	625.00
Labor	Service Call 4/20/23: Install the iPad and docking station for the conference room and tested.	2.5	150.00	375.00
Date Rec. <u>5/17/23</u> Addn. Ckd. _____ Mgr. Appr. _____ Amt. Appr. <u>1,000</u> Bd. Appr. Date _____ Bd. Initials _____ Pd. Date <u>5-24-23</u> Ck# <u>16280</u> Account(s) <u>office equipment</u> <u>operation expenses</u> <u>Charged to office equipment</u>				

*Please do not process any ACH payments without first contacting our office for verbal verification of all accounts.

Date Rec. 5-24-23 Addn. Ckd. _____
 Mgr. Appr. _____ Amt. Appr. _____
 Bd. Appr. Date _____ Bd. Initials _____
 Pd. Date 5-24-23 Ck# _____
 count(s) _____

Sales Tax (0.0%)	\$0.00
Subtotal	\$1,000.00
Total	\$1,000.00
Payments/Credits	\$0.00
Balance Due	\$1,000.00

www.kingsystemsllc.com

KVLE FM
The Storm
PO Box 884
Gunnison, CO 81230

KVLE Statement of Account

Account ID: 0233
Statement Date: 5/9/2023
Account Rep: House Accounts

Please Pay This Amount \$125.00

Amount Paid: _____

UPPER GUNNISON RIVER WATER CONSERVANCY DISTRICT
210 W SPENCER AVE, SUITE B
GUNNISON CO. 81230

Sponsor: Upper Gunnison River Water Conservancy District

Page 1

Reference	Date	Type	Description	Amount	Balance
BalForward	4/9/2023	Bal	Balance Forward as of 4/8/2023	125.00	125.00
23040015	4/10/2023	PMT	Payment Check 16210 on Inv 23020021 Upper Gunnison River Wa	-125.00	0.00
23040038	4/30/2023	INV	Invoice: KVLE 0233-004 Upper Gunnison River Water Conservanc [1-Package / 90-:30 Spots / 70-:45 Spots]	125.00	125.00

Statement Total: 125.00

Date Rec. 5/11/23 Adm. Ckd. _____
Mgr. Appr. _____ Amt. Appr. \$125
Bd. Appr. Date _____ Bd. Initials _____
Pd. Date _____ Ck# _____
Account(s) Public Outreach - advertising
Operating Expenses

received
5/11/23

Please Pay This Amount

125.00

4/23

Current	31-60 Days	61-90 Days	91-120 Days	121+ Days	Total Due
125.00					125.00

KVLE FM
The Storm
PO Box 884
Gunnison, CO 81230

KVLE Invoice

Invoice ID: 23040038
Invoice Date: 4/30/2023
Account ID: 0233
Order ID: 0233-004
Account Rep: House Accounts

Amount Due: \$125.00

Amount Paid: _____

UPPER GUNNISON RIVER WATER CONSERVANCY DISTRICT
210 W SPENCER AVE, SUITE B
GUNNISON CO. 81230

Make checks payable to KVLE FM

Sponsor: Upper Gunnison River Water Conservancy District for P.O./Estimate # 2023
Upper Gunnison River Water Conservancy District

Page 1

Date	Description	Times			Qty	Rate	Cost
4/1/2023	:30 Spot	08:34 AM	10:34 AM	06:15 PM	3	[Package]	[Package]
4/1/2023	:45 Spot	08:34 AM	11:34 AM		2	[Package]	[Package]
4/2/2023	:30 Spot	06:15 AM	09:34 AM	04:34 PM	3	[Package]	[Package]
4/2/2023	:45 Spot	07:15 AM	12:46 PM	02:34 PM 05:46 PM	4	[Package]	[Package]
4/3/2023	:30 Spot	09:15 AM	10:34 AM	03:46 PM	3	[Package]	[Package]
4/3/2023	:45 Spot	11:46 AM	06:34 PM		2	[Package]	[Package]
4/4/2023	:30 Spot	08:15 AM	01:46 PM	04:15 PM	3	[Package]	[Package]
4/4/2023	:45 Spot	12:46 PM	03:15 PM		2	[Package]	[Package]
4/5/2023	:30 Spot	09:46 AM	02:15 PM	05:46 PM	3	[Package]	[Package]
4/5/2023	:45 Spot	12:34 PM	06:46 PM		2	[Package]	[Package]
4/6/2023	:30 Spot	07:34 AM	10:46 AM	03:46 PM	3	[Package]	[Package]
4/6/2023	:45 Spot	11:46 AM	04:46 PM		2	[Package]	[Package]
4/7/2023	:30 Spot	08:46 AM	01:15 PM	05:46 PM	3	[Package]	[Package]
4/7/2023	:45 Spot	02:34 PM	06:46 PM		2	[Package]	[Package]
4/8/2023	:30 Spot	06:46 AM	12:34 PM	05:34 PM	3	[Package]	[Package]
4/8/2023	:45 Spot	09:34 AM	02:46 PM		2	[Package]	[Package]
4/9/2023	:30 Spot	12:34 PM	01:34 PM	04:34 PM	3	[Package]	[Package]
4/9/2023	:45 Spot	08:34 AM	09:34 AM	11:46 AM 03:34 PM	4	[Package]	[Package]
4/10/2023	:30 Spot	08:34 AM	10:46 AM	06:46 PM	3	[Package]	[Package]
4/10/2023	:45 Spot	02:15 PM	05:34 PM		2	[Package]	[Package]
4/11/2023	:30 Spot	09:34 AM	11:15 AM	03:46 PM	3	[Package]	[Package]
4/11/2023	:45 Spot	12:34 PM	06:34 PM		2	[Package]	[Package]
4/12/2023	:30 Spot	08:15 AM	02:46 PM	04:15 PM	3	[Package]	[Package]
4/12/2023	:45 Spot	01:34 PM	05:34 PM		2	[Package]	[Package]
4/13/2023	:30 Spot	09:34 AM	10:34 AM	03:15 PM	3	[Package]	[Package]
4/13/2023	:45 Spot	11:34 AM	06:46 PM		2	[Package]	[Package]
4/14/2023	:30 Spot	09:34 AM	12:46 PM	04:46 PM	3	[Package]	[Package]
4/14/2023	:45 Spot	01:46 PM	03:46 PM		2	[Package]	[Package]
4/15/2023	:30 Spot	06:46 AM	02:46 PM	05:46 PM	3	[Package]	[Package]
4/15/2023	:45 Spot	08:15 AM	11:34 AM		2	[Package]	[Package]
4/16/2023	:30 Spot	11:15 AM	03:46 PM	04:46 PM	3	[Package]	[Package]
4/16/2023	:45 Spot	07:34 AM	10:15 AM	01:15 PM 06:15 PM	4	[Package]	[Package]
4/17/2023	:30 Spot	12:34 PM	02:15 PM	05:34 PM	3	[Package]	[Package]
4/17/2023	:45 Spot	10:46 AM	03:34 PM		2	[Package]	[Package]
4/18/2023	:30 Spot	07:46 AM	11:46 AM	04:46 PM	3	[Package]	[Package]
4/18/2023	:45 Spot	12:46 PM	06:46 PM		2	[Package]	[Package]
4/19/2023	:30 Spot	10:46 AM	01:34 PM	03:15 PM	3	[Package]	[Package]
4/19/2023	:45 Spot	08:15 AM	05:34 PM		2	[Package]	[Package]
4/20/2023	:30 Spot	07:34 AM	02:15 PM	04:34 PM	3	[Package]	[Package]

Continued

KVLE Invoice

Sponsor: Upper Gunniosn River Water Conservancy District for P.O./Estimate # 2023
Upper Gunniosn River Water Conservancy District

Invoice ID: 23040038
Invoice Date: 4/30/2023

Page 2

Date	Description	Times				Qty	Rate	Cost
4/20/2023	:45 Spot	06:34 AM	11:46 AM			2	[Package]	[Package]
4/21/2023	:30 Spot	08:34 AM	10:46 AM	06:34 PM		3	[Package]	[Package]
4/21/2023	:45 Spot	09:34 AM	03:46 PM			2	[Package]	[Package]
4/22/2023	:30 Spot	06:15 AM	02:34 PM	04:15 PM		3	[Package]	[Package]
4/22/2023	:45 Spot	09:15 AM	12:34 PM			2	[Package]	[Package]
4/23/2023	:30 Spot	06:15 AM	11:46 AM	03:46 PM		3	[Package]	[Package]
4/23/2023	:45 Spot	07:15 AM	08:34 AM	01:15 PM 05:34 PM		4	[Package]	[Package]
4/24/2023	:30 Spot	09:46 AM	10:46 AM	04:15 PM		3	[Package]	[Package]
4/24/2023	:45 Spot	06:34 AM	12:34 PM			2	[Package]	[Package]
4/25/2023	:30 Spot	08:15 AM	02:34 PM	06:15 PM		3	[Package]	[Package]
4/25/2023	:45 Spot	09:15 AM	11:34 AM			2	[Package]	[Package]
4/26/2023	:30 Spot	06:46 AM	10:15 AM	05:46 PM		3	[Package]	[Package]
4/26/2023	:45 Spot	12:34 PM	03:15 PM			2	[Package]	[Package]
4/27/2023	:30 Spot	11:34 AM	01:46 PM	04:34 PM		3	[Package]	[Package]
4/27/2023	:45 Spot	08:34 AM	06:46 PM			2	[Package]	[Package]
4/28/2023	:30 Spot	10:34 AM	02:34 PM	03:34 PM		3	[Package]	[Package]
4/28/2023	:45 Spot	06:34 AM	07:34 AM			2	[Package]	[Package]
4/29/2023	:30 Spot	09:15 AM	11:15 AM	04:34 PM		3	[Package]	[Package]
4/29/2023	:45 Spot	08:15 AM	02:34 PM			2	[Package]	[Package]
4/30/2023	:30 Spot	02:46 PM	03:46 PM	06:46 PM		3	[Package]	[Package]
4/30/2023	:45 Spot	06:15 AM	11:46 AM	12:46 PM 05:34 PM		4	[Package]	[Package]
4/30/2023	Package					1	125.00	125.00

160 Total Items

Total Cost:

125.00

Amount Due:

125.00

KVLE FM
The Storm
PO Box 884
Gunnison, CO 81230

KVLE Statement of Account

Account ID: 0233
Statement Date: 6/2/2023
Account Rep: House Accounts

Please Pay This Amount \$125.00

Amount Paid: \$125.00

UPPER GUNNISON RIVER WATER CONSERVANCY DISTRICT
210 W SPENCER AVE, SUITE B
GUNNISON CO. 81230

Sponsor: Upper Gunnison River Water Conservancy District

Page 1

Reference	Date	Type	Description	Amount	Balance
BalForward	5/2/2023	Bal	Balance Forward as of 5/1/2023	125.00	125.00
23050003	5/31/2023	PMT	Payment Check: 16274 on Inv 23040038 Upper Gunnison River Wa (4/23)	-125.00	0.00
23050032	5/31/2023	INV	Invoice: KVLE 0233-004 Upper Gunnison River Water Conservanc [1-Package / 212:30 Spots / 16:45 Spots]	125.00	125.00
Statement Total:					125.00

Date Rec. 06/05/23 Adm. Ckd. BAL
Mgr. Appr. SRL Amt. Appr. 6/25/23
Bd. Appr. Date 6/05/23 Bd. Initials YH TP
Pd. Date 6/15/23 Ckt 164500
Account(s) Public Outreach - Advertising
Operating Expenses

Please Pay This Amount

125.00

5/23

Current	31-60 Days	61-90 Days	91-120 Days	121+ Days	Total Due
125.00					125.00

KEJJ FM Invoice

Sponsor: Upper Gunnison River Water Conservancy District
Upper Gunnison River Water Conservancy District

Invoice ID: 23050042
Invoice Date: 5/31/2023

Page 2

Date	Description	Times	Qty	Rate	Cost
5/20/2023	:30 Spot	07:37 AM 01:37 PM 07:37 PM	3	[Package]	[Package]
5/21/2023	:30 Spot	12:37 PM 04:37 PM	2	[Package]	[Package]
5/22/2023	:30 Spot	08:37 AM 10:26 AM 11:37 AM 02:15 PM 06:15 PM 09:15 PM	6	[Package]	[Package]
5/23/2023	:30 Spot	07:37 AM 09:15 AM 11:15 AM 01:26 PM 03:37 PM 05:37 PM 09:15 PM	7	[Package]	[Package]
5/24/2023	:30 Spot	06:37 AM 10:37 AM 12:37 PM 03:37 PM 04:37 PM 08:37 PM 07:15 PM	7	[Package]	[Package]
5/25/2023	:30 Spot	09:37 AM 11:15 AM 01:37 PM 05:26 PM 06:26 PM 09:15 PM	6	[Package]	[Package]
5/26/2023	:30 Spot	06:37 AM 11:37 AM 12:37 PM 02:37 PM 03:26 PM 04:37 PM 05:26 PM 09:15 PM	8	[Package]	[Package]
5/27/2023	:30 Spot	08:15 AM 08:37 PM	2	[Package]	[Package]
5/28/2023	:30 Spot	01:26 PM 06:15 PM 07:37 PM	3	[Package]	[Package]
5/29/2023	:30 Spot	06:37 AM 07:26 AM 09:37 AM 10:37 AM 02:37 PM 03:15 PM 05:26 PM 09:15 PM	8	[Package]	[Package]
5/30/2023	:30 Spot	07:15 AM 11:15 AM 12:37 PM 01:15 PM 04:37 PM 09:15 PM	6	[Package]	[Package]
5/31/2023	:30 Spot	06:15 AM 10:26 AM 11:37 AM 02:37 PM 03:37 PM 04:37 PM 06:26 PM 07:37 PM	8	[Package]	[Package]
5/31/2023	Package		1	125.00	125.00

180 Total Items

Total Cost:

125.00

Amount Due:

125.00

Lake Fork Valley Conservancy

PO Box 123
Lake City, CO 81235
(970) 944-5382
z.dutra@lfvc.org

May 17, 2023

Beverly Richards
Upper Gunnison River Water Conservancy District
210 Spencer Ave STE B
Gunnison, CO 81230

Date Rec. 5/17/23 Adm. Chk. _____
Mgr. Appr. _____ Amt. Appr. \$10,000
Bd. Appr. Date _____ Bd. Initials _____
Pd. Date _____ Chk# _____
Account(s) Line Item 32

*Lake Fork Conservancy
Operating Expenses*

Dear Beverly,

The following correspondence is a proposal from the Lake Fork Valley Conservancy for 2023 annual funding of \$10,000 from the Upper Gunnison River Water Conservancy District to be used for the purpose of promoting education and outreach about river safety and watershed management of the Lake Fork of the Gunnison River.

As you are aware, the LFVC owns property that covers both sides of the Lake Fork of the Gunnison River as it flows through the heart of town in Lake City. Community members use this property for fishing and other forms of recreation, and the LFVC would like to enhance this user experience by providing informational, educational, and interpretive messaging. The messaging will be conveyed through two signs, one plaque-style interpretive sign, and one interchangeable bulletin board sign.

Attached to this letter you will find appendices that include a budget sheet, location map, conceptual design, and estimated timeline for the project. Please let me know if you have any questions or concerns regarding this proposal.

On behalf of the LFVC Board of Directors, thank you for your continued support.

Sincerely,



Zach Dutra, Executive Director

Appendix 1. Budget Sheet

Project Title: Lake City River Park Initial Development
Timeline: Summer/Fall 2023

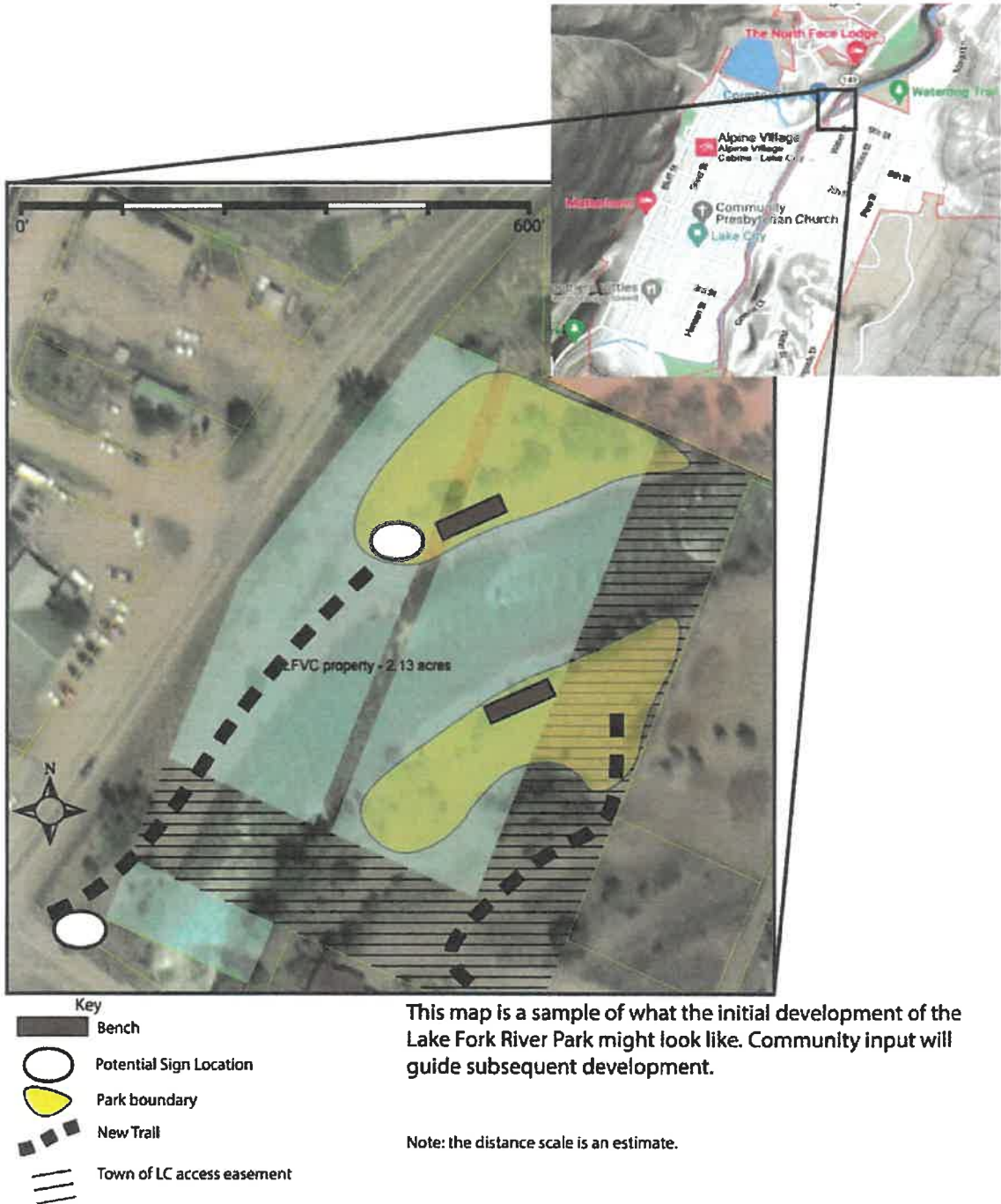
Expenses

Item	Rate (per hour or unit)	Number of hours or units	Total
1/2" Exterior CHPL Graphic. Panel Size: 24" x 36"	\$565	1	\$565
Single Post Pedestal (12" x 12" Mounting Plate at 45 Degree).	\$289	1	\$289
COLOR SAMPLE: (8" x 10" x 1/8") CHPL	\$40	1	\$40
Shipping	\$750	1	\$750
Graphic Design (estimate)	\$40	15	\$600
Bulletin Sign Shipping	\$880	1	\$880
Bulletin Sign Shipping	\$500.00	1	\$500
Branded LFVC sign	\$500	1	\$500
Installation equipment (backhoe)	\$150	4	\$600
Construction materials (concrete, concrete tubes, mounting bolts, etc.)	-	-	\$300
Staff time and overhead**	-	-	\$4,976
		Grand Total	\$10,000

*Staff time extends beyond the design and installation of these signs. The LFVC is in the process of developing this property with other features that will be determined through community input. The LFVC is already through Phase 1 of the community input gathering portion of this project, which involved a short community survey. The UGRWCD funding for staff time will allow the LFVC to move forward with Phase 2 of community input gathering, which will use Phase 1 survey results to present preliminary conceptual designs of the park to the community for another round of feedback. This will be done through a survey and through interviews with key stakeholders such as government officials, school teachers, engaged citizens, anglers, boaters, and anyone who expresses special interest in the development of this property.

1

Lake City River Park Phase 1 Preliminary Conceptual Plan



Appendix III. Sign Design Examples

Sign 1: Interpretation - This sign will convey information about the natural landscape and history of the area. The LFVC will aim to include the history of indigenous cultures in the historical aspect of the sign. The new sign will match the aesthetic of the signs below.

WATER DELIVERY BY DITCH

FROM MAY TO OCTOBER, the head gate in front of you diverts water from Hermon Creek to the Town of Lake City via a ditch first constructed in 1877, to augment existing wells in town. The ditch you see here was part of an elaborate network that once fed homes and businesses along town streets (visible in the photo below).

The ditches along Bluff Street, Silver Street, and Gunnison Avenue were decommissioned in the 1890s when the Town of Lake City switched their main water supply to wells, one of which is located downstream at the intersection of Bluff and In Street.



The Town did not file for an absolute water right for the ditch until May 9, 1973, to divert 1,512 acre feet per year (3 cfs) for 5 months. This water is diverted for irrigation, fire protection, commercial and domestic purposes.

What's a Water Right? The Prior Appropriations Doctrine

Water in Colorado is governed by the Prior Appropriation Doctrine. This is a "first come, first serve" water rights system that determines who gets their allotted water first during shortage periods.

An appropriation happens when someone takes water from its source and puts it to a "beneficial use", such as irrigating crops, mining, or washing dishes (consumptive use), or for environmental or recreational use (non-consumptive). One is able to file for a water right, which is registered as property in Colorado and can be sold separately from the land, provided that it is both physically and legally available.




What's Water Worth?

Henric & Bobhoff installed Lake City's first water works system in 1869 at a cost of \$19,000. The Town Trustees then adopted their first system of the rates. Single-family households with the means or less could purchase a water service to water for \$6. What did you get for your money?



LAKE CITY CALLING!

From Telephone Concerts to an "18 Karat Fraud"



The first telephone line connecting Lake City with Ouray and Silverton was built along Hermon Creek by D.W. Bates of the Colorado Telephone Company. The line only relayed business news and distress calls until October 9, 1881, when residents began using it for musical concerts.

The concerts continued through the winter of 1881-1882, but the line was in shambles by 1883. One resident wrote a letter in the Silver World to Colorado Telephone Co. Superintendent Frederick Vialle, calling the line "an 18 karat fraud" because it was "out of order for nearly 16 miles."

"Mr. Bates was at the Lake City instruments, and Mrs. Lee at those at her residence in Capitol City. They sang several duets and then Mr. Bates called Rose's, Silverton and Ouray stations..."

[Seven respondents] sang several popular songs and so accurately, too that it seemed as if all were singing by note from one book."

The Lake City Silver World described a telephone concert on October 9, 1881, the first of many during the winter of 1881-1882.



Telephone lines running through Capitol City in 1914. Photo by Frances Baker Neale.



A RIPARIAN COMMUNITY

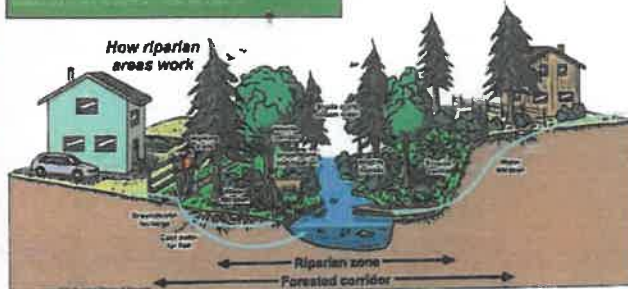


What is a Riparian Area?

A riparian area is the transition from upland, where there is rarely standing water, to streams, rivers, and lakes where free-flowing or standing water is common. The Lake Fork of the Gunnison River and Henawa Creek form two riparian areas in our watershed. Because most human activity takes place in the valley bottoms of these waterways, Lake City is a riparian community.

"Riparian areas comprise less than one percent of the land area of most western States, yet up to 80 percent of all wildlife species in the region...are dependent upon riparian areas for at least part of their life cycles."

Robert D. Woodard III, EPA Congressional Liaison from June 26, 1991



Riparian areas provide critical wildlife habitat and improve water quality. Riparian plants remove excess and filter out pollutants such as phosphorus and sediment, while the shade they create keeps water cool for ideal trout habitat.

City of Lake County
Environmental Services



TOWN OF LAKE CITY



The federally endangered boreal owl willow ptarmigan nests in thickets and shrubs often found in riparian areas. They are threatened by alteration and loss of habitat.



Sign 2: Bulletin board sign - This sign will have the ability to change its messaging behind a locked acrylic glass window. The desired messaging will include park rules, river safety, watershed information, current events, and other pertinent information to the property. The LFVC will seek assistance from the UGRWCD for messaging about river safety and watershed information. A branded LFVC sign will be attached to the bulletin board to promote awareness of the organization, which is something the LFVC has not done well in the past.

Bulletin sign example:



Appendix IV. Estimated Timelines

Project timeline for the interpretive sign:

June-July 2023	Graphic design for signs
August 2023	Design sent to Fossil Graphics (Ships within 30 days of receipt)
September 2023	Signs Received
September/October 2023	Signs Installed

Project timeline for bulletin board sign:

June 2023	Sign ordered
July/August 2023	Sign base foundation installed
July/August 2023	Sign installed

06/05/2023

2023 Expense Report and Request for Reimbursement

Revised 06-08-23

Name: _____

Leann Lopez

P.O. Box 313

Towaoc, CO 81443

Program:

Wet Meadows

\$0.655

• CC

- UML Event

- Line Item #57

(Will be reimbursed by FWS)

Date	Business Purpose	Travel		Meals	Hotel	Other Expenses	
		Miles	Reimbursement			Amount	Explanation
April 7-9	Ute Mountain Ute Cross-Cultural Event	428	\$ 280.34				
			-				
			-				
			-				
			-				
			-				
			-				
			-				
			-				
			-				
			-				
			-				
			-				
			-				
			-				
			-				
			-				
			-				
Totals:		428	\$280.34	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	
			Total Reimbursement:		\$280.34		

Signature

Date _____

Date Rec. 6/8/23 Adm. Ckd. BAL
Mgr. Appr. JRC Aml. Appr. L20037
Bd. Appr. Date 6/15/23 Bd. Initials [Signature]
Pd. Date 6/15/23 Clk# 16365
Account(s) 617116011000 X)

NCR Operating Co
~~Ft. Sargent Bank Co~~

- CC
- UMU Event
- Line item #57

Will be reimbursed
by FWS)

Jagabrush
ecosystem

Name: Lela Buckin
P.O. Box 313
Towaoc, CO 81443

\$0.655

Signature Jeff Cusick Date 6/8/23

Date Rec. 1/8/23 Addn. Ckd. 1500
 Mgr. Appr. SRC Amt. Appr. 1280.34
 Brl Appr. Date 6/15/23 Bd. Initials JP
 Pd. Date 6/15/23 Clk 16302
 Account(s) 1. 504400015 C RP.
 eskunk - Copy NCA - operating exp.
FWS Sanybrand Cco.



Lightspeed Voice
135 Triple Diamond Blvd.
North Venice, FL, 34275
Phone: 941-564-3010
Web: www.lightspeedvoice.com

INVOICE

Reference Nbr.: AR397137
Date: 08-May-2023
Due Date: 08-May-2023
Customer ID: 00203443
Currency: USD

BILL TO:		SHIP TO:				
Upper Gunnison River Water Conservancy 210 W Spencer Ste 2B Gunnison CO 81230 United States of America		Upper Gunnison River Water Conservancy 210 W Spencer Ste 2B Gunnison CO 81230 United States of America				
CUSTOMER REF. NBR.		TERMS		CONTACT		
		Auto Draft				
NO	ITEM	QTY.	UOM	UNIT PRICE	DISC.	EXTENDED PRICE
1	CONNECT: Lightspeed Connect Extensions	6	EACH	40.00	0%	240.00
2	CRF: Cost Recovery Fee	1	EACH	25.80	0%	25.80

AUTO PMT VIA
BOW CHECKING

Date Rec. 5-24-23 Addn. Ckd. _____
Mgr. Appr. ORL Amt. Appr. \$265.80
Bd. Appr. Date _____ Bd. Initials WJ
Pd. Date 5-8-23 Ck# AUTO
Account(s) Telephone

operating expense

Invoices are due upon receipt. Invoices not paid within 30 days are subject to a late fee equal to 1.5% per month. There is a 3.5% convenience fee on all payments that are made by card. There is no fee for payments by ACH

NOTE:	Sales Total:	265.80
	Tax Total:	0.00
	Discount Total:	0.00
	Total (USD):	265.80



Lightspeed Voice
135 Triple Diamond Blvd.
North Venice, FL, 34275
Phone: 941-564-3010
Web: www.lightspeedvoice.com

INVOICE

Reference Nbr.: AR399663
Date: 02-Jun-2023
Due Date: 02-Jun-2023
Customer ID: 00203443
Currency: USD

BILL TO:			SHIP TO:			
Upper Gunnison River Water Conservancy 210 W Spencer Ste 2B Gunnison CO 81230 United States of America			Upper Gunnison River Water Conservancy 210 W Spencer Ste 2B Gunnison CO 81230 United States of America			
CUSTOMER REF. NBR.		TERMS		CONTACT		
		Auto Draft				
NO.	ITEM	QTY.	UOM	UNIT PRICE	DISC.	EXTENDED PRICE
1	TCR-BR: TCR-Brand Registration - Upper Gunnison River Water Conservancy District - 2023-03-23 - BIUXMDK - GOVERNMENT	1	EACH	4.00	0%	4.00
2	TCR-CAMP: TCR-Low Volume Campaign - Upper Gunnison River Water Conservancy District - 2023-03-24 - C19Y6JI -	1	EACH	1.50	0%	1.50
3	TCR-CAMP: TCR-Low Volume Campaign - Upper Gunnison River Water Conservancy District - 2023-04-24 - C19Y6JI -	1	EACH	1.50	0%	1.50
4	TCR-CAMP: TCR-Low Volume Campaign - Upper Gunnison River Water Conservancy District - 2023-05-24 - C19Y6JI -	1	EACH	1.50	0%	1.50
5	CRF: Cost Recovery Fee	1	EACH	0.91	0%	0.91
6	CONVEN FEE: Convenience Fee	1	EACH	0.35	0%	0.35

Date Rec. 06/05/23 Adm. Ckd. BAR
Mgr. Appr. _____ Amt. Appr. \$9.76
Bd. Appr. Date _____ Bd. Initials WPT
Pd. Date _____ Clk# _____
Account(s) Telephone
Operating Expense

Invoices are due upon receipt. Invoices not paid within 30 days are subject to a late fee equal to 1.5% per month. There is a 3.5% convenience fee on all payments that are made by card. There is no fee for payments by ACH

NOTE:	Sales Total:	9.76
	Tax Total:	0.00
	Discount Total:	0.00
	Total (USD):	9.76



Lightspeed Voice
135 Triple Diamond Blvd.
North Venice, FL, 34275
Phone: 941-564-3010
Web: www.lightspeedvoice.com

INVOICE

Reference Nbr.: AR400332
Date: 08-Jun-2023
Due Date: 08-Jun-2023
Customer ID: 00203443
Currency: USD

BILL TO:		SHIP TO:				
Upper Gunnison River Water Conservancy 210 W Spencer Ste 2B Gunnison CO 81230 United States of America		Upper Gunnison River Water Conservancy 210 W Spencer Ste 2B Gunnison CO 81230 United States of America				
CUSTOMER REF. NBR.		TERMS		CONTACT		
		Auto Draft				
NO.	ITEM	QTY.	UOM	UNIT PRICE	DISC.	EXTENDED PRICE
1	CONNECT: Lightspeed Connect Extensions	6	EACH	40.00	0%	240.00
2	CRF: Cost Recovery Fee 10.75%	1	EACH	25.80	0%	25.80

Date Rec. 6/19/23 Addn. Ckd. BAK
Mgr. Appr. SKC Aml. Appr. 265.80
Bd. Appr. Date _____ Bd. Initials _____
Pd. Date _____ Ck# _____
Account(s) Telephone

Operating Expenses

Invoices are due upon receipt. Invoices not paid within 30 days are subject to a late fee equal to 1.5% per month. There is a 3.5% convenience fee on all payments that are made by card. There is no fee for payments by ACH

NOTE:	Sales Total:	265.80
	Tax Total:	0.00
	Discount Total:	0.00
	Total (USD):	265.80



melinda mccawmedia

2285 El Rio Drive
Grand Junction, CO 81507
(720) 935-3715

Invoice

Invoice #: 4462
Invoice Date: 6/6/2023
Due Date: 6/6/2023

Bill To:

Upper Gunnison River Water Conservancy Di
Sonja Chavez
210 Spencer Ave Suite B
Gunnison, CO 81230

Contract Number

CA20037

Project:

Item	Description	Hours/Qty	Date	Employee	Amount
Performance Plan	Website Hosting Includes: Daily file & database backups Website Monitoring				25.00
Basic Maintenance	• Keeping WordPress version and plugins up to date(once a month) • Backup your website database and files (once per month)				40.00
Miscellaneous	2 GSuite email accounts for gunnisonriverbasin.org	2			12.00
Date Rec. <u>6/6/23</u> Adm. Ckd. <u>BOR</u> Mgr. Appr. <u>JRC</u> Amt. Appr. <u>STL</u> Bd. Appr. Date <u>6/15/23</u> Bd. Initials <u>[Signature]</u> Pd. Date <u>6/15/23</u> Ck# <u>18303</u> Account(s) <u>C47CB DEPO 2023-2489</u> <u>Non - op</u>					

Total \$77.00

Balance Due \$77.00



Invoice

May 2023
Invoice Date: 05/07/2023
Invoice Number: E0200N5FMV
Due Date: 05/07/2023
184.00 USD

Office 365 E3 (Government Pricing)

Formula for charges

Licenses in service period X Monthly (or Yearly) price per license X (Days in service period / Total in service period) = Charge

New charges

These are your charges for the next billing period for your current number of licenses.

Service period	Details	Licenses		Charges	Discounts	Credits	Subtotal	Tax %	Tax	Total
		in service period	Days in service							
05/06/2023 - 06/05/2023	Monthly subscription charges	8	23.00	31	184.00	0.00	184.00	0.00 %	0.00	184.00
Subtotal				184.00	0.00	0.00	184.00	0.00	0.00	184.00
Grand Total				184.00	0.00	0.00	184.00	0.00	0.00	184.00

AUTO PMT VIA
BOW CHECKING

Date Recd: 5/24/23 Admin. Chd.
Mgr. Appr. SEC Amt. Appr. 184
Bd. Appr. Date Bd. Initials
Pd. Date 5-7-23 Chd. AUTO
Account(s) Software
License/8
Operating Expense

Billing or service question? Call 1-800-865-9408 or visit <https://aka.ms/Office365Billing>

Microsoft Corporation, One Microsoft Way, Redmond, WA 98052, United States

US FEIN 91-1144442



Nationwide®
is on your side

Upper Gunnison River Water Con
210 W Spencer Ste B
Gunnison CO 81230

YOUR BILLING STATEMENT

Upper Gunnison River Water Con
Page 1 of 2

Date prepared May 11, 2023

Billing account 854000590

For Questions Contact:

Billing, Claims or Policy **866.387.0457**

Access your account online at nationwide.com

Please pay \$100.00 by July 9, 2023

Payment options

Current full account balance	\$100.00
Minimum amount due	\$100.00

Policy	Coverage period	Balance	Installment
Surety Bond	07/09/23 -	\$100.00	\$0.00
BD 7900553302	07/08/24		
Obligee: SAME AS	Description: Public Official - Position		
PRINCIPAL	Schedule		
Policy Activity			
05/11/23	RENEWAL		\$100.00

Thanks for your business.
If required, a renewal
bond or certificate will be
sent upon receipt of
payment. Please allow 10
days for processing.

Date Rec: 5/18/23 Adm. Chg.
Mgr. Appr. Amt. Appr. 5/100
Bd. Appr. Bd. Initials
Pd. Date Clk#
Account(s) Insurance

Operating Expenses



Nationwide®
is on your side

Upper Gunnison River Water Con
210 W Spencer Ste B
Gunnison, CO 81230

Account Number 854000590

Your Agent

MOUNTAIN WEST INS & FINANCIAL
100 E VICTORY WAY
CRAIG CO 81625-1914
970.824.8185

Please pay by July 9, 2023

Full Balance \$100.00

Monthly Installment \$100.00

Amount enclosed \$

Make your check payable to NATIONWIDE

Ways to pay



Log onto nationwide.com



Use your mobile device



Send a check with this coupon



NATIONWIDE
PO BOX 77210
MINNEAPOLIS, MN 55480-7200

86000000 854000590 0000000000 02 000010000 000010000 231317

15710001532012





(970) 641-3743
pats242@gmail.com
242 North Main

Ordering Information

JOB #

348

UGRWCD
Cheryl

INVOICE #

10311D

Invoice Date:

5/3/2023

Est. Delivery Date:

5/3/2023

Description	Color	Size	Special Instructions	QTY	RATE	AMOUNT
LS Hoody	Paragon 220 blue mist	6S 6M 4L 1XL	L.FRONT: small logo; royal ink	17	26.50	450.50
Date Rec. <u>6/04/23</u> Adm. Cld <u>BAA</u> Mgr. Appr. <u>SKC</u> Amt. Appr. <u>1450.50</u> Bd. Appr. Date <u>6/15/23</u> Bd. Initials <u>SKC</u> Pd. Date <u>6/15/23</u> Cld <u>110204</u> Account(s) <u>Wet Meadows + Expenses</u> • CC • Shirts for Wet Meadows crew • Line item # 57 (Wet Meadows) (\$20k Coord discretionary)						

Signature: _____

DUE AND PAYABLE UPON RECEIPT, UNLESS BY PURCHASE ORDER.

1.5% Interest will be charged on unpaid balance.
Minimum \$2.00

Total

\$450.50



PCI - Professional Contractors, Inc.
P.O. Box 432
Gunnison, CO 81230
970-641-4275

Invoice No. 2023 - 1205
Date 5/1/2023
Terms
Due Date 5/1/2023

To:

Upper Gunnison River Water Cons. District
210 W. Spencer Ave., Unit B
Gunnison, CO 81230

Project 202325 - Inspec...
P.O. No.

Description	Qty	Rate	Amount
Inspection		200.00	200.00

Date Rec. 05/01/23 Addn. Ckd. _____
Mgr. Appr. SRE Amt. Appr. \$200 -
Bd. Appr. Date _____ Bd. Initials _____
Pd. Date _____ Ck# _____
Account(s) OP: Gen mgr discretionary

Thank you, Martin and PCI.

Invoice Total	\$200.00
Payments/Credits	\$0.00
Balance Due	\$200.00

A finance charge of 1.5%, 18% annually, on all accounts past due 30 days will be applied to all unpaid balances, including previous finance charges. Minimum charge \$5.00. Upon default of payment, client agrees to pay all the costs of collection, or probate, or bankruptcy proceedings, including all reasonable and necessary attorney fees and court costs.

**Upper Gunnison River Water Conservancy
Grant Program
Reimbursement Request # 2 Marshal NO 1 Optimization**

Date: 6/1/2023

Project Name: Marshal No 1 Optimization

UGRWCD Contract Number: UG2022-014

Reimbursement Request Amount: \$28,638.03

Original Grant Funds: \$16,548.03

Additional Funding: \$12,090.00 (Additional funding was approved by UGRWCD - \$5,000 from WMP, \$7,090 from additional grant funds)

Match Provided: \$ 44,964.70

Project Performance Period: 5/1/2022 to 12/1/2023

Applicant/Payee Name: Hannah Cranor **Check Payable To:** Hannah Cranor

Applicant Address: 3600 County Road 10; Gunnison, CO 81230

Applicant Phone: 970-275-4026

Applicant Email: hannah.kersting@outlook.com

Date Rec. 4/14/23 Adm. Ckd. BAR \$28,638.03
Mgr. Appr. SKC Amt. Appr. 28,638.03
Bd. Appr. Date 6/15/23 Bd. Initials JP
Pd. Date 6/14/23 Ck# 16305
Account(s) 2022 Grant Program
Contract # UG2022-014

1023 grant funds
MAKE check payable to:
Trey Percival
Percival Dirtworks, LLC
922 W. Gunnison Unit 1
Gunnison, CO 81230

PROJECT DELIVERABLES:

Water control structures at Perkins were installed in the spring of 2022. New control structures and flume were built and installed on Cranor's Pasture these expenses were covered by TU. Construction of the headgate and return began in fall of 2022 and was completed in spring of 2023. Some clear and grubbing was completed upstream of the ditch headgate and along the ditch through Gunnison River Ranch. High flows required rock placement and armoring of the wing to prevent blow out. Project partners experienced cost overages for excavation and concrete at the headgate totaling \$14,180.

Difficulties Encountered/Corrective Action:

- **Problem(s) / Changes:** Delay on starting on inlet and securing concrete contractor, excavation cost overages, concrete cost overages, clear and grub on ditch banks resulting in some backlash from Gunnison River Ranch. Ditch owners skeptical about designs and elevations also was challenging.
- **Resolution / Corrective Action:** Owners split cost overages. Working with Gunnison River Ranch to clean up brush piles. Multiple meetings to discuss design and elevations.

DESCRIPTION	Matching Invoiced	Total Project	District Grant	Revised	Requesting UGRWCD	Remaining UGRWCD	Total Expenditures
Task 2: Inlet and HG	0	\$38750	20,750	28,638.03	\$28,638.03	\$0	\$60101.64
Task 3: Installation of Control Structures Perkins	\$0	\$10900	5,000	0	0	\$0	\$0
Task 4: Installation of control Structures – Cranor	\$25,453.03	\$25453.03	2,000	0	\$0	\$0	\$25453.06
Project management	0		0	0	0	0	
Total	\$14,697	\$63900	\$28500	\$28,638.03	\$28,638.03	\$0	\$85,554.70

By submittal of this reimbursement request and supporting documentation of expenditures, Applicant attests to the Upper Gunnison River Water Conservancy District that all items listed under *Project Deliverables* have been completed, all amounts due and payable for the Funded Work have been paid or, alternatively will be paid with the funds advanced by the District in response to this Request for Payment, and that all work done on the Funded Work has been completed in a good and workmanlike manner.

Applicant/Payee Signature & Date:



6/13/23

Upper Gunnison Project Manager Signature & Date:

Beverly Richards

6/14/23

Percival Dirtworks, LLC

922 W Gunnison Ave Unit 1

Gunnison, CO 81230 US

970-901-8279

treyp@percival@outlook.com

Task 2**INVOICE**BILL TO
Trout UnlimitedINVOICE 1064
DATE 05/09/2023
TERMS Net 30
DUE DATE 06/08/2023

DATE	SERVICE	DESCRIPTION	QTY	RATE	AMOUNT
	317 Excavator	70 hours	70	180.00	12,600.00
	305.5 Mini Excavator	40 hours	40	135.00	5,400.00
	Labor Rate	80 hours	80	85.00	6,800.00
	1.5 hp Water Pump	9 days	9	200.00	1,800.00
	25KW Mobile Generator Set	1 week	1	625.00	625.00
	Trucking	9 hours	9	150.00	1,350.00
	24" Rip Rap Boulders	25 ton	25	66.00	1,650.00
	11/2 Crushed Rock	37 ton	37	30.00	1,110.00

Marshall No. 1

BALANCE DUE

\$31,335.00

Concrete Systems, Inc.

PO BOX 492
GUNNISON, CO 81230
970-641-1968

INVOICE

Task 2

INVOICE #: 9240

DATE: 5/5/2023

Contractor: Hannah Kersting

Job: Marshall Ditch Structure

Gunnison, CO

DESCRIPTION OF WORK

Yards

RATE

TOTAL

Form & pour ditch structure per plan			\$14,772.00

BALANCE DUE:

\$14,772.00

Thank You!

Percival Dirtworks, LLC

922 W Gunnison Ave Unit 1
Gunnison, CO 81230 US
970-801-8278
treypercival@outlook.com

INVOICE**Task 2**

BILL TO
Trout Unlimited

INVOICE 1057
DATE 01/31/2023
TERMS Net 30
DUE DATE 03/02/2023

DATE	SERVICE	DESCRIPTION	QTY	RATE	AMOUNT
	Mini Excavator	Mini Excavator per Hour (32 hours)	32	135.00	4,320.00
	Labor Rate	Labor Rate 1	32	75.00	2,400.00
	Labor Rate	Labor Rate 2	32	75.00	2,400.00
	Water Pump Per Day	Water Pump Per Day (4 days)	4	200.00	800.00

Headgate Structure Dig -Hannah Cranor

BALANCE DUE

\$9,920.00

AG-FAB, LLC.
6648 5825 RD
OLATHE, CO 81425
970-209-9295
agfabllc@gmail.com

Task 4

INVOICE

BILL TO

Jesse Kruthaupt
Trout Unlimited INC.

INVOICE # 19167
DATE 10/19/2022
DUE DATE 11/18/2022
TERMS Net 30

ACTIVITY	QTY	RATE	AMOUNT
U TROUGH TRIP GATE STRUCTURES			
Sales 6' X 2' X 2' TRIP GATE STRUCTURE	6	1,850.00	11,100.00
Sales 2' X 2' TRIP GATE ASSY. W/ RETAINERS	6	160.00	960.00

A service Charge of 1.75% per month will be added to all overdue Accounts.
Your invoice is attached. Please remit payment at your earliest convenience.
Thank you for your business - we appreciate it very much.

BALANCE DUE

\$12,060.00

Sincerely,
AG-FAB, LLC.



RECLA METALS LLLP
136 S. Maple Ave.
Montrose, CO 81401
(970) 249-7922

Rusty Roof - Structural Steel - Metal Recycling Task 3

Date	Invoice #
4/8/2022	19255

BILL TO:
CASH CUSTOMER - COD ONLY

SHIP TO:
MONTROSE YARD

PO #			Terms	Rep	Phone #	Cash Customer Name			
			COD	LS	719-207-1443	Hannah Cranor			
Loc	Item	Ordered	Description		SO #	Backord...	Shipped	Price Each	Amount
	SP11gST	100	2ea 60x120		8790	0	100	7.31	731.00T
	11g	100	11g Steel Plate (sheet price)		8790	0	100	1.65	165.00T
	A2-2x1/8	100	2" x 2" x 1/8" Equal Leg Angle (5' minimum - 20' stock)		8790	0	20	41.27	825.40T
	CMP36	20	36" Corrugated Metal Pipe		8790	0	20	11.69	233.80T
	CMP6	20	6" Corrugated Metal Pipe		8790	0	20		166.77
			21-0011 Montrose City 8.53% State, PSI, Mont Cnty & City Sales Tax						

AG-FAB, LLC.
6648 5825 RD
OLATHE, CO 81425
970-209-9295
agfabllc@gmail.com

Task 4

INVOICE

BILL TO
Jesse Kruthaupt
Trout Unlimited

INVOICE # 19045
DATE 06/28/2022
DUE DATE 07/28/2022
TERMS Net 30

ACTIVITY	QTY	RATE	AMOUNT
24" PARSHALL FLUME			
Sales			
24" PARSHALL FLUME 14GA. GALV. STD	1	2,520.00	2,520.00T

A service Charge of 1.75% per month will be added to all overdue Accounts.
Your invoice is attached. Please remit payment at your earliest convenience.
Thank you for your business - we appreciate it very much.

Sincerely,
AG-FAB, LLC.

SUBTOTAL	2,520.00
TAX	117.18
TOTAL	2,637.18
BALANCE DUE	\$2,637.18

AG-FAB, LLC.
6648 5825 RD
OLATHE, CO 81425
970-209-9295
agfabllc@gmail.com

INVOICE

Task 4

BILL TO

Jesse Kruthaupt
Trout Unlimited INC.

INVOICE # 19167
DATE 10/19/2022
DUE DATE 11/18/2022
TERMS Net 30

ACTIVITY	QTY	RATE	AMOUNT
U TROUGH TRIP GATE STRUCTURES			
Sales	6	1,850.00	11,100.00
6' X 2' X 2' TRIP GATE STRUCTURE			
Sales	6	160.00	960.00
2' X 2' TRIP GATE ASSY. W/ RETAINERS			

A service Charge of 1.75% per month will be added to all overdue Accounts.
Your invoice is attached. Please remit payment at your earliest convenience.
Thank you for your business - we appreciate it very much.

BALANCE DUE

\$12,060.00

Sincerely,
AG-FAB, LLC.

Percival Dirtworks, LLC

922 W Gunnison Ave Unit 1
Gunnison, CO 81230 US
970-901-8279
treyp@percivaldirtworks.com

Task 4

INVOICE

BILL TO
Trout Unlimited

INVOICE 1063
DATE 05/03/2023
TERMS Net 30
DUE DATE 06/02/2023

DATE	SERVICE	DESCRIPTION	QTY	RATE	AMOUNT
	Installing Flume		1	1,760.00	1,760.00
Enter Backh Flume Installation					
BALANCE DUE					\$1,760.00

Percival Dirtworks, LLC

922 W Gunnison Ave Unit 1
Gunnison, CO 81230 US
970-801-8279
treypereival@outlook.com

Task 4

INVOICE

BILL TO
Trout Unlimited

INVOICE 1062
DATE 05/03/2023
TERMS Net 30
DUE DATE 06/02/2023

DATE	SERVICE	DESCRIPTION	QTY	RATE	AMOUNT
	Installing Control Structure		6	1,499.33	8,995.98

Grand Range Irrigation Control Structure

BALANCE DUE

\$8,995.98



RMD Powersports
922 West Gunnison Avenue
#3
Gunnison, CO 81230
(970) 707-4404
RockyMountainDyno@gmail.com
rmdpowersports.com

Invoice #2321

Created: 5/10/2023
Invoiced: 5/10/2023
Payment Term: On Receipt
Service Writer: Lane Kersting

Cranor Inc.
Home: (970) 641-2637
hannah@cranorcharolais.com

Headgate Fabrication				
	Description	Price	QTY	HRS Subtotal
1	1" ACME Thread	\$11.90	12	\$142.80
2	1" ACME Threaded Nut	\$7.84	4	\$31.36
3	1/4" Steel Plate 4x8	\$10.46	32	\$334.72
4	3"x3"x1/4" Equal Leg Angle (5' minimum)	\$4.90	30	\$147.00
5	3/8"x1" Hot Roll Flat	\$1.30	20	\$26.00
6	1/4"x3" Hot Roll Flat	\$2.62	20	\$52.40
7	2-1/2" x 2-1/2"x 1/4" Equal Leg Angle	\$3.79	5	\$18.95
8	Delivery	\$75.27	1	\$75.27
9	General			7 \$1,050.00
		Tax (8.9%): \$73.74		Total: \$1,952.24

Thank you for your business. The work is complete and your payment is due upon pickup of the vehicle. By taking possession of vehicle you are accepting full responsibility of vehicle and its current running condition along with the hazards associated with an Off Highway Vehicle. Please contact us promptly if you have any questions about anything we did.

Signature _____

Parts	\$828.50
Labor	\$1,050.00
Subtotal	\$1,878.50
Tax	\$73.74
Grand Total	\$1,952.24
Paid To Date	(\$0.00)

REMAINING BALANCE	\$1,952.24

Memorandum

Date: May 10, 2023

To: Hannah Cranor

From: Craig Ullmann, Applegate Group

Subject: Marshall No 1 Optimization Project Final Inspection

The purpose of this memo is to summarize our final inspection of the Marshall No 1 project that was installed this spring. The installations were inspected by Craig Ullmann, P.E., on May 4, 2023.

Inspected Work

The ditch and banks on either side had been cleared of willows and other shrubs and trees including several hundred feet down the ditch. The old wooden structure, culverts and gates had been removed and the new concrete structure in place. The structure had been built to the size, heights and elevations of the design plans. The structure was backfilled appropriately with dirt and gravel along with some large rocks as upstream and downstream bank stabilization and protection. The structure was oriented such that the flow in the bypass channel was aimed slightly towards the north bank without any riprap protection. In hindsight, Applegate could have been clearer with the exact orientation of the structure on the plans or helped the contractor stake the corners of the structure in the field. The ditch headgate had yet to be mounted and awaiting installation was the bridge and handrail for crossing over the structure and placing stop logs in the stoplog slot. The headgate had been built and was on site but had not been installed or tested.

There was some discussion with the representative of Gunnison River Ranch who owns the property. Several homeowners have expressed displeasure with the amount of vegetation clearing that was performed along the ditch banks as part of the process. We discussed that under Colorado law ditches have prescriptive easements that allow for them to use the width of area necessary to accomplish the proposed maintenance work. In this case the maintenance included excavating 40 plus years of sediment from the inlet channel. This work, along with the clearing of encroaching vegetation, required the use of a large excavator to access the canal banks. It appears that little soil disturbance was performed during this work and it is likely that the willows will recover and regrow immediately. It was agreed that the ditch owners would investigate potentially cleaning up some of the cleared vegetation and either hauling it offsite or to a burn pile located at an acceptable location to the landowner. Additional discussion revolved around the loop in the access road. Our site observations indicate that while it is evident that some construction traffic used the loop road, any damage from such access was limited to flattening of sage brush. No ruts or soil disturbance was observed and grass was already sprouting from the tire tracks through this area.

Recommendations

Overall, the working components of the project were installed according to plan. However, the following items should be addressed to finalize the project:

- Installation
 - Mount headgate according to plans
 - Install bridge and handrail according to plans
 - Provide rough sawn stop logs to fit the stop log slot in the structure

- Broadcast a native seed mix across the area that is appropriate for this area and elevation. Topsoil will likely contain a significant seed bank that will aid in restoration of the area as well.





1490 W. 121st Avenue, Suite 100
Denver, CO 80234

303-452-6611
www.applegategroup.com

823 Grand Avenue, Suite 120
Glenwood Springs, CO 81601

Beverly Richards

From: Hannah Cranor Kersting <hannah.kersting@outlook.com>
Sent: Wednesday, June 14, 2023 1:11 PM
To: Beverly Richards
Subject: Re: Marshall No 1 Reimbursement Request Questions

Percival Dirtworks! Thanks

Hannah

Sent from my iPhone

On Jun 14, 2023, at 12:54 PM, Beverly Richards <beverly@ugrwcd.org> wrote:

Will do, thanks! Should the check be made out to Trey Percival at Percival Dirtworks, LLC?

Bev

Beverly Richards
Office Manager/Water Resource Specialist II
Upper Gunnison River Water Conservancy District
210 West Spencer, Suite B
Gunnison, CO 81230
Office: 970-641-6065
Mobile: 970-209-0020

<image001.jpg>

PUBLIC RECORDS NOTICE: Under Title 24, Colorado Revised Statutes, this email and responses, unless otherwise made confidential by law, may be subject to the Colorado Open Records Act and may be subject to public inspection under § 24-72-203.

From: Hannah Cranor Kersting <hannah.kersting@outlook.com>
Sent: Wednesday, June 14, 2023 12:43 PM
To: Beverly Richards <beverly@ugrwcd.org>
Subject: Re: Marshall No 1 Reimbursement Request Questions

If you want to pay him directly that would be great! And the full amount we requested should go to him!

Thanks for all your help,
Hannah

Hannah Cranor Kersting

Upper Gunnison River Water Conservancy District

16305

Percival Dirtworks, LLC
Date Type Reference
5/31/2023 Bill

Original Amt.
28,638.03

Balance Due
28,638.03

6/14/2023
Discount
Check Amount

Payment
28,638.03
28,638.03

PAYMENT
RECORD

BOW Checking

UGRWCD Contract UG2022-014

28,638.03



10529



105291



Rev 6/21



Thank you, your one-time payment of \$1,145.00 has been submitted

Policy Number:	30035
Payment Amount:	\$1,145.00
Payment Method:	Checking *0999
Payment Date:	05/03/2023
Confirmation Code:	3431566

AUTIT ADJUSTMENT



Policy Number 30035
Invoice Date 04/03/2023
Invoice Number 21240963

Upper Gunnison River Water Conservancy D
210 West Spencer Avenue, Suite B
Gunnison, CO 81230

Billing Summary

Previous Balance	\$556.00
Payment(s) Received - Thank You	-\$556.00
Current Activity	\$1,702.00
see back for details	

Total Due By 04/24/2023 \$1,702.00*

* This bill paid via our EFT Program. We will be debiting your account for \$557.00 on 04/24. This does not pay \$1,145.00 please remit the amount with this coupon to avoid cancellation.

Thank you for being a Pinnacol Assurance customer since 1962.

Contact Information

Your agent is:
F&W Insurance
303-444-4666

Visit Pinnacol.com

To call Pinnacol directly:
800.873.7242

Pinnacol Assurance News

Sign up for Pinnacol's Policyholder Portal, a simple and secure way to manage your policy online. Say goodbye to postage stamps and opt into electronic invoices, make credit card or EFT payments, set up recurring payments, and more. To get started, visit Pinnacol.com and click SIGN IN on the top right side of the page. If you have any questions, call us at 303.361.4840.



Pinnacol Assurance
PO Box 561434
Denver, CO 80256-1434

Policy Number	30035
Invoice Number	21240963

Total Due By 04/24/2023 \$1,702.00*

* This bill paid via our EFT Program. We will be debiting your account for \$557.00 on 04/24. This does not pay \$1,145.00 please remit the amount with this coupon to avoid cancellation.

Go paperless. Access your invoice online 24/7 from the Quick Links section on Pinnacol.com.

003003500000 212409635 202304036 000000 0000005890002

Policy Information

Colorado Premium

Your Colorado estimated premium for the current period is \$4,521.

Colorado Billing Schedule

This is your 4th of 8 installment(s). Your next invoice is scheduled to bill on 05/03/2023 for the estimated amount of \$557.

Billing Summary Details

Previous Balance	\$556.00
Payment(s) Received - Thank You	-\$556.00
Current Activity	
Audit Premium	\$1,145.00
Premium Installment	\$557.00
Current Activity Total	\$1,702.00

Total Due By 04/24/2023 \$1,702.00*

* This bill paid via our EFT Program. We will be debiting your account for \$557.00 on 04/24. This does not pay \$1,145.00 please remit the amount with this coupon to avoid cancellation.



pinnacol.com

Moved? Please indicate the type of change when providing the new information below.

☐ Physical Address ☐ Mailing Address ☐ Both

Address _____

City _____ State _____ Zip _____

Business Phone _____ Ext. _____

Email _____

[\(/dashboard/\)](#)

[Contact us](#)

[Sign Out \(/auth/users/sign_out\)](#)

Upper Gunnison Ri... (Policy #30035)

[\(/dashboard/\)](#)

[Menu](#)

Transaction History

Select a Policy Period

01/01/2023 - 01/01/2024

Date 05/22/2023
Description Payment Received
Policy Period 01/01/2023
Check # 3597634

Warrant # —

Invoice # —

Invoice Date —

Due Date —

Amount \$-557.00

Date 05/03/2023

Description Premium Installment

Policy Period 01/01/2023

Check # —

Warrant # —

Invoice # 21281815

Invoice Date 05/03/2023

Due Date 05/23/2023

Amount \$557.00

PINNACOL
ASSURANCE
(WORKERS' COMP
INSURANCE)

AUTO PMT VIA
BOW CHECKING

Date Rec. 5-24-23 Addn. Ckd.
Mgr. Appr. SRL Amt. Appr. 5557-
Bd. Appr. Date Bd. Initials
Pd. Date 5-22-23 Ck# AUTO
Account(s) Housing & Insurance
Operating Expenses



Upper Gunnison River Water Conservancy
District
210 W. Spencer Ave
Suite B
Gunnison, CO 81230
United States

Invoice 202305_472
Date 31 May, 2023
Account C201008

Remittance should be mailed to:
RigNet, Inc.
P. O. BOX 941629
Houston, TX 77094
Phone: +1 281 674 0683
Email: ar@viasat.com

Airtime Period 1 May - 31 May 2023

Summary

Total Airtime and Fees this Period	USD	37.52
Total Amount This Invoice	USD	37.52

Terms: Net 30

Please include Invoice Number and Account Number with your payment

For Wire Transfers, please remit to:

Bank Name: Bank of America
Acct Name: RigNet, Inc.
Account No: 488025116355
SWIFT # BOFAUS3NABA
Routing # 026009593ABA
ACH# 111000025

Pay Online:

<https://www.rig.net/payment-center>

Date Rec. 6/6/23 Adm. Ckd. BAR
Mgr. Appr. SRC Amt. Appr. 37.52
Bd. Appr. Date 6/5/23 Bd. Initials WJL/JP
Pd. Date 6/15/23 Ck# 16307
Account(s) CLOUDSEEDING expenses

Non-operating

Summary per Product

Product	Charge Type	Amount (USD)

OrbCommIDP	Subscription Fee	33.00
OrbCommIDP	Airtime	2.57
OrbCommIDP	Other	1.95
Total for OrbCommIDP		37.52
Total charges (excl tax) for this invoice		37.52

Charges per Device / SIM Card

Device / SIM	Description		Service	Airtime	Total
01181782SKY6FEB	Monthly fee for New IDP 25K Plan	USD	33.00		33.00
01181782SKY6FEB	Monthly fee for Backoffice Subscription Fee - IP SCADA	USD	1.95		1.95
01181782SKY6FEB	Airtime in excess of bundle - IDP Msg	USD		2.57	2.57
	Total Airtime and Fees this Period	USD	34.95	2.57	37.52
Total Invoice Amount (see front page for specification)			USD		37.52

Call Details

Airtime Usage Period 01 May 2023 - 31 May 2023

Call Details per Device / SIM Card for this period

Date / Time	Service	Network	Destination Number	Volume	Price (USD)
01181782SKY6FEB ()					
01 May 2023 00:00:11	IDP Msg		01181782SKY6 FEB	195 Bytes	0.00
01 May 2023 00:00:40	IDP Msg			715 Bytes	0.00
02 May 2023 00:00:16	IDP Msg		01181782SKY6 FEB	195 Bytes	0.00
02 May 2023 00:01:18	IDP Msg			715 Bytes	0.00
03 May 2023 00:00:06	IDP Msg		01181782SKY6 FEB	210 Bytes	0.00
03 May 2023 00:01:04	IDP Msg			715 Bytes	0.00
04 May 2023 00:00:29	IDP Msg			715 Bytes	0.00
04 May 2023 12:00:04	IDP Msg		01181782SKY6 FEB	195 Bytes	0.00
05 May 2023 00:00:17	IDP Msg			715 Bytes	0.00
05 May 2023 11:59:59	IDP Msg		01181782SKY6 FEB	195 Bytes	0.00
06 May 2023 00:00:19	IDP Msg			715 Bytes	0.00
06 May 2023 12:00:24	IDP Msg		01181782SKY6 FEB	180 Bytes	0.00
07 May 2023 00:00:14	IDP Msg		01181782SKY6 FEB	195 Bytes	0.00
07 May 2023 00:00:42	IDP Msg			715 Bytes	0.00
08 May 2023 00:00:14	IDP Msg		01181782SKY6 FEB	195 Bytes	0.00
08 May 2023 00:00:43	IDP Msg			715 Bytes	0.00
09 May 2023 00:00:09	IDP Msg		01181782SKY6 FEB	195 Bytes	0.00
09 May 2023 00:00:38	IDP Msg			715 Bytes	0.00
10 May 2023 00:00:09	IDP Msg		01181782SKY6 FEB	195 Bytes	0.00
10 May 2023 00:00:39	IDP Msg			715 Bytes	0.00
11 May 2023 00:00:09	IDP Msg		01181782SKY6 FEB	210 Bytes	0.00
11 May 2023 00:00:39	IDP Msg			715 Bytes	0.00
12 May 2023 00:00:47	IDP Msg			715 Bytes	0.00
12 May 2023 11:59:59	IDP Msg		01181782SKY6 FEB	195 Bytes	0.00
13 May 2023 00:00:47	IDP Msg			715 Bytes	0.00

Date / Time	Service	Network	Destination Number	Volume	Price (USD)
13 May 2023 12:00:34	IDP Msg		01181782SKY6 FEB	180 Bytes	0.00
14 May 2023 00:00:19	IDP Msg		01181782SKY6 FEB	195 Bytes	0.00
14 May 2023 00:00:48	IDP Msg			715 Bytes	0.00
15 May 2023 00:00:09	IDP Msg		01181782SKY6 FEB	195 Bytes	0.00
15 May 2023 00:00:34	IDP Msg			715 Bytes	0.00
16 May 2023 00:00:14	IDP Msg		01181782SKY6 FEB	210 Bytes	0.00
16 May 2023 00:01:02	IDP Msg			715 Bytes	0.00
17 May 2023 00:00:54	IDP Msg			715 Bytes	0.00
17 May 2023 12:00:09	IDP Msg		01181782SKY6 FEB	195 Bytes	0.00
18 May 2023 00:00:49	IDP Msg			715 Bytes	0.00
18 May 2023 12:00:09	IDP Msg		01181782SKY6 FEB	195 Bytes	0.00
19 May 2023 00:01:04	IDP Msg			715 Bytes	0.00
19 May 2023 11:59:59	IDP Msg		01181782SKY6 FEB	195 Bytes	0.00
20 May 2023 00:00:23	IDP Msg			715 Bytes	0.00
20 May 2023 11:59:59	IDP Msg		01181782SKY6 FEB	195 Bytes	0.00
21 May 2023 00:00:54	IDP Msg			715 Bytes	0.00
21 May 2023 12:00:19	IDP Msg		01181782SKY6 FEB	180 Bytes	0.00
22 May 2023 00:00:09	IDP Msg		01181782SKY6 FEB	195 Bytes	0.00
22 May 2023 00:00:34	IDP Msg			715 Bytes	0.00
23 May 2023 00:00:04	IDP Msg		01181782SKY6 FEB	195 Bytes	0.00
23 May 2023 00:00:32	IDP Msg			715 Bytes	0.00
24 May 2023 00:00:09	IDP Msg		01181782SKY6 FEB	195 Bytes	0.00
24 May 2023 00:00:57	IDP Msg			715 Bytes	0.00
25 May 2023 00:00:04	IDP Msg		01181782SKY6 FEB	210 Bytes	0.00
25 May 2023 00:00:49	IDP Msg			715 Bytes	0.00
26 May 2023 00:00:40	IDP Msg			715 Bytes	0.00
26 May 2023 12:00:04	IDP Msg		01181782SKY6 FEB	195 Bytes	0.00
27 May 2023 00:00:47	IDP Msg			715 Bytes	0.00
27 May 2023 12:00:14	IDP Msg		01181782SKY6 FEB	180 Bytes	0.00
28 May 2023 00:00:14	IDP Msg		01181782SKY6 FEB	195 Bytes	0.00

Date / Time	Service	Network	Destination Number	Volume	Price (USD)
28 May 2023 00:00:43	IDP Msg			715 Bytes	0.38
29 May 2023 00:00:14	IDP Msg		01181782SKY6 FEB	195 Bytes	0.16
29 May 2023 00:01:15	IDP Msg			715 Bytes	0.57
30 May 2023 00:00:04	IDP Msg		01181782SKY6 FEB	195 Bytes	0.16
30 May 2023 00:00:34	IDP Msg			715 Bytes	0.57
31 May 2023 00:00:04	IDP Msg		01181782SKY6 FEB	195 Bytes	0.16
31 May 2023 00:00:29	IDP Msg			715 Bytes	0.57
Total for 01181782SKY6FEB ()		28.21 kB	0:00 Min 0 Msg	USD	2.57

Silver World Publishing

Lake City CO 81235

Date	Invoice #
6/1/23	25791

Bill To
Upper Gunnison River Water Conservancy District 210 West Spencer, Suite B Gunnison, CO 81230

**TO ENSURE PROPER CREDIT TO
YOUR ACCOUNT
PLEASE REMIT AD PAYMENTS TO
PO BOX 1044, LAKE CITY, CO 81235**

Terms
DUE WITHIN 30 DAYS

Description	Amount
May 5 Water Report pg 8 ✓	20.00
May 12 Legal Meeting Notice pg 7 ✓	17.60
May 12 Legal Proposed Budget pg 7 ✓	22.00
May 12 Water Report pg 8 ✓	20.00
May 19 Water Report pg 8 ✓	20.00
May 26 Water Report pg 12 ✓	20.00
<i>all confirmed</i> Date Rec. <u>6/5/23</u> Adm. Ckd. <u>BAR</u> Mgr. Appr. <u>SRC</u> Aml. Appr. <u>2119.60</u> Bd. Appr. Date <u>6/15/23</u> Bd. Initials <u>WJP</u> Pd. Date <u>6/15/23</u> Ck# <u>116805</u> Account(s): <u>Legal Publication - \$39.60</u> <u>Public Outreach - Advertising - \$80.00</u>	
Thank you for advertising with us!	Total \$119.60
DELINQUENT ACCOUNTS SUBJECT TO LATE CHARGES.	Payments/Credits \$0.00
	Balance Due \$119.60

Questions? Please call the Silver World office at 970.944.2515 or Cindy Young at 970.944.0249.

Payments should be mailed to PO Box 1044, Lake City CO 81235.

RE: Sue Uerling Payments

Sonja Chavez

Wed 6/14/2023 1:18 PM

To: Accounting <accounting@ugrwcd.org>

Cc: Beverly Richards <beverly@ugrwcd.org>

Alisha,

The \$600 bonus is approved for Sue Uerling as is the \$60 reimbursement for her cell phone use for District business (\$10/month for the period July – December).

Sonja Chavez, General Manager
Upper Gunnison River Water Conservancy District
210 West Spencer Avenue, Suite B
Gunnison, Colorado 81230
Office: 970-641-6065
Mobile: 970-596-4066
Website: www.ugrwcd.org



Date Rec. 06/14/23 Adm. Ckd. _____
Mgr. Appr. SRL Amt. Appr. \$60 _____
Bd. Appr. Date 06/15/23 Bd. Initials JP _____
Pd. Date 6/14/23 Ck# 16389 _____
Account(s) Operating - Telephone

PUBLIC RECORDS NOTICE: Under Title 24, Colorado Revised Statutes, this email and responses, unless otherwise made confidential by law, may be subject to the Colorado Open Records Act and may be subject to public inspection under § 24-72-203.

From: Beverly Richards <beverly@ugrwcd.org>
Sent: Wednesday, June 14, 2023 1:14 PM
To: Sonja Chavez <schavez@ugrwcd.org>
Subject: FW: Sue Uerling Payments

This is what I sent this morning, but obviously to the wrong email.

Bev

Beverly Richards
Office Manager/Water Resource Specialist II
Upper Gunnison River Water Conservancy District
210 West Spencer, Suite B
Gunnison, CO 81230
Office: 970-641-6065
Mobile: 970-209-0020

Sunshine Creatives

CONTENT CREATION

Approved for payment - SC
5/3/2023. Charge to CWCB
PEPO PO#2023-2489

GUNNISON BASIN ROUNDTABLE

Upper Gunnison River Water Conservancy District
210 West Spencer Avenue, Suite B
Gunnison, Colorado 81230

PEPO COORDINATOR APRIL 2023

Invoice Date: 5/2/2023

SERVICE	PRICE	QTY	TOTAL
Website/social media management	\$45/hour	3.2	\$144.00
Water Education Grant / Grant Management + Reporting / Meeting Reporting	\$45/hour	8.3	\$373.50
Digital Newsletter	\$45/hour	5.46	\$245.70
Newspaper Campaign	\$45/hour	15	\$675.00

Date Rec. 5-3-23 Adm. Ckd. _____
Mgr. Appr. _____ Amt. Appr. _____
Bd. Appr. Date _____ Bd. Initials _____
Pd. Date _____ Ck# _____
Account(s) CWCB PEPO PO # 2023-2489

SUBTOTAL \$1,438.20
TOTAL \$1,438.20

PAYMENT INFORMATION

Please mail check to:
Savannah Nelson
1938 N 2nd St
Milwaukee, WI 53212

Thanks!

sunshinecreativesllc@gmail.com

Sunshine Creatives

CONTENT CREATION

Approved for payment - BAR
6/5/2023. Charge to CWCB
PEPO PO#2023-2489

GUNNISON BASIN ROUNDTABLE

Upper Gunnison River Water Conservancy District
210 West Spencer Avenue, Suite B
Gunnison, Colorado 81230

PEPO COORDINATOR MAY 2023

Invoice Date: 6/2/2023

SERVICE	PRICE	QTY	TOTAL
Website/social media management	\$45/hour	3.2	\$144.00
Water Education Grant / Grant Management + Reporting / Meeting Reporting	\$45/hour	8.3	\$373.50
Digital Newsletter	\$45/hour	5.46	\$245.70
Newspaper Campaign	\$45/hour	15	\$675.00

Date Rec. 6/5/23 Adm. Ck. KAR
Mgr. Appr. SRG Amt. Appr. \$1,438.20
Bd. Appr. Date 6/15/23 Bd. Initials WNP
Pd. Date 6/15/23 Ck# 16310
Account(s) CWCB PO# 2023-2489
PEPO

SUBTOTAL \$1,438.20
TOTAL \$1,438.20

PAYMENT INFORMATION

Please mail check to:
Savannah Nelson
1938 N 2nd St
Milwaukee, WI 53212

Thanks!

sunshinecreativesllc@gmail.com

THE PAPER-CLIP, LLC
P. O. BOX 716
107 N. WISCONSIN
GUNNISON CO 81230
970-641-1107

210 W. SPENCER AVE STE B PHONE 970-641-6065
GUNNISON CO 81230 PAGE 1

INVOICE #	DATE	REMARKS	CHECK/PO	AMOUNT	RUN. BALANCE
LAST PAYMENT APPLIED ON 05/09/23			CHECK #16239	FOR \$	389.85
1	05/09/23	PAYMENT	16239	-10.00	-10.00
1974052-0	05/04/23	INVOICE	MAX	85.19	75.19
1974068-0	05/05/23	INVOICE	MAX	28.24	103.43
1974140-0	05/08/23	INVOICE	SUE	219.65	323.08
1974224-0	05/08/23	INVOICE	MAX	11.97	335.05
1974485-0	05/11/23	INVOICE	SUE	11.28	346.33
1974562-0	05/15/23	INVOICE	SUE	26.85	373.18
1974738-0	05/16/23	INVOICE	SUE	21.18	394.36
1975531-0	05/30/23	INVOICE	SUE	31.16	425.52
Date Rec. <u>6/1/23</u> Adm. Ckd. <u>BAR</u> Mgr. Appr. <u>SRC</u> Amt. Appr. <u>\$425.52</u> Bd. Appr. Date <u>6/1/23</u> Bd. Initials <u>WMA</u> JP Pd. Date <u>① 6/1/23</u> Cldt <u>10.3/11</u> Account(s) <u>② WEI MEADOWS - \$125.40</u> <u>(WMA Coord Discretionary \$202</u> <u>Office Supply \$310.12)</u>					
WE APPRECIATE YOUR PROMPT PAYMENT					
1 TO 30		31 TO 60		61 TO 90	
=====		=====		=====	
425.52		.00		.00	
				OVER 90	TOTAL DUE
				=====	=====
				.00	425.52
Includes \$100 CL					



For Max

Date

Invoice Number

05/04/23

1974052-0

Invoice

CUSTOMER # UPPGUN DEPT
BILLING ADDRESS
UPPER GUNNISON RIVER WATER D.

210 W. SPENCER AVE STE B
GUNNISON CO 81230

CHARGE
INVOICE
ROUTE # GU

SALESMAN CBA TIME 14:57:15
WRITER DML PAGE 1
PHONE 970-641-6065
PO #MAX

SHIPPING ADDRESS
UPPER GUNNISON RIVER WATER D.

210 W. SPENCER AVE STE B
GUNNISON CO 81230

ITEM NUMBER	CO. DESCRIPTION	ORDER QTY	BACK QTY	SHIP QTY	UN	D	NET PRICE	EXTENDED PRICE
78520	BSN COVER, REPORT, CLRVW, 25PK	14		14	EA	S	2.992	41.89
46001	MEA MEMO BOOK, 6X3.5	1		1	EA	N	9.790	9.79
46534	MEA BOOK, MEMRF, 6X4, 6HK, 80CT	1		1	EA	*	2.730	2.73
45644	MEA BOOK, MEMO, SIDE, 4X6, AST	2		2	EA	C	1.890	3.78
41029	BAU LARGE CARRY BINER DISPL	1		1	EA	N	4.090	4.09
31021	PIL PEN, GEL, G2, FINE, BLUE	1		1	DZ	*	22.910	22.91

received
5/4/23

West Meadows

Remit To: The Paper-Clip. LLC

Mailing: P.O. Box 716 Gunnison, CO 81230

Phone 970-641-1107 Fax 970-641-6373

SUB-TOTAL 85.19

TOTAL 85.19

NET 30 DAYS Charge for Past Due Amounts 2% Per Month



Max

Date

Invoice Number

05/05/23

1974068-0

Invoice

CUSTOMER # UPPGUN DEPT
BILLING ADDRESS
UPPER GUNNISON RIVER WATER D.
210 W. SPENCER AVE STE B
GUNNISON CO 81230

CHARGE
INVOICE
ROUTE # GU

SALESMAN CBA TIME 06:33:18
WRITER DML PAGE 1
PHONE 970-641-6065
PO #MAX

SHIPPING ADDRESS
UPPER GUNNISON RIVER WATER D.
210 W. SPENCER AVE STE B
GUNNISON CO 81230

ITEM NUMBER	CO. DESCRIPTION	ORDER QTY	BACK QTY	SHIP QTY	UN	D T	NET PRICE	EXTENDED PRICE
72392	DELIVER KMW MOUSE, WIRELESS, 3-BUTTON	1		1	EA	S	28.244	28.24

(Test Mendoros)

Remit To: The Paper-Clip. LLC

Mailing: P.O. Box 716 Gunnison, CO 81230

Phone 970-641-1107 Fax 970-641-6373

SUB-TOTAL 28.24

TOTAL 28.24

NET 30 DAYS Charge for Past Due Amounts 2% Per Month



Date

Invoice Number

05/06/23

1974140-0

Invoice

CUSTOMER # UPPGUN DEPT
BILLING ADDRESS
UPPER GUNNISON RIVER WATER D.
210 W. SPENCER AVE STE B
GUNNISON CO 81230

CHARGE
INVOICE
ROUTE # GU

SALESMAN CBA TIME 17:28:41
WRITER CCU PAGE 1
PHONE 970-641-6065
PO #SUE

SHIPPING ADDRESS
UPPER GUNNISON RIVER WATER D.
210 W. SPENCER AVE STE B
GUNNISON CO 81230

ITEM NUMBER	CO. DESCRIPTION	ORDER QTY	BACK QTY	SHIP QTY	UN	D T	NET PRICE	EXTENDED PRICE
DELIVER								
21272CT	KCC TISSUE, FACIAL, NATURALS,	1		1	CT	N	89.950	89.95
22200	GJO TOWEL, HRDWND, 7-7/8X350,	1		1	CT	N	39.950	39.95
24080	GJO TOWEL, ROLL, HSHOLD, 160SH	1		1	CT	S	40.803	40.80
2510012	GJO TISSUE, JMB, 1000, WH	1		1	CT	N	48.950	48.95

received
5/6/23

Bathroom/Kitchen
Products

Remit To: The Paper-Clip. LLC

Mailing: P.O. Box 716 Gunnison, CO 81230

Phone 970-641-1107 Fax 970-641-6373

SUB-TOTAL 219.65

TOTAL 219.65

NET 30 DAYS Charge for Past Due Amounts 2% Per Month



May

Date

Invoice Number

05/08/23

1974224-0

Invoice

CUSTOMER # UPPGUN DEPT
BILLING ADDRESS
UPPER GUNNISON RIVER WATER D.
210 W. SPENCER AVE STE B
GUNNISON CO 81230

CHARGE
INVOICE
ROUTE # GU

SALESMAN CBA TIME 15:20:30
WRITER CCU PAGE 1
PHONE 970-641-6065
PO #MAX

SHIPPING ADDRESS
UPPER GUNNISON RIVER WATER D.
210 W. SPENCER AVE STE B
GUNNISON CO 81230

ITEM NUMBER	CO. DESCRIPTION	ORDER QTY	BACK QTY	SHIP QTY	UN	D T	NET PRICE	EXTENDED PRICE
	DELIVER							
78520	BSN COVER, REPORT, CLRVW, 25PK	4		4	EA	S	2.992	11.97

Received
5/8/23

(Not Headed)

Remit To: The Paper-Clip. LLC

Mailing: P.O. Box 716 Gunnison, CO 81230

Phone 970-641-1107 Fax 970-641-6373

SUB-TOTAL 11.97

TOTAL 11.97

NET 30 DAYS Charge for Past Due Amounts 2% Per Month



Date

Invoice Number

05/11/23

1974485-0

Invoice

CUSTOMER # UPPGUN DEPT
BILLING ADDRESS
UPPER GUNNISON RIVER WATER D.

210 W. SPENCER AVE STE B
GUNNISON CO 81230

CHARGE
INVOICE
ROUTE # GU

SALESMAN CBA TIME 15:29:23
WRITER CCU PAGE 1
PHONE 970-641-6065
PO #SUE

SHIPPING ADDRESS
UPPER GUNNISON RIVER WATER D.

210 W. SPENCER AVE STE B
GUNNISON CO 81230

ITEM NUMBER	CO. DESCRIPTION	ORDER QTY	BACK QTY	SHIP QTY	UN	D T	NET PRICE	EXTENDED PRICE
	DELIVER							
01183	BSN DIVIDER, LEATHER TABS, MT	2		2	ST	*	5.640	11.28

Divider
Invs
for Board
Book
sh

received
5/11/23

ffice products)

Remit To: The Paper-Clip. LLC

Mailing: P.O. Box 716 Gunnison, CO 81230

Phone 970-641-1107 Fax 970-641-6373

SUB-TOTAL 11.28

TOTAL 11.28

NET 30 DAYS Charge for Past Due Amounts 2% Per Month



Date

Invoice Number

05/13/23

1974562-0

Invoice

CUSTOMER # UPPGUN DEPT
BILLING ADDRESS
UPPER GUNNISON RIVER WATER D.

210 W. SPENCER AVE STE B
GUNNISON CO 81230

CHARGE
INVOICE
ROUTE # GU

SALESMAN CBA TIME 08:49:46
WRITER CCU PAGE 1
PHONE 970-641-6065
PO #SUE

SHIPPING ADDRESS
UPPER GUNNISON RIVER WATER D.

210 W. SPENCER AVE STE B
GUNNISON CO 81230

ITEM NUMBER	CO. DESCRIPTION	ORDER QTY	BACK QTY	SHIP QTY	UN	D T	NET PRICE	EXTENDED PRICE
	DELIVER							
10215	GJO CUP, COMPOSTABLE, 12OZ	3		3	PK	N	8.950	26.85

received
5/13/23

Cups for office

Remit To: The Paper-Clip. LLC

Mailing: P.O. Box 716 Gunnison, CO 81230

Phone 970-641-1107 Fax 970-641-6373

SUB-TOTAL 26.85

TOTAL 26.85

NET 30 DAYS Charge for Past Due Amounts 2% Per Month



Date

Invoice Number

05/16/23

1974738-0

Invoice

CUSTOMER # UPPGUN DEPT
BILLING ADDRESS
UPPER GUNNISON RIVER WATER D.
210 W. SPENCER AVE STE B
GUNNISON CO 81230

CHARGE
INVOICE
ROUTE # GU

SALESMAN CBA TIME 15:36:08
WRITER CCU PAGE 1
PHONE 970-641-6065
PO #SUE

SHIPPING ADDRESS
UPPER GUNNISON RIVER WATER D.
210 W. SPENCER AVE STE B
GUNNISON CO 81230

ITEM NUMBER	CO. DESCRIPTION	ORDER QTY	BACK QTY	SHIP QTY	UN	D T	NET PRICE	EXTENDED PRICE
	DELIVER							
OFP1120	SNA PAPER,MP,20#,96BR,WHT	4		4	RM	N	5.295	21.18

Copy Paper
for office
use

Received
5/16/23

Remit To: The Paper-Clip. LLC

Mailing: P.O. Box 716 Gunnison, CO 81230

Phone 970-641-1107 Fax 970-641-6373

NET 30 DAYS Charge for Past Due Amounts 2% Per Month

SUB-TOTAL 21.18

TOTAL 21.18



Date

Invoice Number

05/30/23

1975531-0

Invoice

CUSTOMER # UPPGUN DEPT
BILLING ADDRESS
UPPER GUNNISON RIVER WATER D.

210 W. SPENCER AVE STE B
GUNNISON CO 81230

CHARGE
INVOICE
ROUTE # GU

SALESMAN CBA TIME 15:22:04
WRITER CCU PAGE 1
PHONE 970-641-6065
PO #SUE

SHIPPING ADDRESS
UPPER GUNNISON RIVER WATER D.

210 W. SPENCER AVE STE B
GUNNISON CO 81230

ITEM NUMBER	CO. DESCRIPTION	ORDER QTY	BACK QTY	SHIP QTY	UN	D T	NET PRICE	EXTENDED PRICE
	DELIVER							
02312	GJO LINER,LD,24X31,13 GAL, .	1		1	CT	C	31.160	31.16

received
05/31/2023

Trash liners for
office

Remit To: The Paper-Clip. LLC

Mailing: P.O. Box 716 Gunnison, CO 81230

Phone 970-641-1107 Fax 970-641-6373

SUB-TOTAL 31.16

TOTAL 31.16

NET 30 DAYS Charge for Past Due Amounts 2% Per Month

THOMAS N. STOEBER, P.C.

310 North Main Street
Gunnison, CO 81230

Phone: 970-641-3684
E-mail: tom@stoeber-cpa.com
Web: stoeber-cpa.com

Wednesday, May 31, 2023

Upper Gunnison River Water Conservancy
District
210 Spencer Ave Suite B
Gunnison, CO 81230

Invoice: 8005
Due Date: 05/31/2023
Amount: \$4,845.00

Date Rec. 06/12/23 Assn. Ck. BAR
Mgr. Appr. SRC Amt. Appr. \$4,845
Bd. Appr. Date 6/15/23 Bd. Initials JP
Pd. Date 6/15/23 Ck# 16312
Account(s) Audit / Account
Operating

For professional service rendered as follows:

Accounting Services**Bookkeeping**

		Amount
05/03/23	Pinnacol Assurance - Premium is paid via 8 monthly payments (EFT from the General Fund). I paid the Audit Adjustment of \$1145.00 on the Pinnacol Assurance website. Review emails for invoices to be paid. Pay all current invoices/bills for UGRWCD. Prepare paycheck for Alana Nichols dated May 3, 2023. Make corresponding federal payroll tax deposit and Colorado withholding deposit. Reconcile February & March 2023 GS&L Checking Statements for GRF. Reconcile February & March 2023 CBOC Checking Statements for LSCWAE. Key deposits into Spencer Ave Condo Association QB. This account has not been reconciled since 9/2022 so I have not reconciled it to date yet. Key Aspinall Water Sales deposits into UGRWCD QB. Reconcile UGRWCD Bank of the West Checking account dated April 30, 2023 (except for BOW CC Payment). Reconcile UGRWAE Bank of the West Checking Statement dated April 30, 2023. Scan/file UGRWAE Deposits for March/April 2023.	\$0.00
	Jackson, Alisha	
05/10/23	Complete BOW CC Allocation Spreadsheet and enter charges to Quickbooks. Attend Staff Meeting. Reconcile LSCWAE CBOC Checking Statement dated April 27, 2023. Provide LSCWAE income/expense information to Bev per her request. Reconcile GB&T Spencer Reserve Checking Statement dated April 28, 2023. Reconcile UGRWCD Colotrust Plus Account at April 30, 2023. Reconcile UGRWAE Colotrust Plus Account at April 30, 2023. Reconcile UGRWCD Colorust General Account at April 30, 2023. Pay UGRWCD Current Invoices. Prepare Board Reports for UGRWCD Board Meeting for month ending April 30, 2023. Prepare payroll for May 23, 2023. Make EFTPS payment, CDOR payment, 401(A) payment and 457 payment online. Pay current invoices for GRF.	\$0.00
	Jackson, Alisha	
05/10/23	Staff meeting to discuss accounting procedures and changes to increase efficiencies.	\$0.00
	Stoeber, Thomas	
05/11/23	Prepare Budget to Actual July 1, 2022 - June 30, 2023 Report for LSCWAE.	\$0.00
	Jackson, Alisha	
05/24/23	Review email inbox for invoices due and other correspondence. Pay current invoices for UGRWCD. Pay current invoices for Gunnison River Festival. Pay current invoices for Spencer Condo Assn. Reconcile Gunnison River Festival GS&L Checking Statement dated April 30, 2023.	\$0.00
	Jackson, Alisha	
5/31/2023	Monthly Contract Bookkeeping Fee	\$3,000.00

Special Project Work

05/24/23	Reconcile LPL investment accounts for the months February 2022 through May 2023. Included in this reconciliation was the reconciliation of the money market account and add/remove sold bonds and certificates of deposit. Clean up various balance sheet accounts and profit/loss accounts for the audit including reconciling various certificate of deposit accounts.	\$900.00
	Stoeber, Thomas	4.50

05/24/23 Preparation for Audit: Reconcile February 2022 - December 2022 LPL Financial Money Market Account Statements. Clean up duplicate/erroneous transactions from 2022, unreconcile/rereconcile BOW Checking Statements December 31, 2022 - April 30, 2023 after correcting 2022 transactions for audit. Journal Entries for 2022 "bill payments" with no associated invoices. Tie out 2022 Payroll Taxes for audit. Scan all 2022 quarterly payroll tax returns and year-end payroll forms for audit file. Reconcile GS&L CD 5011 at 10/31/22. Reconcile GS&L CD 9413 at 12/31/22. Reconcile CBC CD 1487 at 12/31/22. Reconcile CBC CD 6106 at 5/31/22. Journal entry for duplicate interest income posting in Mountain View Bank. Reconcile CBC Lake City CD 7668 at 12/31/22. Scan 2022 bank statements for audit file.

Jackson, Alisha

9.45

Total Professional Services

Billed Time & Expenses	\$4,845.00
Invoice Total	\$4,845.00
Beginning Balance	\$3,000.00
Invoices	\$4,845.00
Receipts	(3,000.00)
Amount Due	\$4,845.00

<u>Current</u>	<u>0 - 30</u>	<u>31 - 60</u>	<u>61 - 90</u>	<u>90 +</u>	<u>Total</u>
\$4,845.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$4,845.00

Please return this portion with payment.

ID: UPPERGUN
Upper Gunnison River Water Conservancy
District

Invoice: #
Date: 05/31/2023

Card Type:
Card #:



Exp Date:

Due Date: 05/31/2023
Amount Due:
Amount Enclosed:

\$4,845.00
\$



UNIVERSITY CORPORATION FOR ATMOSPHERIC RESEARCH
NATIONAL CENTER FOR ATMOSPHERIC RESEARCH

UCAR / NCAR / UOP

PO BOX 3000, Boulder, CO 80307-3000 U.S.A.

Phone (303) 497-2130 Fax (303) 497-8579 E-mail: ar@ucar.edu

INVOICE

Customer # C64161

Invoice # IN231369

Date: 05/03/2023

TO UPPER GUNNISON RIVER WATER CONSERVANCY DISTRICT
210 WEST SPENCER AVENUE
SUITE B
GUNNISON CO 81230

DESCRIPTION	AMOUNT
Salaries	247.87
Benefits	135.09
Computing Service Center	31.00
Overhead	217.91
Agreement No. 20220478 Expenses 4/1/2023 - 4/30/2023	
Date Rec. <u>5/3/23</u> Adm. Ck# Mgr. Appr. <u>SRC</u> Amt. Appr. <u>\$ 631.87</u> Bd. Appr. Date _____ Bd. Initials _____ Pd. Date _____ Ck# _____ Account(s) <u>CWEB po# 2023-2377</u> <u>Cloud Seeding Research</u>	
Terms are NET 30. Finance charges are 15% per annum for each 30 day Period, or portion thereof, that payment is overdue.	TOTAL AMOUNT DUE USD 631.87

Detach and return this portion with your payment

TID# 84-0412668

Invoice # IN231369

Date: 05/03/2023

Amount Enclosed: _____

To pay via check, please make payable to: University Corporation for Atmospheric Research PO Box 3000 Boulder CO 80307-3000 USA
To pay via ACH or Wire, please email ar@ucar.edu for bank information





Approved for Payment - BAR - 6/6/23.
Charge to CWCB PO# 2023-3158.

INVOICE

UNIVERSITY CORPORATION FOR ATMOSPHERIC RESEARCH
NATIONAL CENTER FOR ATMOSPHERIC RESEARCH

UCAR / NCAR / UOP

PO BOX 3000, Boulder, CO 80307-3000 U.S.A.

Phone (303) 497-2130 Fax (303) 497-8579 E-mail: ar@ucar.edu

Customer # C64161

Invoice # IN231590

Date: 06/05/2023

TO UPPER GUNNISON RIVER WATER CONSERVANCY DISTRICT
210 WEST SPENCER AVENUE
SUITE B
GUNNISON CO 81230

DESCRIPTION	AMOUNT
Salaries	6,333.00
Benefits	3,451.48
Computing Service Center	899.00
Overhead	5,567.36
Agreement No. 20230246 Expenses 5/1/2023 - 5/31/2023	
Date Rec. <u>6/6/23</u> Adm. Ck# <u>BAR</u> Mgr. Appr. <u>SRC</u> Amt. Appr. <u>16,250.84</u> Bd. Appr. Date <u>6/5/23</u> Bd. Initials <u>UPD JP</u> Pd. Date <u>6/15/23</u> Ck# <u>16313</u> Account(s) <u>CWCB/NCAR PO# 2023-3158</u>	
Terms are NET 30. Finance charges are 15% per annum for each 30 day Period, or portion thereof, that payment is overdue.	TOTAL AMOUNT DUE USD 16,250.84

Detach and return this portion with your payment

TID# 84-0412668

Invoice # IN231590

Date: 06/05/2023

Amount Enclosed: _____

To pay via check, please make payable to: University Corporation for Atmospheric Research PO Box 3000 Boulder CO 80307-3000 USA
To pay via ACH or Wire, please email ar@ucar.edu for bank information





PO BOX 489
NEWARK, NJ 07101-0489



UPPER GUNNISON RIVER WATER CON
210 W SPENCER AVE STE B
GUNNISON, CO 81230-2544

00000651
Q203

Account(s) _____
Pd. Date _____
Chk# _____
Bd. Appr. Date _____
Bd. Initials _____
Mgr. Appr. _____
Amt. Appr. _____
Date Rec. _____
Adm. Chk. _____

Date Rec. 5-16-23 Adm. Chk. _____
Mgr. Appr. SRC Amt. Appr. \$323.24
Bd. Appr. Date _____ Bd. Initials WPP
Pd. Date 5/24/23 Chk# AUTO
Account(s) Telephone
operating expenses

Manage Your Account	Account Number	Date Due
b2b.verizonwireless.com	971411598-00001	05/26/23
Change your address at http://sso.verizonenterprise.com	Invoice Number	9934072109

Quick Bill Summary

Apr 04 - May 03

Previous Balance (see back for details)	\$323.24
Payment - Thank You	-\$323.24
Balance Forward	\$0.00
Monthly Charges	\$319.96
Usage and Purchase Charges	
Voice	\$0.00
Messaging	\$0.00
Data	\$0.00
Surcharges and Other Charges & Credits	\$1.84
Taxes, Governmental Surcharges & Fees	\$1.44
Total Current Charges	\$323.24

Total Charges Due by May 26, 2023

\$323.24

Pay from phone

Pay on the Web

Questions:

#PMT (#768)

At b2b.verizonwireless.com

1.800.922.0204 or *611 from your phone



UPPER GUNNISON RIVER WATER CON
210 W SPENCER AVE STE B
GUNNISON, CO 81230-2544

Bill Date
Account Number
Invoice Number

May 03, 2023
971411598-00001
9934072109

Total Amount Due

Deducted from bank account on 05/28/23
DO NOT MAIL PAYMENT

\$323.24

PO BOX 660108
DALLAS, TX 75266-0108



99340721090109714115980000100000032324000000323244

Auto-pay

1/2

VISIONARY BROADBAND
P.O. BOX 2799
GILLETTE, WY 82717



VISIONARYTM
BROADBAND

Statement #

549994

Service Period

06-01-2023 to 06-30-2023

Statement Date

06-01-2023

Due Date

06-30-2023

Account Number

511716

Charges	\$115.01
Taxes / Fees	\$9.55
Credits	(\$0.00)
Payments Applied	(\$0.00)
Previous Balance	\$0.00
Total due by 06-30-2023	\$124.56

Date Rec. 6/1/23 Addn. Ckd. BAH
Mgr. Appr. SRC Amt. Appr. 6124.56
Bd. Appr. Date _____ Bd. Initials W/A
Pd. Date _____ Ck# _____
Account(s) Computer expense - Internet
Operating Expenses

✕

Please detach and return this portion with your payment
Pay Online at <https://myaccount.vcn.com>
Statement # 549994

Please make checks payable to Visionary Broadband

Due Date

06-30-2023

Amount Due

\$124.56



VISIONARYTM
BROADBAND

VISIONARY BROADBAND
P.O. BOX 2799
GILLETTE, WY 82717

Amount Enclosed

Auto pay scheduled for 06-15-2023

511716

**UPPER GUNNISON WATER
CONSERVANCY DISTRICT**
210 W SPENCER AVE STE B
GUNNISON, CO 81230

(888) 682-1884

<https://www.vcn.com/>



WATERSHED

SCIENCE + DESIGN

Approved for payment - BAR
6/14/23. Charge to WMP CWCB
PO#2023-3317

INVOICE

Watershed Science and Design
PO Box 19062
Boulder, Colorado 80308
United States

720-308-5505

BILL TO

Upper Gunnison River Watershed
Conservancy District
Beverly Richards

Date Rec. 6/14/23 Adm. Ckd. BAK
Mgr. Appr. SRC Amt. Appr. \$11,043.75
3rd Appr. Date 6/15/23 Bd. Initials. JP
Pd. Date 6/15/23 Ck# 16314
Account(s) WMP CWCB PO#2023 3317

Invoice Number: 340

Invoice Date: May 31, 2023

Payment Due: June 30, 2023

Amount Due (USD): \$11,043.75

Service	Hours	Rate	Amount
UGRWCD: Geo-Fluvial Phase 2 Task 1. Beaver, Willow, and Steuben Creek Watersheds Principal Engineer	3	\$165.00	\$495.00
UGRWCD: Geo-Fluvial Phase 2 Task 2. Lower Taylor River and Spring Creek Watersheds Principal Engineer	4	\$165.00	\$660.00
UGRWCD: Geo-Fluvial Phase 2 Task 5. Priority forested portions of the Upper Lake Fork and Cebolla Creek Watersheds Principal Engineer	3	\$165.00	\$495.00
UGRWCD: Geo-Fluvial Phase 2 Task 6: Quartz Creek major tributaries Principal Engineer	5	\$165.00	\$825.00
UGRWCD: Geo-Fluvial Phase 2 Task 7. Communication and Coordination Principal Engineer	9.5	\$165.00	\$1,567.50
UGRWCD: Geo-Fluvial Phase 2 Task 8. Grant and Project Technical Assistance Principal Engineer	4	\$165.00	\$660.00
UGRWCD: Geo-Fluvial Phase 2 Task 1. Beaver, Willow, and Steuben Creek Watersheds	15	\$120.00	\$1,800.00
UGRWCD: Geo-Fluvial Phase 2 Task 2. Lower Taylor River and Spring Creek Watersheds Project Scientist	10	\$120.00	\$1,200.00
UGRWCD: Geo-Fluvial Phase 2 Task 6: Quartz Creek major tributaries Project Scientist	20.25	\$165.00	\$3,341.25



WATERSHED
SCIENCE + DESIGN

INVOICE

Watershed Science and Design
PO Box 19062
Boulder, Colorado 80308
United States

720-308-5505

Total: \$11,043.75

Amount Due (USD): \$11,043.75

\$8,205,82

AGENDA ITEM 5

Election of Officers

AGENDA ITEM 6

Appointment of Financial Officers

Resolution 2023-04

I HEREBY CERTIFY that I am the duly elected and qualified Secretary of the Upper Gunnison River Water Conservancy District and the keeper of the records and seal of said District and the following is a true and correct copy of a resolution duly adopted at a regular meeting of the Board of Directors of said District held in accordance with the By- Laws of said District on the 26th day of June 2023.

"Whereas, on July 12, 1993, the Board of Directors of the Upper Gunnison River Water Conservancy District (The Board) designated Community Banks of Colorado - Gunnison, Community Banks of Colorado - Crested Butte, Gunnison Savings and Loan, Community First Banks (now Bank of the West), First National Bank of Lake City, now known as Community Banks of Colorado, and First National Banks of Colorado depositories of the District and that funds so deposited may be withdrawn upon a check, draft, note or order of the District; and

"Whereas, on August 23, 2004, the Board of Directors of the Upper Gunnison River Water Conservancy District (The Board) designated Gunnison Bank and Trust a depository of the District and that funds so deposited may be withdrawn upon a check, draft, note or order of the District; and

"Whereas, on May 22, 2006, the Board of Directors of the Upper Gunnison River Water Conservancy District (The Board) designated Colotrust a depository of the District and that funds so deposited may be withdrawn upon a check, draft, note or order of the District; and

"Whereas, on January 26, 2009, the Board of Directors of the Upper Gunnison River Water Conservancy District (The Board) designated Wells Fargo Bank, N.A. a depository of the District and that funds so deposited may be withdrawn upon a check, draft, note or order of the District; and

"Whereas, on May 18, 2009, the Board of Directors of the Upper Gunnison River Water Conservancy District (The Board) designated First National Bank of Paonia, Alpine Bank, Montrose Bank, First Southwest Bank, and First Colorado National Bank depositories of the District and that funds so deposited may be withdrawn upon a check, draft, note or order of the District; and

"Whereas, on January 19, 2015, the Board of Directors of the Upper Gunnison River Water Conservancy District (The Board) designated Sigma Financial Corporation (now LPL Financial) a depository of the District and that funds so deposited may be withdrawn upon a check, draft, note or order of the District; and

"Whereas, on July 12, 1993, the Board designated those persons authorized to sign and countersign checks, drafts, notes or orders for the payment of money in the same name of the District, and on subsequent dates has amended the list of designated persons; and

"Whereas, the Board desires to further amend the list of persons authorized to sign and countersign checks, drafts, notes or orders for the payment of money in the name of the District.

"Now, Therefore, Be It Resolved, that all the checks, drafts, notes, or orders drawn against the District's accounts with said Bank be signed by any two of the following:

NAME	TITLE
Michelle Pierce	Board President
Stacy McPhail	Board Vice President
John Perusek	Board Secretary
William Nesbitt	Board Treasurer
Sonja Chavez	General Manager

whose signatures shall be duly certified to said Bank, and that no checks, drafts, notes or orders drawn against said Bank shall be valid unless so signed.

"Be It Further Resolved, that said Bank is hereby authorized to honor and pay any checks, drafts, notes or orders so drawn, whether such checks, drafts, notes or orders be payable to the order of any such person signing and/or countersigning said checks, drafts, notes or orders, or any of such persons in their individual capacities or not, and whether such checks, drafts, notes or orders are deposited to the individual credit of the person so signing and/or countersigning said checks, drafts, notes or orders, or to the individual credit of any other officers or not. This resolution shall take effect June 27, 2022, and will continue in force until further written notification to said Bank.

In witness Whereof, the undersigned President and Secretary have caused the seal of said District to be hereto affixed this 26th day of June, 2023.

John Perusek, Secretary

Michelle Pierce, President

AGENDA ITEM 7

Re-authorization of Standing Committees

UPPER GUNNISON RIVER WATER CONSERVANCY DISTRICT

STANDING COMMITTEES

2022-23

Revised February 27, 2023

Education Committee: Chair – Vacant, Bill Nesbitt, Rosemary Carroll, Joellen Fonken, Stacy McPhail, Sonja Chavez, Beverly Richards, Sue Uerling

Executive Committee: Chair – Michelle Pierce – President; Stacy McPhail – Vice President; Bill Nesbitt – Treasurer; John Perusek – Secretary

Finance Committee: Chair - Bill Nesbitt, Rebie Hazard, Michelle Pierce, John Perusek, Sonja Chavez, Accountant

Grant Committee: Chair – Joellen Fonken, Rebie Hazard, Andy Spann, Rosemary Carroll, Julie Nania, Sonja Chavez, Beverly Richards, Cheryl Cwelich

Legislative Committee: Chair – Michelle Pierce, Rebie Hazard, Julie Nania, Andy Spann, John McClow, Sonja Chavez

Projects Committee: Bill Nesbitt, Rosemary Carroll, John Perusek, Don Sabrowski, John McClow, Sonja Chavez, Beverly Richards

Water Administration Committee: Joellen Fonken, Rebie Hazard, Andy Spann, Michelle Pierce, John McClow, Sonja Chavez

Watershed Management Planning Committee - Chair – Stacy McPhail, Rosemary Carroll, Julie Nania, John McClow, Sonja Chavez, Beverly Richards, Cheryl Cwelich

AGENDA ITEM 8

**Presentation by David Gardner and
Mike Rogers, City of Gunnison,
Water Treatment Plant Update**

AGENDA ITEM 9
DINNER BREAK
WITH BASIN WATER
SUPPLY UPDATE

MEMORANDUM

TO: UGRWCD Board Members

FROM: Beverly Richards, Water Resource Specialist

DATE: June 16, 2023

SUBJECT: Basin Water Supply Information

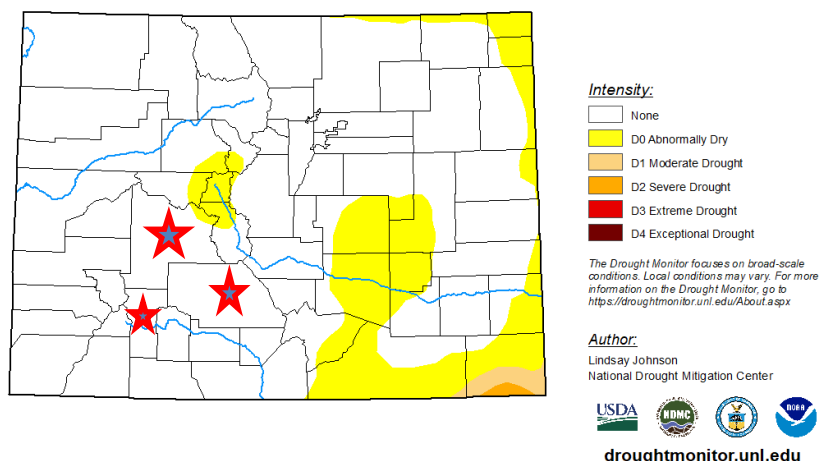
The information supplied as part of this memorandum is a monthly feature and includes information about drought, precipitation, snowpack information, streamflows, and reservoir storage.

Current Conditions – Drought and Precipitation

As shown on the map from the *US Drought Monitor* dated June 6, 2023, a large portion of the entire state of Colorado (83%) is now registering no drought conditions which is based upon short-term conditions. Many of the previous drought conditions have been alleviated due to precipitation in May and the early part of June. Hinsdale County remains at 100% in no drought conditions, and this has been ongoing since March 14th; a small portion of Gunnison County (4.21%) continues to indicate abnormally dry conditions. Saguache County is now recording 100% of the county with no drought conditions and this has been ongoing since May 23rd.

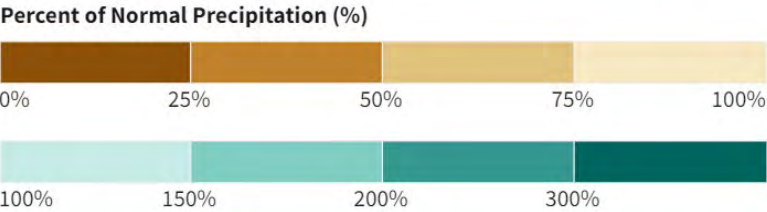
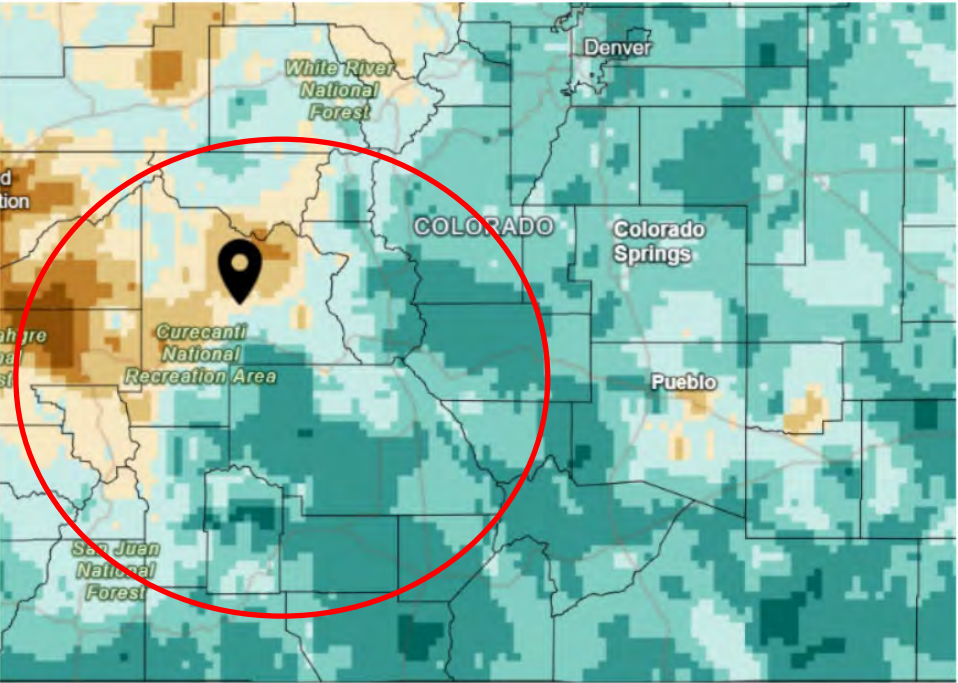
***U.S. Drought Monitor* Colorado**

June 6, 2023
(Released Thursday, Jun. 8, 2023)
Valid 8 a.m. EDT



Precipitation in the Upper Gunnison River Basin since May has remained steady for the most part in Hinsdale and Saguache Counties. Gunnison County has seen lower precipitation levels than in May, but this is fairly typical for the western slope for this time of year. As shown in the figure from the *US Drought Monitor* below dated June 10, 2023, precipitation amounts in the past 30 days have ranged from 25% to 300% (in a small area in Saguache County) in the three counties. This precipitation, particularly in Saguache County, has been responsible for the removal of drought condition in that county.

30-Day Percent of Normal Precipitation

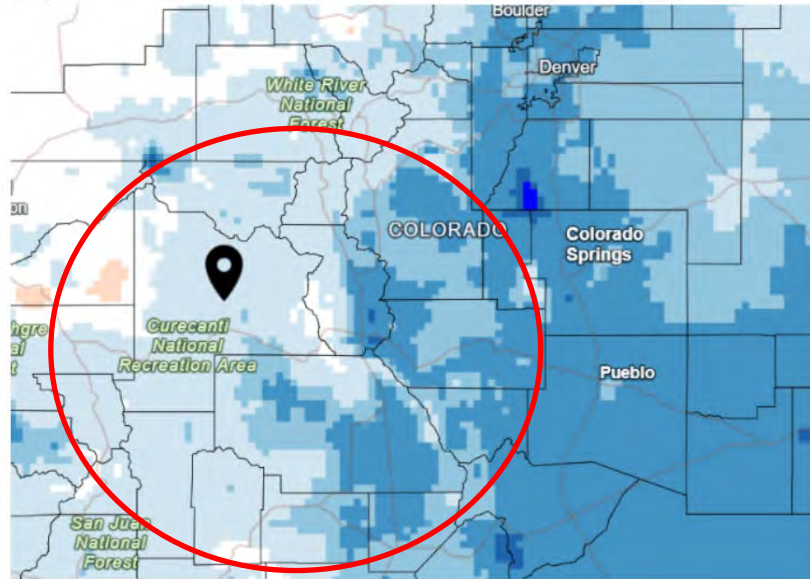


Source(s): UC Merced
Data Valid: 06/10/23

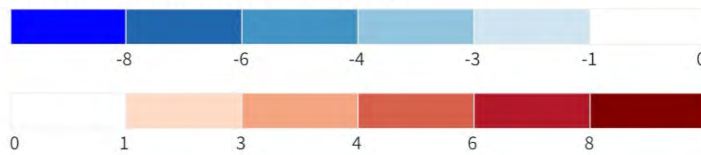
Drought.gov

Temperature amounts have remained on the colder side for the area. This is shown in the figure provided below dated June 10, 2023. This figure shows that temperatures for the past 30 days have ranged from -1 degree to -4 degrees below normal for this time of year. Forecasts are indicating that the timeframe of June, July, and August should have above normal temperatures, but this could change based upon weather patterns.

30-Day Departure from Normal Maximum Temperature (°F)



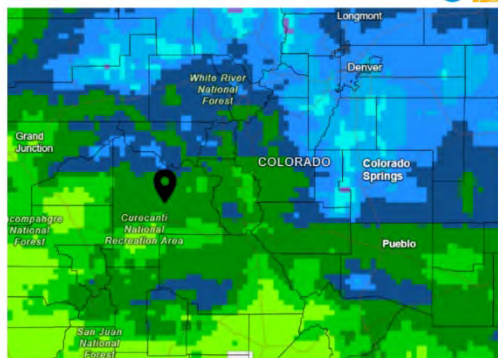
Departure from Normal Max Temperature (°F)



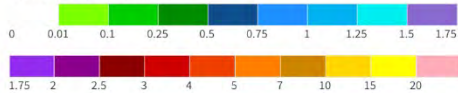
Source(s): UC Merced
Data Valid: 06/10/23

Drought.gov

7-Day Quantitative Precipitation Forecast



Predicted Inches of Precipitation



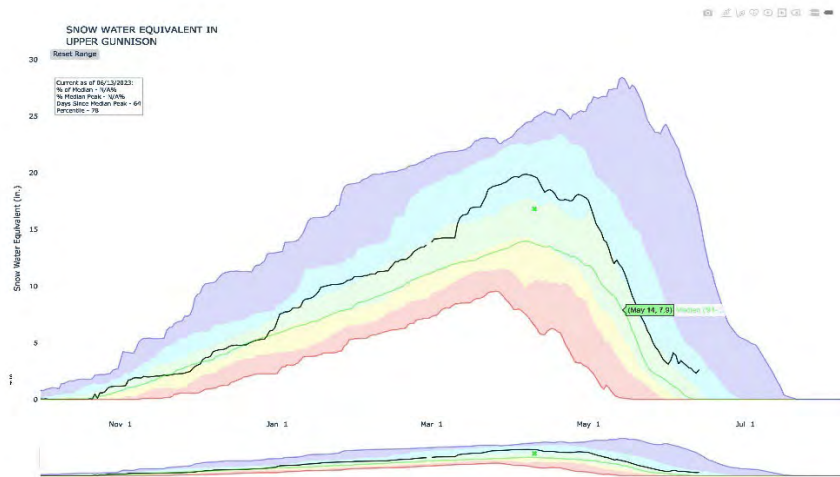
Source(s): National Weather Service Weather Prediction Center
Data Valid: 06/13/23

Drought.gov

The 7-day Quantitative Precipitation Forecast figure dated June 13, 2023, shows the precipitation forecast for the next seven days. This forecast indicates that the area could receive precipitation in the range of one-tenth of an inch to 1.0 inch in the northern part of Gunnison County and southern part of Saguache County.

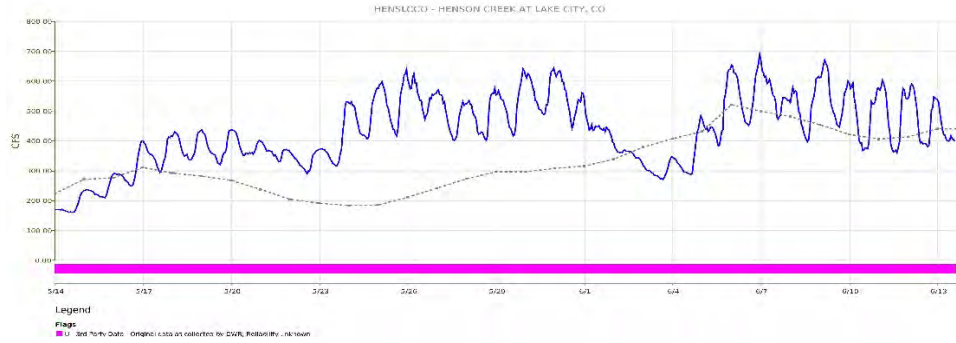
Snow Water Equivalent

As you can see from the *NRCS Snow Water Equivalent (SWE)* plot dated June 13, 2023, the snowmelt in the Upper Gunnison is almost complete with only 2.6 inches of snow water equivalent still recording at SNOTEL sites. However, this does not reflect the amount of snow that remains above the SNOTEL sites. Most of the remaining snow is above 11,000 feet in elevation.



Streamflow Information

Based on the SWE information provided above, most stream gages are reflecting that peak flows have already been reached. Based on information provided at the Emergency Management meeting on June 12th, the *National Weather Service* stated that while there may be an additional peak in streamflows particularly in the event of warming temperatures, the peak will likely not surpass the peak that has already occurred. The streamflow amounts have been quite variable due to cooler conditions, and this is reflected in the hydrograph provided below. The spikes in flow indicate warmer weather and the dips indicate a cool down.



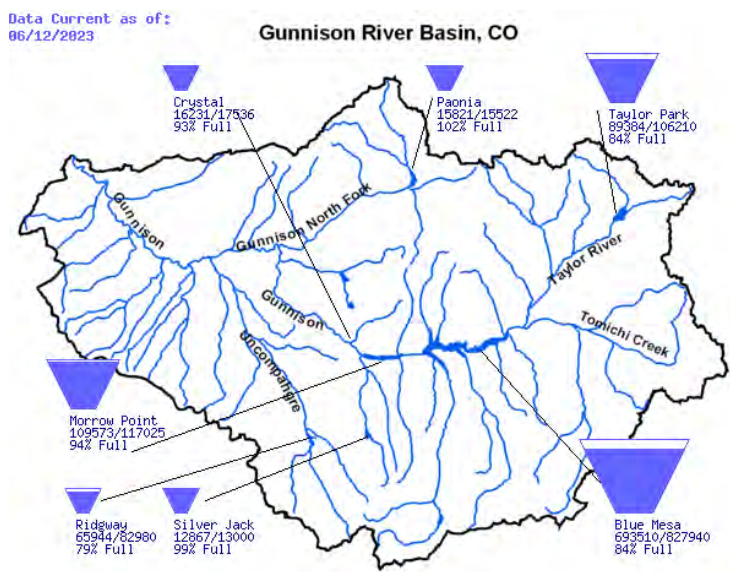
Streamflow information throughout the basin is provided in the table below. As shown, all sites are above historical average for June 13th except the Henson Creek site. As shown in the hydrograph above, there has been considerable fluctuation at this site and this could be from colder temperatures as well as precipitation in the form of rain. Also, as stated above, once we have a prolonged period of warmer weather, there could be an additional spike in streamflows but these are not forecasted to reach or surpass the peak amounts shown in the table.

Station Name	June 13 (cfs)	Historical Average June 13 (cfs)	Estimated Peak Streamflow Date	Peak Amount (cfs)
Gunnison River near Gunnison	2,720	2,574	5/18/23	3,400
Gunnison River at Gunnison Whitewater Park	2,640	2,073	5/19/23	3,460
Tomichi Creek at Sargent's	258	211	5/21/23	514
Tomichi Creek at Gunnison	702	675	5/26/23	889
Taylor River at Taylor Park	471	401	5/30/23	677
Taylor River blw Taylor Park Reservoir*	468	329	6/12/23	475
Taylor River at Almont	1,020	951	5/29/23	1,140
Slate River abv Baxter Gulch	810	596	5/19/23	1,200
Coal Creek abv McCormick Ditch	208	147	5/27/23	319
East River blw Cement Creek	1,500	1,248	5/21/23	2,330
East River at Almont	1,580	1,429	5/19/23	2,320
Ohio Creek near Baldwin	468	318	5/16/23	868
Lake Fork blw Lake San Cristobal	486	427	6/7/23	595
Henson Creek at Lake City	397	439	6/6/23	689
Lake Fork at Gateview	1,020	995	6/7/23	1,250

*This gage indicates releases out of Taylor Park Reservoir

Reservoir Storage and Operations

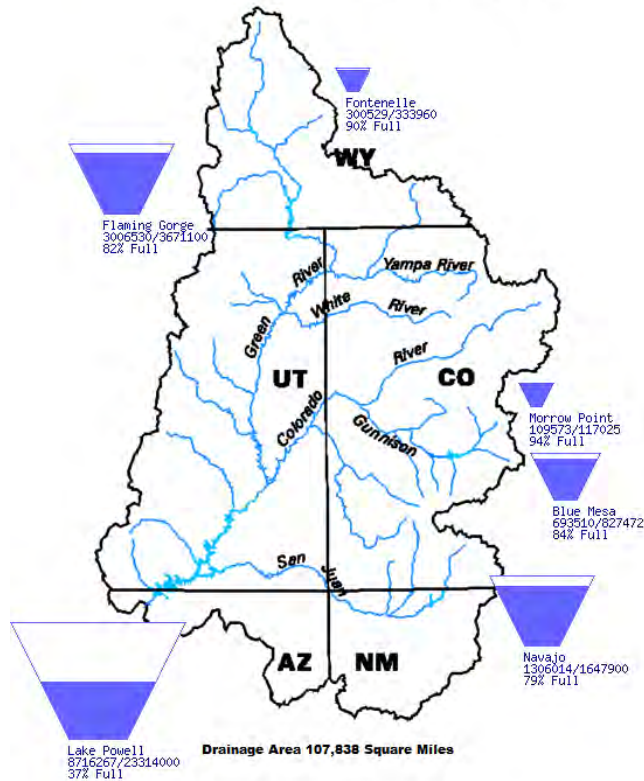
Reservoir storage in the entire Gunnison Basin is at 91% of full, which is an increase of 21% from last month's report and an increase of 7% from the June report in 2022. The reservoirs in the Upper Gunnison Basin including Taylor and Blue Mesa, are at 84% and 84%, respectively. The total for these two reservoirs is 84% of normal which is a 24% increase from the report given in June of 2022. This information is reflected in the tea-cup diagram below dated June 12th.



Reservoir storage in the Upper Colorado River Basin is now at 78% full. This is an 18% increase from last year at this time and is reflected in the tea-cup diagram below dated June 12th.

Data Current as of:
06/12/2023

Upper Colorado River Drainage Basin



Aspinall Unit Operations:

Per Erik Knight with the *US Bureau of Reclamation* and the *Aspinall Operations* webpage dated June 12, 2023, the June 1st forecast for the April – July unregulated inflow volume to Blue Mesa Reservoir is 845,000 acre-feet. This is 133% of the 30-year average. Blue Mesa Reservoir current content is 701,411 acre-feet which is 85% of full. The current elevation is 7504.83 feet.

High flows along tributaries downstream of the Aspinall Unit helped meet the Aspinall Unit Record of Decision (ROD) targets on the lower Gunnison River as measured at the Whitewater gage. Releases to meet ROD targets were lower than expected and with the increase in the runoff forecast there is now a need to increase releases from the Aspinall Unit.

A ramp up of releases from the Aspinall Unit will begin on Wednesday, June 21st, with the peak release being achieved by Tuesday, June 27th. The timing of the peak release will be coordinated with required spillway gate inspections at Morrow Point Dam. The full schedule of releases from Crystal Dam with estimated Gunnison River flows is shown in the table below.

Date	Crystal Release (cfs)	Approx Gunnison River below Tunnel (cfs)
6/20/2023	2000	1035
6/21/2023	2500	1550
6/22/2023	3000	2050
6/23/2023	3500	2550
6/24/2023	4100	3150
6/25/2023	5000	4050
6/26/2023	6100	5150
6/27/2023	7400	6450
6/28/2023	7400	6450
6/29/2023	6400	5450
6/30/2023	5600	4650
7/1/2023	4900	3950
7/2/2023	4300	3350
7/3/2023	3800	2850
7/4/2023	3400	2450
7/5/2023	3000	2050
7/6/2023	2600	1650
7/7/2023	2200	1250
7/8/2023	1800	850

The elevation in Blue Mesa has increased dramatically over the past month, 53% full on May 11th. As of June 13th, the reservoir content was 701,411 acre-feet, elevation 7504.83 feet. By the end of the water year, Blue Mesa content is projected to be about 675,000 with a corresponding elevation of approximately 7,502 feet. Based on these forecasts, Blue Mesa will end the water year at 82% of capacity.

Lake Powell Operations:

This information is provided by the *Glen Canyon Dam Operations* webpage and is dated May 15, 2023, but was updated to include end of month information.

Based on the May 2023 24-month study, the most probable projected inflow into Lake Powell is 11.3 million acre-feet (maf). This is for the period of April-July and is 177% of average. Based on these probable inflows, a balancing release of 9.16 maf is projected for WY23. However, the actual release from Lake Powell in WY23 will depend upon the actual hydrology and reservoir conditions in both Lake Powell and Lake Mead during the remainder of the water year. The unregulated inflow during May was 4.52 maf which is 218% of average. The end of May storage amount in Lake Powell was 7.89 maf which brings the reservoir up to 33% of live capacity.

AGENDA ITEM 10

Legal and Legislative Matters

Opinions of the Colorado Supreme Court are available to the public and can be accessed through the Judicial Branch's homepage at <http://www.courts.state.co.us>. Opinions are also posted on the Colorado Bar Association's homepage at <http://www.cobar.org>.

DATE FILED: June 5, 2023
CASE NUMBER: 2022SC119

ADVANCE SHEET HEADNOTE

June 5, 2023

2023 CO 31

No. 22SC119, *State v. Hill* – Standing – Declaratory Judgment.

The supreme court holds that an individual lacks standing to pursue a declaratory judgment “that a river segment was navigable for title at statehood and belongs to the State.” A declaratory judgment is procedural, not substantive, in nature. Accordingly, to demonstrate a legally protected interest to establish standing for a declaratory judgment, a party must assert a legal basis on which a claim for relief can be grounded. Here, the individual plaintiff has no legally protected right independent of the State’s alleged ownership of the riverbed onto which he can hook a declaratory judgment claim. His asserted legally protected interests rest on an antecedent question of whether the State owns the property at issue. Therefore, they cannot provide him with standing to pursue a declaratory judgment action.

The Supreme Court of the State of Colorado
2 East 14th Avenue • Denver, Colorado 80203

2023 CO 31

Supreme Court Case No. 22SC119
Certiorari to the Colorado Court of Appeals
Court of Appeals Case No. 20CA1780

Petitioner:

The State of Colorado,

v.

Respondent:

Roger Hill.

Judgment Reversed

en banc

June 5, 2023

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Kirk Holleyman, P.C.

Kirk B. Holleyman

Denver, Colorado

JUSTICE HART delivered the Opinion of the Court, in which **CHIEF JUSTICE BOATRIGHT, JUSTICE MÁRQUEZ, JUSTICE HOOD, JUSTICE GABRIEL, JUSTICE SAMOUR,** and **JUSTICE BERKENKOTTER** joined.

JUSTICE HART delivered the Opinion of the Court.

¶1 This dispute has produced hundreds of pages of briefing from the parties and amici involving extensive discussions of the public trust doctrine, the equal footing doctrine, and arguments around who is best positioned to determine legal policy on access to rivers. But those subjects are ultimately irrelevant to the issue before us. Rather, this case requires us to answer just one question: whether Roger Hill has a legally protected interest that affords him standing to pursue his claim for a declaratory judgment “that a river segment was navigable for title at statehood and belongs to the State.” He does not. Hill has no legally protected right independent of the State’s alleged ownership of the riverbed onto which he can hook his declaratory judgment claim. His asserted legally protected interests rest entirely on an antecedent question of whether the State owns the property at issue. Therefore, they cannot provide him with standing to pursue a declaratory judgment action.

I. Facts and Procedural History

¶2 As Hill explains in his First Amended Complaint, his favorite fishing hole is on a riverbed along the Arkansas River. The record owners of the land abutting the river are Mark Warsewa and Linda Joseph, who have a home overlooking the

fishing hole.¹ Hill alleges that for several years, he has repeatedly attempted to fish there and Warsewa and Joseph have chased him off the property, sometimes with force. Specifically, Hill alleges that they threatened to have him arrested for trespass, threw baseball-sized rocks at him, and shot a gun at his fishing buddy.

¶3 Hill asserts that the riverbed is not in fact owned by Warsewa and Joseph but instead is public land owned by the State of Colorado and held in trust for the people and he therefore has a legal right to fish there. He brought two claims against Warsewa and Joseph—the first for a declaratory judgment under C.R.C.P. 57 and the second to quiet title. This case was removed to federal court, where the State of Colorado intervened. The case was eventually remanded back to state court. In both the federal and state proceedings, the State argued that it alone may decide whether and when to pursue its property rights and that Hill does not have standing to bring these claims. The district court agreed with the State and dismissed the case for lack of standing.

¶4 Hill appealed this determination, arguing that the riverbed is public land as a matter of federal law. Specifically, he invoked the equal footing doctrine, which provides that each newly admitted state enters the Union on an “equal footing”

¹ Warsewa and Joseph are not parties to this appeal.

with the original thirteen states. *PPL Mont., LLC v. Montana*, 565 U.S. 576, 591 (2012); see generally *Pollard v. Hagan*, 44 U.S. 212 (1845). One of the rights included in this status is that, upon attaining statehood, a state “gains title within its borders to the beds of waters then navigable.” *PPL Mont.*, 565 U.S. at 591. The federal government, though, retains title to non-navigable riverbeds, and can grant such title to private landowners. *Id.*; see also *Hanlon v. Hobson*, 51 P. 433, 435 (Colo. 1897).

¶5 Title to the Warsewa and Joseph property can be traced back to a federal land grant. On appeal, Hill argued that the segment of the Arkansas River that traverses the subject property was navigable at statehood, and therefore title to the riverbed transferred to the State by operation of law when Colorado achieved statehood in 1876. Because the federal government did not own the riverbed, it could not have transferred its title to Warsewa and Joseph’s predecessors in interest. For these reasons, he argues, the riverbed belongs to the State, not Warsewa and Joseph, and Hill cannot be trespassing on their property.

¶6 A division of the court of appeals upheld the trial court’s dismissal of the quiet title claim, concluding that Hill cannot pursue the property rights of the State because he does not himself have any claim to title. *Hill v. Warsewa*, No. 20CA1780, ¶¶ 14–21 (Jan. 27, 2022). But the division resurrected Hill’s declaratory judgment claim as follows:

Hill argues that, because the river was navigable at statehood, the riverbed is public land owned by the State of Colorado. Thus, he, as

a member of the public, is not trespassing by wading on the riverbed. He therefore requests a declaratory judgment to that effect, as well as injunctive relief preventing [Warsewa and Joseph] from treating him as a trespasser. Here, unlike in the quiet title claim, Hill is alleging an interest that is his own – the right to wade and fish in the river at the location in question.²

Id. at ¶ 24. The division thus remanded the case for trial on the declaratory judgment claim.

¶7 The State petitioned this court for certiorari, as did Warsewa and Joseph. We granted only the State’s petition.³

II. Analysis

¶8 We review the court of appeals’ standing determination de novo. *Barber v. Ritter*, 196 P.3d 238, 245 (Colo. 2008).

¶9 To bring any claim, a party must demonstrate a sufficient connection to the case by pleading facts supporting standing—that is, that the plaintiff suffered (1) an injury in fact (2) to a legally protected interest. *Wimberly v. Ettenberg*, 570 P.2d 535, 539 (Colo. 1977). Here, the district court concluded that Hill had an

² The division also explained that Hill sought interpretation of section 18-4-504.5, C.R.S. (2022), the criminal trespass statute. *Hill*, ¶ 24. But this argument is not within the scope of the question on which we granted certiorari review, and so we do not consider it.

³ We granted certiorari to review the following issue:

1. Whether an individual has standing to seek a declaratory judgment that a river segment was navigable for title at statehood and belongs to the State.

injury in fact, and the parties did not appeal this conclusion. Accordingly, we consider only whether Hill's injury was to a legally protected interest.

¶10 An interest is legally protected for standing purposes if the party "has a claim for relief under the constitution, the common law, a statute, or a rule or regulation." *Ainscough v. Owens*, 90 P.3d 851, 856 (Colo. 2004). This requirement applies with full force to claims for declaratory judgment, *Farmers Ins. Exch. v. Dist. Ct.*, 862 P.2d 944, 947 (Colo. 1993), with some additional nuance. To establish standing, a party seeking a declaratory judgment must raise a claim that is based on an existing controversy, not speculation that a problem may arise in the future. *Bd. of Cnty. Comm'rs v. Bowen/Edwards Assocs., Inc.*, 830 P.2d 1045, 1053 (Colo. 1992). And importantly, a declaratory judgment is procedural, not substantive, in nature. So, although the Declaratory Judgment Act and C.R.C.P. 57 provide procedural mechanisms to recognize rights, they do not themselves confer or expand them. *See Farmers Ins.*, 862 P.2d at 947. Accordingly, to demonstrate a legally protected interest for a declaratory judgment, a party must "assert a legal basis on which a claim for relief can be grounded." *Id.*; accord *Wibby v. Boulder Cnty. Bd. of Cnty. Comm'rs*, 2016 COA 104, ¶ 33, 409 P.3d 516, 523 (collecting cases on this point).

¶11 Hill cannot satisfy this requirement. To conclude that Hill has a legally protected interest, we would need to assume that he will win on the merits of his underlying assertion that the State owns the disputed property. But standing "is

a threshold issue that must be satisfied in order to decide a case on the merits.”

Ainscough, 90 P.3d at 855.

¶12 Moreover, Hill’s trespass claim only exists contingent on an antecedent claim that is not his to pursue—that the State owns the riverbed. Hill’s First Amended Complaint lays this reality bare. In his claim for declaratory judgment, he states:

Plaintiff asserts that *the disputed portion of the bed of the Arkansas River is public land owned by the state of Colorado and held in trust for the people of Colorado* by virtue of it being navigable for title when Colorado became a state. Accordingly, he is not trespassing by wading in that portion of the River.

...

The bed of the Arkansas River at this location *is therefore public land owned by the state of Colorado in trust for the public* and Plaintiff is not trespassing by wading on the bed of the River.

Plaintiff requests a declaration from the Court that Defendants Warsewa and Joseph have no right to exclude Plaintiff Hill from wading in the Arkansas River at the subject location.

First Am. Compl., ¶¶ 61, 63–64 (emphases added). The explicit logic of these statements is that Warsewa and Joseph cannot exclude him from the property *because it is owned by the State and therefore public*. In this regard, Hill’s contention that he has standing because Warsewa and Joseph have thrown rocks at him and threatened him with prosecution is a red herring. Proof of the State’s ownership

of the riverbed is a necessary prerequisite to his claimed right to fish in that portion of the Arkansas River.⁴

¶13 The division correctly rejected Hill’s quiet title claim. *Hill*, ¶¶ 14–21. The same reasoning should have impelled it to dismiss the declaratory judgment claim as well. Indeed, the division to some extent acknowledged the tension in its outcome when it explained that “in light of our resolution of the standing issue related to Hill’s quiet title claim, we reiterate that Hill cannot, under the guise of declaratory judgment, seek any declaration regarding the State of Colorado’s title or ownership of the riverbed—only that [Warsewa and Joseph] do not own it.” *Hill*, ¶ 36 n.7. But this is impossible. There is no way to adjudicate whether Warsewa and Joseph *do not* own the riverbed without considering who *does*.⁵

⁴ Hill’s counsel confirmed this at oral argument during the following colloquy:

Court (Hart, J.): There is no legally protected interest unless the State owns the riverbed.

Court (Gabriel, J.): Do you agree with that premise?

Hill’s Counsel: Yes, I do.

And Hill’s briefing to this court on the “Legally Protected Right to Access the Riverbed” focuses entirely on the State’s ownership of the riverbed.

⁵ The division implicitly acknowledges this fact, explaining that “[i]f, as Hill alleges, the relevant segment of the river was navigable at statehood, then [Warsewa and Joseph] do not own the riverbed and would have no right to exclude him from it.” *Hill*, ¶ 34. The significance of the navigability of the river at the time of statehood is directly tied to the question of whether the State owns the riverbed.

Thus, allowing Hill to pursue his declaratory judgment claim while precluding his quiet title action would do just what the division rightly determined he could not—quiet title in the name of the State under the guise of a declaratory judgment.

¶14 Ultimately, Hill’s claimed standing to bring the declaratory judgment claim fails for the same reason that he lacked standing for the quiet title action. Both rest on the State’s ownership of the riverbed, not his own legally protected interest.

III. Conclusion

¶15 Because Hill seeks a declaration of the State’s property interest as a necessary precursor to any individual legally protect interest, he does not have standing to pursue the declaratory judgment claim. We reverse the division’s opinion.

AGENDA ITEM 11

**General Manager, Committee
and Staff Updates**

AGENDA ITEM 11

Treasurer's Report

MEMORANDUM



TO: Board of Directors
FROM: Sonja Chavez
DATE: June 20, 2023
SUBJECT: General Manager Update & Committee Reports (May)

- I. Treasurer's Report**
- II. Finance Committee** – Please see attached minutes.
- III. General Manager Updates: Miscellaneous**
 - A. Waters of the United States – Supreme Court May 23, 2023, Decision *Sackett vs. EPA***

Background: *Michael and Chantell Sackett purchased property near Priest Lake, Idaho, and began backfilling the lot with dirt to prepare for building a home. The Environmental Protection Agency informed the Sacketts that their property contained wetlands and that their backfilling violated the Clean Water Act, which prohibits discharging pollutants into “the waters of the United States.” 33 U. S. C. §1362(7). The EPA ordered the Sacketts to restore the site, threatening penalties of over \$40,000 per day. The EPA classified the wetlands on the Sacketts’ lot as “waters of the United States” because they were near a ditch that fed into a creek, which fed into Priest Lake, a navigable, intrastate lake. The Sacketts sued, alleging that their property was not “waters of the United States.” The District Court entered summary judgment for the EPA. The Ninth Circuit affirmed, holding that the CWA covers wetlands with an ecologically significant nexus to traditional navigable waters and that the Sacketts’ wetlands satisfy that standard.*

The Supreme Court Held on May 25th, 2023: *The CWA’s use of “waters” in §1362(7) refers only to “geographic[al] features that are described in ordinary parlance as ‘streams, oceans, rivers, and lakes’ ” and to adjacent wetlands that are “indistinguishable” from those bodies of water due to a continuous surface connection. Rapanos v. United States, 547 U. S. 715, 755, 742, 739 (plurality opinion). To assert jurisdiction over an adjacent wetland under the CWA, a party must establish “first, that the adjacent [body of water constitutes] . . . ‘water[s] of the United States’ (i.e., a relatively permanent body of water connected to traditional interstate navigable waters); and second, that the wetland has a continuous surface connection with that water, making it difficult to determine where the ‘water’ ends and the ‘wetland’ begins.” Ibid. Pp. 6–28. (Exhibit A – Supreme Court Ruling).*

The Supreme Court unanimously sided with the EPA that the area the Sacketts' had filled were in fact jurisdictional wetland, but the court was split 5 to 4 over the court's conservative majority "new test" for determining if adjacent wetlands are covered under the CWA and the requirement that there be a "continuous surface connection". The majority was among the conservative justices with the exception of Justice Kavanaugh who sided with the court's three other more liberal justices on the "new test".

UGRWCD Interpretation of Findings: There has been long standing uncertainty and decades of litigation and agency action by the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (Corps) and the United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) around the meaning of "the waters of the United States" or WOTUS. The definition of WOTUS has also changed under different presidential leadership further complicating things.

Simply put, the General Manager's professional assessment is that the court's majority opinion did the following:

- 1) Created a new definition of "waters" that ignores the hydrologic connection between groundwater and surface water by stating that "*waters*" as referred to in the CWA §1362(7) are geographical features like streams, oceans, rivers, and lakes.
- 2) Requires that in order for an adjacent wetland or body of water to be a WOTUS that it must be consistent with the definition of WOTUS which they say is a relatively permanent body of standing or continuously flowing water connected to traditional interstate navigable waters (emphasis added); and
- 3) An adjacent wetland must be indistinguishable from the WOTUS and have a continuous surface connection.

Under the State of Colorado Water Quality Act, "State Waters" means *any and all surface and subsurface waters* (emphasis added) *which are contained in or flow in or through this State, but does not include waters in sewage systems, waters in treatment works of disposal systems, waters in potable water distribution systems, and all water withdrawn for use until use and treatment have been completed.*

The Colorado Water Quality Control Division (WQCD) began the development of draft policies in 2022 in anticipation of a *Sackett* ruling which would create the potential for state "gap waters" (waters outside of federal CWA jurisdiction) while the federal agencies, Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) and U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (Corps), were developing official statements of rule or policy in response to the holding in *Sackett*. The WQCD has recently published a Draft Policy CW-17 "Enforcement of Unpermitted Dredged and Fill Material into State Waters" for public comment (Exhibit B – Draft CDPHE Dredge & Fill Policy for Public Comment).

Stakeholder input was solicited last year but with criticism of being insufficient and this year the draft policy was released with no additional stakeholder engagement in so far as UGRWCD staff are aware. The public comment period was open for two weeks and closed on May 31, 2023. Attached is a comment letter submitted by the members of the Colorado Water Congress Water Quality Committee of which the UGRWCD is a member and participant (Exhibit C).

While UGRWCD supports the position that clarity is needed to ensure that wetlands created by irrigation not be considered jurisdictional waters, staff are concerned that wetlands in Colorado that don't have a "relatively permanent" and visible continuous surface connection to 'navigable waters' (e.g., streams, rivers, lakes, oceans) are now left unprotected by federal law (a.k.a. "gap waters"). This leaves the potential for degradation of perennially or groundwater fed wetlands which may result in the loss of areas important to water quality improvement, flood flow attenuation and habitat.

B. Gunnison City Council Approves Funding Request for Feasibility Study of Existing Dam-Like Structure

Council was asked, "...to consider the need for funding to facilitate a feasibility study of an existing dam-like structure located past the west end of Spencer Avenue on County Rd. 15. This structure was built in the floodplain next to the Gunnison River almost 40 years ago. The feasibility study is necessary before it can be considered for "certification" by FEMA and then incorporated into the new Flood Insurance Rate Maps (FIRM's) that are currently being created. If this dam-like structure can be certified, it will directly benefit approximately 100 properties downstream in the City of Gunnison by removing them from the 1% annual chance floodplain (100-year floodplain) on the new Flood Insurance Rate Maps. The City received an engineering evaluation proposal for the necessary assessment work for \$49,500.00. Engineer Tusing shared that starting in 2019 and 2020, FEMA began updating its flood map through two processes. One is a base level engineering process and two is a physical map revision process. The revision map will be for the City of Gunnison and Crested Butte. FEMA is using new information and technology to accurately update flood maps. Through this process, a structure was identified. The non-dam levy has not been certified by FEMA because it was built under distress to no specifications. Since it is not certified, FEMA removed the feature from its maps putting 100 additional properties into a floodplain. In order for the feature to be included on FEMA's map, the feature must be reviewed, studied, and hopefully certified. If not directly certified, FEMA would outline the actions needed to be taken by the City to reach certification. If the feature could get certified within the next 16-18 months, it could be included on the new physical map, and the nearby properties would not be required to acquire flood insurance if they have a federally backed mortgage. Building Official Jansen noted that it is a substantial feature and is worthy of certification. That designation would exclude those properties from a designated floodplain. A first step is to complete survey work to determine if the feature is on City property or the Meldrum's property. The feature has protected life and property for nearly 40 years. If Council approves this expense from their Strategic Fund, there would be \$182,180 remaining. FEMA will take the lead on communication and outreach to residents as the process progresses. Overall, certification of the non-dam feature would benefit homeowners in that area and the City. Updated maps, data, and information in FEMA's system is needed (City of Gunnison, May 23, 2023 Minutes)

Funding was approved in an amount not to exceed \$49,500 for the evaluation of a non-dam structure and the City Manager was authorized to execute a contract with Wright Water Engineers.

C. Gunnison City Council Approves Funding for Updated Stormwater Master Plan Development

City Engineer Cody Tusing informed Council that the City does not have a single comprehensive stormwater master plan. There are some smaller regional plans, but nothing that examines the City as a whole. The City also has the Stormwater Management Manual that is utilized for all developments and is referenced in the Land Development Code. City Engineer Tusing stated the need for the City to fully evaluate how stormwater runs through the system, including the flow into the irrigation ditches and what the City's stormwater capacity is. Public Works also thinks it is important to begin evaluating the Stormwater Management Manual and how the manual could be improved and be more comprehensive to serve the public. Having an updated Stormwater Master Plan will prepare Gunnison for growth and future permitting needs as required by the Environmental Protection Agency. Included in the scope of work for the Master Plan will be to identify areas or flows of concern and how to incorporate best practices for the future (City of Gunnison, May 23, 2023 Minutes)

Funding in the amount of \$149,667 was approved and authorization was given to enter into a contract for engineering services with HDR Engineering.

- D. Standard Mine Superfund Site: Bulkhead Closure: Staff attended the EPA Standard Mine site update and bulkhead closure meeting on June 8, 2023 in Crested Butte. Standard Mine is an abandoned hard rock mine (silver, lead, copper and zinc). The site is located in Gunnison County Colorado near Crested Butte and was listed on a National Priorities List in 2005 due to elevated levels of cadmium, lead, and zinc. Phase 1 clean-up included installation of a flow control bulkhead to control the flow of water discharging from the mine. In 2018, the EPA and Colorado Department of Public Health & Environment (CDPHE) did a short term bulkhead closure and monitored the system with some improvement in water-quality and no concerns around pressure behind the bulkhead. The current status of the project includes EPA's proposed full closure of the bulkhead within a few days following the above meeting with continued monitoring in this high-water year (Exhibit D. EPA Standard Mine Superfund Site Bulkhead Closure Factsheet, May 2023).
- E. Watershed Function Science Focus Area (SFA) Science Advisory Board (SAB): On June 6, 2023, the GM received an invitation from Lawrence Berkley National Laboratories to serve on their Scientific Advisory Board of the Watershed Function Science Focus Area (Exhibit E - Invite). *The Watershed Function SFA is a collaborative effort led by Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory (Berkeley Lab) and the SLAC National Accelerator Laboratory (SLAC) with key university, agency, and small business partners. SFAs were established by DOE-Biological and Environmental Research (BER) to encourage, facilitate, and effectively manage ambitious, integrative and collaborative programs at the DOE National Laboratories that are well aligned with BER's strategic goals.*

In the next 4-year phase, our SFA will address this grand challenge question: "How do mountainous watershed functions respond and adapt in the face of increasing press and pulse disturbances (warming and drought)?" Our focus will be to identify the most critical

watershed characteristics (functional traits) that influence watershed function (retention and loss of water and critical elements), explore the interactions and adaptation of these traits using high resolution process-rich models at the catchment scale to predict the response of watersheds to seasonal to decadal drivers of disturbance... We have a particular focus on the combined and compounding effects of changing temperature and precipitation regimes that are substantially altering the hydroclimate of western US mountainous ecosystems. Our research will be focused primarily in the Upper Gunnison, CO, River Basin where the East and Taylor River watersheds provide key dimensions of watershed trait variability, are undergoing significant climate-driven changes, are the focus of climate resilient adaptive forest management, and thus serve as important testbeds in which to tackle the challenges of predicting future mountainous watershed hydrobiogeochemical function.

Given that a response was required prior to June 12, 2023, the GM replied in the affirmative. The purpose of the Science Advisory Board is to *provide advice, guidance, and constructive feedback on SFA strategy, scientific relevance, team expertise, quality of achievements, and task priorities as needed to continuously improve the SFA*. The Watershed Function SAB Charter outlines expectations for participation (Please see Exhibit F – SFA SAB Charter)

It is important that UGRWCD staff share our watershed knowledge, provide helpful input and be actively engaged with scientists working to further our understanding of climate impacts on our watershed, watershed characteristics that influence water retention and loss, as well as watershed response to, for example, disturbance from fire or vegetation management. The GM has been participating in Watershed Science SFA webinars when presentations are applicable and has attended the annual SFA retreat in Crested Butte as part of her general duties. A few additional video conferences, telephone calls, or emails are not anticipated to add more than a few hours to her duties.

RECOMMENDATION FOR BOARD ACTION: The GM is seeking a general indication of support for her participation on the Science Advisory Board.

- F. POWR Act – The Protection Opportunities for Workers Rights Act (SB23-172) was signed by Governor Polis on June 8, 2023. POWR does several things including redefining the standard employees must provide to establish workplace harassment claims, new requirements for non-disclosure agreements and recordkeeping, making marital status a protected class, and for claims of discrimination no longer require showing an employee’s disability has a significant impact on the job which is more in line with federal anti-discrimination law.

A blog article published by Employers’ Council describes the changes in further detail (See Exhibit G). General Counsel and General Manager will evaluate if UGRWCD Personnel Policies require any updates and present the changes to the Board at our July meeting. The policy goes into effect August 7, 2023.

- G. UVWUA Drought Contingency Planning Task Force Meeting: Uncompahgre Valley Water Users Association (UVWUA) held their first Drought Contingency Planning (DCP) meeting on June 5, 2023. UGRWCD attended as a stakeholder. UGRWCD relayed that our stakeholder interest would likely be related to any discussions associated with Taylor Park Reservoir.
- H. Colorado Water Congress (CWC) Summer Conference Registration: Conference takes place August 22-24 in Steamboat Springs. Please remember that the UGRWCD gets an early bird

registration discount and the conference hotel facility fills up quickly. We'd hate to have to put board members off site so please let us know at your earliest convenience if you plan to attend. We typically leave the day before (August 21st) because of the early morning workshops which start at 8:30am on the first day. Sue will take care of your conference registration and hotel arrangements.

- IV. Watershed Management Planning (WMP) Committee Update** – Verbal update from General Manager.
- V. Drought Contingency Planning** – Verbal update from General Manager.
- VI. Meadows Program & BLM Resource Management Plan Update** - See attached memorandum from the Water Resource Specialist & Wet Meadows Program Coordinator, Cheryl Cwelich.
- VII. Taylor Local Users Group** - Minutes from the May 5th TLUG meeting have been provided in the Board packet. General Update from Director Sabrowski.
- VIII. Education and Outreach Update for June 2023**
 - Colt Maule's *Arteries of the Earth Exhibit*: Introduction by UGRWCD
 - Stockgrowers' Annual Banquet: Support of Agricultural Community
 - GoCo Community Dinner: Thanked for two Wet Meadows Grants
 - Immigrant Heritage Month Celebration: Broadening UGRWCD Outreach
 - Taylor Reservoir Pike Fishing Derby: Support of Recreational Community
 - Taylor Down River Race: Support of Recreational Community
 - CRWCD/CAP Upper Gunnison Basin Tour: Educating Broader CO River Basin Community
 - Outdoor Expo & Fishing Derby: GRF Sponsored
 - Pollinator Garden: Mini-Grant
 - HCCA Riders of the Sage: Wet Meadows Education
 - Co Trout Unlimited Teen Youth Camp: UGRWCD Education
 - Fly Fishing Film: GRF Sponsored
 - Taylor Downriver Race: GRF Sponsored
 - Paddle Film Festival: GRF Sponsored
- IX. Scientific Endeavors** - Verbal Update from Director Rosemary Carroll.
- X. Gunnison River Festival (GRF)** – Please see attached memorandum from Executive Director, Cheryl Cwelich.
- XI. Strategic Tourism and Outdoor Recreation** – Please see attached memorandum from Cheryl Cwelich.

MEMORANDUM

TO: UGRWCD Board Members
FROM: Alana Nichols, Fellow
DATE: June 20, 2023
SUBJECT: Drought Contingency Planning Update - June

The Upper Gunnison River Water Conservancy District (UGRWCD) selected the Strategic by Nature (SBN) & Harris Engineering (Harris) out of Durango, Colorado, to be the Drought Contingency Planning (DCP) consultant team. The consultant team was chosen based on the need for a strong stakeholder driven process with sound technical experience with western water.

The lead DCP coordinators are Carrie Padgett, a professional engineer with Harris and Stacy Beaugh, a professional facilitator with extensive experience working with communities on water resource planning. The Strategic by Nature team presented a draft budget and a more detailed scope of work to the UGRWCD for contract development last week.

UGRWCD is in the process of establishing a DCP Task Force with broad stakeholder inclusion within the planning area. Our first meeting in anticipation of a community kick-off will be with our DCP consultant team and the U.S. Bureau of Reclamation grants officer technical representative, Lee Traynham, and will occur virtually on Monday, June 26th at 11:00 am. The remaining month of June and month of July will be used to prepare for our first public meeting and to conduct initial one-on-one stakeholder interviews.

The project will kick-off in earnest in August 2023.

Finance Committee Meeting Minutes

(June 8, 2023)

Attendees: Bill Nesbitt (Treasurer & Committee Chair), Sonja Chavez (General Manager), John McClow (General Counsel; via Zoom), Beverly Richards (Senior Water Resource Specialist / Office Manager), Cheryl Cwelich (Water Resource Specialist / Manager Wet Meadows Program), Rebie Hazard (Committee Member), John Perusek (Committee Member / Secretary), Sue Uerling (Administrative Assistant / Communications Specialist), and Tom Stoeber (CPA) and Alisha Jackson (Bookkeeper) of Stoeber, CPA.

Meeting Purpose: General discussion around UGRWCD financial management practices, internal controls, recommendations for 2023 budget, etc.

Meeting called to order at 12:03 pm by Chair Nesbitt

Introductions were made and then Paul and Tom led the discussion.

A. Internal Controls

- Important to have multiple sets of eyes on transactions
- Board has a critical role in reviewing and asking questions about expenses, income, etc.
- In the internal controls descriptions in financial policies, mention positions and not individuals responsible for actions.
- In the financial policy document, be sure to identify internal controls (both organization and federal) and processes.
- The Board Treasurer should review and initial the monthly bank statements.
- If we are a member of the Special District Association (SDA) we should be able to obtain a financial policy template just to be able to compare and ensure that we are covering all our bases.
- Finance Committee should revisit/conduct a review of our investment policies every two years. (Note to SC: Look into ColoTrust Edge – new investment opportunity).
- All bank transfers or movement of funds should be reviewed/initialed on a monthly basis by the Treasurer and included as part of our board packets for board approval.

B. Grant Income & Controls

- Federal Controls: As we bring in more federal grant dollars, we should have strong internal and federal control processes.
 - Assess risk with each federal grant to be sure that we understand what is expected. Carefully review contract language and referenced federal sub-sections.
 - Be aware of each AL or CFDA requirements (each agency can be different)
 - Be sure that staff that are managing federal grants are familiar with Office of Management & Budget (OMB) Cost Principles Section 2 CFR Part 200.

These are principles that must be used in determining allowable costs of work performed by the non-federal entity under Federal awards.

- Start getting prepared today as if we were going to have a Single Audit which is required when an organization expends \$750,000 or more in federal funding in a single year. Better to be prepared.
- Paul indicated that if we are seeking reimbursement for staff technical assistance on grants or recouping time for management of the federal grant(s) then we must have an actual “timesheet”. Sonja will look into applications or other option of using Quickbooks (separate book/file/project).
- John should be checking to see that any contractor that we hire under our federal grant programs is not on the OFCCP Disbarred [List](https://www.dol.gov/agencies/ofccp/debarred-list).
- When we apply a de minimus federal indirect cost rate (e.g., 10%) to the grants that we manage, we need to have the background for the applied rate. In other words, what modified total direct costs is it supporting.
- Deposits: Request that Alisha inform staff monthly when large deposits are made into District bank account by outside granting entities so that staff knows when the reimbursement process has been completed.
- Federal Automated Standard Application for Payments (ASA): Staff will work with Alisha to draft invoices for grant reimbursement requests. Staff will be responsible for submitting payment request through ASAP and providing Alisha with a copy of all documentation including verification of receipt and submittal date.
- Federal Grant Pre-Payment: At times, granting entities may want to disburse funds in advance of expenditures. In these situations, staff will always consult with the General Manager and General Manager must approve. Per Paul, the District does not want to have large amounts of funds sitting in the District account without quick turnaround in use. If we can’t use funding quickly, we may want to open a separate non-interest-bearing account, especially when/if we are talking large dollar figures.

Commented [JM1]: <https://www.dol.gov/agencies/ofccp/debarred-list>

C. Accounting System Recommendations

- In QB we should use a chart of account numbers versus names as it helps prevent misclassification of expenses.
- Staff and management can have a chart of *subaccounts* to better track or manage funds but we don’t need to provide detailed subaccount information to DOLA or counties when we publish the annual budget.
- Create a separate line item in our budget called “vehicle rental income” if we are going to be annually renting District vehicles to the Wet Meadows Program.
- Management will look into timesheet software or applications.
- Recommendation to close our Spencer Avenue Business Park account at Wells Fargo since we now own the entire building and it is not needed.

D. Credit Cards

- Tom encouraged the organization to look into a mobile application called *Expensify* which allows staff to take a photo of their credit card receipt and we can immediately code the expense. This information then flows into QB and can be accessed any time by management and accountant. Helps prevent issues around lost credit card receipts, allows for better day to day tracking by staff and management, etc.

E. Banking

- Tom and Paul thought it was strange that Bank of the West is telling UGRWCD that we “cannot have on-line access to view account activity because we are a government entity.” They have never heard this before.
- Discussion ensued over whether there may be other banks (local or other) that could better meet the needs of the District. Some opinions mentioned during the meeting were that Gunnison Savings & Loan is a local bank where funds go back into the community and that Gunnison Bank & Trust has the best on-line system. Non-local banks can be considered as well. Staff has the ability to change banks for the General Fund. There was a motion made by Director Perusek with second by Director Hazard that:

FINANCE COMMITTEE RECOMMENDATION TO THE UGRWCD BOARD:

Direct staff to research other banks that are able to better meet the needs of the District.

F. Specific Request from Tom Stoeber Continuing Services Contract (Beginning July 1, 2023)

- Statement clarifying that he works for the Board of Directors.
- Statement regarding who he goes to when he has a problem.

FINANCE COMMITTEE RECOMMENDATION TO THE UGRWCD BOARD:

Direct General Counsel to Update the Services Agreement with Tom Stoeber to indicate that he works for the board of directors and that when he has concern that he should reach out to (Staff recommends: Treasurer first and then President or Vice-President, in this order.)

G. Budget Related Items

- Use an account numbering system rather than names in 2023.
- Reminder that Director Hazard is recommending that the Accounting Contract be a separate line item from the audit expenses.
- Vehicle income should be a budget line item under income (i.e., rental to Wet Meadows Program; grant mileage reimbursements).
- 2022 Budget Amendment will be required due to significant unanticipated expenses including but not limited to the Tacoma purchase, building purchase, and roof replacement.

Commented [BR2]: There was a motion here. Do we need to put that in?

Commented [SC3]: Sonja post meeting recommendation.

H. Miscellaneous

- Sonja and John will draft an update to the financial policies for board consideration and adoption. The draft will be shared with Paul and Tom for review and input.

Syllabus

NOTE: Where it is feasible, a syllabus (headnote) will be released, as is being done in connection with this case, at the time the opinion is issued. The syllabus constitutes no part of the opinion of the Court but has been prepared by the Reporter of Decisions for the convenience of the reader. See *United States v. Detroit Timber & Lumber Co.*, 200 U. S. 321, 337.

SUPREME COURT OF THE UNITED STATES

Syllabus

SACKETT ET UX. *v.* ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION
AGENCY ET AL.CERTIORARI TO THE UNITED STATES COURT OF APPEALS FOR
THE NINTH CIRCUIT

No. 21–454. Argued October 3, 2022—Decided May 25, 2023

Petitioners Michael and Chantell Sackett purchased property near Priest Lake, Idaho, and began backfilling the lot with dirt to prepare for building a home. The Environmental Protection Agency informed the Sacketts that their property contained wetlands and that their backfilling violated the Clean Water Act, which prohibits discharging pollutants into “the waters of the United States.” 33 U. S. C. §1362(7). The EPA ordered the Sacketts to restore the site, threatening penalties of over \$40,000 per day. The EPA classified the wetlands on the Sacketts’ lot as “waters of the United States” because they were near a ditch that fed into a creek, which fed into Priest Lake, a navigable, intrastate lake. The Sacketts sued, alleging that their property was not “waters of the United States.” The District Court entered summary judgment for the EPA. The Ninth Circuit affirmed, holding that the CWA covers wetlands with an ecologically significant nexus to traditional navigable waters and that the Sacketts’ wetlands satisfy that standard.

Held: The CWA’s use of “waters” in §1362(7) refers only to “geographic[al] features that are described in ordinary parlance as ‘streams, oceans, rivers, and lakes’” and to adjacent wetlands that are “indistinguishable” from those bodies of water due to a continuous surface connection. *Rapanos v. United States*, 547 U. S. 715, 755, 742, 739 (plurality opinion). To assert jurisdiction over an adjacent wetland under the CWA, a party must establish “first, that the adjacent [body of water constitutes] . . . ‘water[s] of the United States’ (*i.e.*, a relatively permanent body of water connected to traditional interstate navigable waters); and second, that the wetland has a continuous surface connection with that water, making it difficult to determine where the ‘water’ ends and the ‘wetland’ begins.” *Ibid.* Pp. 6–28.

Syllabus

(a) The uncertain meaning of “the waters of the United States” has been a persistent problem, sparking decades of agency action and litigation. Resolving the CWA’s applicability to wetlands requires a review of the history surrounding the interpretation of that phrase. Pp. 6–14.

(1) During the period relevant to this case, the two federal agencies charged with enforcement of the CWA—the EPA and the Army Corps of Engineers—similarly defined “the waters of the United States” broadly to encompass “[a]ll . . . waters” that “could affect interstate or foreign commerce.” 40 CFR §230.3(s)(3). The agencies likewise gave an expansive interpretation of wetlands adjacent to those waters, defining “adjacent” to mean “bordering, contiguous, or neighboring.” §203.3(b). In *United States v. Riverside Bayview Homes, Inc.*, 474 U. S. 121, the Court confronted the Corps’ assertion of authority under the CWA over wetlands that “actually abut[ed] on a navigable waterway.” *Id.*, at 135. Although concerned that the wetlands fell outside “traditional notions of ‘waters,’” the Court deferred to the Corps, reasoning that “the transition from water to solid ground is not necessarily or even typically an abrupt one.” *Id.*, 132–133. Following *Riverside Bayview*, the agencies issued the “migratory bird rule,” extending CWA jurisdiction to any waters or wetlands that “are or would be used as [a] habitat” by migratory birds or endangered species. 53 Fed. Reg. 20765. The Court rejected the rule after the Corps sought to apply it to several isolated ponds located wholly within the State of Illinois, holding that the CWA does not “exten[d] to ponds that are not adjacent to open water.” *Solid Waste Agency of Northern Cook Cty. v. Army Corps of Engineers*, 531 U. S. 159, 168 (SWANCC) (emphasis deleted). The agencies responded by instructing their field agents to determine the scope of the CWA’s jurisdiction on a case-by-case basis. Within a few years, the agencies had “interpreted their jurisdiction over ‘the waters of the United States’ to cover 270-to-300 million acres” of wetlands and “virtually any parcel of land containing a channel or conduit . . . through which rainwater or drainage may occasionally or intermittently flow.” *Rapanos*, 547 U. S., at 722 (plurality opinion).

Against that backdrop, the Court in *Rapanos* vacated a lower court decision that had held that the CWA covered wetlands near ditches and drains that emptied into navigable waters several miles away. As to the rationale for vacating, however, no position in *Rapanos* commanded a majority of the Court. Four Justices concluded that the CWA’s coverage was limited to certain relatively permanent bodies of water connected to traditional interstate navigable waters and to wetlands that are “as a practical matter indistinguishable” from those waters. *Id.*, at 755 (emphasis deleted). Justice Kennedy, concurring only in the judgment, wrote that CWA jurisdiction over adjacent wetlands

Syllabus

requires a “significant nexus” between the wetland and its adjacent navigable waters, which exists when “the wetlands, either alone or in combination with similarly situated lands in the region, significantly affect the chemical, physical, and biological integrity” of those waters. *Id.*, at 779–780. Following *Rapanos*, field agents brought nearly all waters and wetlands under the risk of CWA jurisdiction by engaging in fact-intensive “significant-nexus” determinations that turned on a lengthy list of hydrological and ecological factors.

Under the agencies’ current rule, traditional navigable waters, interstate waters, and the territorial seas, as well as their tributaries and adjacent wetlands, are waters of the United States. See 88 Fed. Reg. 3143. So too are any “[i]ntrastate lakes and ponds, streams, or wetlands” that either have a continuous surface connection to categorically included waters or have a significant nexus to interstate or traditional navigable waters. *Id.*, at 3006, 3143. Finding a significant nexus continues to require consideration of a list of open-ended factors. *Ibid.* Finally, the current rule returns to the agencies’ longstanding definition of “adjacent.” *Ibid.* Pp. 6–12.

(2) Landowners who even negligently discharge pollutants into navigable waters without a permit potentially face severe criminal and civil penalties under the Act. As things currently stand, the agencies maintain that the significant-nexus test is sufficient to establish jurisdiction over “adjacent” wetlands. By the EPA’s own admission, nearly all waters and wetlands are potentially susceptible to regulation under this test, putting a staggering array of landowners at risk of criminal prosecution for such mundane activities as moving dirt. Pp. 12–14.

(b) Next, the Court considers the extent of the CWA’s geographical reach. Pp. 14–22.

(1) To make sense of Congress’s choice to define “navigable waters” as “the waters of the United States,” the Court concludes that the CWA’s use of “waters” encompasses “only those relatively permanent, standing or continuously flowing bodies of water ‘forming geographic[al] features’ that are described in ordinary parlance as ‘streams, oceans, rivers, and lakes.’” *Rapanos*, 547 U. S., at 739 (plurality opinion). This reading follows from the CWA’s deliberate use of the plural “waters,” which refers to those bodies of water listed above, and also helps to align the meaning of “the waters of the United States” with the defined term “navigable waters.” More broadly, this reading accords with how Congress has employed the term “waters” elsewhere in the CWA—see, e.g., 33 U. S. C. §§1267(i)(2)(D), 1268(a)(3)(I)—and in other laws—see, e.g., 16 U. S. C. §§745, 4701(a)(7). This Court has understood CWA’s use of “waters” in the same way. See, e.g., *Riverside Bayview*, 474 U. S., at 133; *SWANCC*, 531 U. S., at 168–169, 172.

The EPA’s insistence that “water” is “naturally read to encompass

Syllabus

wetlands” because the “presence of water is ‘universally regarded as the most basic feature of wetlands’” proves too much. Brief for Respondents 19. It is also tough to square with *SWANCC*’s exclusion of isolated ponds or *Riverside Bayview*’s extensive focus on the adjacency of wetlands to covered waters. Finally, it is difficult to see how the States’ “responsibilities and rights” in regulating water resources would remain “primary” if the EPA had such broad jurisdiction. §1251(b). Pp. 14–18.

(2) Statutory context shows that some wetlands nevertheless qualify as “waters of the United States.” Specifically, §1344(g)(1), which authorizes States to conduct certain permitting programs, specifies that discharges may be permitted into any waters of the United States, except for traditional navigable waters, “including wetlands adjacent thereto,” suggesting that at least some wetlands must qualify as “waters of the United States.” But §1344(g)(1) cannot define what wetlands the CWA regulates because it is not the operative provision that defines the Act’s reach. Instead, the reference to adjacent wetlands in §1344(g)(1) must be harmonized with “the waters of the United States,” which is the operative term that defines the CWA’s reach. Because the “adjacent” wetlands in §1344(g)(1) are “includ[ed]” within “waters of the United States,” these wetlands must qualify as “waters of the United States” in their own right, *i.e.*, be indistinguishably part of a body of water that itself constitutes “waters” under the CWA. To hold otherwise would require implausibly concluding that Congress tucked an important expansion to the reach of the CWA into convoluted language in a relatively obscure provision concerning state permitting programs. Understanding the CWA to apply to wetlands that are distinguishable from otherwise covered “waters of the United States” would substantially broaden §1362(7) to define “navigable waters” as “waters of the United States *and adjacent wetlands*.” But §1344(g)(1)’s use of the term “including” makes clear that it does not purport to do any such thing. It merely reflects Congress’s assumption that certain “adjacent” wetlands are part of the “waters of the United States.”

To determine when a wetland is part of adjacent “waters of the United States,” the Court agrees with the *Rapanos* plurality that the use of “waters” in §1362(7) may be fairly read to include only wetlands that are “indistinguishable from waters of the United States.” This occurs only when wetlands have “a continuous surface connection to bodies that are ‘waters of the United States’ in their own right, so that there is no clear demarcation between ‘waters’ and wetlands.” 547 U. S., at 742.

In sum, the CWA extends to only wetlands that are “as a practical

Syllabus

matter indistinguishable from waters of the United States.” This requires the party asserting jurisdiction to establish “first, that the adjacent [body of water constitutes] . . . ‘water[s] of the United States’ (*i.e.*, a relatively permanent body of water connected to traditional interstate navigable waters); and second, that the wetland has a continuous surface connection with that water, making it difficult to determine where the ‘water’ ends and the ‘wetland’ begins.” *Rapanos*, 547 U. S., at 755, 742. Pp. 18–22.

(c) The EPA asks the Court to defer to its most recent rule providing that “adjacent wetlands are covered by the [CWA] if they ‘possess a significant nexus to’ traditional navigable waters” and that wetlands are “adjacent” when they are “neighboring” to covered waters. Brief for Respondents 32, 20. For multiple reasons, the EPA’s position lacks merit. Pp. 22–27.

(1) The EPA’s interpretation is inconsistent with the CWA’s text and structure and clashes with “background principles of construction” that apply to the interpretation of the relevant provisions. *Bond v. United States*, 572 U. S. 844, 857. First, “exceedingly clear language” is required if Congress wishes to alter the federal/state balance or the Government’s power over private property. *United States Forest Service v. Cowpasture River Preservation Assn.*, 590 U. S. ___, ___. The Court has thus required a clear statement from Congress when determining the scope of “the waters of the United States.” Second, the EPA’s interpretation gives rise to serious vagueness concerns in light of the CWA’s criminal penalties, thus implicating the due process requirement that penal statutes be defined “‘with sufficient definiteness that ordinary people can understand what conduct is prohibited.’” *McDonnell v. United States*, 579 U. S. 550, 576. Where penal statutes could sweep broadly enough to render criminal a host of what might otherwise be considered ordinary activities, the Court has been wary about going beyond what “Congress certainly intended the statute to cover.” *Skilling v. United States*, 561 U. S. 358, 404. Under these two principles, the judicial task when interpreting “the waters of the United States” is to ascertain whether clear congressional authorization exists for the EPA’s claimed power. Pp. 22–25.

(2) The EPA claims that Congress ratified the EPA’s regulatory definition of “adjacent” when it amended the CWA to include the reference to “adjacent” wetlands in §1344(g)(1). This argument fails for at least three reasons. First, the text of §§1362(7) and 1344(g) shows that “adjacent” cannot include wetlands that are merely nearby covered waters. Second, EPA’s argument cannot be reconciled with this Court’s repeated recognition that §1344(g)(1) “‘does not conclusively determine the construction to be placed on . . . the relevant definition of ‘navigable waters.’”” *SWANCC*, 531 U. S., at 171. Third, the EPA

Syllabus

falls short of establishing the sort of “overwhelming evidence of acquiescence” necessary to support its argument in the face of Congress’s failure to amend §1362(7). Finally, the EPA’s various policy arguments about the ecological consequences of a narrower definition of “adjacent” are rejected. Pp. 25–27.

8 F. 4th 1075, reversed and remanded.

ALITO, J., delivered the opinion of the Court, in which ROBERTS, C. J., and THOMAS, GORSUCH, and BARRETT, JJ., joined. THOMAS, J., filed a concurring opinion, in which GORSUCH, J., joined. KAGAN, J., filed an opinion concurring in the judgment, in which SOTOMAYOR and JACKSON, JJ., joined. KAVANAUGH, J., filed an opinion concurring in the judgment, in which SOTOMAYOR, KAGAN, and JACKSON, JJ., joined.

Opinion of the Court

NOTICE: This opinion is subject to formal revision before publication in the United States Reports. Readers are requested to notify the Reporter of Decisions, Supreme Court of the United States, Washington, D. C. 20543, pio@supremecourt.gov, of any typographical or other formal errors.

SUPREME COURT OF THE UNITED STATES

No. 21–454

MICHAEL SACKETT, ET UX., PETITIONERS *v.*
ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION
AGENCY, ET AL.

ON WRIT OF CERTIORARI TO THE UNITED STATES COURT OF
APPEALS FOR THE NINTH CIRCUIT

[May 25, 2023]

JUSTICE ALITO delivered the opinion of the Court.

This case concerns a nagging question about the outer reaches of the Clean Water Act (CWA), the principal federal law regulating water pollution in the United States.¹ By all accounts, the Act has been a great success. Before its enactment in 1972, many of the Nation’s rivers, lakes, and streams were severely polluted, and existing federal legislation had proved to be inadequate. Today, many formerly fetid bodies of water are safe for the use and enjoyment of the people of this country.

There is, however, an unfortunate footnote to this success story: the outer boundaries of the Act’s geographical reach have been uncertain from the start. The Act applies to “the waters of the United States,” but what does that phrase mean? Does the term encompass any backyard that is soggy enough for some minimum period of time? Does it reach “mudflats, sandflats, wetlands, sloughs, prairie pot-holes, wet meadows, [or] playa lakes?”² How about ditches, swimming pools, and puddles?

¹ 86 Stat. 816, as amended, 33 U. S. C. §1251 *et seq.*

² 40 CFR §230.3(s)(3) (2008).

Opinion of the Court

For more than a half century, the agencies responsible for enforcing the Act have wrestled with the problem and adopted varying interpretations. On three prior occasions, this Court has tried to clarify the meaning of “the waters of the United States.” But the problem persists. When we last addressed the question 17 years ago, we were unable to agree on an opinion of the Court.³ Today, we return to the problem and attempt to identify with greater clarity what the Act means by “the waters of the United States.”

I
A

For most of this Nation’s history, the regulation of water pollution was left almost entirely to the States and their subdivisions. The common law permitted aggrieved parties to bring nuisance suits against polluters. But as industrial production and population growth increased the quantity and toxicity of pollution, States gradually shifted to enforcement by regulatory agencies.⁴ Conversely, federal regulation was largely limited to ensuring that “traditional navigable waters”—that is, interstate waters that were either navigable in fact and used in commerce or readily susceptible of being used in this way—remained free of impediments. See, e.g., Rivers and Harbors Act of 1899, 30 Stat. 1151; see also *United States v. Appalachian Elec. Power Co.*, 311 U. S. 377, 406–407 (1940); *The Daniel Ball*, 10 Wall. 557, 563 (1871).

Congress’s early efforts at directly regulating water pollution were tepid. Although the Federal Water Pollution Control Act of 1948 allowed federal officials to seek judicial abatement of pollution in interstate waters, it imposed high

³See *Rapanos v. United States*, 547 U. S. 715 (2006). Neither party contends that any opinion in *Rapanos* controls. We agree. See *Nichols v. United States*, 511 U. S. 738, 745–746 (1994).

⁴See N. Hines, *Nor Any Drop To Drink: Public Regulation of Water Quality*, 52 Iowa L. Rev. 186, 196–207 (1966).

Opinion of the Court

hurdles, such as requiring the consent of the State where the pollution originated. See 62 Stat. 1156–1157. Despite repeated amendments over the next two decades, few actions were brought under this framework.⁵

Congress eventually replaced this scheme in 1972 with the CWA. See 86 Stat. 816. The Act prohibits “the discharge of any pollutant” into “navigable waters.” 33 U. S. C. §§1311(a), 1362(12)(A). It broadly defines the term “pollutant” to include not only contaminants like “chemical wastes,” but also more mundane materials like “rock, sand,” and “cellar dirt.” §1362(6).

The CWA is a potent weapon. It imposes what have been described as “crushing” consequences “even for inadvertent violations.” *Army Corps of Engineers v. Hawkes Co.*, 578 U. S. 590, 602 (2016) (Kennedy, J., concurring). Property owners who negligently discharge “pollutants” into covered waters may face severe criminal penalties including imprisonment. §1319(c). These penalties increase for knowing violations. *Ibid.* On the civil side, the CWA imposes over \$60,000 in fines per day for each violation. See Note following 28 U. S. C. §2461; 33 U. S. C. §1319(d); 88 Fed. Reg. 989 (2023) (to be codified in 40 CFR §19.4). And due to the Act’s 5-year statute of limitations, 28 U. S. C. §2462, and expansive interpretations of the term “violation,” these civil penalties can be nearly as crushing as their criminal counterparts, see, e.g., *Borden Ranch Partnership v. United States Army Corps of Engineers*, 261 F.3d 810, 813, 818 (CA9 2001) (upholding Agency decision to count each of 348 passes of a plow by a farmer through “jurisdictional” soil on his farm as a separate violation), *aff’d* by an equally divided Court, 537 U. S. 99 (2002) (*per curiam*).

The Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) and the

⁵ See Hearings on Activities of the Federal Water Pollution Control Administration before the Subcommittee on Air and Water Pollution of the Senate Committee on Public Works, 90th Cong., 1st Sess., 674 (1967) (reporting only one abatement suit between 1948 and 1967).

Opinion of the Court

Army Corps of Engineers (Corps) jointly enforce the CWA. The EPA is tasked with policing violations after the fact, either by issuing orders demanding compliance or by bringing civil actions. §1319(a). The Act also authorizes private plaintiffs to sue to enforce its requirements. §1365(a). On the front end, both agencies are empowered to issue permits exempting activity that would otherwise be unlawful under the Act. Relevant here, the Corps controls permits for the discharge of dredged or fill material into covered waters. See §1344(a). The costs of obtaining such a permit are “significant,” and both agencies have admitted that “the permitting process can be arduous, expensive, and long.” *Hawkes Co.*, 578 U. S., at 594–595, 601. Success is also far from guaranteed, as the Corps has asserted discretion to grant or deny permits based on a long, nonexclusive list of factors that ends with a catchall mandate to consider “in general, the needs and welfare of the people.” 33 CFR §320.4(a)(1) (2022).

Due to the CWA’s capacious definition of “pollutant,” its low *mens rea*, and its severe penalties, regulated parties have focused particular attention on the Act’s geographic scope. While its predecessor encompassed “interstate or navigable waters,” 33 U. S. C. §1160(a) (1970 ed.), the CWA prohibits the discharge of pollutants into only “navigable waters,” which it defines as “the waters of the United States, including the territorial seas,” 33 U. S. C. §§1311(a), 1362(7), (12)(A) (2018 ed.). The meaning of this definition is the persistent problem that we must address.

B

Michael and Chantell Sackett have spent well over a decade navigating the CWA, and their voyage has been bumpy and costly. In 2004, they purchased a small lot near Priest Lake, in Bonner County, Idaho. In preparation for building a modest home, they began backfilling their property with

Opinion of the Court

dirt and rocks. A few months later, the EPA sent the Sacketts a compliance order informing them that their backfilling violated the CWA because their property contained protected wetlands. The EPA demanded that the Sacketts immediately “undertake activities to restore the Site” pursuant to a “Restoration Work Plan” that it provided. *Sackett v. EPA*, 566 U. S. 120, 125 (2012). The order threatened the Sacketts with penalties of over \$40,000 per day if they did not comply.

At the time, the EPA interpreted “the waters of the United States” to include “[a]ll . . . waters” that “could affect interstate or foreign commerce,” as well as “[w]etlands adjacent” to those waters. 40 CFR §§230.3(s)(3), (7) (2008). “[A]djacent” was defined to mean not just “bordering” or “contiguous,” but also “neighboring.” §230.3(b). Agency guidance instructed officials to assert jurisdiction over wetlands “adjacent” to non-navigable tributaries when those wetlands had “a significant nexus to a traditional navigable water.”⁶ A “significant nexus” was said to exist when “wetlands, either alone or in combination with *similarly situated lands* in the region, *significantly affect* the chemical, physical, and biological integrity” of those waters. 2007 Guidance 8 (emphasis added). In looking for evidence of a “significant nexus,” field agents were told to consider a wide range of open-ended hydrological and ecological factors. See *id.*, at 7.

According to the EPA, the “wetlands” on the Sacketts’ lot are “adjacent to” (in the sense that they are in the same neighborhood as) what it described as an “unnamed tributary” on the other side of a 30-foot road. App. 33. That tributary feeds into a non-navigable creek, which, in turn, feeds into Priest Lake, an intrastate body of water that the

⁶EPA & Corps, Clean Water Act Jurisdiction Following the U. S. Supreme Court’s Decision in *Rapanos v. United States* & *Carabell v. United States* 7–11 (2007) (2007 Guidance).

Opinion of the Court

EPA designated as traditionally navigable. To establish a significant nexus, the EPA lumped the Sacketts’ lot together with the Kalispell Bay Fen, a large nearby wetland complex that the Agency regarded as “similarly situated.” According to the EPA, these properties, taken together, “significantly affect” the ecology of Priest Lake. Therefore, the EPA concluded, the Sacketts had illegally dumped soil and gravel onto “the waters of the United States.”

The Sacketts filed suit under the Administrative Procedure Act, 5 U. S. C. §702 *et seq.*, alleging that the EPA lacked jurisdiction because any wetlands on their property were not “waters of the United States.” The District Court initially dismissed the suit, reasoning that the compliance order was not a final agency action, but this Court ultimately held that the Sacketts could bring their suit under the APA. See *Sackett*, 566 U. S., at 131. After seven years of additional proceedings on remand, the District Court entered summary judgment for the EPA. 2019 WL 13026870 (D Idaho, Mar. 31, 2019). The Ninth Circuit affirmed, holding that the CWA covers adjacent wetlands with a significant nexus to traditional navigable waters and that the Sacketts’ lot satisfied that standard. 8 F. 4th 1075, 1091–1093 (2021).

We granted certiorari to decide the proper test for determining whether wetlands are “waters of the United States.” 595 U. S. ____ (2022).

II

A

In defining the meaning of “the waters of the United States,” we revisit what has been “a contentious and difficult task.” *National Assn. of Mfrs. v. Department of Defense*, 583 U. S. ___, ___ (2018) (slip op., at 1). The phrase has sparked decades of agency action and litigation. In order to resolve the CWA’s applicability to wetlands, we begin by reviewing this history.

Opinion of the Court

The EPA and the Corps initially promulgated different interpretations of “the waters of the United States.” The EPA defined its jurisdiction broadly to include, for example, intrastate lakes used by interstate travelers. 38 Fed. Reg. 13529 (1973). Conversely, the Corps, consistent with its historical authority to regulate obstructions to navigation, asserted jurisdiction over only traditional navigable waters. 39 Fed. Reg. 12119 (1974). But the Corps’ narrow definition did not last. It soon promulgated new, much broader definitions designed to reach the outer limits of Congress’s commerce power. See 42 Fed. Reg. 37144, and n. 2 (1977); 40 Fed. Reg. 31324–31325 (1975).

Eventually the EPA and Corps settled on materially identical definitions. See 45 Fed. Reg. 33424 (1980); 47 Fed. Reg. 31810–31811 (1982). These broad definitions encompassed “[a]ll . . . waters” that “could affect interstate or foreign commerce.” 40 CFR §230.3(s)(3) (2008). So long as the potential for an interstate effect was present, the regulation extended the CWA to, for example, “intrastate lakes, rivers, streams (including intermittent streams), mudflats, sandflats, wetlands, sloughs, prairie potholes, wet meadows, playa lakes, or natural ponds.” *Ibid.* The agencies likewise took an expansive view of the CWA’s coverage of wetlands “adjacent” to covered waters. §230.3(s)(7). As noted, they defined “adjacent” to mean “bordering, contiguous, or neighboring” and clarified that “adjacent” wetlands include those that are separated from covered waters “by man-made dikes or barriers, natural river berms, beach dunes and the like.” §230.3(b). They also specified that “wetlands” is a technical term encompassing “those areas that are inundated or saturated by surface or ground water at a frequency and duration sufficient to support, and that under normal conditions do support, a prevalence of vegetation typically adapted for life in saturated soil conditions.” §230.3(t). The Corps released what would become a 143-page manual to guide officers when they determine whether

Opinion of the Court

property meets this definition.⁷

This Court first construed the meaning of “the waters of the United States” in *United States v. Riverside Bayview Homes, Inc.*, 474 U. S. 121 (1985). There, we were confronted with the Corps’ assertion of authority under the CWA over wetlands that “actually abut[ted] on a navigable waterway.” *Id.*, at 135. Although we expressed concern that wetlands seemed to fall outside “traditional notions of ‘waters,’” we nonetheless deferred to the Corps, reasoning that “the transition from water to solid ground is not necessarily or even typically an abrupt one.” *Id.*, at 132–133.

The agencies responded to *Riverside Bayview* by expanding their interpretations even further. Most notably, they issued the “migratory bird rule,” which extended jurisdiction to any waters or wetlands that “are or would be used as [a] habitat” by migratory birds or endangered species. See 53 Fed. Reg. 20765 (1988); 51 Fed. Reg. 41217 (1986). As the Corps would later admit, “nearly all waters were jurisdictional under the migratory bird rule.”⁸

In *Solid Waste Agency of Northern Cook Cty. v. Army Corps of Engineers*, 531 U. S. 159 (2001) (SWANCC), this Court rejected the migratory bird rule, which the Corps had used to assert jurisdiction over several isolated ponds located wholly within the State of Illinois. Disagreeing with the Corps’ argument that ecological interests supported its jurisdiction, we instead held that the CWA does not “extend[d] to ponds that are not adjacent to open water.” *Id.*, at 168 (emphasis deleted).

Days after our decision, the agencies issued guidance that

⁷See Corps, Wetlands Delineation Manual (Tech. Rep. Y-87-1, 1987) (Wetlands Delineation Manual); see also, *e.g.*, Corps, Regional Supplement to the Corps of Engineers Wetland Delineation Manual: Alaska Region (Version 2.0) (ERDC/EL Tr-07-24, 2007).

⁸GAO, Waters and Wetlands: Corps of Engineers Needs To Evaluate Its District Office Practices in Determining Jurisdiction 26 (GAO-04-297, 2004) (GAO Report).

Opinion of the Court

sought to minimize SWANCC’s impact. They took the view that this Court’s holding was “strictly limited to waters that are ‘nonnavigable, isolated, and intrastate’” and that “field staff should continue to exercise CWA jurisdiction to the full extent of their authority” for “any waters that fall outside of that category.”⁹ The agencies never defined exactly what they regarded as the “full extent of their authority.” They instead encouraged local field agents to make decisions on a case-by-case basis.

What emerged was a system of “vague” rules that depended on “locally developed practices.” GAO Report 26. Deferring to the agencies’ localized decisions, lower courts blessed an array of expansive interpretations of the CWA’s reach. See, e.g., *United States v. Deaton*, 332 F. 3d 698, 702 (CA4 2003) (holding that a property owner violated the CWA by piling soil near a ditch 32 miles from navigable waters). Within a few years, the agencies had “interpreted their jurisdiction over ‘the waters of the United States’ to cover 270-to-300 million acres” of wetlands and “virtually any parcel of land containing a channel or conduit . . . through which rainwater or drainage may occasionally or intermittently flow.” *Rapanos v. United States*, 547 U. S. 715, 722 (2006) (plurality opinion).

It was against this backdrop that we granted review in *Rapanos v. United States*. The lower court in the principal case before us had held that the CWA covered wetlands near ditches and drains that eventually emptied into navigable waters at least 11 miles away, a theory that had supported the petitioner’s conviction in a related prosecution. *Id.*, at 720, 729. Although we vacated that decision, no position commanded a majority of the Court. Four Justices concluded that the CWA’s coverage did not extend beyond two categories: first, certain relatively permanent bodies of

⁹EPA & Corps, Memorandum, Supreme Court Ruling Concerning CWA Jurisdiction Over Isolated Waters 3 (2001) (alteration omitted).

Opinion of the Court

water connected to traditional interstate navigable waters and, second, wetlands with such a close physical connection to those waters that they were “as a practical matter indistinguishable from waters of the United States.” *Id.*, at 742, 755 (emphasis deleted). Four Justices would have deferred to the Government’s determination that the wetlands at issue were covered under the CWA. *Id.*, at 788 (Stevens, J., dissenting). Finally, one Justice concluded that jurisdiction under the CWA requires a “significant nexus” between wetlands and navigable waters and that such a nexus exists where “the wetlands, either alone or in combination with similarly situated lands in the region, significantly affect the chemical, physical, and biological integrity” of those waters. *Id.*, at 779–780 (Kennedy, J., concurring in judgment).

In the decade following *Rapanos*, the EPA and the Corps issued guidance documents that “recognized larger grey areas and called for more fact-intensive individualized determinations in those grey areas.”¹⁰ As discussed, they instructed agency officials to assert jurisdiction over wetlands “adjacent” to non-navigable tributaries based on fact-specific determinations regarding the presence of a significant nexus. 2008 Guidance 8. The guidance further advised officials to make this determination by considering a lengthy list of hydrological and ecological factors. *Ibid.* Echoing what they had said about the migratory bird rule, the agencies later admitted that “almost all waters and wetlands across the country theoretically could be subject to a case-specific jurisdictional determination” under this guidance. 80 Fed. Reg. 37056 (2015); see, e.g., *Hawkes Co.*, 578 U. S., at 596 (explaining that the Corps found a significant nexus between wetlands and a river “some 120 miles

¹⁰N. Parrillo, Federal Agency Guidance and the Power To Bind: An Empirical Study of Agencies and Industries, 36 Yale J. on Reg. 165, 231 (2019); see 2007 Guidance 7–11; EPA & Corps, Clean Water Act Jurisdiction Following the U. S. Supreme Court’s Decision in *Rapanos v. United States & Carabell v. United States* 8–12 (2008) (2008 Guidance).

Opinion of the Court

away”).

More recently, the agencies have engaged in a flurry of rulemaking defining “the waters of the United States.” In a 2015 rule, they offered a muscular approach that would subject “the vast majority of the nation’s water features” to a case-by-case jurisdictional analysis.¹¹ Although the rule listed a few examples of “waters” that were excluded from regulation like “[p]uddles” and “swimming pools,” it categorically covered other waters and wetlands, including any within 1,500 feet of interstate or traditional navigable waters. 80 Fed. Reg. 37116–37117. And it subjected a wider range of other waters, including any within 4,000 feet of indirect tributaries of interstate or traditional navigable waters, to a case-specific determination for significant nexus. *Ibid.*

The agencies repealed this sweeping rule in 2019. 84 Fed. Reg. 56626. Shortly afterwards, they replaced it with a narrower definition that limited jurisdiction to traditional navigable waters and their tributaries, lakes, and “adjacent” wetlands. 85 Fed. Reg. 22340 (2020). They also narrowed the definition of “[a]djacent,” limiting it to wetlands that “[a]but” covered waters, are flooded by those waters, or are separated from those waters by features like berms or barriers. *Ibid.* This rule too did not last. After granting the EPA’s voluntary motion to remand, a District Court vacated the rule. See *Pascua Yaqui Tribe v. EPA*, 557 F. Supp. 3d 949, 957 (D Ariz. 2021).

The agencies recently promulgated yet another rule attempting to define waters of the United States. 88 Fed. Reg. 3004 (2023) (to be codified in 40 CFR §120.2). Under that broader rule, traditional navigable waters, interstate waters, and the territorial seas, as well as their tributaries and adjacent wetlands, are waters of the United States. 88

¹¹EPA & Dept. of the Army, Economic Analysis of the EPA-Army Clean Water Rule 11 (2015).

Opinion of the Court

Fed. Reg. 3143. So are any “[i]ntrastate lakes and ponds, streams, or wetlands” that either have a continuous surface connection to categorically included waters or have a significant nexus to interstate or traditional navigable waters. *Id.*, at 3006, 3143. Like the post-*Rapanos* guidance, the rule states that a significant nexus requires consideration of a list of open-ended factors. 88 Fed. Reg. 3006, 3144. Finally, the rule returns to the broad pre-2020 definition of “adjacent.” *Ibid.*; see *supra*, at 7. Acknowledging that “[f]ield work is often necessary to confirm the presence of a wetland” under these definitions, the rule instructs local agents to continue using the Corps’ Wetlands Delineation Manual. 88 Fed. Reg. 3117.

B

With the benefit of a half century of practice under the CWA, it is worth taking stock of where things stand. The agencies maintain that the significant-nexus test has been and remains sufficient to establish jurisdiction over “adjacent” wetlands. And by the EPA’s own admission, “almost all waters and wetlands” are potentially susceptible to regulation under that test. 80 Fed. Reg. 37056. This puts many property owners in a precarious position because it is “often difficult to determine whether a particular piece of property contains waters of the United States.” *Hawkes Co.*, 578 U. S., at 594; see 40 CFR §230.3(t) (2008). Even if a property appears dry, application of the guidance in a complicated manual ultimately decides whether it contains wetlands. See 88 Fed. Reg. 3117; Wetlands Delineation Manual 84–85 (describing “not . . . atypical” examples of wetlands that periodically lack wetlands indicators); see also *Hawkes Co. v. United States Army Corps of Engineers*, 782 F. 3d 994, 1003 (CA8 2015) (Kelly, J., concurring) (“This is a unique aspect of the CWA; most laws do not require the hiring of expert consultants to determine if they even apply to you or your property”). And because the CWA can sweep

Opinion of the Court

broadly enough to criminalize mundane activities like moving dirt, this unchecked definition of “the waters of the United States” means that a staggering array of landowners are at risk of criminal prosecution or onerous civil penalties.

What are landowners to do if they want to build on their property? The EPA recommends asking the Corps for a jurisdictional determination, which is a written decision on whether a particular site contains covered waters. Tr. of Oral Arg. 86; see Corps, Regulatory Guidance Letter No. 16–01, at 1 (2016) (RGL 16–01); 33 CFR §§320.1(a)(6), 331.2. But the Corps maintains that it has no obligation to provide jurisdictional determinations, RGL 16–01, at 2, and it has already begun announcing exceptions to the legal effect of some previous determinations, see 88 Fed. Reg. 3136. Even if the Corps is willing to provide a jurisdictional determination, a property owner may find it necessary to retain an expensive expert consultant who is capable of putting together a presentation that stands a chance of persuading the Corps.¹² And even then, a landowner’s chances of success are low, as the EPA admits that the Corps finds jurisdiction approximately 75% of the time. Tr. of Oral Arg. 110.

If the landowner is among the vast majority who receive adverse jurisdictional determinations, what then? It would be foolish to go ahead and build since the jurisdictional determination might form evidence of culpability in a prosecution or civil action. The jurisdictional determination could be challenged in court, but only after the delay and expense required to exhaust the administrative appeals

¹²See 88 Fed. Reg. 3134; Corps, Questions and Answers for *Rapanos* and *Carabell* Decision 16 (2007); J. Finkle, Jurisdictional Determinations: An Important Battlefield in the Clean Water Act Fight, 43 Ecology L. Q. 301, 314–315 (2016); K. Gould, Drowning in Wetlands Jurisdictional Determination Process: Implementation of *Rapanos v. United States*, 30 U. Ark. Little Rock L. Rev. 413, 440 (2008).

Opinion of the Court

process. See 33 CFR §331.7(d). And once in court, the landowner would face an uphill battle under the deferential standards of review that the agencies enjoy. See 5 U. S. C. §706. Another alternative would be simply to acquiesce and seek a permit from the Corps. But that process can take years and cost an exorbitant amount of money. Many landowners faced with this unappetizing menu of options would simply choose to build nothing.

III

With this history in mind, we now consider the extent of the CWA's geographical reach.

A

We start, as we always do, with the text of the CWA. *Bar-tenwerfer v. Buckley*, 598 U. S. 69, 74 (2023). As noted, the Act applies to “navigable waters,” which had a well-established meaning at the time of the CWA’s enactment. But the CWA complicates matters by proceeding to define “navigable waters” as “the waters of the United States,” §1362(7), which was decidedly not a well-known term of art. This frustrating drafting choice has led to decades of litigation, but we must try to make sense of the terms Congress chose to adopt. And for the reasons explained below, we conclude that the *Rapanos* plurality was correct: the CWA’s use of “waters” encompasses “only those relatively permanent, standing or continuously flowing bodies of water ‘forming geographic[al] features’ that are described in ordinary parlance as ‘streams, oceans, rivers, and lakes.’” 547 U. S., at 739 (quoting Webster’s New International Dictionary 2882 (2d ed. 1954) (Webster’s Second); original alterations omitted).

This reading follows from the CWA’s deliberate use of the plural term “waters.” See 547 U. S., at 732–733. That term typically refers to bodies of water like those listed above. See, e.g., Webster’s Second 2882; Black’s Law Dictionary

Opinion of the Court

1426 (5th ed. 1979) (“especially in the plural, [water] may designate a body of water, such as a river, a lake, or an ocean, or an aggregate of such bodies of water, as in the phrases ‘foreign waters,’ ‘*waters of the United States*,’ and the like” (emphasis added)); Random House Dictionary of the English Language 2146 (2d ed. 1987) (Random House Dictionary) (defining “waters” as “a. flowing water, or water moving in waves: The river’s mighty waters. b. the sea or seas bordering a particular country or continent or located in a particular part of the world” (emphasis deleted)). This meaning is hard to reconcile with classifying “‘lands,’ wet or otherwise, as ‘waters.’”” *Rapanos*, 547 U. S., at 740 (plurality opinion) (quoting *Riverside Bayview*, 474 U. S., at 132).

This reading also helps to align the meaning of “the waters of the United States” with the term it is defining: “navigable waters.” See *Bond v. United States*, 572 U. S. 844, 861 (2014) (“In settling on a fair reading of a statute, it is not unusual to consider the ordinary meaning of a defined term, particularly when there is dissonance between that ordinary meaning and the reach of the definition”). Although we have acknowledged that the CWA extends to more than traditional navigable waters, we have refused to read “navigable” out of the statute, holding that it at least shows that Congress was focused on “its traditional jurisdiction over waters that were or had been navigable in fact or which could reasonably be so made.” *SWANCC*, 531 U. S., at 172; see also *Appalachian Electric*, 311 U. S., at 406–407; *The Daniel Ball*, 10 Wall., at 563. At a minimum, then, the use of “navigable” signals that the definition principally refers to bodies of navigable water like rivers, lakes, and oceans. See *Rapanos*, 547 U. S., at 734 (plurality opinion).

More broadly, this reading accords with how Congress has employed the term “waters” elsewhere in the CWA and

Opinion of the Court

in other laws. The CWA repeatedly uses “waters” in contexts that confirm the term refers to bodies of open water. See 33 U. S. C. §1267(i)(2)(D) (“the waters of the Chesapeake Bay”); §1268(a)(3)(I) (“the open waters of each of the Great Lakes”); §1324(d)(4)(B)(ii) (“lakes and other surface waters”); §1330(g)(4)(C)(vii) (“estuarine waters”); §1343(c)(1) (“the waters of the territorial seas, the contiguous zone, and the oceans”); §§1346(a)(1), 1375a(a) (“coastal recreation waters”); §1370 (state “boundary waters”). The use of “waters” elsewhere in the U. S. Code likewise correlates to rivers, lakes, and oceans.¹³

Statutory history points in the same direction. The CWA’s predecessor statute covered “interstate or navigable waters” and defined “interstate waters” as “all *rivers, lakes, and other waters* that flow across or form a part of State boundaries.” 33 U. S. C. §§1160(a), 1173(e) (1970 ed.) (emphasis added); see also Rivers and Harbors Act of 1899, 30 Stat. 1151 (codified, as amended, at 33 U. S. C. §403) (prohibiting unauthorized obstructions “to the navigable capacity of any of the waters of the United States”).

This Court has understood the CWA’s use of “waters” in the same way. Even as *Riverside Bayview* grappled with whether adjacent wetlands could fall within the CWA’s coverage, it acknowledged that wetlands are not included in “traditional notions of ‘waters.’” 474 U. S., at 133. It explained that the term conventionally refers to “hydrographic features” like “rivers” and “streams.” *Id.*, at 131. *SWANCC* went even further, repeatedly describing the “waters” covered by the Act as “open water” and suggesting

¹³See, e.g., 16 U. S. C. §745 (“the waters of the seacoast . . . the waters of the lakes”); §4701(a)(7) (“waters of the Chesapeake Bay”); 33 U. S. C. §4 (“the waters of the Mississippi River and its tributaries”); 43 U. S. C. §390h–8(a) (“the waters of Lake Cheraw, Colorado . . . the waters of the Arkansas River”); 46 U. S. C. §70051 (allowing the Coast Guard to take control of particular vessels during an emergency in order to “prevent damage or injury to any harbor or waters of the United States”).

Opinion of the Court

that “the waters of the United States” principally refers to traditional navigable waters. 531 U. S., at 168–169, 172. That our CWA decisions operated under this assumption is unsurprising. Ever since *Gibbons v. Ogden*, 9 Wheat. 1 (1824), this Court has used “waters of the United States” to refer to similar bodies of water, almost always in relation to ships. *Id.*, at 218 (discussing a vessel’s “conduct in the waters of the United States”).¹⁴

The EPA argues that “waters” is “naturally read to encompass wetlands” because the “presence of water is ‘universally regarded as the most basic feature of wetlands.’” Brief for Respondents 19. But that reading proves too much. Consider puddles, which are also defined by the ordinary presence of water even though few would describe them as “waters.” This argument is also tough to square with *SWANCC*, which held that the Act does not cover isolated ponds, see 531 U. S., at 171, or *Riverside Bayview*, which would have had no need to focus so extensively on the adjacency of wetlands to covered waters if the EPA’s reading were correct, see 474 U. S., at 131–135, and n. 8. Finally, it is also instructive that the CWA expressly “protect[s] the primary responsibilities and rights of States to prevent, reduce, and eliminate pollution” and “to plan the development and use . . . of land and water resources.”

¹⁴ See, e.g., *United States v. Alvarez-Machain*, 504 U. S. 655, 661, n. 7 (1992) (discussing a treaty “to allow British passenger ships to carry liquor while in the waters of the United States”); *Kent v. Dulles*, 357 U. S. 116, 123 (1958) (discussing a prohibition on boarding “vessels of the enemy on waters of the United States”); *New Jersey v. New York City*, 290 U. S. 237, 240 (1933) (enjoining employees of New York City from dumping garbage “into the ocean, or waters of the United States, off the coast of New Jersey”); *Cunard S. S. Co. v. Mellon*, 262 U. S. 100, 127 (1923) (holding that the National Prohibition Act did not apply to “merchant ships when outside the waters of the United States”); *Keck v. United States*, 172 U. S. 434, 444–445 (1899) (holding that concealing imported goods on vessels “at the time of entering the waters of the United States,” without more, did not constitute smuggling).

Opinion of the Court

§1251(b). It is hard to see how the States’ role in regulating water resources would remain “primary” if the EPA had jurisdiction over anything defined by the presence of water. See *County of Maui v. Hawaii Wildlife Fund*, 590 U. S. ___, ___ (2020) (slip op., at 7); *Rapanos*, 547 U. S., at 737 (plurality opinion).

B

Although the ordinary meaning of “waters” in §1362(7) might seem to exclude all wetlands, we do not view that provision in isolation. The meaning of a word “may only become evident when placed in context,” *FDA v. Brown & Williamson Tobacco Corp.*, 529 U. S. 120, 132 (2000), and statutory context shows that some wetlands qualify as “waters of the United States.”

In 1977, Congress amended the CWA and added §1344(g)(1), which authorizes States to apply to the EPA for permission to administer programs to issue permits for the discharge of dredged or fill material into some bodies of water. In simplified terms, the provision specifies that state permitting programs may regulate discharges into (1) any waters of the United States, (2) except for traditional navigable waters, (3) “including wetlands adjacent thereto.”¹⁵

When this convoluted formulation is parsed, it tells us that at least some wetlands must qualify as “waters of the

¹⁵This provision states in relevant part: “The Governor of any State desiring to administer its own individual and general permit program for the discharge of dredged or fill material into the navigable waters (other than those waters which are presently used, or are susceptible to use in their natural condition or by reasonable improvement as a means to transport interstate or foreign commerce shoreward to their ordinary high water mark, including all waters which are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide shoreward to their mean high water mark, or mean higher high water mark on the west coast, including wetlands adjacent thereto) within its jurisdiction may submit to the Administrator a full and complete description of the program it proposes to establish and administer under State law or under an interstate compact.” 33 U. S. C. §1344(g)(1).

Opinion of the Court

United States.” The provision begins with a broad category, “the waters of the United States,” which we may call category A. The provision provides that States may permit discharges into these waters, but it then qualifies that States cannot permit discharges into a subcategory of A: traditional navigable waters (category B). Finally, it states that a third category (category C), consisting of wetlands “adjacent” to traditional navigable waters, is “includ[ed]” within B. Thus, States may permit discharges into A minus B, which includes C. If C (adjacent wetlands) were not part of A (“the waters of the United States”) and therefore subject to regulation under the CWA, there would be no point in excluding them from that category. See *Riverside Bayview*, 474 U. S., at 138, n. 11 (recognizing that §1344(g) “at least suggest[s] strongly that the term ‘waters’ as used in the Act does not necessarily exclude ‘wetlands’”); *Rapanos*, 547 U. S., at 768 (opinion of Kennedy, J.). Thus, §1344(g)(1) presumes that certain wetlands constitute “waters of the United States.”

But what wetlands does the CWA regulate? Section 1344(g)(1) cannot answer that question alone because it is not the operative provision that defines the Act’s reach. See *Riverside Bayview*, 474 U. S., at 138, n. 11. Instead, we must harmonize the reference to adjacent wetlands in §1344(g)(1) with “the waters of the United States,” §1362(7), which is the actual term we are tasked with interpreting. The formulation discussed above tells us how: because the adjacent wetlands in §1344(g)(1) are “includ[ed]” within “the waters of the United States,” these wetlands must qualify as “waters of the United States” in their own right. In other words, they must be indistinguishably part of a body of water that itself constitutes “waters” under the CWA. See *supra*, at 14.

This understanding is consistent with §1344(g)(1)’s use of “adjacent.” Dictionaries tell us that the term “adjacent” may mean either “contiguous” or “near.” Random House

Opinion of the Court

Dictionary 25; see Webster’s Third New International Dictionary 26 (1976); see also Oxford American Dictionary & Thesaurus 16 (2d ed. 2009) (listing “adjoining” and “neighboring” as synonyms of “adjacent”). But “construing statutory language is not merely an exercise in ascertaining ‘the outer limits of a word’s definitional possibilities,’” *FCC v. AT&T Inc.*, 562 U. S. 397, 407 (2011) (alterations omitted), and here, “only one . . . meanin[g] produces a substantive effect that is compatible with the rest of the law,” *United Sav. Assn. of Tex. v. Timbers of Inwood Forest Associates, Ltd.*, 484 U. S. 365, 371 (1988). Wetlands that are separate from traditional navigable waters cannot be considered part of those waters, even if they are located nearby.

In addition, it would be odd indeed if Congress had tucked an important expansion to the reach of the CWA into convoluted language in a relatively obscure provision concerning state permitting programs. We have often remarked that Congress does not “hide elephants in mouseholes” by “alter[ing] the fundamental details of a regulatory scheme in vague terms or ancillary provisions.” *Whitman v. American Trucking Assns., Inc.*, 531 U. S. 457, 468 (2001). We cannot agree with such an implausible interpretation here.

If §1344(g)(1) were read to mean that the CWA applies to wetlands that are not indistinguishably part of otherwise covered “waters of the United States,” see *supra*, at 14, it would effectively amend and substantially broaden §1362(7) to define “navigable waters” as “waters of the United States *and adjacent wetlands*.” But §1344(g)(1)’s use of the term “including” makes clear that it does not purport to do—and in fact, does not do—any such thing. See *National Assn. of Home Builders v. Defenders of Wildlife*, 551 U. S. 644, 662–664, and n. 8 (2007) (recognizing that implied amendments require “‘clear and manifest’” evidence of congressional intent). It merely reflects Congress’s assumption that certain “adjacent” wetlands are *part of* “waters of the United States.”

Opinion of the Court

This is the thrust of observations in decisions going all the way back to *Riverside Bayview*. In that case, we deferred to the Corps’ decision to regulate wetlands actually abutting a navigable waterway, but we recognized “the inherent difficulties of defining precise bounds to regulable waters.” 474 U. S., at 134; see also *id.*, at 132 (noting that “the transition from water to solid ground is not necessarily or even typically an abrupt one” due to semi-aquatic features like shallows and swamps). In such a situation, we concluded, the Corps could reasonably determine that wetlands “adjoining bodies of water” were part of those waters. *Id.*, at 135, and n. 9; see also *SWANCC*, 531 U. S., at 167 (recognizing that *Riverside Bayview* “held that the Corps had . . . jurisdiction over wetlands that actually abutted on a navigable waterway”).

In *Rapanos*, the plurality spelled out clearly when adjacent wetlands are part of covered waters. It explained that “waters” may fairly be read to include only those wetlands that are “as a practical matter indistinguishable from waters of the United States,” such that it is “difficult to determine where the ‘water’ ends and the ‘wetland’ begins.” 547 U. S., at 742, 755 (emphasis deleted). That occurs when wetlands have “a continuous surface connection to bodies that are ‘waters of the United States’ in their own right, so that there is no clear demarcation between ‘waters’ and wetlands.” *Id.*, at 742; cf. 33 U. S. C. §2802(5) (defining “coastal waters” to include wetlands “having unimpaired connection with the open sea up to the head of tidal influence”). We agree with this formulation of when wetlands are part of “the waters of the United States.” We also acknowledge that temporary interruptions in surface connection may sometimes occur because of phenomena like low tides or dry spells.¹⁶

¹⁶ Although a barrier separating a wetland from a water of the United States would ordinarily remove that wetland from federal jurisdiction, a

Opinion of the Court

In sum, we hold that the CWA extends to only those wetlands that are “as a practical matter indistinguishable from waters of the United States.” *Rapanos*, 547 U. S., at 755 (plurality opinion) (emphasis deleted). This requires the party asserting jurisdiction over adjacent wetlands to establish “first, that the adjacent [body of water constitutes] . . . ‘water[s] of the United States,’ (*i.e.*, a relatively permanent body of water connected to traditional interstate navigable waters); and second, that the wetland has a continuous surface connection with that water, making it difficult to determine where the ‘water’ ends and the ‘wetland’ begins.” *Id.*, at 742.

IV

The EPA resists this reading of §1362(7) and instead asks us to defer to its understanding of the CWA’s jurisdictional reach, as set out in its most recent rule defining “the waters of the United States.” See 88 Fed. Reg. 3004. This rule, as noted, provides that “adjacent wetlands are covered by the Act if they ‘possess a “significant nexus” to’ traditional navigable waters.” Brief for Respondents 32 (quoting *Rapanos*, 547 U. S., at 759 (opinion of Kennedy, J.)); see 88 Fed. Reg. 3143. And according to the EPA, wetlands are “adjacent” when they are “neighboring” to covered waters, even if they are separated from those waters by dry land. Brief for Respondents 20; 88 Fed. Reg. 3144.

A

For reasons already explained, this interpretation is inconsistent with the text and structure of the CWA. Beyond that, it clashes with “background principles of construction”

landowner cannot carve out wetlands from federal jurisdiction by illegally constructing a barrier on wetlands otherwise covered by the CWA. Whenever the EPA can exercise its statutory authority to order a barrier’s removal because it violates the Act, see 33 U. S. C. §§1319(a)–(b), that unlawful barrier poses no bar to its jurisdiction.

Opinion of the Court

that apply to the interpretation of the relevant statutory provisions. *Bond*, 572 U. S., at 857. Under those presumptions, the EPA must provide clear evidence that it is authorized to regulate in the manner it proposes.

1

First, this Court “require[s] Congress to enact exceedingly clear language if it wishes to significantly alter the balance between federal and state power and the power of the Government over private property.” *United States Forest Service v. Cowpasture River Preservation Assn.*, 590 U. S. ___, ___–___ (2020) (slip op., at 15–16); see also *Bond*, 572 U. S., at 858. Regulation of land and water use lies at the core of traditional state authority. See, e.g., *SWANCC*, 531 U. S., at 174 (citing *Hess v. Port Authority Trans-Hudson Corporation*, 513 U. S. 30, 44 (1994)); *Tarrant Regional Water Dist. v. Herrmann*, 569 U. S. 614, 631 (2013). An overly broad interpretation of the CWA’s reach would impinge on this authority. The area covered by wetlands alone is vast—greater than the combined surface area of California and Texas. And the scope of the EPA’s conception of “the waters of the United States” is truly staggering when this vast territory is supplemented by all the additional area, some of which is generally dry, over which the Agency asserts jurisdiction. Particularly given the CWA’s express policy to “preserve” the States’ “primary” authority over land and water use, §1251(b), this Court has required a clear statement from Congress when determining the scope of “the waters of the United States.” *SWANCC*, 531 U. S., at 174; accord, *Rapanos*, 547 U. S., at 738 (plurality opinion).

The EPA, however, offers only a passing attempt to square its interpretation with the text of §1362(7), and its “significant nexus” theory is particularly implausible. It suggests that the meaning of “the waters of the United

Opinion of the Court

States” is so “broad and unqualified” that, if viewed in isolation, it would extend to all water in the United States. Brief for Respondents 32. The EPA thus turns to the “significant nexus” test in order to reduce the clash between its understanding of “the waters of the United States” and the term defined by that phrase, *i.e.*, “navigable waters.” As discussed, however, the meaning of “waters” is more limited than the EPA believes. See *supra*, at 14. And, in any event, the CWA never mentions the “significant nexus” test, so the EPA has no statutory basis to impose it. See *Rapanos*, 547 U. S., at 755–756 (plurality opinion).

2

Second, the EPA’s interpretation gives rise to serious vagueness concerns in light of the CWA’s criminal penalties. Due process requires Congress to define penal statutes “‘with sufficient definiteness that ordinary people can understand what conduct is prohibited’” and “‘in a manner that does not encourage arbitrary and discriminatory enforcement.’” *McDonnell v. United States*, 579 U. S. 550, 576 (2016) (quoting *Skilling v. United States*, 561 U. S. 358, 402–403 (2010)). Yet the meaning of “waters of the United States” under the EPA’s interpretation remains “hopelessly indeterminate.” *Sackett*, 566 U. S., at 133 (ALITO, J., concurring); accord, *Hawkes Co.*, 578 U. S., at 602 (opinion of Kennedy, J.).

The EPA contends that the only thing preventing it from interpreting “waters of the United States” to “conceivably cover literally every body of water in the country” is the significant-nexus test. Tr. of Oral Arg. 70–71; accord, Brief for Respondents 32. But the boundary between a “significant” and an insignificant nexus is far from clear. And to add to the uncertainty, the test introduces another vague concept—“similarly situated” waters—and then assesses the aggregate effect of that group based on a variety of open-ended factors that evolve as scientific understandings

Opinion of the Court

change. This freewheeling inquiry provides little notice to landowners of their obligations under the CWA. Facing severe criminal sanctions for even negligent violations, property owners are “left to feel their way on a case-by-case basis.” *Sackett*, 566 U. S., at 124 (quoting *Rapanos*, 547 U. S., at 758 (ROBERTS, C. J., concurring)). Where a penal statute could sweep so broadly as to render criminal a host of what might otherwise be considered ordinary activities, we have been wary about going beyond what “Congress certainly intended the statute to cover.” *Skilling*, 561 U. S., at 404.

Under these two background principles, the judicial task when interpreting “the waters of the United States” is to ascertain whether clear congressional authorization exists for the EPA’s claimed power. The EPA’s interpretation falls far short of that standard.

B

While mustering only a weak textual argument, the EPA justifies its position on two other grounds. It primarily claims that Congress implicitly ratified its interpretation of “adjacent” wetlands when it adopted §1344(g)(1). Thus, it argues that “waters of the United States” covers any wetlands that are “bordering, contiguous, or neighboring” to covered waters. 88 Fed. Reg. 3143. The principal opinion concurring in the judgment adopts the same position. See *post*, at 10–12 (KAVANAUGH, J., concurring in judgment). The EPA notes that the Corps had promulgated regulations adopting that interpretation before Congress amended the CWA in 1977 to include the reference to “adjacent” wetlands in §1344(g)(1). See 42 Fed. Reg. 37144. This term, the EPA contends, was ““obviously transplanted from”” the Corps’ regulations and thus incorporates the same definition. Brief for Respondents 22 (quoting *Taggart v. Lorenzen*, 587 U. S. ___, ___ (2019) (slip op., at 5)).

This argument fails for at least three reasons. First, as we have explained, the text of §§1362(7) and 1344(g)(1)

Opinion of the Court

shows that “adjacent” cannot include wetlands that are not part of covered “waters.” See *supra*, at 22.

Second, this ratification theory cannot be reconciled with our cases. We have repeatedly recognized that §1344(g)(1) “‘does not conclusively determine the construction to be placed on . . . the relevant definition of ‘navigable waters.’” *SWANCC*, 531 U. S., at 171 (quoting *Riverside Bayview*, 474 U. S., at 138, n. 11); accord, *Rapanos*, 547 U. S., at 747–748, n. 12 (plurality opinion). Additionally, *SWANCC* rejected the closely analogous argument that Congress ratified the Corps’ definition of “waters of the United States” by including “‘other . . . waters” in §1344(g)(1). 531 U. S., at 168–171. And yet, the EPA’s argument would require us to hold that §1344(g)(1) actually did amend the definition of “navigable waters” precisely for the reasons we rejected in *SWANCC*.

Third, the EPA cannot provide the sort of “overwhelming evidence of acquiescence” necessary to support its argument in the face of Congress’s failure to amend §1362(7). *Id.*, at 169–170, n. 5. We will infer that a term was “‘transplanted from another legal source’ . . . only when a term’s meaning was ‘well-settled’ before the transplantation.” *Kemp v. United States*, 596 U. S. ___, ___–___ (2022) (slip op., at 9–10). Far from being well settled, the Corps’ definition was promulgated mere months before the CWA became law, and when the Corps adopted that definition, it candidly acknowledged the “rapidly changing nature of [its] regulatory programs.” 42 Fed. Reg. 37122. Tellingly, even the EPA would not adopt that definition for several more years. See 45 Fed. Reg. 85345 (1980). This situation is a far cry from any in which we have found ratification. See, e.g., *George v. McDonough*, 596 U. S. ___, ___ (2022) (slip op., at 5) (finding ratification when “Congress used an unusual term that had a long regulatory history in [the] very regulatory context” at issue).

The EPA also advances various policy arguments about

Opinion of the Court

the ecological consequences of a narrower definition of adjacent. But the CWA does not define the EPA’s jurisdiction based on ecological importance, and we cannot redraw the Act’s allocation of authority. See *Rapanos*, 547 U. S., at 756 (plurality opinion). “The Clean Water Act anticipates a partnership between the States and the Federal Government.” *Arkansas v. Oklahoma*, 503 U. S. 91, 101 (1992). States can and will continue to exercise their primary authority to combat water pollution by regulating land and water use. See, e.g., Brief for Farm Bureau of Arkansas et al. as *Amici Curiae* 17–27.

V

Nothing in the separate opinions filed by JUSTICE KAVANAUGH and JUSTICE KAGAN undermines our analysis. JUSTICE KAVANAUGH claims that we have “rewrit[ten]” the CWA, *post*, at 12 (opinion concurring in judgment), and JUSTICE KAGAN levels similar charges, *post*, at 3–4 (opinion concurring in judgment). These arguments are more than unfounded. We have analyzed the statutory language in detail, but the separate opinions pay no attention whatsoever to §1362(7), the key statutory provision that limits the CWA’s geographic reach to “the *waters* of the United States.” Thus, neither separate opinion even attempts to explain how the wetlands included in their interpretation fall within a fair reading of “waters.” Textualist arguments that ignore the operative text cannot be taken seriously.

VI

In sum, we hold that the CWA extends to only those “wetlands with a continuous surface connection to bodies that are ‘waters of the United States’ in their own right,” so that they are “indistinguishable” from those waters. *Rapanos*, 547 U. S., at 742, 755 (plurality opinion) (emphasis deleted); see *supra*, at 22. This holding compels reversal here. The wetlands on the Sacketts’ property are distinguishable

Opinion of the Court

from any possibly covered waters.

* * *

We reverse the judgment of the United States Court of Appeals for the Ninth Circuit and remand the case for further proceedings consistent with this opinion.

It is so ordered.

THOMAS, J., concurring

SUPREME COURT OF THE UNITED STATES

No. 21–454

MICHAEL SACKETT, ET UX., PETITIONERS *v.*
ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION
AGENCY, ET AL.

ON WRIT OF CERTIORARI TO THE UNITED STATES COURT OF
APPEALS FOR THE NINTH CIRCUIT

[May 25, 2023]

JUSTICE THOMAS, with whom JUSTICE GORSUCH joins,
concurring.

I join the Court’s opinion in full. The Clean Water Act (CWA) confines the Federal Government’s jurisdiction to “‘navigable waters,’” defined as “the waters of the United States.” 33 U. S. C. §§1311(a), 1362(7), (12). And the Court correctly holds that the term “waters” reaches “‘only those relatively permanent, standing or continuously flowing bodies of water “‘forming geographic[al] features”’ that are described in ordinary parlance as “streams, oceans, rivers, and lakes.”’” *Ante*, at 14 (quoting *Rapanos v. United States*, 547 U. S. 715, 739 (2006) (plurality opinion)). It also correctly holds that for a wetland to fall within this definition, it must share a “‘continuous surface connection to bodies that are “waters of the United States” in their own right”’ such that “‘there is no clear demarcation between “waters” and wetlands.”’” *Ante*, at 21 (quoting *Rapanos*, 547 U. S., at 742 (plurality opinion)).

However, like the *Rapanos* plurality before it, the Court focuses only on the term “waters”; it does not determine the extent to which the CWA’s other jurisdictional terms—“navigable” and “of the United States”—limit the reach of the statute. *Ante*, at 14–18; *Rapanos*, 547 U. S., at 731 (plurality opinion). I write separately to pick up where the

THOMAS, J., concurring

Court leaves off.

I

The CWA’s jurisdictional terms have a long pedigree and are bound up with Congress’ traditional authority over the channels of interstate commerce. *Solid Waste Agency of Northern Cook Cty. v. Army Corps of Engineers*, 531 U. S. 159, 168, and n. 3, 172, 173–174 (2001) (SWANCC). That traditional authority was limited in two ways. First, the water had to be capable of being used as a highway for interstate or foreign commerce. Second, Congress could regulate such waters only for purposes of their navigability—by, for example, regulating obstructions hindering navigable capacity. By the time of the CWA’s enactment, the New Deal era arguably had relaxed the second limitation; Congress could regulate navigable waters for a wider range of purposes. But, critically, the statutory terms “navigable waters,” “navigable waters of the United States,” and “waters of the United States” were still understood as invoking only Congress’ authority over waters that are, were, or could be used as highways of interstate or foreign commerce. The CWA was enacted, and must be understood, against that key backdrop.

A

As the Court correctly states, “land and water use lies at the core of traditional state authority.” *Ante*, at 23; see also *ante*, at 2. Prior to Independence, the Crown possessed sovereignty over navigable waters in the Colonies, sometimes held in trust by colonial authorities. See R. Adler, *The Ancient Mariner* of Constitutional Law: The Historical, Yet Declining Role of Navigability, 90 Wash. U. L. Rev. 1643, 1656–1659 (2013); R. Walston, *The Federal Commerce and Navigation Powers: Solid Waste Agency of Northern Cook County’s Undecided Constitutional Issue*, 42 Santa Clara L. Rev. 699, 721 (2002) (Walston). Upon Independence, this

THOMAS, J., concurring

sovereignty was transferred to each of the 13 fully sovereign States. See *Martin v. Lessee of Waddell*, 16 Pet. 367, 410 (1842) (“[W]hen the Revolution took place, the people of each state became themselves sovereign; and in that character hold the absolute right to all their navigable waters and the soils under them for their own common use, subject only to the rights since surrendered by the Constitution to the general government”). Thus, today, States enjoy primary sovereignty over their waters, including navigable waters—stemming either from their status as independent sovereigns following Independence, *ibid.*, or their later admission to the Union on an equal footing with the original States, see *Lessee of Pollard v. Hagan*, 3 How. 212, 230 (1845) (“The shores of navigable waters, and the soils under them, were not granted by the Constitution to the United States, but were reserved to the states respectively. . . . The new states have the same rights, sovereignty, and jurisdiction over this subject as the original states”); see also M. Starr, *Navigable Waters of the United States—State and National Control*, 35 Harv. L. Rev. 154, 169–170 (1921). The Federal Government therefore possesses no authority over navigable waters except that granted by the Constitution.

The Federal Government’s authority over certain navigable waters is granted and limited by the Commerce Clause, which grants Congress power to “regulate Commerce with foreign Nations, and among the several States, and with the Indian Tribes.” Art. I, §8, cl. 3. From the beginning, it was understood that “[t]he power to regulate commerce, includes the power to regulate navigation,” but only “as connected with the commerce with foreign nations, and among the states.” *United States v. Coombs*, 12 Pet. 72, 78 (1838) (Story, J., for the Court); accord, *Gibbons v. Ogden*, 9 Wheat. 1, 190 (1824) (“All America understands . . . the word ‘commerce,’ to comprehend navigation. It was so un-

THOMAS, J., concurring

derstood, and must have been so understood, when the constitution was framed”); see also R. Barnett, The Original Meaning of the Commerce Clause, 68 U. Chi. L. Rev. 101, 125–126 (2001) (Barnett); R. Natelson, The Legal Meaning of “Commerce” in the Commerce Clause, 80 St. John’s L. Rev. 789, 807–810 (2006). In fact, “shipping . . . was at that time the indispensable means for the movement of goods.” Barnett 123. The Commerce Clause thus vests Congress with a limited authority over what we now call the “channels of interstate commerce.” *United States v. Lopez*, 514 U. S. 549, 558–559 (1995); see also *American Trucking Assns., Inc. v. Los Angeles*, 569 U. S. 641, 656–657 (2013) (THOMAS, J., concurring).

This federal authority, however, does not displace States’ traditional sovereignty over their waters. “The power to regulate commerce comprehends the control *for that purpose*, and to the extent necessary, of all the navigable waters of the United States which are accessible from a State other than those in which they lie.” *Gilman v. Philadelphia*, 3 Wall. 713, 724–725 (1866) (emphasis added). And, traditionally, this limited authority was confined to regulation of the channels of interstate commerce themselves. *Corfield v. Coryell*, 6 F. Cas. 546, 550–551 (No. 3,230) (CC ED Pa. 1823) (Washington, J., for the Court). It encompassed only “the power to keep them open and free from any obstruction to their navigation” and “to remove such obstructions when they exist.” *Gilman*, 3 Wall., at 725. Thus, any activity that “interferes with, obstructs, or prevents such commerce and navigation, though done on land, may be punished by congress.” *Coombs*, 12 Pet., at 78. But, activities that merely “affect” water-based commerce, such as those regulated by “[i]nspection laws, quarantine laws, health laws of every description, as well as laws for regulating the internal commerce of a State,” are not within Congress’ channels-of-commerce authority. *Gibbons*, 9 Wheat., at 203; see also *Corfield*, 6 F. Cas., at 550.

THOMAS, J., concurring

This understanding of the limits of Congress’ channels-of-commerce authority prevailed through the end of the 19th century. The Court’s cases consistently recognized that Congress has authority over navigable waters for only the limited “purpose of regulating and improving navigation.” *Gibson v. United States*, 166 U. S. 269, 271–272 (1897); see also *Port of Seattle v. Oregon & Washington R. Co.*, 255 U. S. 56, 63 (1921) (“The right of the United States in the navigable waters within the several States is limited to the control thereof for purposes of navigation”). And, this Court was careful to reaffirm that “technical title to the beds of the navigable rivers of the United States is either in the States in which the rivers are situated, or in the owners of the land bordering upon such rivers” as determined by “local law.” *United States v. Chandler-Dunbar Water Power Co.*, 229 U. S. 53, 60 (1913).

The River and Harbor Acts of 1890, 1894, and 1899 illustrate the limits of the channels-of-commerce authority. The 1890 Act authorizes the Secretary of War to “prohibi[t]” “the creation of any obstruction, not affirmatively authorized by law, to the navigable capacity of any waters, in respect of which the United States has jurisdiction.” §10, 26 Stat. 454. The 1894 Act made it unlawful to deposit matter into “any harbor or river of the United States” that the Federal Government has appropriated money to improve and prohibited injuring improvements built by the United States in “any of its navigable waters.” §6, 28 Stat. 363.

Congress consolidated and expanded these authorities in the 1899 Act. Section 10 of the Act prohibits “[t]he creation of any obstruction . . . to the navigable capacity of any of the waters of the United States,” requires a permit to build “structures in any . . . water of the United States,” and makes it unlawful “to excavate or fill, or in any manner to alter or modify the course, location, condition, or capacity” of any water, “within the limits of any breakwater, or of the channel of any navigable water of the United States.” 30

THOMAS, J., concurring

Stat. 1151 (codified, as amended, at 33 U. S. C. §403). In addition, §13 of the Act, sometimes referred to as the “Refuse Act,” prohibits throwing, discharging, or depositing “any refuse matter . . . into any navigable water of the United States, or into any tributary of any navigable water from which the same shall float or be washed into such navigable water.” 30 Stat. 1152 (codified, as amended, at 33 U. S. C. §407). Section 13 also prohibits depositing material “on the bank of any navigable water, or on the bank of any tributary of any navigable water, where the same shall be liable to be washed into such navigable water . . . whereby navigation shall or may be impeded or obstructed.” *Ibid.*

Three things stand out about these provisions. First, they use the terms “navigable water,” “water of the United States,” and “navigable water of the United States” interchangeably. 33 U. S. C. §§403 and 407; see also V. Albrecht & S. Nickelsburg, *Could SWANCC Be Right? A New Look at the Legislative History of the Clean Water Act*, 32 Env. L. Rev. 11042, 11044 (2002) (Albrecht & Nickelsburg). As a result, courts have done the same in decisions interpreting the River and Harbor Acts. See, e.g., *United States v. Stoeco Homes, Inc.*, 498 F.2d 597, 608–609 (CA3 1974); *New England Dredging Co. v. United States*, 144 F. 932, 933–934 (CA1 1906); *Blake v. United States*, 181 F. Supp. 584, 587–588 (ED Va. 1960).

Second, Congress asserted its authority only to the extent that obstructions or refuse matter could impede navigation or navigable capacity. Thus, in *United States v. Rio Grande Dam & Irrigation Co.*, 174 U. S. 690 (1899), this Court recognized that any “act sought to be enjoined” under the 1890 Act must be “one which fairly and directly tends to obstruct (that is, interfere with or diminish) the navigable capacity of a stream.” *Id.*, at 709; accord, *Lake Shore & Michigan Southern R. Co. v. Ohio*, 165 U. S. 365, 369 (1897) (holding

THOMAS, J., concurring

that federal jurisdiction over “navigable waters” was limited to preventing “interfering with commerce”). Similarly, in *Wisconsin v. Illinois*, 278 U. S. 367 (1929), this Court interpreted the 1899 Act in light of the constitutional prohibition on Congress “arbitrarily destroy[ing] or impair[ing] the rights of riparian owners by legislation which has no real or substantial relation to the control of navigation or appropriateness to that end.” *Id.*, at 415.¹ The touchstone, thus, remained actual navigation.

Third, §13 of the Act requires some form of surface water connection between a tributary and traditionally navigable waters. See 33 U. S. C. §407 (prohibiting depositing refuse “into any tributary of any navigable water from which the same shall float or be washed into such navigable water”). To be sure, the Refuse Act also prohibits leaving refuse “on the bank of any navigable water, or on the bank of any tributary of any navigable water, where the same shall be liable to be washed into such navigable water.” *Ibid.* But, this prohibition reflects nothing more than Congress’ traditional authority to regulate acts done on land that directly impair the navigability of traditionally navigable waters. See *Rio Grande Dam & Irrigation Co.*, 174 U. S., at 708 (explaining that the Act reaches “any obstruction to the navigable capacity, and anything, wherever done or however

¹ Courts had long carefully enforced limits on Congress’ navigation authority in prosecutions brought under the Act of July 7, 1838, ch. 191, 5 Stat. 304 (Steamboat Acts of 1838), which prohibited the transportation of goods “upon the bays, lakes, rivers, or other navigable waters of the United States” by certain steamboats. See, e.g., *The Seneca*, 27 F. Cas. 1021 (No. 16,251) (DC Wis. 1861); see also *The James Morrison*, 26 F. Cas. 579, 582 (No. 15,465) (DC Mo. 1846) (holding that the 1838 Act did not reach a ship whose “employment ha[d] no other than a remote connection with ‘commerce or navigation among the several states;’ no more connection than has the farmer who cultivates hemp, tobacco or cotton for a market in other states—the miner who digs and smelts lead—the manufacturer who manufactures for the same market, or the traveler who intends purchasing any of these articles”).

THOMAS, J., concurring

done, . . . which tends to destroy the navigable capacity of one of the navigable waters of the United States”); see also *Northern Pacific R. Co. v. United States*, 104 F. 691, 693 (CA8 1900); *Coombs*, 12 Pet., at 78. It does not mean that the land itself is a navigable water.²

The history of federal regulation of navigable waters demonstrates that Congress’ authority over navigation, as traditionally understood, was narrow but deep. It only applied to a discrete set of navigable waters and could only be used to keep those waters open for interstate commerce. See *Port of Seattle*, 255 U. S., at 63; *Rio Grande Dam & Irrigation Co.*, 174 U. S., at 709. Yet, where Congress had authority, it displaced the States’ traditional sovereignty over their navigable waters and allowed Congress to regulate activities even on land that could directly cause obstructions to navigable capacity. *Gilman*, 3 Wall., at 724–725; *Coombs*, 12 Pet., at 78.

In light of the depth of this new federal power, it was carefully limited—mere “effects” on interstate commerce were not sufficient to trigger Congress’ navigation authority. As one District Court presciently observed in interpreting the term “navigable waters of the United States” in the Steamboat Act of 1838:

“To make a particular branch of commerce or trade within a state, a part of the commerce among the several states, it would not be sufficient that it was remotely connected with that commerce among the several states; for almost everything and every occupation and employment in life are remotely connected with

²The early 20th century also saw the Reclamation Act of 1902, ch. 1093, 32 Stat. 388; Federal Power Act, ch. 285, 41 Stat. 1063; Oil Pollution Act, 1924, ch. 316, 43 Stat. 604; and Flood Control Act of 1936, ch. 688, 49 Stat. 1570, all of which relied on navigability. See Walston 724–726. Although the Acts were also designed to achieve incidental benefits such as pollution control, Congress located its authority in preserving navigation. *Ibid.*

THOMAS, J., concurring

that commerce or navigation. And if congress has the right to regulate every employment or pursuit thus remotely connected with that commerce, of which they have the control, then it has the right to regulate nearly the entire business and employment of the citizens of the several states. . . . Yet, if congress has the power to regulate all these employments, and a thousand others equally connected with that commerce, then it can regulate nearly all the concerns of life, and nearly all the employments of the citizens of the several states; and the state governments might as well be abolished. It is not sufficient, then, that navigation, or trade, or business of any kind, within a state, be remotely connected, or, perhaps, connected at all with ‘commerce with foreign nations, or among the several states, or with the Indian tribes,’ it should be a part of that commerce, to authorize congress to regulate it.” *The James Morrison*, 26 F. Cas. 579, 581 (No. 15,465) (DC Mo. 1846).

The Court’s observation that “federal regulation was largely limited to ensuring that ‘traditional navigable waters’ . . . remained free of impediments,” *ante*, at 2, thus does no more than reflect the original understanding of the federal authority over navigable waters.

B

As noted above, the scope of Congress’ authority over waters was defined by the traditional concept of navigability, imported with significant modifications from the English common law.³ Thus, Congress could regulate only “naviga-

³The English rule tied navigability to the ebb and flow of the tides, but began to be eroded in America as early as the Northwest Ordinance of 1787 due to the superior commercial capacity of American inland rivers. See *The Daniel Ball*, 10 Wall. 557, 563 (1871); *Propeller Genesee Chief v. Fitzhugh*, 12 How. 443, 454–457 (1852); see also *Economy Light & Power*

THOMAS, J., concurring

ble waters.” Consistent with that backdrop, the term “navigable waters”—used interchangeably with “waters of the United States” and “navigable waters of the United States”—referred to the waters subject to Congress’ traditional authority over navigable waters until the enactment of the CWA.

1

The term “navigable waters” has been in use since the founding to refer to the highways of commerce that were key to the Nation’s development. Great cities like Philadelphia and St. Louis emerged at first as commercial ports along these navigable waters. The Framers recognized that “Providence has in a particular manner blessed” our country with “[a] succession of navigable waters” that “bind [the Nation] together; while the most noble rivers in the world, running at convenient distances, present [Americans] with highways for the easy communication of friendly aids and the mutual transportation and exchange of their various commodities.” The Federalist No. 2, p. 38 (C. Rossiter ed. 1961) (J. Jay). These “vast rivers, stretching far inland” have been of “transcendent importance” to our Nation’s economic expansion by forming “great highways” for commerce. L. Houck, *Law of Navigable Rivers* xiii (1868).

This Court authoritatively set out the scope of the term “navigable waters of the United States” in the seminal case of *The Daniel Ball*, 10 Wall. 557 (1871). That case arose under the Steamboat Act of 1838, which prohibited the transportation of goods “upon the bays, lakes, rivers, or other navigable waters of the United States.” §2, 5 Stat.

Co. v. United States, 256 U. S. 113, 120 (1921) (“[I]t is curious and interesting that the importance of these inland waterways, and the inappropriateness of the tidal test in defining our navigable waters, was thus recognized by the Congress of the Confederation [in the Northwest Ordinance] more than 80 years before this court decided *The Daniel Ball* . . . and more than 60 years before *The Propeller Genesee Chief*”).

THOMAS, J., concurring

304. This Court held that the term “navigable” refers to waters that are “navigable in fact,” meaning that “they are used, or are susceptible of being used, in their ordinary condition, as highways for commerce, over which trade and travel are or may be conducted in the customary modes of trade and travel on water.” *The Daniel Ball*, 10 Wall., at 563. The Court then explained that navigable waters are “of the United States,” “in contradistinction from the navigable waters of the States, when they form in their ordinary condition by themselves, or by uniting with other waters, a continued highway over which commerce is or may be carried on with other States or foreign countries in the customary modes in which such commerce is conducted by water.” *Ibid.*; see also *The Montello*, 11 Wall. 411, 415 (1871) (“If . . . the river is not of itself a highway for commerce with other States or foreign countries, or does not form such highway by its connection with other waters, and is only navigable between different places within the State, then it is not a navigable water of the United States, but only a navigable water of the State”). It is this “junction” between waters to “for[m] a continued highway for commerce, both with other States and with foreign countries,” that brings the water “under the direct control of Congress in the exercise of its commercial power.” *The Daniel Ball*, 10 Wall., at 564. The definition of a “navigable water of the United States” was thus linked directly to the limits on Congress’ commerce authority: A navigable water of the United States was one that was ordinarily used for interstate or foreign commerce.

Wetlands were generally excluded from this definition. In *Leovy v. United States*, 177 U. S. 621 (1900), for example, the Court employed the *Daniel Ball* test to hold that the term “navigable waters of the United States,” as used in the 1890 River and Harbor Act, did not “prevent the exercise by the State of Louisiana of its power to reclaim swamp and overflowed lands by regulating and controlling the current

THOMAS, J., concurring

of small streams not used habitually as arteries of interstate commerce.” 177 U. S., at 632. The Court observed that applying the Act to wetlands reclamation “would extend the paramount jurisdiction of the United States over all the flowing waters in the States.” *Id.*, at 633. “If such were the necessary construction of the” term “navigable water,” the Court explained, the River and Harbor Act’s “validity might well be questioned.” *Ibid.* But, the Court declined to interpret the Act to reach the wetlands, because it recognized that the phrase “navigable waters of the United States” encompassed only those waters reached by the traditional channels-of-commerce authority:

“When it is remembered that the source of the power of the general government to act at all in this matter arises out of its power to regulate commerce with foreign countries and among the States, it is obvious that what the Constitution and the acts of Congress have in view is the promotion and protection of commerce in its international and interstate aspect, and a practical construction must be put on these enactments as intended for such large and important purposes.” *Ibid.*

The Court thus held that the mere use of a wetland by fishermen was not sufficient to make the wetland a navigable water of the United States; it “was not shown that passengers were ever carried through it, or that freight destined to any other State than Louisiana, or, indeed, destined for any market in Louisiana, was ever, much less habitually, carried through it.” *Id.*, at 627.⁴

⁴*Leovy v. United States* also reflected the law’s longstanding hostility to wetlands: “If there is any fact which may be supposed to be known by everybody, and, therefore, by courts, it is that swamps and stagnant waters are the cause of malarial and malignant fevers, and that the police power is never more legitimately exercised than in removing such nuisances.” 177 U. S., at 636. Traditionally, the only time wetlands were the subject of federal legislation was to aid the States in draining them.

THOMAS, J., concurring

The *Daniel Ball* test, with minor variations, marked the limits of federal jurisdiction over waters up to the enactment of the CWA. For instance, in *Economy Light & Power Co. v. United States*, 256 U. S. 113 (1921), the Court applied *The Daniel Ball* but expanded it to hold that the River and Harbor Act of 1899 reaches waters that are not currently capable of supporting interstate commerce, though they once did. 256 U. S., at 123–124. And, in *United States v. Appalachian Elec. Power Co.*, 311 U. S. 377 (1940), the Court applied *The Daniel Ball* to reach waters that could be made navigable with reasonable and feasible improvement. 311 U. S., at 408–409. While these cases expanded the outer boundaries of the term, creating an expanded form of the *Daniel Ball* test, they reflect the Court’s longstanding view that the statutory term “navigable water” required application of the *Daniel Ball* test.

2

In the New Deal era, as is well known, this Court adopted a greatly expanded conception of Congress’ commerce authority by permitting Congress to regulate any private intrastate activity that substantially affects interstate commerce, either by itself or when aggregated with many similar activities. See *Wickard v. Filburn*, 317 U. S. 111, 127–129 (1942); see also *United States v. Darby*, 312 U. S. 100, 119 (1941). Yet, this expansion did not fundamentally change the Court’s understanding that the term “navigable waters” referred to waters used for interstate commerce. Thus, in *Appalachian Elec.*, the Court continued to apply the concept of navigability to determine the scope of Congress’ Commerce Clause authority to require licenses under

See, e.g., Swamp Land Act of 1850, ch. 84, 9 Stat. 519; see also S. Johnson, *Wetlands Law: A Course Source* 25–26 (2d ed. 2018). Wetlands preservation only gained traction due, in large part, to advances in firearms technology that made waterfowl hunting feasible. G. Baldassarre & E. Bolen, *Waterfowl Ecology and Management* 10–14 (1994).

THOMAS, J., concurring

the Federal Water Power Act for the construction of hydroelectric dams in “navigable waters.” 311 U. S., at 406–410. Only after applying the *Daniel Ball* definition to determine that the river in question was navigable did the Court hold that Congress had plenary authority over the erection of structures in the river, regardless of whether the structure actually impeded navigability. 311 U. S., at 423–426. While this represented an expansive application of the old concept that Congress can prevent obstructions to navigable capacity, see *supra*, at 4, 7–8, *Appalachian Elec.* made clear that the term “navigable waters” remained tethered to Congress’ traditional channels-of-commerce authority—not to the broader conceptions of the commerce authority adopted by the Court at that time.

The next year, in *Oklahoma ex rel. Phillips v. Guy F. Atkinson Co.*, 313 U. S. 508 (1941), the Court reaffirmed that the term “navigable waters,” this time as used in the Flood Control Act of 1936, was to be interpreted in light of the expanded *Daniel Ball* test. 313 U. S., at 522–525. Significantly, *Oklahoma* was decided mere months after *Darby*, one of the most significant cases expanding the scope of the commerce authority. 312 U. S., at 119. However, *Oklahoma* did not so much as mention *Darby* in construing the jurisdiction Congress conveyed in the term “navigable waters.” Instead, it cited *Darby* only in passing and to support the argument that, once a river is deemed navigable under the channels-of-commerce authority, Congress has authority to protect “the nation’s arteries of commerce” by regulating intrastate activities on nonnavigable parts and tributaries of the navigable river lest such activities “impai[r] navigation itself.” *Oklahoma*, 313 U. S., at 525. This was nothing more than an application of the principle that Congress can regulate activities that obstruct navigable capacity. Thus, even as the Court expanded the Commerce Clause in other contexts, it continued to understand that the term “navigable waters” refers solely to the aquatic

THOMAS, J., concurring

channels of interstate commerce over which Congress traditionally exercised authority.

3

This understanding of the term “navigable waters”—*i.e.*, as shorthand for waters subject to Congress’ authority under the *Daniel Ball* test—persisted up to the enactment of the CWA. See, *e.g.*, *Stoeco Homes, Inc.*, 498 F. 2d, at 608–609; *United States v. Joseph G. Moretti, Inc.*, 478 F. 2d 418, 428–429 (CA5 1973); see also D. Guinn, *An Analysis of Navigable Waters of the United States*, 18 *Baylor L. Rev.* 559, 579 (1966) (“[T]he test of *The Daniel Ball* and *Appalachian Power Co.* are religiously cited as being the basis for the holding on the issue of navigability”). As a court observed near the time of the CWA’s enactment, “[a]lthough the definition of ‘navigability’ laid down in *The Daniel Ball* has subsequently been modified and clarified, its definition of ‘navigable water of the United States,’ insofar as it requires a navigable interstate linkage by water, appears to remain unchanged.” *Hardy Salt Co. v. Southern Pacific Transp. Co.*, 501 F. 2d 1156, 1167 (CA10 1974) (citations omitted). This Court’s cases, too, continued to apply traditional navigability concepts in cases under the River and Harbor Acts right up to the CWA’s enactment. See *United States v. Standard Oil Co.*, 384 U. S. 224, 226 (1966) (holding that spilling oil in a navigable water was prohibited by the Refuse Act (§13 of the 1899 Act) because “its presence in our rivers and harbors is both a menace to navigation and a pollutant”); *United States v. Republic Steel Corp.*, 362 U. S. 482, 487–491 (1960) (“diminution of the navigable capacity of a waterway” required for violation of the Refuse Act). Thus, on the eve of the CWA’s enactment, the term “navigable waters” meant those waters that are, were, or could be used as highways of interstate or foreign commerce.

THOMAS, J., concurring

II

This history demonstrates that Congress was not writing on a blank slate in the CWA, which defines federal jurisdiction using the same terms used in the River and Harbor Acts: “navigable waters” and “the waters of the United States,” 33 U. S. C. §§1311(a), 1362(7), (12). As explained above, courts and Congress had long used the terms “navigable water,” “navigable water of the United States,” and “the waters of the United States” interchangeably to signify those waters to which the traditional channels-of-commerce authority extended. See *supra*, at 6. The terms “navigable waters” and “waters of the United States” shared a core requirement that the water be a “highway over which commerce is or may be carried,” with the term “of the United States” doing the independent work of requiring that such commerce “be carried on with other States or foreign countries.” *The Daniel Ball*, 10 Wall., at 563. The text of the CWA thus reflects the traditional balance between federal and state authority over navigable waters, as set out by *The Daniel Ball*. It would be strange indeed if Congress sought to effect a fundamental transformation of federal jurisdiction over water through phrases that had been in use to describe the traditional scope of that jurisdiction for well over a century and that carried a well-understood meaning.⁵

⁵In fact, when Congress has wished to depart from this traditional meaning, it has done so expressly, as in parts of the Federal Power Act, §23, 41 Stat. 1075 (requiring approval for dam construction “across, along, over, or in any stream or part thereof, other than those defined herein this chapter as navigable waters”); the Federal Water Pollution Control Act, ch. 758, §2(a), 62 Stat. 1155 (as amended, 86 Stat. 816) (authorizing federal-state cooperation to abate water pollution in “interstate waters” and their tributaries); and the Water Quality Act of 1965, 79 Stat. 905–906 (authorizing grants to research abatement of pollution into “any waters”); see *Hardy Salt Co. v. Southern Pacific Transp. Co.*, 501 F. 2d 1156, 1168 (CA10 1974) (noting that Congress only departs from the expanded *Daniel Ball* test by using “clear and explicit language,” as it did in parts of the Federal Power Act).

THOMAS, J., concurring

The Army Corps of Engineers originally understood the CWA in precisely this way. In its 1974 regulation establishing the first CWA §404 permitting program,⁶ the Corps interpreted the term “the waters of the United States” to establish jurisdiction over the traditional navigable waters as determined by the expanded *Daniel Ball* test, noting also that the term is limited by Congress’ navigation authority. 39 Fed. Reg. 12115. The Corps anchored its jurisdiction in the expanded *Daniel Ball* test, defining “navigable waters” to include “those waters of the United States which are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide, and/or are presently, or have been in the past, or may be in the future susceptible for use for purposes of interstate or foreign commerce.” 33 CFR §209.120(d)(1) (1974); see also §§209.260(d)(1)–(3) (requiring “[p]ast, present, or potential presence of interstate or foreign commerce,” “[p]hysical capabilities for use by commerce,” and “[d]efined geographic limits of the water body”). The regulations also made clear that traditional navigability factors were the baseline for CWA jurisdiction: “It is the water body’s capability of use by the public for purposes of transportation or commerce which is the determinative factor.” §209.260(e)(1).

Almost immediately, however, a few courts and the recently created Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) rejected this interpretation. Instead, they interpreted the CWA to assert the full extent of Congress’ New Deal era authority to regulate anything that substantially affects interstate commerce by itself or in the aggregate. See *United States v. Ashland Oil & Transp. Co.*, 504 F. 2d 1317, 1323–1329 (CA6 1974); *P. F. Z. Properties, Inc. v. Train*, 393 F. Supp. 1370, 1381 (DC 1975); *National Resource Defense Council, Inc. v. Callaway*, 392 F. Supp. 685, 686 (DC 1975);

⁶Section 404 authorizes the Corps to “issue permits . . . for the discharge of dredged or fill material into the navigable waters at specified disposal sites.” 33 U. S. C. §§1344(a), (d).

THOMAS, J., concurring

United States v. Holland, 373 F. Supp. 665, 669, 672–674 (MD Fla. 1974); 40 CFR §125.1(o) (1974) (initial EPA CWA definition). The courts that reached this conclusion relied almost exclusively on legislative history and statutory purpose. See, e.g., *Holland*, 373 F. Supp., at 672 (“The foregoing [legislative history] compels the Court to conclude that the former test of navigability was indeed defined away in the [CWA]”). But signals from legislative history cannot rebut clear statutory text, and the text of the CWA employs words that had long been universally understood to reach only those waters subject to Congress’ channels-of-commerce authority. See *supra*, at 15.

These courts and the EPA had only one textual hook for their interpretation: In defining the term “navigable waters” as “the waters of the United States,” the CWA seemed to drop the term “navigable” from the operative part of the definition. Seizing on this phrasing, the EPA’s general counsel asserted in 1973 that “the deletion of the word ‘navigable’ eliminates the requirement of navigability. The only remaining requirement, then, is that pollution of waters covered by the bill must be capable of affecting interstate commerce.” 1 EPA Gen. Counsel Op. 295 (1973). Similarly, the District Court that vacated the Corps’ original CWA definition held, without any analysis or citation, that the term “the waters of the United States” in the CWA is “not limited to the traditional tests of navigability.” *National Resource Defense Council*, 392 F. Supp., at 671.

That interpretation cannot be right. For one, the terms “navigable waters” and “the waters of the United States” had long been used synonymously by courts and Congress. The CWA simply used the terms in the same manner as the River and Harbor Acts. Moreover, no source prior to the CWA had ever asserted that the term “the waters of the United States,” when not modified by “navigable,” reached any water that may affect interstate commerce. Instead, *The Daniel Ball* made clear that “[t]he phrase ‘waters of the

THOMAS, J., concurring

United States, in contradistinction from the navigable waters of the States,’ . . . distinguishes interstate from intrastate waters.” Albrecht & Nickelsburg 11049 (quoting *The Daniel Ball*, 10 Wall., at 563); accord, 1 A. Knauth, Benedict on Admiralty §44, p. 96 (6th ed. 1940) (“The inland lakes of various States are navigable but, having no navigable outlet linking them with our system of water-ways, have never been held to be public *waters of the United States*” (emphasis added)). The text of the CWA extends jurisdiction to “navigable waters,” and—precisely tracking *The Daniel Ball*—clarifies that it reaches “the waters of the United States,” rather than the navigable waters of the States.

Thus, the CWA’s use of the phrase “the waters of the United States” reinforces, rather than lessens, the need for a water to be at least part of “a continued highway over which commerce is or may be carried on with other States or foreign countries in the customary modes in which such commerce is conducted by water.” *The Daniel Ball*, 10 Wall., at 563. At most, the omission of the word “navigable” signifies that the CWA adopts the expanded *Daniel Ball* test—that includes waters that are, have been, or can be reasonably made navigable in fact—in its statutory provisions. The Federal Government’s interpretation, by contrast, renders the use of the term “navigable” a nullity and involves an unprecedented and extravagant reading of the well-understood term of art “the waters of the United States.” See Albrecht & Nickelsburg 11049 (“EPA’s conclusion is ahistorical as well as illogical”).⁷ “[T]he waters of the

⁷To be sure, the CWA is more aggressive in regulating navigable waters than the River and Harbor Acts. But, the increased stringency is not accomplished by expanding jurisdiction. The Acts use the same jurisdictional terms. Instead, the difference between them lies in the expanded scope of activities that the CWA regulates and its shift from an enforcement and injunctive regime to a previolation licensing regime. See Albrecht & Nickelsburg 11046. I express no view on the constitutionality of this regime as applied to navigable waters or on the Court’s holding in *United States v. Appalachian Elec. Power Co.*, 311 U. S. 377

THOMAS, J., concurring

United States” does not mean *any* water *in* the United States.

There would be little need to explain any of this if the agencies had not effectively flouted our decision in *SWANCC*, which restored navigability as the touchstone of federal jurisdiction under the CWA, and rejected the key arguments supporting an expansive interpretation of the CWA’s text. We expressly held that Congress’ “use of the phrase ‘waters of the United States’” in the CWA is not “a basis for reading the term ‘navigable waters’ out of the statute”—directly contradicting the EPA’s 1973 interpretation, upon which every subsequent expansion of its authority has been based. 531 U. S., at 172. We also held that the Corps did not “mist[ake] Congress’ intent” when it promulgated its 1974 regulations, under which “the determinative factor” for navigability was a “‘water body’s capability of use by the public for purposes of transportation or commerce.’” *Id.*, at 168 (quoting 33 CFR §209.260(e)(1)). In doing so, we rejected reliance on the CWA’s “ambiguous” legislative history, which the EPA had used “to expand the definition of ‘navigable waters’” to the outer limit of the commerce authority as interpreted in the New Deal. 531 U. S., at 168, n. 3.⁸ Instead, we made clear that Congress did not intend

(1940), that Congress can regulate things in navigable waters for purposes other than removing obstructions to navigable capacity. I note, however, that before the New Deal era, courts consistently construed statutes to authorize only federal actions preserving navigable capacity in order to avoid exceeding Congress’ navigation authority. See *supra*, at 8–13.

⁸The historical context demonstrates that it was the Corps’ failure to regulate to the full extent of Congress’ navigation power, not its commerce power generally, that led to the enactment of the CWA. See Albrecht & Nickelsburg, 11047 (explaining that the CWA’s legislative history is better interpreted “as the Supreme Court in *SWANCC* read it, to mean simply that Congress intended to override previous, unduly narrow agency interpretations to assert its broadest constitutional authority over *the traditional navigable waters*”); see also S. Bodine, Examining the Term “Waters of the United States” in Its Historical Context, C.

THOMAS, J., concurring

“to exert anything more than its commerce power over navigation.” *Ibid.*; see also *id.*, at 173 (rejecting the Government’s argument that the CWA invokes “Congress’ power to regulate intrastate activities that ‘substantially affect’ interstate commerce”).

SWANCC thus interpreted the text of the CWA as implementing Congress’ “traditional jurisdiction over waters that were or had been navigable in fact or which could reasonably be so made”—*i.e.*, the expanded *Daniel Ball* test. 531 U. S., at 172 (citing *Appalachian Elec.*, 311 U. S., at 407–408).⁹ And, consistent with the traditional link between navigability and the limits of Congress’ regulatory

Boyden Gray Center for the Study of the Administrative State Policy Brief No. 4 (2022).

⁹Section 404(g), added by the 1977 CWA Amendments, does not demonstrate that the CWA departs from traditional conceptions of navigability. That provision states that States may administer permit programs for discharges into “navigable waters (other than those waters which are presently used, or are susceptible to use in their natural condition or by reasonable improvement as a means to transport interstate or foreign commerce . . . , including wetlands adjacent thereto).” 91 Stat. 1601 (codified, as amended, at 33 U. S. C. §1344(g)). This provision thus authorizes States to establish their own permit programs over a discrete class of traditionally navigable waters of the United States: those that once were navigable waters of the United States, but are no longer navigable in fact. See *Economy Light & Power Co.*, 256 U. S., at 123–124. Some have asserted that this nonjurisdictional provision—the function of which in the statute is to *expand* state authority—signals that Congress actually intended an unprecedented expansion of federal authority over the States. *Rapanos v. United States*, 547 U. S. 715, 805–806 (2006) (Stevens, J., dissenting); see also *post*, at 3–5 (KAVANAUGH, J., concurring in judgment); *post*, at 1–3 (KAGAN, J., concurring in judgment). But, as the Court explains, not only is §404(g) not the relevant definitional provision, its reference to “wetlands” is perfectly consistent with the commonsense recognition that some wetlands are indistinguishable from navigable waters with which they have continuous surface connections. *Ante*, at 18–22, 27. To infer Congress’ intent to upend over a century of settled understanding and effect an unprecedented transfer of authority over land and water to the Federal Government, based on nothing more

THOMAS, J., concurring

authority, *SWANCC* noted that any broader interpretation would raise “significant constitutional and federalism questions” and “result in a significant impingement of the States’ traditional and primary authority over land and water use.” 531 U. S., at 174. Both in its holdings and in its mode of analysis, *SWANCC* cannot be reconciled with the agencies’ sharp departure from the centuries-old understanding of navigability and the traditional limits of Congress’ channels-of-commerce authority.

In sum, the plain text of the CWA and our opinion in *SWANCC* demonstrate that the CWA must be interpreted in light of Congress’ traditional authority over navigable waters. See *Albrecht & Nickelsburg* 11055 (noting that *SWANCC* “states more than once that Congress’ use of the term ‘navigable waters’ signifies that Congress intended to exercise its traditional authority over navigable waters, and not its broader power over all things that substantially affect commerce”). Yet, for decades, the EPA (of its own license) and the Corps (under the compulsion of an unreasoned and since discredited District Court order) have issued substantively identical regulatory definitions of “the waters of the United States” that completely ignore navigability and instead expand the CWA’s coverage to the outer limits of the Court’s New Deal-era Commerce Clause precedents.

III

This case demonstrates the unbounded breadth of the jurisdiction that the EPA and the Corps have asserted under the CWA. The regulatory definition applied to the Sacketts’ property declares “intrastate” waters, wetlands, and various other wet things to be “waters of the United States” if their “use, degradation or destruction . . . *could affect inter-*

than a negative inference from a parenthetical in a subsection that preserves state authority, is counterintuitive to say the least.

THOMAS, J., concurring

state or foreign commerce.” 40 CFR §230.3(s)(3) (2008) (emphasis added). To leave no doubt that the agencies have entirely broken from traditional navigable waters, they give several examples of qualifying waters: those that “are or could be used by interstate or foreign travelers for recreational or other purposes,” those “[f]rom which fish or shellfish are or could be taken and sold in interstate or foreign commerce,” those that “are used or could be used for industrial purposes by industries in interstate commerce,” “[t]ributaries of” any such waters, and “[w]etlands adjacent to” any such waters. §§230.3(s)(3)(i)–(iii), (5), (7). This definition and others like it are premised on the fallacy repudiated in *SWANCC*: that the text of the CWA expands federal jurisdiction beyond Congress’ traditional “commerce power over navigation.” 531 U. S., at 168, n. 3.

Nonetheless, under these boundless standards, the agencies have “asserted jurisdiction over virtually any parcel of land containing a channel or conduit . . . through which rainwater or drainage may occasionally or intermittently flow,” including “storm drains, roadside ditches, ripples of sand in the desert that may contain water once a year, and lands that are covered by floodwaters once every 100 years.” *Rapanos*, 547 U. S., at 722 (plurality opinion). The agencies’ definition “engulf[s] entire cities and immense arid wastelands” alike. *Ibid.* Indeed, because “the entire land area of the United States lies in some drainage basin, and an endless network of visible channels furrows the entire surface,” “any plot of land containing such a channel may potentially be regulated.” *Ibid.*

If this interpretation were correct, the only prudent move for any landowner in America would be to ask the Federal Government for permission before undertaking any kind of development. See Tr. of Oral Arg. 86, 116–117. This regime turns Congress’ traditionally limited navigation authority on its head. The baseline under the Constitution, the CWA, and the Court’s precedents is state control of waters. See

THOMAS, J., concurring

SWANCC, 531 U. S., at 174 (reaffirming “the States’ traditional and primary power over land and water use”); *Leovy*, 177 U. S., at 633 (repudiating an interpretation of the 1899 Act that would render practically every “creek or stream in the entire country” a “navigable water of the United States” and “subject the officers and agents of a State . . . to fine and imprisonment” for draining a swamp “unless permission [was] first obtained from the Secretary of War”). By contrast, the agencies’ interpretation amounts to a federal police power, exercised in the most aggressive possible way.

Thankfully, applying well-established navigability rules makes this a straightforward case. The “wetlands” on the Sacketts’ property are not “waters of the United States” for several independently sufficient reasons. First, for the reasons set out by the Court, the Sacketts’ wetlands are not “waters” because they lack a continuous surface connection with a traditional navigable water. See *ante*, at 27. Second, the nonnavigable so-called “tributary” (really, a roadside ditch) across the street from the Sacketts’ property is not a water of the United States because it is not, has never been, and cannot reasonably be made a highway of interstate or foreign commerce. See *SWANCC*, 531 U. S., at 172. Third, the agencies have not attempted to establish that Priest Lake is a navigable water under the expanded *Daniel Ball* test. The lake is purely intrastate, and the agencies have not shown that it is a highway of interstate or foreign commerce. Instead, the agencies rely primarily upon interstate tourism and the lake’s attenuated connection to navigable waters. See U. S. Army Corps of Engineers, G. Rayner, Priest Lake Jurisdictional Determination (Feb. 27, 2007); see also Brief for National Association of Home Builders of the United States as *Amicus Curiae* 21–24. But, this is likely insufficient under the traditional navigability tests to which the CWA pegs jurisdiction. See *supra*, at 10–13; accord, Tr. of Oral Arg. 119 (EPA counsel conceding that Congress “hasn’t used its full Commerce Clause authority” in

THOMAS, J., concurring

the CWA). Finally, even assuming that a navigable water is involved, the agencies have not established that the Sacketts' actions would obstruct or otherwise impede navigable capacity or the suitability of the water for interstate commerce. See *Rio Grande Dam & Irrigation Co.*, 174 U. S., at 709.

This is not to say that determining whether a water qualifies under the CWA is *always* easy. But, it is vital that we ask the right question in determining what constitutes “the waters of the United States”: whether the water is within Congress' traditional authority over the interstate channels of commerce. Here, no elaborate analysis is required to know that the Sacketts' *land* is not a *water*, much less a water of the United States.

IV

What happened to the CWA is indicative of deeper problems with the Court's Commerce Clause jurisprudence. The eclipse of Congress' well-defined authority over the channels of interstate commerce tracks the Court's expansion of Congress' power “[t]o regulate Commerce with foreign Nations, and among the several States, and with the Indian Tribes.” Art. I, §8, cl. 3. As I have explained at length, the Court's Commerce Clause jurisprudence has significantly departed from the original meaning of the Constitution. See *Gonzales v. Raich*, 545 U. S. 1, 58–59 (2005) (dissenting opinion); *Lopez*, 514 U. S., at 586–602 (concurring opinion). “The Clause's text, structure, and history all indicate that, at the time of the founding, the term “commerce” consisted of selling, buying, and bartering, as well as transporting for these purposes.” *Raich*, 545 U. S., at 58. This meaning “stood in contrast to productive activities like manufacturing and agriculture,” and founding era sources demonstrate that “the term ‘commerce’ [was] consistently used to mean trade or exchange—not all economically gainful activity that has some attenuated connection

THOMAS, J., concurring

to trade or exchange.” *Ibid.* (citing *Lopez*, 514 U. S., at 586–587 (THOMAS, J., concurring); Barnett 112–125).¹⁰ By departing from this limited meaning, the Court’s cases have licensed federal regulatory schemes that would have been “unthinkable” to the Constitution’s Framers and ratifiers. *Raich*, 545 U. S., at 59 (opinion of THOMAS, J.).

Perhaps nowhere is this deviation more evident than in federal environmental law, much of which is uniquely dependent upon an expansive interpretation of the Commerce Clause. See *Hodel v. Virginia Surface Mining & Reclamation Assn., Inc.*, 452 U. S. 264, 281–283 (1981); see also Brief for Claremont Institute’s Center for Constitutional Jurisprudence as *Amicus Curiae* 17–25. And many environmental regulatory schemes seem to push even the limits of the Court’s New Deal era Commerce Clause precedents, see *Hodel*, 452 U. S., at 309–313 (Rehnquist, J., concurring in judgment), to say nothing of the Court’s more recent precedents reining in the commerce power. See, e.g., *SWANCC*, 531 U. S., at 173–174; cf. *Rancho Viejo, LLC v. Norton*, 334 F. 3d 1158, 1160 (CA DC 2003) (Roberts, J., dissenting from denial of rehearing en banc) (“The panel’s approach in this case leads to the result that regulating the taking [under the Endangered Species Act] of a hapless toad that, for reasons of its own, lives its entire life in California constitutes regulating ‘Commerce among the several States’” (ellipsis omitted)).

¹⁰ Further scholarship notes that the term “commerce” as originally understood “was bound tightly with the *Lex Mercatoria* and the sort of activities engaged in by merchants: buying and selling products made by others (and sometimes land), associated finance and financial instruments, navigation and other carriage, and intercourse across jurisdictional lines.” R. Natelson, The Legal Meaning of “Commerce” in the Commerce Clause, 80 St. John’s L. Rev. 789, 845 (2006). This “did not include agriculture, manufacturing, mining, *malum in se* crime, or land use. Nor did it include activities that merely ‘substantially affected’ commerce; on the contrary, the cases included wording explicitly distinguishing such activities from commerce.” *Ibid.*

THOMAS, J., concurring

The Court’s opinion today curbs a serious expansion of federal authority that has simultaneously degraded States’ authority and diverted the Federal Government from its important role as guarantor of the Nation’s great commercial water highways into something resembling “a local zoning board.” *Rapanos*, 547 U. S., at 738 (plurality opinion). But, wetlands are just the beginning of the problems raised by the agencies’ assertion of jurisdiction in this case. Despite our clear guidance in *SWANCC* that the CWA extends only to the limits of Congress’ traditional jurisdiction over navigable waters, the EPA and the Corps have continued to treat the statute as if it were based on New Deal era conceptions of Congress’ commerce power. But, while not all environmental statutes are so textually limited, Congress chose to tether federal jurisdiction under the CWA to its traditional authority over navigable waters. The EPA and the Corps must respect that decision.

KAGAN, J., concurring in judgment

SUPREME COURT OF THE UNITED STATES

No. 21–454

MICHAEL SACKETT, ET UX., PETITIONERS *v.*
ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION
AGENCY, ET AL.

ON WRIT OF CERTIORARI TO THE UNITED STATES COURT OF
APPEALS FOR THE NINTH CIRCUIT

[May 25, 2023]

JUSTICE KAGAN, with whom JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR and JUSTICE JACKSON join, concurring in the judgment.

Like JUSTICE KAVANAUGH, “I would stick to the text.” *Post*, at 14 (opinion concurring in judgment). As he explains in the principal concurrence, our normal method of construing statutes identifies which wetlands the Clean Water Act covers—and the answer provided exceeds what the Court says today. Because the Act covers “the waters of the United States,” and those waters “includ[e]” all wetlands “adjacent” to other covered waters, the Act extends to those “adjacent” wetlands. 33 U. S. C. §§1362(7), 1344(g)(1). And in ordinary language, one thing is adjacent to another not only when it is touching, but also when it is nearby. See *post*, at 4–5 (quoting multiple dictionaries). So, for example, one house is adjacent to another even when a stretch of grass and a picket fence separate the two. As applied here, that means—as the EPA and Army Corps have recognized for almost half a century—that a wetland comes within the Act if (i) it is “contiguous to or bordering a covered water, *or* (ii) if [it] is separated from a covered water only by a man-made dike or barrier, natural river berm, beach dune, or the like.” *Post*, at 14 (emphasis in original). In excluding all the wetlands in category (ii), the majority’s “‘continuous surface connection’ test disregards the ordinary meaning of

KAGAN, J., concurring in judgment

‘adjacent.’” *Post*, at 9. The majority thus alters—more precisely, narrows the scope of—the statute Congress drafted.

And make no mistake: Congress wrote the statute it meant to. The Clean Water Act was a landmark piece of environmental legislation, designed to address a problem of “crisis proportions.” R. Adler, J. Landman, & D. Cameron, *The Clean Water Act: 20 Years Later* 5 (1993). How bad was water pollution in 1972, when the Act passed? Just a few years earlier, Ohio’s Cuyahoga River had “burst into flames, fueled by oil and other industrial wastes.” *Ibid.* And that was merely one of many alarms. Rivers, lakes, and creeks across the country were unfit for swimming. Drinking water was full of hazardous chemicals. Fish were dying in record numbers (over 40 million in 1969); and those caught were often too contaminated to eat (with mercury and DDT far above safe levels). See *id.*, at 5–6. So Congress embarked on what this Court once understood as a “total restructuring and complete rewriting” of existing water pollution law. *Milwaukee v. Illinois*, 451 U. S. 304, 317 (1981) (internal quotation marks omitted). The new Act established “a self-consciously comprehensive” and “all-encompassing program of water pollution regulation.” *Id.*, at 318–319. Or said a bit differently, the Act created a program broad enough to achieve the codified objective of “restor[ing] and maintain[ing] the chemical, physical, and biological integrity of the Nation’s waters.” §1251(a). If you’ve lately swum in a lake, happily drunk a glass of water straight from the tap, or sat down to a good fish dinner, you can appreciate what the law has accomplished.

Vital to the Clean Water Act’s project is the protection of wetlands—both those contiguous to covered waters and others nearby. As this Court (again, formerly) recognized, wetlands “serve to filter and purify water draining into adjacent bodies of water, and to slow the flow of surface runoff into lakes, rivers, and streams.” *United States v. Riverside Bayview Homes, Inc.*, 474 U. S. 121, 134 (1985) (citation

KAGAN, J., concurring in judgment

omitted). Wetlands thus “function as integral parts of the aquatic environment”—protecting neighboring water if themselves healthy, imperiling neighboring water if instead degraded. *Id.*, at 135. At the same time, wetlands play a crucial part in flood control (if anything, more needed now than when the statute was enacted). And wetlands perform those functions, as JUSTICE KAVANAUGH explains, not only when they are touching a covered water but also when they are separated from it by a natural or artificial barrier—say, a berm or dune or dike or levee. See *post*, at 12–13 (giving examples). Those barriers, as he says, “do not block all water flow,” and in fact are usually evidence of a significant connection between the wetland and the water. *Ibid.* Small wonder, then, that the Act—as written, rather than as read today—covers wetlands with that kind of connection. Congress chose just the word needed to meet the Act’s objective. A wetland is protected when it is “adjacent” to a covered water—not merely when it is “adjoining” or “contiguous” or “touching,” or (in the majority’s favorite made-up locution) has a “continuous surface connection.” See, e.g., *ante*, at 27.

Today’s majority, though, believes Congress went too far. In the majority’s view, the Act imposes unjustifiably “crushing consequences” for violations of its terms. *Ante*, at 3. And many of those violations, it thinks, are of no real concern, arising from “mundane” land-use conduct “like moving dirt.” *Ante*, at 13. Congress, the majority scolds, has unleashed the EPA to regulate “swimming pools[] and puddles,” wreaking untold havoc on “a staggering array of landowners.” *Ante*, at 1, 13. Surely something has to be done; and who else to do it but this Court? It must rescue property owners from Congress’s too-ambitious program of pollution control.

So the majority shelves the usual rules of interpretation—reading the text, determining what the words used there mean, and applying that ordinary understanding

KAGAN, J., concurring in judgment

even if it conflicts with judges' policy preferences. The majority's first pass through the statute is, as JUSTICE KAVANAUGH says, "unorthodox." *Post*, at 9. "A minus B, which includes C"? *Ante*, at 19. The majority could use every letter of the alphabet, and graduate to quadratic equations, and still not solve its essential problem. As the majority concedes, the statute "tells us that at least some wetlands must qualify as 'waters of the United States.'" *Ante*, at 18–19. More, the statute tells us what those "some wetlands" are: the "adjacent" ones. And again, as JUSTICE KAVANAUGH shows, "adjacent" does not mean adjoining. See *post*, at 4–6; *supra*, at 1–2. So the majority proceeds to its back-up plan. It relies as well on a judicially manufactured clear-statement rule. When Congress (so says the majority) exercises power "over private property"—particularly, over "land and water use"—it must adopt "exceedingly clear language." *Ante*, at 23 (internal quotation marks omitted). There is, in other words, a thumb on the scale for property owners—no matter that the Act (*i.e.*, the one Congress enacted) is all about stopping property owners from polluting. See *supra*, at 2.

Even assuming that thumb's existence, the majority still would be wrong. As JUSTICE KAVANAUGH notes, clear-statement rules operate (when they operate) to resolve problems of ambiguity and vagueness. See *post*, at 11; see also *Bond v. United States*, 572 U. S. 844, 859 (2014); *United States v. Bass*, 404 U. S. 336, 347 (1971). And no such problems are evident here. One last time: "Adjacent" means neighboring, whether or not touching; so, for example, a wetland is adjacent to water on the other side of a sand dune. That congressional judgment is as clear as clear can be—which is to say, as clear as language gets. And so a clear-statement rule must leave it alone. The majority concludes otherwise because it is using its thumb not to resolve ambiguity or clarify vagueness, but instead to "correct" breadth. Those paying attention have seen this move

KAGAN, J., concurring in judgment

before—actually, just last Term. In another case of environmental regulation (involving clean air), the Court invoked another clear-statement rule (the so-called major questions doctrine) to diminish another plainly expansive term (“system of emission reduction”). See *West Virginia v. EPA*, 597 U. S. ___, ___, ___ (2022) (slip op., at 2, 19). “[C]ontra the majority,” I said then, “a broad term is not the same thing as a ‘vague’ one.” *Id.*, at ___ (dissenting opinion) (slip op., at 8). And a court must treat the two differently. A court may, on occasion, apply a clear-statement rule to deal with statutory vagueness or ambiguity. But a court may not rewrite Congress’s plain instructions because they go further than preferred. That is what the majority does today in finding that the Clean Water Act excludes many wetlands (clearly) “adjacent” to covered waters.

And still more fundamentally, why ever have a thumb on the scale against the Clean Water Act’s protections? The majority first invokes federalism. See *ante*, at 23–24. But as JUSTICE KAVANAUGH observes, “the Federal Government has long regulated the waters of the United States, including adjacent wetlands.” *Post*, at 11. The majority next raises the specter of criminal penalties for “indeterminate” conduct. See *ante*, at 24–25. But there is no peculiar indeterminacy in saying—as regulators have said for nearly a half century—that a wetland is covered *both* when it touches a covered water *and* when it is separated by only a dike, berm, dune, or similar barrier. (That standard is in fact more definite than a host of criminal laws I could name.) Today’s pop-up clear-statement rule is explicable only as a reflexive response to Congress’s enactment of an ambitious scheme of environmental regulation. It is an effort to cabin the anti-pollution actions Congress thought appropriate. See *ante*, at 23 (complaining about Congress’s protection of “vast” and “staggering” “additional area”). And that, too, recalls last Term, when I remarked on special canons “magically appearing as get-out-of-text-free cards”

KAGAN, J., concurring in judgment

to stop the EPA from taking the measures Congress told it to. See *West Virginia*, 597 U. S., at ____–____ (dissenting opinion) (slip op., at 28–29). There, the majority’s non-textualism barred the EPA from addressing climate change by curbing power plant emissions in the most effective way. Here, that method prevents the EPA from keeping our country’s waters clean by regulating adjacent wetlands. The vice in both instances is the same: the Court’s appointment of itself as the national decision-maker on environmental policy.

So I’ll conclude, sadly, by repeating what I wrote last year, with the replacement of only a single word. “[T]he Court substitutes its own ideas about policymaking for Congress’s. The Court will not allow the Clean [Water] Act to work as Congress instructed. The Court, rather than Congress, will decide how much regulation is too much.” *Id.*, at ____ (slip op., at 32). Because that is not how I think our Government should work—more, because it is not how the Constitution thinks our Government should work—I respectfully concur in the judgment only.

KAVANAUGH, J., concurring in judgment

SUPREME COURT OF THE UNITED STATES

No. 21–454

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ON WRIT OF CERTIORARI TO THE UNITED STATES COURT OF
APPEALS FOR THE NINTH CIRCUIT

[May 25, 2023]

JUSTICE KAVANAUGH, with whom JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR, JUSTICE KAGAN, and JUSTICE JACKSON join, concurring in the judgment.

The Clean Water Act generally prohibits dumping dredged or fill material without a permit into the “waters of the United States.” 33 U. S. C. §§1311(a), 1344(a), 1362. The “waters of the United States” include wetlands that are “adjacent” to waters covered by the Act—for example, wetlands that are adjacent to covered rivers or lakes. §§1344(g), 1362(7). The question in this case is whether the wetlands on the Sacketts’ residential property are adjacent to covered waters and therefore covered under the Act.

The Ninth Circuit held that the wetlands on the Sacketts’ property are covered by the Clean Water Act because, as relevant here, the wetlands have a “significant nexus” to covered waters nearby. 8 F. 4th 1075, 1093 (2021). The Court today reverses the Ninth Circuit’s judgment.

I agree with the Court’s reversal of the Ninth Circuit. In particular, I agree with the Court’s decision not to adopt the “significant nexus” test for determining whether a wetland is covered under the Act. And I agree with the Court’s bottom-line judgment that the wetlands on the Sacketts’

KAVANAUGH, J., concurring in judgment

property are not covered by the Act and are therefore not subject to permitting requirements.

I write separately because I respectfully disagree with the Court's new test for assessing when wetlands are covered by the Clean Water Act. The Court concludes that wetlands are covered by the Act only when the wetlands have a "continuous surface connection" to waters of the United States—that is, when the wetlands are "adjoining" covered waters. *Ante*, at 20, 22 (internal quotation marks omitted). In my view, the Court's "continuous surface connection" test departs from the statutory text, from 45 years of consistent agency practice, and from this Court's precedents. The Court's test narrows the Clean Water Act's coverage of "adjacent" wetlands to mean only "adjoining" wetlands. But "adjacent" and "adjoining" have distinct meanings: Adjoining wetlands are contiguous to or bordering a covered water, whereas adjacent wetlands include both (i) those wetlands contiguous to or bordering a covered water, *and* (ii) wetlands separated from a covered water only by a man-made dike or barrier, natural river berm, beach dune, or the like. By narrowing the Act's coverage of wetlands to only adjoining wetlands, the Court's new test will leave some long-regulated adjacent wetlands no longer covered by the Clean Water Act, with significant repercussions for water quality and flood control throughout the United States. Therefore, I respectfully concur only in the Court's judgment.

I

The Clean Water Act generally prohibits dumping a "pollutant"—including dredged or fill material—into "navigable waters" without a permit. 33 U. S. C. §§1311(a), 1344(a), 1362. The Act defines "navigable waters" as "the waters of the United States, including the territorial seas." §1362(7).

As the Court today ultimately agrees, see *ante*, at 19, and

KAVANAUGH, J., concurring in judgment

the Sacketts acknowledge, see Tr. of Oral Arg. 7–8, 33–34, 56–57, the statutory term “waters of the United States” covers wetlands “adjacent” to waters of the United States—for example, wetlands adjacent to a river or lake that is itself a water of the United States. 33 U. S. C. §1344(g).

As enacted in 1972, the Clean Water Act protected “the waters of the United States.” §§1311(a), 1362(7), 1362(12). In 1975, the Army Corps interpreted “waters of the United States” to include wetlands “adjacent to other navigable waters.” 40 Fed. Reg. 31324. In 1977, Congress expressly adopted that same understanding of the Act, amending the Act to make clear that only the Federal Government, and not the States, may issue Clean Water Act permits for dumping dredged or fill material into certain “waters of the United States,” “including wetlands adjacent” to those covered waters. Clean Water Act, 91 Stat. 1601; 33 U. S. C. §1344(g). In that 1977 Act, Congress thus expressly recognized “adjacent wetlands” as “waters of the United States.”

Interpreting the text of the Act as amended in 1977, this Court has long held that the Act covers “adjacent” wetlands. See *United States v. Riverside Bayview Homes, Inc.*, 474 U. S. 121, 134–135, 138 (1985) (“Congress expressly stated that the term ‘waters’ included adjacent wetlands.”); see also *Rapanos v. United States*, 547 U. S. 715, 742 (2006) (plurality opinion) (wetlands that “are ‘adjacent to’” waters of the United States are “covered by the Act”); *Solid Waste Agency of Northern Cook Cty. v. Army Corps of Engineers*, 531 U. S. 159, 167, 172 (2001) (recognizing “Congress’ unequivocal” “approval of, the Corps’ regulations interpreting the [Act] to cover wetlands adjacent to navigable waters”). The Court has also ruled that the Act’s coverage of adjacent wetlands does not extend to “isolated” wetlands. *Id.*, at 168–172.

So the question here becomes the meaning of “adjacent” wetlands under the Clean Water Act. As a matter of

KAVANAUGH, J., concurring in judgment

ordinary meaning and longstanding agency practice, a wetland is “adjacent” to a covered water (i) if the wetland is adjoining—that is, contiguous to or bordering—a covered water—or (ii) if the wetland is separated from a covered water only by a man-made dike or barrier, natural river berm, beach dune, or the like.

The Court and I agree that wetlands in the first category—that is, wetlands adjoining a covered water—are covered as adjacent wetlands. *Ante*, at 19–22. But the Court and I disagree about the second category—that is, wetlands separated from a covered water only by a man-made dike or barrier, natural river berm, beach dune, or the like. The Court concludes that wetlands in that second category are not covered as adjacent wetlands because those wetlands do not have a continuous surface connection to a covered water—in other words, those wetlands are not adjoining the covered water. I disagree because the statutory text (“adjacent”) does not require a continuous surface connection between those wetlands and covered waters.

The ordinary meaning of the term “adjacent” has not changed since Congress amended the Clean Water Act in 1977 to expressly cover “wetlands adjacent” to waters of the United States. 91 Stat. 1601; 33 U. S. C. §1344(g). Then as now, “adjacent” means lying near or close to, neighboring, or not widely separated. Indeed, the definitions of “adjacent” are notably explicit that two things need not touch each other in order to be adjacent. “Adjacent” includes “adjoining” but is not limited to “adjoining.” See, e.g., Black’s Law Dictionary 62 (rev. 4th ed. 1968) (defining “adjacent” as “Lying near or close to; sometimes, contiguous; neighboring; . . . may not actually touch”); Black’s Law Dictionary 50 (11th ed. 2019) (defining “adjacent” as “Lying near or close to, but not necessarily touching”); see also, e.g., Webster’s Third New International Dictionary 26 (1976) (defining “adjacent” as

KAVANAUGH, J., concurring in judgment

“to lie near, border on”; “not distant or far off”; “nearby but not touching”).

By contrast to the Clean Water Act’s express inclusion of “adjacent” wetlands, other provisions of the Act use the narrower term “adjoining.” Compare 33 U. S. C. §1344(g) with §§1321(b)–(c) (“adjoining shorelines” and “adjoining shorelines to the navigable waters”); §1346(c) (“land adjoining the coastal recreation waters”); see also §1254(n)(4) (“estuary” includes certain bodies of water “having unimpaired natural connection with open sea”); §2802(5) (“‘coastal waters’” includes wetlands “having unimpaired connection with the open sea up to the head of tidal influence”). The difference in those two terms is critical to this case. Two objects are “adjoining” if they “are so joined or united to each other that no third object intervenes.” 1968 Black’s 62 (comparing “adjacent” with “adjoining”); see *ibid.* (“Adjoining” means “touching or contiguous, as distinguished from lying near to or adjacent”); see also Black’s Law Dictionary 38–39 (5th ed. 1979) (same); Webster’s Third 26–27 (similar). As applied to wetlands, a marsh is adjacent to a river even if separated by a levee, just as your neighbor’s house is adjacent to your house even if separated by a fence or an alley.

In other contexts, this Court has recognized the important difference in the meaning of the terms “adjacent” and “adjoining” and has held that “adjacent” is broader than “adjoining or actually contiguous.” *United States v. St. Anthony R. Co.*, 192 U. S. 524, 533 (1904). As an example, the *St. Anthony* case concerned a federal statute granting railroads the right to cut timber from “public lands adjacent” to a railroad right of way. *Id.*, at 526, n. 1, 530. The Court held that timber could be taken from “adjacent” sections of land that were *not* “contiguous to or actually touching” the right of way. *Id.*, at 538. The Court explained that if “the word ‘adjoining’ had been used instead of ‘adjacent,’” a railroad could not have taken the relevant

KAVANAUGH, J., concurring in judgment

timber. *Ibid.*

In short, the term “adjacent” is broader than “adjoining” and does not require that two objects actually touch. We must presume that Congress used the term “adjacent” wetlands in 1977 to convey a different meaning than “adjoining” wetlands. See *Russello v. United States*, 464 U. S. 16, 23 (1983).

II

Longstanding agency practice reinforces the ordinary meaning of adjacency and demonstrates, contrary to the Court’s conclusion today, that the term “adjacent” is broader than “adjoining.”

After the Act was passed in 1972, a key question quickly arose: Did “waters of the United States” include wetlands? By 1975, the Army Corps concluded that the term “waters of the United States” included “adjacent” wetlands. 40 Fed. Reg. 31324. In 1977, Congress itself made clear that “adjacent” wetlands were covered by the Act by amending the Act and enacting §1344(g). 91 Stat. 1601.

Since 1977, when Congress explicitly included “adjacent” wetlands within the Act’s coverage, the Army Corps has adopted a variety of interpretations of its authority over those wetlands—some more expansive and others less expansive. But throughout those 45 years and across all eight Presidential administrations, the Army Corps has *always* included in the definition of “adjacent wetlands” not only wetlands adjoining covered waters but also those wetlands that are separated from covered waters by a man-made dike or barrier, natural river berm, beach dune, or the like.

- In 1977 and 1980, under President Carter, the Army Corps and EPA defined “adjacent” wetlands as including wetlands “separated from other waters of the United States by man-made dikes or barriers, natural river berms, beach dunes and the like.” 42 Fed. Reg.

KAVANAUGH, J., concurring in judgment

37144; see 45 Fed. Reg. 85345.

- In 1986, under President Reagan, the Army Corps adopted a new regulatory provision defining “waters of the United States” and reaffirmed that “adjacent” wetlands include wetlands “separated from other waters of the United States by man-made dikes or barriers, natural river berms, beach dunes and the like.” 51 Fed. Reg. 41210, 41251.
- From 1986 until 2015, under Presidents Reagan, George H. W. Bush, Clinton, George W. Bush, and Obama, the regulations continued to cover wetlands “separated from other waters of the United States by man-made dikes or barriers, natural river berms, beach dunes and the like.” See 33 CFR §328.3(c) (1991); 40 CFR §230.3(b) (1991); 33 CFR §328.3(c) (1998); 40 CFR §230.3(b) (1998); 33 CFR §328.3(c) (2005); 40 CFR §230.3(b) (2005); 33 CFR §328.3(c) (2010); 40 CFR §230.3(b) (2010).
- In 2015, under President Obama, the Army Corps and EPA promulgated a new rule, which again specified that “adjacent” wetlands include wetlands “separated by constructed dikes or barriers, natural river berms, beach dunes, and the like.” 80 Fed. Reg. 37105, 37116.
- In 2019 and 2020, under President Trump, the Army Corps and EPA repealed the 2015 rule and issued a new rule. But even following the repeal and new rule, adjacent wetlands included wetlands that are “physically separated” from certain covered waters “only by a natural berm, bank, dune, or similar natural feature” or “only by an artificial dike, barrier, or similar artificial structure so long as that structure allows for a direct hydrologic surface connection . . . in a typical year, such as through a culvert, flood or tide gate, pump, or similar artificial feature.” 85 Fed. Reg. 22338, 22340 (2020).

KAVANAUGH, J., concurring in judgment

- In 2023, under President Biden, the Army Corps and EPA once again issued a new rule that defined “adjacent” wetlands to include wetlands “separated from other waters of the United States by man-made dikes or barriers, natural river berms, beach dunes, and the like.” 88 Fed. Reg. 3143–3144.

That longstanding and consistent agency interpretation reflects and reinforces the ordinary meaning of the statute. The eight administrations since 1977 have maintained dramatically different views of how to regulate the environment, including under the Clean Water Act. Some of those administrations promulgated very broad interpretations of adjacent wetlands. Others adopted far narrower interpretations. Yet *all* of those eight different administrations have recognized as a matter of law that the Clean Water Act’s coverage of adjacent wetlands means more than adjoining wetlands and also includes wetlands separated from covered waters by man-made dikes or barriers, natural river berms, beach dunes, or the like. That consistency in interpretation is strong confirmation of the ordinary meaning of adjacent wetlands.

III

The Act covers “adjacent” wetlands. And adjacent wetlands is a broader category than adjoining wetlands. But instead of adhering to the ordinary meaning of “adjacent” wetlands, to the 45 years of consistent agency practice, and to this Court’s precedents, the Court today adopts a test under which a wetland is covered only if the wetland has a “continuous surface connection” to a covered water—in other words, if it adjoins a covered water. *Ante*, at 22 (internal quotation marks omitted). The Court says that the wetland and the covered water must be “indistinguishable” from one another—in other words, there must be no “clear demarcation” between wetlands and covered waters. *Ante*, at 21 (internal quotation marks

KAVANAUGH, J., concurring in judgment

omitted).

The Court’s “continuous surface connection” test disregards the ordinary meaning of “adjacent.” The Court’s mistake is straightforward: The Court essentially reads “adjacent” to mean “adjoining.” As a result, the Court excludes wetlands that the text of the Clean Water Act covers—and that the Act since 1977 has *always* been interpreted to cover.

In support of its narrower “continuous surface connection” interpretation of covered wetlands, the Court emphasizes that the 1972 Act’s overarching statutory term is “waters of the United States.” *Ante*, at 19. And the Court suggests that the term “waters of the United States” cannot be interpreted to cover “adjacent wetlands” but only “adjoining wetlands.” See *ante*, at 19–22. But in 1977, Congress itself expressly made clear that the “waters of the United States” include “adjacent” wetlands. 91 Stat. 1601. And Congress would not have used the word “adjacent” in 1977 if Congress actually meant “adjoining,” particularly because Congress used the word “adjoining” in several other places in the Clean Water Act. 33 U. S. C. §§1321(b)–(c), 1346(c); see also §§1254(n)(4), 2802(5).

To bolster its unorthodox statutory interpretation, the Court resorts to a formula: “A minus B, which includes C.” *Ante*, at 19. That just seems to be a fancier way of arguing (against all indications of ordinary meaning) that “adjacent” means “adjoining.” But again the Court is imposing a restriction nowhere to be found in the text. In the end, the Court has no good answer for why Congress used the term “adjacent” instead of “adjoining” when Congress enacted §1344(g) in 1977.¹

¹Perhaps recognizing the difficulty of reading the Act to mean “adjoining” when it actually says “adjacent,” the Court at one point suggests that “adjoining” is equivalent to “adjacent.” *Ante*, at 19–20. As a matter of ordinary meaning, as explained at length above, that is incorrect. Adjoining wetlands are a subset of adjacent wetlands, not the

KAVANAUGH, J., concurring in judgment

Recall again how the 1977 Act came about. In 1975, the Army Corps concluded that the 1972 Act’s coverage of “waters of the United States” included “adjacent” wetlands. 40 Fed. Reg. 31324. Then in 1977, Congress adopted a new permitting program for a category of “waters of the United States.” Congress allocated to the Federal Government exclusive authority to issue Clean Water Act permits for dumping dredged or fill material into certain “waters of the United States,” “including wetlands adjacent thereto.” 91 Stat. 1601. Through that statutory text, Congress made clear its understanding that “waters of the United States” included “adjacent” wetlands—and indeed, Congress designed important federal-state permitting authorities around that precise understanding. Congress’s 1977 amendment did not “merely” express “an opinion” about the meaning of the Clean Water Act; rather, it reflected what Congress understood “its own prior acts to mean.” *Bell v. New Jersey*, 461 U. S. 773, 785, n. 12 (1983) (internal quotation marks omitted).

Moreover, Congress’s 1977 decision was no accident. As this Court has previously recognized, “the scope of the Corps’ asserted jurisdiction over wetlands”—including the Corps’ decision to cover adjacent wetlands—“was specifically brought to Congress’ attention” in 1977, “and Congress rejected measures designed to curb the Corps’ jurisdiction.” *United States v. Riverside Bayview Homes, Inc.*, 474 U. S. 121, 137 (1985). Subsequently, this Court has recognized that Congress’s 1977 amendment made clear that the Act “cover[s] wetlands adjacent to navigable waters.” *Solid Waste Agency of Northern Cook Cty. v. Army Corps of Engineers*, 531 U. S. 159, 167 (2001); see *Riverside Bayview*, 474 U. S., at 138 (“Congress expressly stated that the term ‘waters’ included adjacent wetlands”).

Not surprisingly, in the years since 1977, no one has

whole set of adjacent wetlands.

KAVANAUGH, J., concurring in judgment

seriously disputed that the Act covers adjacent wetlands. And in light of the text of the Act, eight consecutive Presidential administrations have recognized that the Act covers adjacent wetlands and that adjacent wetlands include more than simply adjoining wetlands. The Court’s analysis today therefore seems stuck in a bit of a time warp—relitigating an issue that Congress settled in 1977 and that this Court has long treated as settled: The Act covers adjacent wetlands. By adopting a test that substitutes “adjoining” for “adjacent,” the Court today errs.

The Court also invokes federalism and vagueness concerns. The Court suggests that ambiguities or vagueness in federal statutes regulating private property should be construed in favor of the property owner, particularly given that States have traditionally regulated private property rights. See *ante*, at 23–25; see also *Solid Waste Agency of Northern Cook Cty.*, 531 U. S., at 173–174. To begin with, the Federal Government has long regulated the waters of the United States, including adjacent wetlands.

In any event, the decisive point here is that the term “adjacent” in this statute is unambiguously broader than the term “adjoining.” On that critical interpretive question, there is no ambiguity. We should not create ambiguity where none exists. And we may not rewrite “adjacent” to mean the same thing as “adjoining,” as the Court does today.

Finally, contrary to the Court’s suggestion otherwise, the analysis in this separate opinion centers on the “operative” text, “waters of the United States.” *Ante*, at 27. To recap: The 1972 Act covered “waters of the United States.” In 1977, when Congress allocated permitting authority, Congress expressly included “adjacent” wetlands within the “waters of the United States.” Since then, the Executive Branch and this Court have recognized that “waters of the United States” covers “adjacent” wetlands. Based on the

KAVANAUGH, J., concurring in judgment

text of the statute, as well as 45 years of consistent agency practice and this Court’s precedents, I respectfully disagree with the Court’s decision to interpret “waters of the United States” to include only adjoining wetlands and not adjacent wetlands.

IV

The difference between “adjacent” and “adjoining” in this context is not merely semantic or academic. The Court’s rewriting of “adjacent” to mean “adjoining” will matter a great deal in the real world. In particular, the Court’s new and overly narrow test may leave long-regulated and long-accepted-to-be-regulable wetlands suddenly beyond the scope of the agencies’ regulatory authority, with negative consequences for waters of the United States. For example, the Mississippi River features an extensive levee system to prevent flooding. Under the Court’s “continuous surface connection” test, the presence of those levees (the equivalent of a dike) would seemingly preclude Clean Water Act coverage of adjacent wetlands on the other side of the levees, even though the adjacent wetlands are often an important part of the flood-control project. See Brief for Respondents 30. Likewise, federal protection of the Chesapeake Bay might be less effective if fill can be dumped into wetlands that are adjacent to (but not adjoining) the bay and its covered tributaries. See *id.*, at 35. Those are just two of many examples of how the Court’s overly narrow view of the Clean Water Act will have concrete impact.

As those examples reveal, there is a good reason why Congress covered not only adjoining wetlands but also adjacent wetlands. Because of the movement of water between adjacent wetlands and other waters, pollutants in wetlands often end up in adjacent rivers, lakes, and other waters. Natural barriers such as berms and dunes do not block all water flow and are in fact evidence of a regular connection between a water and a wetland. 85 Fed. Reg.

KAVANAUGH, J., concurring in judgment

22307; 88 Fed. Reg. 3095, 3118. Similarly, artificial barriers such as dikes and levees typically do not block all water flow, 85 Fed. Reg. 22312; 88 Fed. Reg. 3076, and those artificial structures were often built to control the surface water connection between the wetland and the water. 85 Fed. Reg. 22315; 88 Fed. Reg. 3118. The scientific evidence overwhelmingly demonstrates that wetlands separated from covered waters by those kinds of berms or barriers, for example, still play an important role in protecting neighboring and downstream waters, including by filtering pollutants, storing water, and providing flood control. See 88 Fed. Reg. 3118; 33 CFR §320.4(b)(2) (2022); see also *United States v. Riverside Bayview Homes, Inc.*, 474 U. S. 121, 134 (1985). In short, those adjacent wetlands may affect downstream water quality and flood control in many of the same ways that adjoining wetlands can.

The Court's erroneous test not only will create real-world consequences for the waters of the United States, but also is sufficiently novel and vague (at least as a single standalone test) that it may create regulatory uncertainty for the Federal Government, the States, and regulated parties. As the Federal Government suggests, the continuous surface connection test raises "a host of thorny questions" and will lead to "potentially arbitrary results." Brief for Respondents 29. For example, how difficult does it have to be to discern the boundary between a water and a wetland for the wetland to be covered by the Clean Water Act? How does that test apply to the many kinds of wetlands that typically do not have a surface water connection to a covered water year-round—for example, wetlands and waters that are connected for much of the year but not in the summer when they dry up to some extent? How "temporary" do "interruptions in surface connection" have to be for wetlands to still be covered? *Ante*, at 21. How does the test operate in areas where

KAVANAUGH, J., concurring in judgment

storms, floods, and erosion frequently shift or breach natural river berms? Can a continuous surface connection be established by a ditch, swale, pipe, or culvert? See 88 Fed. Reg. 3095. The Court covers wetlands separated from a water by an artificial barrier constructed *illegally*, see *ante*, at 21–22, n. 16, but why not also include barriers authorized by the Army Corps at a time when it would not have known that the barrier would cut off federal authority? The list goes on.

Put simply, the Court’s atextual test—rewriting “adjacent” to mean “adjoining”—will produce real-world consequences for the waters of the United States and will generate regulatory uncertainty. I would stick to the text. There can be no debate, in my respectful view, that the key statutory term is “adjacent” and that adjacent wetlands is a broader category than adjoining wetlands. To be faithful to the statutory text, we cannot interpret “adjacent” wetlands to be the same thing as “adjoining” wetlands.

* * *

In sum, I agree with the Court’s decision not to adopt the “significant nexus” test for adjacent wetlands. I respectfully disagree, however, with the Court’s new “continuous surface connection” test. In my view, the Court’s new test is overly narrow and inconsistent with the Act’s coverage of adjacent wetlands. The Act covers adjacent wetlands, and a wetland is “adjacent” to a covered water (i) if the wetland is contiguous to or bordering a covered water, *or* (ii) if the wetland is separated from a covered water only by a man-made dike or barrier, natural river berm, beach dune, or the like. The wetlands on the Sacketts’ property do not fall into either of those categories and therefore are not covered under the Act as I would interpret it. Therefore, like the Court, I would reverse the judgment of the U. S. Court of Appeals for the Ninth Circuit and remand for further proceedings. But I respectfully

KAVANAUGH, J., concurring in judgment
concur only in the Court's judgment.

WATER QUALITY CONTROL DIVISION IMPLEMENTATION POLICY COLORADO DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH AND THE ENVIRONMENT	Implementation Policy Number: CW-17
	Statutory or Regulatory Citations: Colorado Water Quality Control Act Federal Clean Water Act 5 CCR 1002-31
	Key Words: dredge and fill, compliance, enforcement, Colorado Discharge Permit System, 404 permits.
ENFORCEMENT OF UNPERMITTED DREDGED AND FILL MATERIAL INTO STATE WATERS	Approved by:
	Nathan Moore, Clean Water Program Manager
	Approval date:
	Expiration date:

TABLE OF CONTENTS

BACKGROUND..... 2

PURPOSE..... 2

AUTHORITY..... 3

DEFINITIONS..... 3

APPLICABILITY..... 5

POLICY..... 6

SECTION 1 - DISCHARGES AUTHORIZED BY FEDERAL 404 PERMITS CONTINUE TO BE PERMISSIBLE UNDER WQCA..... 6

SECTION 2 - NOTIFICATION TO THE DIVISION FOR UNPERMITTED DISCHARGES..... 6

SECTION 3 - SCOPE OF UNPERMITTED DISCHARGES INTO SACKETT GAP WATERS ELIGIBLE FOR ENFORCEMENT DISCRETION UNDER THIS POLICY.....7

SECTION 4 - PROJECTS SHOULD COMPLY WITH PROTECTIVE CONDITIONS FROM FEDERAL NATIONWIDE AND GENERAL PERMITS.....7

4.1 PROTECTIVE CONDITIONS.....8

4.2 ADDITIONAL OVERSIGHT CONSIDERATIONS.....8

SECTION 5 - CONTINUED RECOGNITION OF FEDERAL SECTION 404 EXEMPTIONS AND EXCLUSIONS...9

5.1 EXEMPTIONS..... 9

5.2 EXCLUSIONS..... 10

SECTION 6 - CONTINUED ENFORCEMENT DISCRETION FOR PROJECTS IN STATE WATERS THAT WERE NEVER SUBJECT TO FEDERAL 404 PERMITTING.....10

SECTION 7 - ADDITIONAL LIMITATIONS OF THIS POLICY..... 10

BACKGROUND

The 1972 amendments to the Clean Water Act established federal jurisdiction over "navigable waters," which are defined as the "waters of the United States including the territorial seas." 33 U.S.C. § 1362(7). The Clean Water Act gives the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) and the Army Corps of Engineers (Corps) the authority to further define "waters of the United States" in regulations, which the agencies have codified at 40 C.F.R. § 120.2 and 33 C.F.R. § 328.3. EPA and the Corps have also issued guidance further interpreting the extent of "waters of the United States." See *Clean Water Act Jurisdiction Following the U.S. Supreme Court Decision in Rapanos v. United States and Carabell v. United States*, Dec. 2, 2008 (the 2008 Guidance). In Colorado (and 47 other states), the Corps issues permits under Section 404 of the Clean Water Act to protect waters of the United States (or "WOTUS") from the impacts of discharges of dredged or fill material.

Colorado's Water Quality Control Act (WQCA) complements the Clean Water Act, defining "state waters" as "any and all surface and subsurface waters which are contained in or flow through the state," along with certain enumerated exclusions. § 25-8-103(19), C.R.S. This state definition has always been broader than the federal definition of "waters of the United States." Notwithstanding the overall protectiveness of the federal Section 404 scheme, this jurisdictional gap, albeit relatively narrow, creates a subset of state waters for which the federal government cannot require 404 permits (because they are not subject to federal jurisdiction) and for which the division has not been authorized to issue permits or other form of authorization that would provide Section 404-type protections. Although Section 404 permits have never covered all state waters, Colorado has concluded that the traditional scope of federal WOTUS jurisdiction and associated federal 404 dredge and fill permitting were sufficiently protective of Colorado's water quality such that projects occurring in the small subset of state waters that were outside the scope of federal jurisdiction did not require state oversight or enforcement for impacts of discharges of dredged or fill material. Thus, although there have been some unpermitted discharges of dredged or fill material into the relatively small subset of state waters not covered by federal 404 permits, historically the division has exercised enforcement discretion to allow projects involving this narrow subset of state waters to move forward, rather than pursuing enforcement against such discharges, even though they might violate the WQCA's prohibition against unpermitted discharges. See § 25-8-501(1), C.R.S.

On **DATE**, the Supreme Court issued a decision in *Sackett v. EPA* that reinterprets the scope of federal jurisdiction under the Clean Water Act. ****PLACEHOLDER FOR SUMMARY OF THE SACKETT CASE DECISION AND IMPLICATIONS ON PROTECTION OF COLORADO'S STATE WATERS****

PURPOSE

This policy addresses the protection of state waters impacted by discharges of dredged or fill material that are outside of federal Clean Water Act jurisdiction as a result of the *Sackett* decision. In the absence of state-level regulatory mechanisms to authorize, administer, and assure compliance with a state program regulating discharges of dredged or fill material into state waters, this policy describes how the division intends to exercise enforcement discretion for discharges of dredged or fill material into state waters that are not subject to federal permitting after the *Sackett* decision. The policy describes the steps the division expects dischargers to take when their activities result in unpermitted discharges of dredged or fill material in order to avoid enforcement action. These steps are also intended to protect state waters until a state regulatory program can be developed.

This policy is not intended to, and does not, create any new authority for the division beyond that which exists under current law. Moreover, this policy is not intended, and should not be interpreted, to limit any options that may be considered to address discharges of dredged or fill material into state waters through regulatory or enforcement programs. Therefore, this policy can, and will, be modified over time, and may be revoked in the future if circumstances change. Please refer to the division's web page to review the current version of this policy.

AUTHORITY

In accordance with the Water Quality Control Act (WQCA), no person shall discharge any pollutant into any state waters from a point source without first having obtained a permit from the division for such discharge. § 25-8-501(1), C.R.S. Permits issued under the federal Clean Water Act are recognized under the WQCA. *Id.* The WQCA also includes provisions for oversight and enforcement of the requirements to obtain permit coverage for point source discharges. In addition, the WQCA authorizes the division to issue cease-and-desist orders when it determines there is a violation of the WQCA, and authorizes orders requiring the cleanup of any material deposited in or near state waters that may pollute them. §§ 25-8-605 and -606, C.R.S. However, neither the WQCA nor the implementing regulations for discharge permits (5 CCR 1002-61) compel specific compliance or enforcement responses for discharges that occur without permit coverage. The division's enforcement responses are generally outlined in implementing policies and procedures, including the division's Clean Water Enforcement Management System.

DEFINITIONS

1. **404 Permit:** A permit issued for the discharge of dredged or fill material into waters of the United States by the Corps authorized by Section 404 of the Clean Water Act.
2. **Colorado Discharge Permit System Permit (CDPS Permit):** A permit issued in accordance with the Colorado Discharge Permit System Regulations, 5 CCR 1002-61.
3. **Dredged or Fill Material** includes:
 - a. The term "dredged material" means material that is excavated or dredged from state waters.
 - b. Except as specified in sub-paragraph 3.d below, the term "fill material" means material placed in state waters where the material has the effect of:
 - i. Replacing any portion of state waters with dry land; or
 - ii. Changing the bottom elevation of any portion of any state waters.
 - c. Examples of such fill material include, but are not limited to: rock, sand, soil, clay, plastics, construction debris, wood chips, overburden from mining or other excavation activities, and materials used to create any structure or infrastructure in state waters.
 - d. The term fill material does not include trash or garbage.
 - e. The term "discharge of fill material" means the addition of fill material into state waters. The term generally includes, without limitation, the following activities: Placement of fill that is necessary for the construction of any structure or infrastructure in state waters; the building of any structure, infrastructure, or impoundment requiring rock, sand, dirt, or other material for its construction; site-development fills for recreational, industrial, commercial, residential, or other uses; causeways or road fills; dams and dikes; artificial islands; property protection and/or reclamation devices such as riprap, groins, seawalls, breakwaters, and

revetments; beach nourishment; levees; fill for structures such as sewage treatment facilities, intake and outfall pipes associated with power plants and subaqueous utility lines; placement of fill material for construction or maintenance of any liner, berm, or other infrastructure associated with solid waste landfills; placement of overburden, slurry, or tailings or similar mining-related materials; and artificial reefs. The term does not include plowing, cultivating, seeding and harvesting for the production of food, fiber, and forest products.

f. **Pilings**

- i. Placement of pilings in state waters constitutes a discharge of fill material when such placement has or would have the effect of a discharge of fill material. Examples of such activities that have the effect of a discharge of fill material include, but are not limited to, the following: projects where the pilings are so closely spaced that sedimentation rates would be increased; projects in which the pilings themselves effectively would replace the bottom of a waterbody; projects involving the placement of pilings that would reduce the reach or impair the flow or circulation of state waters; and projects involving the placement of pilings which would result in the adverse alteration or elimination of aquatic functions.
- ii. Placement of pilings for linear projects, such as bridges, elevated walkways, and powerline structures, generally does not have the effect of a discharge of fill material. Furthermore, placement of pilings in state waters for piers, wharves, and an individual house on stilts generally does not have the effect of a discharge of fill material.

4. **Sackett Gap Waters:** State waters that were under the jurisdiction of the federal 404 permitting program as WOTUS pursuant to the pre-2015 federal regulations and the 2008 Guidance , but that are no longer considered WOTUS because of the change in the scope of federal jurisdiction resulting from the *Sackett v. EPA* decision.
5. **Loss (of state waters):** State waters that are permanently adversely affected by filling, flooding, excavation, or drainage because of the discharge of dredged or fill material. Permanent adverse effects include permanent discharges of dredged or fill material that change an aquatic area to dry land, increase the bottom elevation of a waterbody, or change the use of a waterbody. The acreage of loss of the state waters is calculated without considering compensatory mitigation that may be used to offset losses of aquatic functions and services; it is *not* a net calculation based on the difference between lost waters and compensatory mitigation. The loss of stream bed includes the acres or linear feet of stream bed that are filled or excavated as a result of the regulated activity. When calculating the loss, the following are not included:
 - a. Waters temporarily filled, flooded, excavated, or drained, but restored to pre-construction contours and elevations after construction.
 - b. Impacts resulting from activities that are exempt from 404 permit coverage by Clean Water Act Section 404(f)(1), as restated in Section 5.1.
 - c. Impacts resulting from discharges to water features excluded from the pre-2015 definition of WOTUS, as listed in Section 5.2.
6. **Nationwide and General Permit Conditions:** The conditions applicable in Colorado under nationwide or general permits issued by the Corps prior to the date of this policy.

7. **Operator:** The party that has operational control over day-to-day activities at a project site which are necessary to ensure compliance with the permit or activities subject to permitting. This party is authorized to direct individuals at a site to carry out day-to-day activities (i.e. the general contractor).
8. **Owner:** The party that has overall control of the activities and that has funded the implementation of the projects plans and specifications. This is the party that may have ownership of, a long term lease of, or easements on the property on which the project is occurring (e.g. the developer).
9. **Project:** The total project proposed or accomplished by one owner/developer or partnership or other association of owners/developers. For example, if construction of a residential development affects several different areas of a headwater or isolated water, or several different headwaters or isolated waters, permitting decisions should be based on the cumulative total of all filled areas. For linear projects, each crossing of a separate state water, other than water features excluded in Section 5.2, will be considered a single project at that location; except that for linear projects crossing a single waterbody several times at separate and distant locations, each crossing is considered a single project. However, individual channels in a braided stream or river, or individual arms of a large, irregularly-shaped wetland or lake, etc., are not separate waterbodies.
10. **State Waters:** Any and all surface and subsurface waters which are contained in or flow in or through Colorado, but does not include waters in sewage systems, waters in treatment works of disposal systems, waters in potable water distribution systems, and all water withdrawn for use until use and treatment have been completed. § 25-8-103(19), C.R.S and 5 C.C.R. 1002-61.2(102).

APPLICABILITY

This policy applies to unpermitted point source discharges of dredged or fill material into state waters that occur on or after the date of the *Sackett* decision. Discharges of dredged or fill material include both the direct placement of materials into state waters (e.g., stream crossings, realignment, and filling wetlands) and the redeposit of materials in state waters that may result from excavation and other activities that can move pollutants within state waters (e.g., excavations or dredging, driving construction equipment in a channel, and bank stabilization). Dredged and fill materials are pollutants, and their discharge into state waters is subject to oversight under the WQCA.

The notification and protective conditions sections of this policy (Sections 2 and 4) **do not** apply to discharges of dredged or fill material associated with the activities that are *exempted* from regulation under Section 404(f) of the Clean Water Act as restated in Section 5.1 of this policy.

The notification and protective conditions sections of this policy (Sections 2 and 4) **do not** apply to discharges of dredged or fill material into water features described in Section 5.2 of this policy that were *excluded* from the pre-2015 definition of WOTUS, including “prior converted cropland” as that term is defined in Section 5.2.

POLICY

This policy outlines the division's determination that it does not intend to take enforcement action for the unpermitted discharge of dredge and fill material if the activity causing the discharge is conducted in a manner that provides for protection of state waters consistent with the protections that would have occurred through compliance with federal 404 permitting requirements for such discharges prior to the *Sackett* decision.

This policy explains that the division does not intend to take enforcement action for unpermitted discharges of dredged or fill material into state waters if:

- notification is provided to the division as set forth in Section 2;
- the discharges would have been eligible for coverage under a Corps nationwide or general permit in effect, and based on the scope of federal jurisdiction, prior to the date of the *Sackett* decision, as set forth in Section 3;
- the dredge and fill activities are undertaken in accordance with the protective conditions set forth in Section 4.1, including the condition that the project will not result in a combined loss of Sackett Gap Waters and WOTUS that exceed 0.1 acres of wetlands or 0.03 acres of streambed; and
- the division is able to conduct effective oversight of the project as set forth in Section 4.2.

SECTION 1 - DISCHARGES AUTHORIZED BY FEDERAL 404 PERMITS CONTINUE TO BE PERMISSIBLE UNDER WQCA

Permits issued under the federal Clean Water Act are recognized under the WQCA. § 25-8-501(1), C.R.S. Consistent with the division's practice prior to the *Sackett* decision, the division will continue to recognize the effectiveness of federal 404 permits so long as they remain valid and enforceable under federal law. Discharges of dredged or fill material that proceed in accordance with the terms of valid 404 permits will not be targeted for enforcement and do not need to take additional steps under this policy. Dischargers are encouraged to obtain written verification of their continued federal 404 permit coverage from the Corps for projects that required pre-construction notification to the Corps prior to the *Sackett* decision. The division also expects to communicate directly with the Corps regarding their permitting and enforcement policies following the *Sackett* decision.

SECTION 2 - NOTIFICATION TO THE DIVISION FOR UNPERMITTED DISCHARGES

The division strongly encourages owners and operators to notify the division of any unpermitted discharge of dredged or fill material into state waters for which, **as of the date of this policy**, a federal 404 permit is not required, as further described below.

In order to receive the benefit of enforcement discretion under this policy, owners and operators of any activity that will result in an unpermitted discharge of dredged or fill material into state waters should provide notification to the division using the **online notification form** provided on the division's website or submitting the requested information to **EMAIL-TO-BE-DETERMINED@state.co.us**. Notification should be submitted at least 10 days prior to the start of the discharge, or by **** 2023**, whichever is later. Consistent with prior federal practice, the division is not requesting this notification for activities subject to the 404 permitting exemption as listed in Section 5.1 or for projects resulting in discharges to water features that are excluded from the definition of WOTUS listed in Section 5.2.

Notification to the division should include the following information:

- Description and purpose of the activities conducted by the applicant which result in the discharge of dredged or fill material into state waters
- The project name
- The owner(s) and the operator(s) name, mailing address, telephone number, and email address.
- Name of state water(s) subject to dredge or fill activities
- To the extent known, whether the state waters are within the subset of waters that historically have not required a 404 permit (as discussed in Section 6 of this policy).
- Latitude and Longitude of the project (to 5 decimal places).
- Street address (or general location) of the project.
- The Corps nationwide or general permit(s) that would have applied to the project prior to the *Sackett* decision.

For projects that would have required pre-construction notification to the Corps prior to the *Sackett* decision, this additional information from the pre-construction notification should also be provided as part of the notification to the division. Providing information to the division equivalent to the information that would otherwise be submitted to the Corps in a Section 404 pre-construction notification, and based on the scope of federal jurisdiction that was in effect prior to the *Sackett* decision, will be sufficient under this policy. Note that there are several parts of the Corps pre-construction notification applicable to other federal laws, including information relevant to the Endangered Species Act, historic properties, and 408 permission request to the Corps. The division is not requesting that information be provided as part of the notification.

SECTION 3 - SCOPE OF UNPERMITTED DISCHARGES INTO SACKETT GAP WATERS ELIGIBLE FOR ENFORCEMENT DISCRETION UNDER THIS POLICY

The division does not intend to take enforcement action for unpermitted discharges of dredged or fill material into state waters if the discharge would have been eligible for coverage under a Corps nationwide or general permit that was in effect prior to the date of the *Sackett* decision, and was included in the scope of federal jurisdiction that was in effect prior to the date of the *Sackett* decision. Where the dredge and fill activities are undertaken in accordance with the conditions and best management practices set forth in the applicable pre-*Sackett* nationwide or general permit, the division intends to exercise enforcement discretion. Additional information on the division's expectations for protective conditions is set forth in Section 4.

If a project resulting in discharges of dredged or fill material to state waters is no longer under Corps jurisdiction as a result of the *Sackett* decision and would have required an *individual* Section 404 permit from the Corps prior to the *Sackett* decision, it is *not* eligible for enforcement discretion under this policy. Owners and operators of such projects should contact the division to discuss an individualized path forward.

SECTION 4 - PROJECTS SHOULD COMPLY WITH PROTECTIVE CONDITIONS FROM FEDERAL NATIONWIDE AND GENERAL PERMITS

In general, the division intends to exercise enforcement discretion where projects resulting in unpermitted discharges of dredged or fill material into Sackett gap waters are conducted in accordance with the conditions set forth in the Corps 404 permit that would have applied to the project prior to the *Sackett* decision. The division notes that some Corps 404 nationwide and general

permits include conditions unrelated to water quality protection, such as protecting navigation and historic structures, that are outside the scope of the division's oversight authority under the WQCA. The division does not intend to review aspects of the project or discharge associated with those unrelated conditions. It remains the owner or operator's responsibility to comply with any local, state, and federal rules that may apply outside of this policy.

The following conditions do not apply to projects or activities that are subject to any of the federal Section 404 exemptions, nor do these conditions apply to the discharge of dredged or fill material into the categories of water features excluded from the definition of WOTUS, as discussed in Section 5 of this policy. Additionally, the following conditions do not apply to projects involving the discharge of dredged or fill material into the relatively small subset of state waters that have historically not required a federal 404 permit, as discussed in Section 6 of this policy.

4.1 PROTECTIVE CONDITIONS

The division intends to exercise enforcement discretion under this policy for the unpermitted discharge of dredged or fill material into Sackett gap waters if the owner or operator:

- Designs and constructs the project to avoid and minimize loss of Sackett gap waters so that the project will not result in a combined loss of Sackett gap waters and WOTUS that exceed 0.1 acres of wetlands or 0.03 acres of streambed. When determining loss, the division will consider the entire cumulative impact of the project, including any parts of the project that are covered by a Corps 404 permit.
- Designs and constructs the dredge and fill activity to minimize adverse effects, both temporary and permanent, to Sackett gap waters to the maximum extent practicable.
- Complies with the general conditions and the [Colorado regional conditions](#) that would have been required of a nationwide 404 permit or general 404 permit for the project prior to the *Sackett* decision, based on the scope of federal jurisdiction that was in effect prior to the date of the *Sackett* decision.
- Maintains all documentation required by a condition that would normally be required by the applicable nationwide 404 permit or general 404 permit until three years after the end of the discharge. If the project is covered by a CDPS construction general permit for discharges of stormwater associated with construction activity, the owner or operator is encouraged to include such documentation with the stormwater management plan.

4.2 ADDITIONAL OVERSIGHT CONSIDERATIONS

In order to implement this policy, the division must be able to assess whether the conditions set forth in this policy to protect state waters from the impacts of unpermitted discharges of dredged or fill material have been met. In order to facilitate the division's oversight and continued exercise of enforcement discretion under this policy, the owner/operator should:

- Within a reasonable time of a request from the division, furnish the division with requested information to allow the division to determine whether the unpermitted discharges are eligible for the exercise of enforcement discretion under this policy.
- Notify the division if the unpermitted discharge does not meet or can no longer meet the conditions set forth in the Corps 404 permit that would have applied to the project prior to the *Sackett* decision. The owner or operator should notify the division within 30 days of becoming aware of such circumstances, unless the circumstances may endanger public health

or the environment, in which case the owner or operator should notify the division within twenty-four (24) hours of becoming aware of the circumstances.

- 30-day notifications may be provided to EMAIL-TO-BE-DETERMINED@state.co.us
- 24-hour notifications may be provided to the division's Clean Water Compliance and Enforcement Section at (303) 692-3500 or EMAIL-TO-BE-DETERMINED@state.co.us.
- Allow for reasonable division oversight and inspection of the project as necessary to assess whether the conditions for enforcement discretion provided under this policy have been met.

SECTION 5 - CONTINUED RECOGNITION OF FEDERAL SECTION 404 EXEMPTIONS AND EXCLUSIONS

The division will continue to exercise enforcement discretion for activities involving discharges of dredged or fill material to state waters that have traditionally been exempted from the requirement to obtain a 404 permit. Similarly, the division will continue to exercise enforcement discharges of dredged or fill material to the features excluded from the pre-2015 definition of WOTUS. Lists of the federal exemptions and exclusions recognized by the division are set forth below.

5.1 EXEMPTIONS

The Clean Water Act at Section 404(f)(1) establishes exemptions from 404 permitting requirements for certain activities. 33 U.S.C. § 1344(f)(1). Consistent with this, the division will continue to exercise enforcement discretion for discharges of dredged or fill material into state waters resulting from the following activities:

- Normal farming, silviculture, and ranching activities such as plowing, seeding, cultivating, minor drainage, harvesting for the production of food, fiber, and forest products, or upland soil and water conservation practices.
- Maintenance, including emergency reconstruction of recently damaged parts, of currently serviceable structures such as dikes, dams, levees, groins, riprap, breakwaters, causeways, and bridge abutments or approaches, and transportation structures.
- Construction or maintenance of farm or stock ponds or irrigation ditches, or the maintenance of drainage ditches.
- Construction of temporary sedimentation basins on a construction site which does not include placement of fill material into the navigable waters.
- Construction or maintenance of farm roads or forest roads, or temporary roads for moving mining equipment, where such roads are constructed and maintained, in accordance with best management practices, to assure that flow and circulation patterns and chemical and biological characteristics of the state state waters are not impaired, that the reach of the navigable waters is not reduced, and that any adverse effect on the aquatic environment will be otherwise minimized.

However, any discharge of dredged or fill material into state waters incidental to any activity having as its purpose bringing an area of the state waters into a use to which it was not previously subject, where the flow or circulation of state waters may be impaired, or the reach of such waters be reduced are not included within these exemptions, consistent with Section 404(f)(2). 33 U.S.C. § 1344(f)(2) (the "Recapture Provision").

5.2 EXCLUSIONS

The preamble to the WOTUS definition at 51 Fed. Reg. 41217 (Nov. 13, 1986) discusses several water features that the EPA and the Corps generally do not consider to be “waters of the United States.” Consistent with this discussion, the division will continue to exercise enforcement discretion for unpermitted discharges of dredged or fill material to the following features:

- Non-tidal drainage and irrigation ditches excavated on dry land.
- Artificially irrigated areas which would revert to upland if the irrigation ceased.
- Artificial lakes or ponds created by excavating and/or diking dry land to collect and retain water and which are used exclusively for such purposes as stock watering, irrigation, settling basins, or rice growing.
- Artificial reflecting or swimming pools or other small ornamental bodies of water created by excavating and/or diking dry land to retain water for primarily aesthetic reasons.
- Water-filled depressions created in dry land incidental to construction activity and pits excavated in dry land for the purpose of obtaining fill, sand, or gravel unless and until the construction or excavation operation is abandoned and the resulting body of water meets the definition of state waters.

In addition, the division does not plan to take enforcement action for discharges of dredged or fill material to prior converted cropland. The division considers prior converted cropland to be any area that, prior to December 23, 1985, was drained or otherwise manipulated for the purpose, or having the effect, of making production of an agricultural product possible. An area is no longer considered prior converted cropland when the area is abandoned and has reverted to wetlands. Abandonment occurs when prior converted cropland is not used for, or in support of, agricultural purposes at least once in the immediately preceding five years. Agricultural purposes include land use that makes the production of an agricultural product possible, including grazing and haying. Cropland that is left idle or fallow for conservation or agricultural purposes for any period of time remains in agricultural use, and, therefore, maintains the prior converted cropland.

SECTION 6 - CONTINUED ENFORCEMENT DISCRETION FOR PROJECTS IN STATE WATERS THAT WERE NEVER SUBJECT TO FEDERAL 404 PERMITTING

As stated in Section 2, owners or operators of projects discharging dredged or fill material into the relatively small subset of state waters that were not within the Corps’ jurisdiction under the pre-2015 federal definition of WOTUS and 2008 Guidance should provide notification to the division prior to discharge, *except that* notification is not expected for the *exempted* activities (listed in Section 5.1) and projects involving discharges to *excluded* water features (listed in Section 5.2). The purpose of the notification is for the division to gain a better understanding of the number of projects impacting this subset of state waters as it considers developing a dredge and fill regulatory program. Projects involving this subset of state waters are not subject to the protective conditions and additional oversight described in Section 4 of this policy, and the division intends to continue exercising its historic enforcement discretion with respect to projects involving this subset of state waters. Projects involving this subset of state waters continue to be subject to other applicable state requirements such as construction stormwater permitting.

SECTION 7 - ADDITIONAL LIMITATIONS OF THIS POLICY

1. The issuance of this policy does not limit or preclude the division from pursuing its enforcement options concerning any violation(s) of the WQCA. The division will evaluate the

facts associated with a violation(s), and if a formal enforcement action is deemed necessary, the owner(s) and operator(s) may be subject to enforcement actions as allowed by state law, including but not limited to the issuance of a Notice of Violation/Cease and Desist Order/Clean Up Order that may include the assessment of penalties.

2. The approach to enforcement identified in this policy will not apply to criminal violations or in situations where there are egregious circumstances, such as those resulting in serious environmental harm, adverse impacts to the beneficial uses of state waters, or which pose an imminent or substantial endangerment to public health and/or the environment.
3. With the sole exception of discharges of pollutants resulting from dredge and fill activities within the waterbody, this policy in no way limits the requirements to obtain and to comply with the conditions of a CDPS permit for discharges to state waters, including but not limited to stormwater discharge permits for construction activities. The implementation of this policy makes no changes to the expectation for CDPS permit applications and compliance with all other applicable requirements administered by the division.
4. The issuance of this policy does not convey any property or water rights in either real or personal property, or stream flows, or any exclusive privileges, nor does it authorize any injury to private property or any invasion of personal rights. All discharges must comply with the lawful requirements of federal agencies, municipalities, counties, drainage districts, and other local agencies regarding any discharges to stormwater conveyances, or other water courses under their jurisdiction.
5. This policy in no way limits the division's authority to enter and inspect premises and records, as provided in the WQCA at section 25-8-306, C.R.S.
6. This policy is intended to provide operational direction to the division. Nothing in this policy shall be construed to preclude or limit the authority of the division pursuant to any applicable state law or regulation under authority granted by Section 510 of the Clean Water Act.



May 31, 2023

To: Colorado Water Quality Control Division

Re: Colorado Water Congress Preliminary Comments on Draft Policy CW-17 “Enforcement of Unpermitted Dredged and Fill Material Into State Waters”

Date: May 31, 2023

1. Introduction

Following are preliminary comments on behalf of the Colorado Water Congress on the Draft Policy CW-17, entitled “Enforcement of Unpermitted Dredged and Fill Material Into State Waters” (“Draft Policy”). The Draft Policy was published on May 16, 2023 with a comment deadline of May 31. The Water Quality Control Division held a single public meeting of one hour on May 22 to provide a brief summary of the Draft Policy and receive questions.

The Colorado Water Congress’s mission is to initiate and advance programs to conserve, develop, administer, and protect the water resources of the State of Colorado. Its purposes include providing its membership with a forum for the discussion of water matters and to the end that, where possible, conflicts among water users may be resolved through the medium of mutual discussion of the facts and proposed solutions. Colorado Water Congress believes that the state of Colorado’s water shapes the future of the State. It is dedicated to:

- Successful promotion of policy that supports high-quality sustainable water supplies through protection of water rights, conservation, planning, management and infrastructure investment.
- Thoughtful and equitable development and administration of water laws, regulations, and compacts within the framework of Article XVI of the Colorado Constitution.
- Fair representation of every watershed in Colorado and every type of beneficial water use.
- Clear communication of relevant, accurate, and timely information.
- Active engagement of our members through education, collaboration, and networking.

The Colorado Water Congress will make its influence felt through the development of facts, dissemination of information and resolution of apparent conflicts. Membership is available to any entity or person interested in supporting the objectives and purposes of the Colorado Water Congress. There are currently over 300 members representing a broad range of interests, including state and local government; water, water and sanitation, water conservancy, and water conservation districts; ditch and reservoir companies; mining and other industries; individual owners and users of agricultural and other water rights; national and state non-governmental organizations; and technical and legal consultants.

The short comment period of approximately two weeks, on an incomplete draft of a significant policy did not provide enough time for comment or for thorough discussion of the facts and important legal assertions in the Draft Policy. In discussions with stakeholders, the Water Quality Control Division indicated an interest in finalizing the policy soon after the issuance of the U.S. Supreme Court decision in

Sackett v. EPA. *Sackett* oral arguments were held in October 2022, and ultimately the decision was published May 25, 2023 (slip op. May 25, 2023, 598 U.S. ____). Although the governor’s office convened a task force in winter-spring of 2023 to discuss potential recommendations to address a decision in *Sackett*, there was no discussion of the contents of a potential policy with either the task force or the broader stakeholder community until May 22.

As of the comment deadline, the Supreme Court’s decision in *Sackett* is less than one week old. The U.S. EPA and U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, the agencies charged with administering the Clean Water Act, have not yet made any official statements of rule or policy in response to the holding in *Sackett*. The Corps of Engineers has not announced any changes to the dredge and fill permitting program, including the historical practice of allowing a permittee to assume that aquatic features are jurisdictional and receive coverage under a Section 404 permit. Federal agency policy development may take significant time, possibly months following the issuance of the *Sackett* decision, and may be subject to legal challenge(s). There has not been enough time or stakeholder engagement since the publication of the draft policy for clear communication, thoughtful and equitable development of the policy, or promotion of policy consistent with the Colorado Water Congress goal of promotion of policy that supports high-quality sustainable water supplies through protection of water rights, conservation, planning, management and infrastructure investment. Therefore, the Colorado Water Congress requests that the Water Quality Control Division engage in additional stakeholder discussion and gather more information about the federal agencies’ response to *Sackett* before finalizing any policy. Nevertheless, the Colorado Water Congress believes it is important to provide whatever input is possible on this important issue at this time. Therefore, the comments that follow are preliminary in nature, and may be supplemented as more information becomes available.

2. General Comment on the Purpose of the Draft Policy

The Draft Policy says that the purpose is to “address[] the protection of state waters impacted by discharges of dredged or fill material that are outside of federal Clean Water Act jurisdiction as a result of the *Sackett* decision.” (pg. 2). It describes how the Water Quality Control Division intends to exercise enforcement discretion for discharges of dredged or fill material into state waters that are not subject to permitting under *Sackett*.

Colorado Water Congress members share concerns with the potential degradation of state waters post-*Sackett* and appreciate the need to maintain historical protections for waters, while diverse interests in the state engage in the significant technical, policy, and legal discussion that must occur to resolve apparent differences and develop an appropriate, Colorado-specific policy response. We share the following comments to ensure the Policy maintains these status quo protections without adding or duplicating requirements.

People and organizations, including Colorado Water Congress members, who discharge dredged or fill material into state waters are not “polluters.” Rather, they are building, operating, and maintaining critical infrastructure to provide important services to the citizens of Colorado. These services include water and wastewater services, utilities, and transportation. Providers of these services have proceeded under the Corps of Engineers Section 404 permitting program for decades. Any post-*Sackett* enforcement program that the state implements should adhere to several core principles, including:

- The program must allow critical public and private projects to continue, as long as they are consistent with the Corps of Engineers permitting program in effect prior to *Sackett*, to allow the project proponents to continue providing essential services and to allow important economic development in the state to occur.

- The program must be temporary. Any reliance upon enforcement action should be clearly limited so that it will terminate if and when the state adopts a regulatory or other program addressing discharge of dredged or fill material into state waters.
- The program must focus on preventing environmental harm. The Division should not undertake enforcement against people who act in good faith to avoid environmental harm by designing their projects to minimize adverse environmental impact, using best management practices, and mitigating adverse impacts where necessary.

The Draft Policy lacks basic mechanisms necessary for adequate implementation and administration of the use of enforcement discretion in this manner:

- There is no mechanism to determine what are “state waters.” The Draft Policy quotes the Colorado Water Quality Control Act definition of “state waters” as “any and all surface and subsurface waters which are contained in or flow through the state,” with enumerated exclusions. C.R.S. § 25-8-103(19). A basic premise of the Draft Policy is that this definition has “always been broader than the federal definition of ‘waters of the United States.’” (Draft Policy, pg. 2). However, there is ambiguity in the definition of “state waters,” just as there is ambiguity in the definition of “waters of the United States,” and the Draft Policy does not attempt to provide a working definition.
- There is no mechanism to determine what would have been “state waters” subject to federal Section 404 permitting prior to the *Sackett* decision. The Corps of Engineers has historically issued Approved Jurisdictional Determinations based on site-specific information. *See* U.S. Army Corps of Engineers Regulatory Guidance Letter 16-01. During the May 22 meeting about the Draft Policy, the Water Quality Control Division indicated that it lacks either the funding or the expertise to provide a similar service, and that proponents of projects that may include a discharge of dredged or fill material into state waters would need to rely upon the opinion of a qualified technical consultant to evaluate whether the activity would have required a permit pre-*Sackett*. At the very least, any final policy should make this explicit.
- A necessary part of any policy is to make it clear to those potentially affected by it what actions may trigger a penalty. The duty of a requirement to provide fair notice as to what actions are not lawful is not met by the Draft Policy. This is an issue that troubled the Court in *Sackett*. It should also be at the forefront in the development of the Draft Policy.

3. Comment on the differences between nationwide permit conditions and the Draft Policy terms and conditions.

The Draft Policy states at page 7:

The division does not intend to take enforcement action for unpermitted discharges of dredged or fill material into state waters if the discharge would have been eligible for coverage under a Corps nationwide or general permit that was in effect prior to the date of the *Sackett* decision, and was included in the scope of federal jurisdiction that was in effect prior to the date of the *Sackett* decision. Where the dredge and fill activities are undertaken in accordance with the conditions and best management practices set forth in the applicable pre-*Sackett* nationwide or general permit, the division intends to exercise enforcement discretion.

It is the Colorado Water Congress’s understanding that when the Draft Policy states “the division intends to exercise enforcement discretion,” this means that the Division does not intend to take enforcement action. The Colorado Water Congress agrees that it would be inappropriate for the Division to take enforcement action against activities that proceed in accordance with the conditions of nationwide or general permits issued by the Corps of Engineers. Activities carried out in conformance with a Corps-issued nationwide or general permit would have no more than minimal adverse environmental impacts. 33 U.S.C. § 1344(e)(1); 33 C.F.R. 330.1(b); 86 Fed. Reg. 2744, 2744-45 (Jan. 13, 2021). To qualify for nationwide permit authorization, a prospective permittee must comply with a number of general conditions, in addition to any regional or case-specific conditions to ensure minimal adverse environmental impacts associated with a discharge of dredged or fill material. Therefore, there would be minimal environmental benefit from enforcement against activities carried out consistent with the nationwide or general permits issued by the Corps of Engineers.

However, the Draft Policy departs from the terms and conditions of the current Corps-issued nationwide permits in significant ways, by 1) requiring pre-construction notification for all activities regardless of whether or not such notification would be required under the corresponding Corps-issued nationwide permit; 2) limiting the combined loss of *Sackett* “gap waters” and waters of the U.S. to less than 0.1 acres of wetlands or 0.03 acres of streambed; and 3) eliminating significant portions of the federal regulatory definition of “dredged material.” These conditions are inappropriate, and create significant barriers to Colorado Water Congress members’ ability to provide essential services to the citizens of Colorado, or to carry out essential business functions.

a. Pre-Construction Notification

The Draft Policy says on page 6:

In order to receive the benefit of enforcement discretion under this policy, owners and operators of any activity that will result in an unpermitted discharge of dredged or fill material into state waters should provide notification to the division.... Notification should be submitted at least 10 days prior to the start of the discharge....

By stating that owners or operators *should* provide notification, it is unclear whether this notification is mandatory. Because it would be a major departure from the Corps of Engineers nationwide permits to require notification prior to all covered activities, the WQCD should remove any mandatory notification requirement and clarify in the final policy that notification is not required, unless preconstruction notification would have been required under the applicable nationwide permit.

Many Corps-issued nationwide permits allow a permittee to proceed with a project without providing any notification to the Corps of Engineers. Permittees are able to proceed with projects in a manner that has no more than minimal adverse environmental impacts, without introducing the delay and administrative overhead of notification to the agency before proceeding. As described by the Corps of Engineers, “Nationwide permits are a type of general permit issued by the Chief of Engineers and are designed to regulate with little, if any, delay or paperwork certain activities in federally jurisdictional waters and wetlands, where those activities would have no more than minimal adverse environmental impacts.” 86 Fed. Reg. at 2745.

Many of the nationwide permits that do not require preconstruction notification are relied upon frequently—in some cases on a daily basis—by Colorado Water Congress members. Examples include:

- Nationwide Permit (“NWP”) 3 for maintenance of previously authorized structures or fill, when there are only minor deviations in the configured or filled area, or the structures or fill are temporary.
- NWP 12 for oil or natural gas pipeline activities with loss of less than 1/10 acre.
- NWP 13 for bank stabilization less than 500 feet along the bank and less than 1 cubic yard of fill per linear foot.
- NWP 14 for linear transportation projects with wetland loss of less than 1/10 acre.
- NWP 18 for minor discharges of less than 10 cubic yards.
- NWP 19 for minor dredging of less than 25 cubic yards.
- NWP 33 for temporary construction, access, and dewatering activities outside of navigable (section 10) waters.
- NWP 43 for stormwater management facilities not involving expansion or construction of facilities.
- NWP 51 for land-based renewable energy generation facilities with discharges that result in the loss of less than 1/10 acre.
- NWP 57 for electric utilities line and telecommunications activities that result in loss of less than 1/10 acre.
- NWP 58 for utility lines for water and other substances that result in loss of less than 1/10 acre.

Work under these NWPs proceeds frequently, and without harm to the environment, without the need for preconstruction notification. Adding a requirement to notify the Division at least 10 days before any discharge would hinder Colorado Water Congress members’ ability to provide essential services. For example, maintenance activities frequently occur as a result of an inspection by staff of existing facilities. Adding a notification would require the work to stop until the notification can be given. This will reduce the number of maintenance activities that could be completed in a given day.

Therefore, the Draft Policy should be modified, so that notice to the WQCD is required *only* if a preconstruction notification would have been required by the applicable NWP.

b. Limitation to a combined loss of *Sackett* gap waters and waters of the U.S. that exceed 0.1 acres of wetlands or 0.03 acres of streambed.

Section 4.1, “Protective Conditions” of the Draft Policy, says on page 8 that the division will exercise enforcement discretion only if the owner or operator

[d]esigns and constructs the project to avoid and minimize loss of *Sackett* gap waters so that the project will not result in a combined loss of *Sackett* gap waters and WOTUS that exceed 0.1 acres of wetlands or 0.03 acres of streambed. When determining loss, the division will consider the entire cumulative impact of the project, including any parts of the project that are covered by a Corps 404 permit.

This condition is a significant departure from the nationwide permits issued by the Corps of Engineers. Many of the NWP allow for a loss of waters of the U.S. exceeding the limits in the Draft Policy, including: NWP 7 (outfall structures), NWP 12 (oil or natural gas pipeline activities), NWP 14 (linear transportation projects), NWP 25 (structural discharges), NWP 27 (aquatic habitat restoration, enhancement, and establishment), NWP 31 (maintenance of existing flood control facilities), NWP 40 (agricultural activities), NWP 41 (reshaping existing drainage and irrigation ditches), NWP 43 (stormwater management facilities), NWP 46 (discharges in ditches), and NWP 51 (land-based renewable energy generation facilities).

General condition 23 of the nationwide permits requires compensatory mitigation on a one-for-one ratio for all wetland losses that exceed 1/10 of an acre, or streambed losses that exceed 3/100 of an acre, and require preconstruction notification. During the May 22 meeting, the Division stated that the reason the Draft Policy limits wetland and streambed losses is because compensatory mitigation required as a condition of enforcement discretion could not be enforced beyond the 5-year statute of limitations in C.R.S. § 25-8-613. However, the acreage limitation is not justified because:

- Discharges that would not require preconstruction notification even if they result in losses greater than 1/10 acre of wetlands or 3/100 acre of streambed do not trigger compensatory mitigation. This includes NWP 3 (maintenance activities), NWP 25 (structural discharges), and NWP 41 (reshaping existing drainage and irrigation ditches). Because these activities would not trigger compensatory mitigation, there is no basis to limit the loss of state waters.
- Other legal mechanisms, such as an agreement with the project proponent, can be used to create an enforceable requirement to maintain mitigation beyond the 5-year statute of limitations for the unpermitted discharge of dredged or fill material.

The Draft Policy limitation to 1/10 acre of wetland loss or 3/100 acre of streambed loss is a significant restriction that would make it impossible to proceed with many projects necessary to provide critical services. For critical water infrastructure, this includes outfall structures and related intake structures, reshaping existing irrigation ditches, construction of stormwater management facilities, and discharges in ditches. Critical energy infrastructure including construction of gas and electric utility lines, or construction of solar and wind generation facilities, could also be made impossible by the restrictive acreage limitation.

Furthermore, a project that requires discharge of dredged or fill material into both *Sackett* gap waters and waters of the U.S. would be subject to two different, and conflicting, sets of conditions. A project that would be allowed by the Corps of Engineers may be entirely prohibited because a small amount of *Sackett* gap waters would be affected.

Therefore, the policy should remove the requirement that the owner or operator will design and construct the project so that it will not result in a combined loss of *Sackett* gap waters and waters of the U.S. that exceed 0.1 acres of wetlands or 0.03 acres of streambed. Instead, projects in *Sackett* gap waters that require compensatory or other mitigation should be allowed to proceed, if the project proponent enters an agreement with the Division governing the ongoing maintenance of mitigation.

c. Definition of “discharge of dredged material.”

The Draft Policy is missing the definition of “discharge of dredged material” from the federal regulations. The Draft Policy includes only the definition, “The term ‘dredged material’ means material that is excavated or dredged from state waters.”

The federal regulations include a detailed definition of “discharge of dredged material” at 33 C.F.R. 323.2(d)(1). This definition includes important exceptions to the definition of “discharge of dredged material,” including “incidental fallback” and cutting or removing vegetation above the ground.

The final policy should include the entire definition of “discharge of dredged material” from the federal regulations.

4. Clearly exclude stormwater control structures from “state waters” subject to enforcement for discharge of dredged or fill material.

The policy should be revised to clearly exclude discharges of dredged or fill material into stormwater control structures, which are themselves subject to CDPS permit requirements. Control of pollutants discharged into state waters from stormwater facilities should be the exclusive subject of the CDPS permit program, not dredged or fill discharge enforcement.

Various versions of the “waters of the U.S.” rules and guidance have addressed the potential applicability to stormwater control structures. In 2015, the Clean Water Rule excluded stormwater control features constructed to convey, treat, or store stormwater that are created in dry land. 80 Fed. Reg. 37054 (June 29, 2015). In 2023, the agencies noted that some stormwater conveyance features would be excluded from the “waters of the U.S.” as ditches. 88 Fed. Reg. 3004, 3104 (Jan. 18, 2023).

Discharges of dredged and fill material into stormwater facilities can be necessary for maintenance and operation of these facilities. Therefore, the policy should clearly state that there will be no enforcement against discharges of dredged or fill material into stormwater control structures, as long as these discharges are conducted in a manner consistent with the terms and conditions of any CDPS permit. These activities are conducted under state permit consistent with C.R.S. § 25-8-501.

5. Jurisdictional Determinations

The Draft Policy fails to address the effect of approved jurisdictional determinations issued by the Corps of Engineers before the *Sackett* decision issuance on May 25, 2023. The policy should be changed to clearly state that the Division will not take any enforcement action against discharges of dredged or fill material in areas that were found not to be waters of the U.S. in a Corps-issued approved jurisdictional determination prior to May 25, 2023.

An approved jurisdictional determination is “a Corps document stating the presence or absence of waters of the United States on a parcel or a written statement and map identifying the limits of waters of the United States on a parcel.” 33 C.F.R. 331.2. Approved jurisdictional determinations may be either “stand-alone” jurisdictional determinations or associated with permit actions. A “stand-alone” jurisdictional determination, as described in Corps of Engineers Regulatory Guidance Letter 16-01, may be requested so that a project proponent can avoid impacts to jurisdictional aquatic resources during the planning stages of a project, or to fulfill local or state authorization requirements.

An approved jurisdictional determination relies upon the definition of the “waters of the United States” as understood by the Corps of Engineers at the time of the issuance of the determination. In Colorado, prior to May 25, 2023, except for the brief period when the “Navigable Waters Protection Rule” was effective in Colorado, the Corps would have issued a jurisdictional determination consistent with the 1986 Rule and the 2008 Rapanos Guidance. As shown in the map below, the Corps issued many determinations in Colorado that features were not “waters of the United States.”

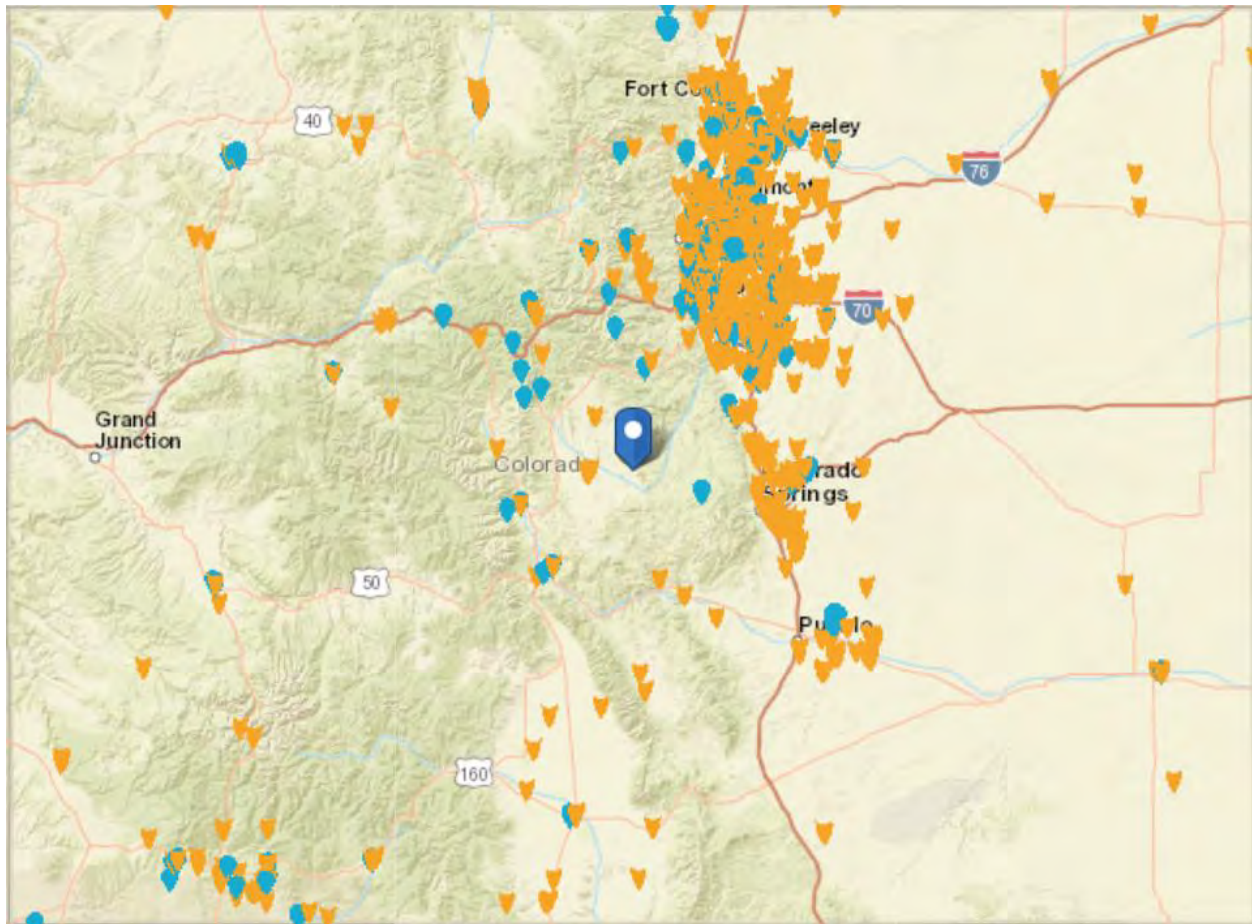


Figure 1 - Findings of no jurisdiction indicated in orange

Approved jurisdictional determinations are critical for project planning and inform the design and placement of critical infrastructure projects. They represent final determinations of the Corps of Engineers that an area does not constitute waters of the U.S. Therefore, the policy should clearly state that discharge of dredged or fill material into areas found not to be waters of the U.S. issued by the Corps of Engineers prior to May 25, 2023 (except when the Navigable Waters Protection Rule was in effect in Colorado) will not be subject to enforcement by the Division.

6. Projects Ineligible for Nationwide Permits

The Draft Policy appears to prohibit all projects that would have required an individual 404 permit from the Corps prior to the *Sackett* decision. The Draft Policy says that such projects are not eligible for enforcement discretion under the policy. (Draft Policy, pg. 7).

The Draft Policy then suggests that project proponents should “contact the division to discuss an individualized path forward.” It is unclear from the Draft Policy whether this “individualized path forward” could enable a project to proceed. The policy should be modified to clarify that this “individualized path forward” is necessary because the policy cannot anticipate the terms and conditions that would facilitate the Division’s exercise of discretion not to begin an enforcement action for discharges of dredged or fill material.

Critical water infrastructure projects may require issuance of an individual Corps permit. These projects may include reservoirs, diversion structures, or other structures. Projects that require individual permits for discharges of dredged or fill material into waters that remain “waters of the U.S.” under *Sackett* may also include discharges into *Sackett* gap waters. The Draft Policy should be modified to clarify that these critical projects have a pathway to proceed with appropriate terms and conditions.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in blue ink, appearing to read "Gabe Racz", with a stylized flourish at the end.

Gabe Racz
Water Quality Committee Chair
Colorado Water Congress

STANDARD MINE SUPERFUND SITE

BULKHEAD CLOSURE FACTSHEET

CRESTED BUTTE, CO / EPA REGION 8

MAY – 2023

Key Information

- EPA has issued a minor modification to its cleanup plan for the Standard Mine Superfund Site, that continues surface water quality monitoring through 2027 to evaluate impacts of an extended bulkhead closure.
- The bulkhead may be closed as early as June 2023, and will be closed for multiple years. EPA will monitor both the water pressure behind the bulkhead and surface water quality.
- EPA will continue to coordinate closely with the Town of Crested Butte and Gunnison County on all cleanup actions.



Standard Mine bulkhead valve | EPA

For more information about the Standard Mine Superfund Site, please visit:

www.epa.gov/superfund/standard-mine



Upcoming Public Meeting

Standard Mine Site Update & Bulkhead Closure

Thursday, June 8, 2023

4:00 p.m. – 5:00 p.m.

Crested Butte Town Hall

507 Maroon Ave, Crested Butte, CO

Site Background

The Standard Mine Superfund Site is located in Gunnison County, CO, approximately 5 miles west of the town of Crested Butte. Standard Mine is an abandoned hard rock mine which was historically mined for silver, lead, zinc, and copper ore. The site was listed on the National Priorities List in 2005 due to elevated levels of metals, such as cadmium, lead, and zinc, in the soils and Elk Creek.

During the initial cleanup, waste rock was removed and placed in an on-site repository. A Record of Decision (ROD) was signed in 2011 which selected a 2-phase cleanup for the site. Phase 1 included installing a **flow-control bulkhead** in the lowest level (Level 1) of the mine and monitoring water quality for 3-5 years.

What is a flow-control bulkhead?

A flow-control bulkhead is an engineered concrete plug with a valve that is used to stop or control the flow of water discharging from a mine.

Phase 2, if necessary, consists of a passive water treatment system. Between April to October 2018, the bulkhead was closed for 180 days with the pressure behind the bulkhead continuously monitored.

In December 2022, EPA and the Colorado Department of Public Health and the Environment (CDPHE) extended Phase 1 water quality monitoring activities for an additional 5 years (2023-2027) through a [Minor Modification to the ROD](#). Impacts to water quality from short term bulkhead closure, partially open, and fully open bulkhead positions have been sufficiently evaluated, but a long-term bulkhead closure scenario has not been evaluated. The objective of the extension is to evaluate surface water quality responses to an extended bulkhead closure scenario.

Throughout the extended bulkhead closure, EPA will continue to coordinate closely with the Town of Crested Butte and Gunnison County on all cleanup actions, including in the unlikely event that the bulkhead valve requires opening to reduce water pressure.

Contact Information

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Level 1 bypass adit (red door) and original Level 1 adit at Standard Mine | EPA

For more information about the Standard Mine Superfund Site, please visit:

www.epa.gov/superfund/standard-mine



Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory

Earth & Environmental Sciences Area



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June 2023

Sonja Chavez
General Manager
Upper Gunnison River Water Conservancy District
Gunnison, CO 81230

Subject: Invitation to serve on the Scientific Advisory Board for the Watershed Function SFA (Berkeley Lab, SLAC and key partners)

Dear Sonja,

We are writing to invite you to serve as an Advisory Board member of the Watershed Function Scientific Focus Area (SFA) Project. The Watershed Function SFA is a collaborative effort led by Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory (Berkeley Lab) and the SLAC National Accelerator Laboratory (SLAC) with key university, agency, and small business partners. SFAs were established by DOE-Biological and Environmental Research (BER) to encourage, facilitate, and effectively manage ambitious, integrative and collaborative programs at the DOE National Laboratories that are well aligned with BER's strategic goals.

The Watershed Function SFA was initiated in October 2016 and is currently led by Berkeley Lab. The Floodplain Hydro-Biogeochemistry SFA was initiated in February 2017 and is currently led by SLAC. At DOE's request, our two SFAs are merging, creating a unique opportunity to extend understanding of Watershed Function and response to disturbance from molecular to catchment scales. We are currently submitting a renewal proposal for this multi-lab SFA covering the period of October 1, 2023 to September 30, 2027.

By combining the strengths and core capabilities of two National Laboratory teams and key partners, the integrated Watershed Function SFA vision is to build a mechanistic and predictive understanding of mountainous watershed function and response to press and pulse disturbances. Fundamentally, watersheds are indivisible systems, with nested scales where climate, geology, vegetation, and microbial ecology interact to regulate hydrobiogeochemical processes. Building a mechanistic understanding, thus, requires a coordinated approach to simulation, observation, experimentation, and model development, benchmarking and refinement.

In the next 4-year phase, our SFA will address this grand challenge question: ***"How do mountainous watershed functions respond and adapt in the face of increasing press and pulse disturbances (warming and drought)?"*** Our focus will be to identify the most critical watershed characteristics (functional traits) that influence watershed function (retention and loss of water and critical elements), explore the interactions and adaptation of these traits using high resolution process-rich models at the catchment scale to predict the response of watersheds to seasonal to decadal drivers of disturbance. We will integrate ML approaches to identify trait-to-function relationships, and to develop surrogate models to transfer learned trait-to-function relationships to other catchments and watersheds. We have a particular focus on the combined and compounding

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effects of changing temperature and precipitation regimes that are substantially altering the hydroclimate of western US mountainous ecosystems. Our research will be focused primarily in the Upper Gunnison, CO, River Basin where the East and Taylor River watersheds provide key dimensions of watershed trait variability, are undergoing significant climate-driven changes, are the focus of climate resilient adaptive forest management, and thus serve as important testbeds in which to tackle the challenges of predicting future mountainous watershed hydrobiogeochemical function.

We are in the process of developing a new website that represents this integrated vision, and in the meantime, we encourage you to visit our existing project sites watershed.lbl.gov and <https://sites.slac.stanford.edu/bargargroup/> where you will find research highlights, publications and other products and information on our current team membership.

We would be honored if you would be willing to serve as a member of the SFA Scientific Advisory Board. The Watershed Function SFA Scientific Advisory Board Charter describes the responsibilities of the Board as well as the expected term of service and frequency of meetings.

We hope you will consider this invitation, and would be grateful if you could let us know if you are willing to serve in this capacity before June 12th, 2023.

Please feel free to contact us if you have any questions.

Sincerely,

Eoin Brodie,
Deputy Director, Climate & Ecosystem Sciences Division
Lead, Watershed Function SFA

Kristin Boye
Lead, SLAC Floodplain Function SFA
Deputy Lead, Watershed Function SFA

Kenneth H. Williams,
Chief Scientist, Watershed Function SFA

Michelle Newcomer,
Deputy Lead, Watershed Function SFA

Jacob Gimbel,
Project Manager, Watershed Function SFA

Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory

One Cyclotron Road / MS: 70A3317 / Berkeley, California 94720 / **phone** 510-486-6584 / **fax** 510-486-7152



SCIENTIFIC ADVISORY BOARD CHARTER

Watershed Function Scientific Focus Area

watershed.lbl.gov

June 2023

Scientific Advisory Board (SAB) Responsibilities:

The SAB for the Watershed Function Scientific Focus Area (SFA) at Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory is chartered by a designated chair and provides feedback and recommendations to the Watershed Function SFA leadership team (Eoin Brodie, Kristin Boye, Ken Williams, Michelle Newcomer). The intent of the SAB is to provide advice, guidance, and constructive feedback on SFA strategy, scientific relevance, team expertise, quality of achievements, and task priorities as needed to continuously improve the SFA. The SAB may also facilitate collaborations that help to extend the SFA impact. The SAB is not expected to perform management or operation functions.

Composition and Qualifications:

The SAB members will be comprised of 10 to 15 invited members, who have expert knowledge in research areas relevant to the Watershed Function SFA. SAB members use their inquisitive and objective perspectives to the task of representing the long-term interests of the Watershed Function SFA. Brief SAB member biographies will be posted on the SFA website along with links to members' websites.

Term of Service:

SAB members are asked to serve a four-year term (FY24-FY27).

Frequency of Meetings:

The Scientific Advisory Board will be invited to the SFA annual team retreat to hear about SFA progress, engage in brainstorming, and to provide feedback. Past retreats have been held in Berkeley and Crested Butte, CO, with virtual attendance options available. The SAB may also occasionally be asked to join video or telephone meetings.

Reimbursement for Scientific Advisory Board Members

The SAB members shall be entitled to reimbursement of travel-related expenses in accordance with DOE guidelines and LBNL travel policies.



Blogs

[Browse](#) / [Blogs](#) / [Blog Viewer](#)

POWR Act Brings Major Changes to Colorado Anti-Discrimination Law



By [Miller Jozwiak](#) posted 20 days ago

0 | [Recommend](#)

After several years and numerous amendments, the Colorado Legislature has passed the Protecting Opportunities and Workers' Rights Act (SB23-172), otherwise known as the POWR Act. The new law is best known for redefining the standard employees must prove to establish workplace harassment claims under the

Colorado Anti-Discrimination Act (CADA). But the POWR Act also makes several other key changes to Colorado anti-discrimination law of which employers should be aware, such as new requirements for nondisclosure agreements and recordkeeping, among others.

Lawmakers passed the POWR Act during Colorado's recently completed 2023 legislative session. Governor Polis has until June 7, 2023, to sign or veto the measure. At this time, it's unlikely he will veto the bill, which is anticipated to take effect in early August.

Harassment

The biggest change in the POWR Act is the definition of workplace harassment. Under federal anti-discrimination laws, employees generally must prove, among other things, that the harassing behavior was "severe or pervasive." The standard requires the employee to prove that the conduct altered the conditions of their working environment. The POWR Act, however, expressly rejects the "severe or pervasive" standard in favor of a new definition of workplace harassment. The definition essentially has five components:

- Engage in, or the act of engaging in, any unwelcome physical or verbal conduct or any written, pictorial, or visual communication;
- Directed at an individual or group of individuals;
- Because of that individual's or group's membership in, or perceived membership in, a protected class (such as sex, gender, race, religion, etc.);
- Is subjectively offensive to the individual alleging harassment; and
- Is objectively offensive to a reasonable individual who is a member of the same protected class.

The law is clear that the nature of the work or frequency with which harassment in the workplace occurred in the past is not relevant to determining whether a violation occurred.

Under the POWR Act, "petty slights, minor annoyances, and lack of good manners" are generally not actionable. But if, under the totality of the circumstances, the comments individually or in combination meet the harassment standard, these isolated incidents become actionable. The statute enumerates nine factors, including frequency, duration, location, nature of the comments, and number of individuals involved, to consider when determining whether these types of comments are actionable.

The POWR Act also provides employers with a narrow affirmative defense. If an employee proves supervisor harassment, employers can escape liability by proving, among other things, the existence of a harassment prevention program.

The new standard fundamentally changes workplace harassment law in Colorado. The practical implications of the POWR Act will remain uncertain until claims make their way through the legal system. In the interim, employers should maintain best practices, which include the following:

- Providing comprehensive harassment prevention training for both supervisors and non-supervisory employees
- Remaining vigilant for any potentially problematic behavior
- Treating allegations of harassment with utmost seriousness by conducting thorough investigations
- Implementing appropriate remedial actions when necessary

Nondisclosure Provisions

Beyond reshaping workplace harassment law in Colorado, the POWR Act imposes new requirements on the terms of nondisclosure agreements pertaining to unfair or discriminatory employment practices. If a nondisclosure provision fails to meet these requirements, except in limited circumstances, employers risk having the provision invalidated and facing steep monetary costs.

Under the law, not all nondisclosure agreements are regulated — the definition limits “nondisclosure provisions” to those entered into on or after the law’s effective date and those that limit employees’ or prospective employees’ ability to disclose an alleged discriminatory employment practice. To be valid, such agreements must meet the following requirements:

- The provision applies equally to all parties to the agreement;
- The provision states it doesn't restrain the employee from disclosing the underlying facts of alleged discrimination to certain people and for certain purposes;
- The provision expressly states that the disclosure of the underlying facts to certain people and for certain purposes is not disparagement;
- The agreement includes a condition that if there is a non-disparagement provision and the employer disparages the employee to a third party, then the employer may not enforce the agreement, but all other terms remain enforceable;
- Any liquidated damages provision is limited in certain respects; and
- The parties sign an addendum stating they’ve complied with these requirements.

Recordkeeping Requirements

The POWR Act imposes two new recordkeeping requirements on employers.

Employers must keep personnel or employment records for at least five years after the date the record was made, the date of the personnel action, or the date of a final disposition of a charge of discrimination, whichever is later.

Additionally, employers must create and maintain an “accurate, designated repository” of all complaints of discriminatory employment practices. This includes the date of the complaint, the identity of the complaining party (if not anonymous), the identity of the alleged perpetrator, and the substance of the complaint.

Other Noteworthy Changes

The POWR Act makes several other changes to CADA. Marital status is now a protected class for discriminatory employment practices claims. For claims of disability discrimination, showing an employee’s disability has a significant impact on the job is no longer part of a disability discrimination claim, which is more in line with federal anti-discrimination law.

The POWR Act is a significant change in Colorado anti-discrimination law. Employers Council has resources to help you navigate these new issues. Keep an eye out as Employers Council will be presenting a webinar addressing the details of the POWR Act and explaining best practices for employers. In the meantime, if you have any questions, please contact our Member Experience Team.

#Discrimination

#Harassment

#Colorado

0 comments

97 views

Permalink

<https://members.employerscouncil.org/blogs/miller-jozwiak/2023/05/19/powr-act-brings-major-changes-to-c>

MEMORANDUM



TO: UGRWCD Board of Directors
FROM: Cheryl Cwelich, Water Resource Specialist
DATE: June 20, 2023
SUBJECT: Wet Meadows Program Update (June)

During the month of June, the following activities have commenced or been completed in the Gunnison Basin Wet Meadows & Riparian Restoration Collaborative (GBWMRRC):

Notable Activities Completed or in Progress:

- 2023 Field Season:
 - The sagebrush steppe and wet meadows conservation crew has finished training and has been in the field conducting structure maintenance forms, site assessments in eight high-priority reaches (Antelope Creek, Wood Gulch, Sheep Gulch, Alkali Creek, Sewell Gulch, Willow Creek, Alder Creek and West Pass Creek), along with seeding, hydro-seeding, and cheatgrass inventories.
 - Along with partners at the Bureau of Land Management (BLM), Natural Resource Conservation Advocates (NRCS), U.S. Fish & Wildlife (USFWS) Partners Program, and the Gunnison County contractor for the Cheatgrass Coordinator met with a representative from the Ute Mountain Ute tribe to discuss and plan restoration opportunities at Pinecrest Ranch.
- Outreach & Education:
 - On May 24th, staff provided an interview on the Wet Meadows Program for the “Westerner” magazine.
 - On June 2nd, staff provided a presentation on the Wet Meadows Program to the Yampa Basin Rendezvous on “Slow Water Solutions.”
 - On June 10th, the Wet Meadows Coordinator and Seasonal Field Supervisor participated in “Riders of the Sage” with High Country Conservation Advocates (HCCA) to provide education and interpretation on wet meadows restoration sites at Miller Ranch State Wildlife Area (SWA).
 - On June 15th, staff participated in the Colorado Trout Unlimited Teen Youth Camp to talk about the Wet Meadows Program and career-building.
- Grant & Funding Opportunities:
 - The award amendment to increase the U.S. Fish & Wildlife Service “Sagebrush Ecosystem” grant from \$103,950 to \$272,219 was finalized.
 - Staff are waiting to hear on the status of the \$4.6 million pre-proposal to the 2023 America the Beautiful Challenge grant.
- Research:
 - The USGS study team will be conducting a final ground-truth assessment of streamflow in Taylor Park in July before submitting the final formal project scope

of work proposal. The U.S. Forest Service has been hesitant to move forward with a “high-profile” study in Taylor Park and has asked for a pause to get up-to-speed on the research before moving forward with a paired-watershed study and to allow them time to get through their current heavy workload period.

- Other:

- o Updates on the Bureau of Land Management (BLM) Gunnison Sage-grouse (GUSG) Draft Resource Management Plan Assessment/Environmental Impact Statement (RMPA/EIS):
 - On June 1, the Gunnison Sage-Grouse BLM Cooperating Agencies met for an update from the BLM on the GUSG RMPA project; and to review updates to the Linkage Connectivity Model Areas (LCMA - areas between occupied habitat that could be used by GUSG for migration) and to discuss changes to the alternatives.
 - Review: Alternatives for how the BLM manages BLM-Administered Surface acres will be offered to Cooperating Agencies and the public for their comment. These alternatives will offer different options for how to manage areas between occupied GUSG habitat that could be used for migration, GUSG relocation, surface-disturbing activities and protection of generally in-tact backcountry areas.
 - An additional alternative is being included in the draft RMPA that reflects the Candidate Conservation Agreement and only applies to occupied and unoccupied GUSG habitat.
 - Additional Areas of Critical Environmental Concern (ACEC's) have been added to the alternatives for review.
 - The timeline for review of the administrative draft RMPA/Draft EIS was updated to the following:
 - Internal BLM review will start on June 5, 2023 (version 1)
 - Cooperating Agency review will be July 10 to July 21, 2023 (version 2)
 - BLM review of comments and edits August 7 – August 25 (version 3)
 - Note, cooperators will also have the opportunity to review and submit comments on the Draft RMP Amendment / Draft EIS during the 90-day public comment period, anticipated for this Fall 2023.
 - The next Cooperating Agency meeting is July 6, 2023.

MINUTES
Taylor Local Users Group
June 6th , 2023

TLUG Attendees:

TLUG Representatives Present:

Ryan Birdsey (Flatwater Recreation)
Don Sabrowski (Chair)
Mark Schumacher (Boating Interests)
David Fisher (Property Owners)
Roark Kiklevich (Wade Fishing via Zoom)
Ernie Cockrell (Taylor Placer via Zoom)
Andy Spann (Agricultural via Zoom)

Others in person:

Bill Gallenbeck (Taylor Dam Outlet Operations)
Rory Birdsey (Taylor Park Marina)
Dustin Brown (Scenic River Tours)
Doug Forshagen (Crystal Creek Homeowner's Association)

Beverly Richards (UGRWCD)
Sonja Chavez (UGRWCD)
Sue Uerling (UGRWCD)
Alana Nichols (UGRWCD)
Cheryl Cwelich (UGRWCD)

By Zoom:

Erik Knight (BOR)
Elliot Manning (Eleven Angling)
Dave Gochis (UCAR)
Jeff Deems (ASO)
John Bocchino (Riffle and Rise LLC)
Sean Slattery (Irwin Guides)
Patrick Blackdale (Three Rivers Fishing Outfitting)
Raquel Flinker (Colorado River Water Conservancy District)

I. Introduction & Approval of Minutes

Following introductions Chairman Don Sabrowski asked the Board if there were any requested changes to the May 5th, 2023, meeting minutes.

There were no discussions or changes for the May 5th meeting minutes.

II. CBRFC Water Supply Update and USBR Model Forecast

Erik Knight presented the CBRFC forecast. He mentioned the June forecast will increase the inflow runoff volume to 118,000 acre-feet for April-July. The inflows to Taylor Park Reservoir will be 126% of average. This is a 5,000-acre-foot increase compared to the mid-May forecast. There was a distinctive decrease in June inflows that dropped just under 700 cfs. The forecast inflows are projected to increase again above 900 cfs in the 10-day inflow projection. The inflows have been moderate because Taylor Park hasn't gotten up to the peak flows expected at this point. The Taylor Park Operations graph shows a projected content of 98% full and a maximum fill of 104,656 acre-feet. This maximum content is about 1 foot under the spillway crest. The release rate is at 450 cfs which is part of meeting the 10-day release requirement. The 10-day peak release was just met yesterday June 5th, but the peak release was extended a couple weeks to manage the increase in runoff and prevent the reservoir from spilling. The release flows will drop back down to 400 cfs during the last week of June. There are no other changes to the release schedule moving forward as of now. The end of October shows an increase in content of 77,405 acre-feet which creates a good buffer in case other changes need to be made or someone wants to increase releases.

Ryan Birdsey asked Erik Knight if inflow decrease is due to cooler temperatures up valley. Erik Knight believed it is due to cooler temperatures and possible cloud cover. He does not think we will have a higher peak of inflow than what we have seen so far.

Cheryl Cwelich asked Eric Knight what date they plan to decrease release flows because the Gunnison River Festival (GRF) Taylor Downriver Race is June 23rd and higher flows would be better for the race. Erik Knight mentioned they plan to decrease release flows to 400 cfs on June 25th which works out well for GRF.

III. Latest UCAR WRF-Hydro Model Forecast

David Gochis presented the latest UCAR WRF-Hydro model forecast. He mentioned there is still a significant amount of snowpack on Cottonwood Pass and showed an image of the pass from two days prior. This forecast was also recently validated by the ASO flight on May 23rd and 24th. As of May 27th, the Upper Taylor Basin had 72 kaf SWE remaining and East River Basin had 156 kaf SWE remaining. The WRF-Hydro forecast showed an increase at Taylor Reservoir inflow, Texas Creek and Willow Creek. However, the mainstem Taylor River forecast remained identical to what it was from the last WRF-Hydro model. The flow forecasts in the East River and Ohio Creek have started to decrease.

The ASO- assimilation model revealed a steady depletion in the northwest mainstem of Taylor River Basin. However, the model showed there was still a significant amount of

snowpack on the eastern and southern Basin. The ASO flight indicated there is more snowpack overall in the Basin than what was originally estimated. The ASO flight exhibited an elevation profile of a green light in Texas and Willow Creek which indicates a slower rate of melt. When looking at impacts on streamflow plots there is a small difference between forecast cycles on the Taylor River. The streamflow plots for Texas and Willow Creek show a larger proportional increase from latest forecasts. When looking at data from stream gauges Texas and Willow Creek are larger than what was observed last year at this time.

The Blue Mesa Reservoir inflow forecast over the last month had been steady at about 900,000 acre-feet with the combined impact being unaffected according to the WRF-Hydro forecast.

Jeff Deems mentioned the SWE difference between ASO surveys showing more snow persistent in the Texas and Willow Creek drainages compared to Taylor River mainstem drainage above the reservoir.

Don Sabrowski asked David Gochis if there are any anticipated potential problems with the East River flows since we are expecting to see an increase in temperatures.

David Gochis mentioned that issues with peak flows on the East River is not included in the model, but it could be added in the future. What is shown in the next 10 days is data from the historical climate record for sampling. There is high soil saturation in the basin and would not be surprised by accelerated rates down the East River soon.

Sonja Chavez mentioned that during the County Flood meetings, they mentioned that the Town of Crested Butte is watching Coal Creek because it is an area of concern for residents regarding flooding.

Don Sabrowski asked if the stream gauge had undergone maintenance and if the readings were verified/accurate at the dam outlet, Texas and Willow Creeks?

Bill Gallenbeck said that the USGS was out last week checking all stream gauges.

IV. Preliminary TLUG Draft Operational Release Recommendations:

Sonja Chavez will be attending the Four Parties meeting in the next couple weeks which means the TLUG members need to nail down what recommendations for flows need to be made.

Mark Schumacher and Roark Kiklevich are very happy that combined forecasts have been so accurate.

Ernie Cockrell thinks flows look great. He believes going into the end of the year with a buffer is great. He is very happy to have so much water this year. He agrees with Mark and Roark.

Andy Spann agriculture community is happy. It is great to have water and accurate forecasts models.

Ryan Birdsey said having a full reservoir is good and maybe wants to hold some water back for next year. He suggested we receive our data 24-48 hours before the meetings if possible, so he has time to review the data.

Mark Schumacher agrees.

UGRWCD Post Meeting Note: Per General Counsel, “Having additional storage for next year is prudent; however, we will need a written agreement from the parties to the stipulation that modifies the operating regime set out there.”

V. Miscellaneous Updates:

Sonja Chavez mentioned UGRWCD submitted the application to BOR for the snow measurement study and ASO flights for the next three years. She attended the UVWUA meeting and discussed what data they would be using to determine what state of drought they are in and how it affects municipal water providers. They also discussed the nexus between their DCP development and participating in our DCP development because they rely on the Taylor River for their water supply. Their Task Force will be meeting every six months and she will report back to the TLUG. The UGRWCD will be having a DCP kickoff meeting in the middle of June.

Sonja and Beverly are regularly attending Gunnison County’s emergency operations planning meeting regarding flows and flooding.

VI. Schedule Next Meeting:

Next meeting planned for Monday July 10th at 12:00pm.

This meeting was adjourned at 12:37pm by Chair Don Sabrowski.

AGENDA ITEM 11

Scientific Endeavors Update

AGENDA ITEM 11

Gunnison River Festival Update

MEMORANDUM



TO: UGRWCD Board
DATE: June 20, 2023
SUBJECT: Gunnison River Festival (GRF) Memo – June

The motto for the 2023 Gunnison River Festival is “Be a River Hero” – this means being an active leader in river safety, etiquette, conservation and stewardship.

Completed Events:

The Gunnison River Festival has had several events with great turnout. GRF staff have provided information on what river safety means, how to practice river etiquette and ways to get involved with river conservation and stewardship.

- Fly Fishing Film Tour on April 27th
- Stoke the Flows on May 4th
- Arteries of the Earth from June 2nd- June 30th
- Kids Outdoor Expo and Fishing Derby on June 3rd
- Fly Fishing Film Tour on June 16th
- Taylor Downriver Race on June 23rd

Upcoming Events:

- SUP San Cristobal on July 29th
 - Zach Dutra of the Lake Fork Valley Conservancy will be hosting a SUP event on Lake San Cristobal, which will include morning yoga, a race and an overview of how to SUP for the first time.
- Sunni Gunni Costume Float & River Celebration on August 26th
 - This is meant to be a community celebration of our rivers by joining us on the river at Shady Island and floating down to the Whitewater Park or meeting at the Whitewater Park where there will be river-based booths to promote recreation on our rivers and provide river safety and etiquette messaging. The event will also include a “poker tour” with a chance to win an Orion cooler to get folks to engage with the booths, music, a food truck, and cool “sunnies” swag.

STOR Meeting Notes



TO: UGRWCD Board of Directors
FROM: Cheryl Cwelich, Water Resource Specialist
DATE: June 20, 2023
SUBJECT: STOR (Sustainable Tourism and Outdoor Recreation)

During the monthly May meeting of the STOR Committee, the following topics were discussed:

Notable Activities Completed or in Progress:

- Joe Lavorini:
 - Joe is being promoted within the National Forest Foundation (NFF) and will be stepping down as coordinator of the STOR committee. Gunnison County will begin looking for his replacement.
- Next Meeting:
 - The June meeting has been cancelled in order to prepare for the transition to find Joe's replacement and to alleviate busy schedules at the beginning of the summer.
- Membership:
 - Matt Reed is a Public At-large Member, is stepping down and the Committee are beginning the process to fill his seat.
- Crested Butte/Crested Butte South Trail:
 - A presentation and intro of the proposed 8 mile trail was provided by Design Workshop, the design team selected to lead the planning effort.
 - They are projected to finish a plan in December, after stakeholder and community outreach, through the following components:
 - Setting the stage (identifying & assessing current conditions and needs)
 - Evaluating options (community and stakeholder outreach)
 - Developing a plan (team development)
 - The design team led the Committee through a voting exercise to assess needs, concerns, impacts and other considerations. The following topics were discussed:
 - Wildlife
 - Hydrology
 - Parking
 - Signage
 - Capacity
 - Development
 - Local business
 - Commuters
 - Recreation
 - Timeline
 - There will be drone survey in June and an open house in August/September.

AGENDA ITEM 12

Miscellaneous Matters

TO

Daily Summary for Month --> Jun

						Taylor Park Reservoir				Silver Jack Reservoir				Aspinall Unit				GUNNISON TUNNEL ALLOCATION																			
		River Call		Average Flow		Reservoir		1st Fill	2nd Fill	Other	Aspinall	Reservoir		BP Acctnt	AU Acctnt	Reservoir Contents			Total Aspinall Unit Inflow			1st Fill	Contract	Streamflow and Divs		Type of Water Diverted into Tunnel							Tot 1st fill				
Day of Month		Silver Jack Reservoir & Juniors In Priority (1=Yes, 0=No)	TP Releases from TP 1st Fill (1=Yes, 0=No)	Excess Released TP Inflow and AU Nat Inflow (cfs)	Tunnel (GT) Shortage after AU Nat Inflow and TP Inflow (cfs)	3-Day Average Excess TP Inflow and AU Nat Inflow (cfs)	3-Day Ave. GT Shortage after AU Nat Inflow and TP Inflow (cfs)	TP Res. Content (af)	USGS outflow (cfs)	TP Compute d Inflow (cfs)	1st Fill - Storage in TP (af)	2nd Fill - Storage - in TP (af)	Other Account Storage - in TP - (af)	AU Storag e in TP (af)	SJ Res Content (af)	Reservoir Storage (cfs)	BP - Storage - in SJ (af)	Water - Storage - in SJ (af)	AU Acctnt	BM Res Content (af)	MP Res Content (af)	CR Res Content (af)	AU Change In Storage (af)	AU inflow computed rel from CR (cfs)	AU inflow & with below TP AU Aug Rel (cfs)	#REF!	UGRWC D Contract water (af)	Gun. River below East Portal (cfs)	Total Gunnison Tunnel Divs (cfs)	GT Divs - AU inflow minus TP released inflow (cfs)	GT Divs - TP Released Inflow (cfs)	GT Divs - SJ Inflow by AU Exch (cfs)	UGRWC D Contract Water Rel (cfs)	GT Divs - Rel from 2nd Fill for Rec/Fish (cfs)	GT Divs - 1st Fill Credit in BM (cfs)	#REF!	Remain. 1st Fill Credits in TP and AU (af)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(11)	(14)	(15)	(19)	(25)	(30)	(34)	(36)	(39)	(43)	(47)	(49)	(77)	(100)	(124)	(125)	(127)	#REF!	#REF!	(128)	(131)	(132)	(133)	(134)	(135)	(136)	(137)	#REF!	(140)		
1	1	1					81,183	462	836					10,486	145	10,486	0		111,659	16,464		2,083			1,040	1,043					0	0					
2	1	1					81,812	464	787					10,614	65	10,614	0		111,169	16,513		2,083			1,040	1,043					0	0					
3	1	1					82,323	464	728					10,650	19	10,650	0		110,768	16,406		2,083			1,040	1,043					0	0					
4	1	1					82,764	464	692					10,764	59	10,764	0		110,219	16,299		2,085			1,040	1,045					0	0					
5	1	1					83,346	465	764					11,001	120	11,001	0		109,812	16,296		2,084			1,040	1,044					0	0					
6	1	1					84,132	465	867					11,318	161	11,318	0		110,015	16,327		2,085			1,040	1,045					0	0					
7	1	1					85,025	466	922					11,722	205	11,722	0		110,274	16,508		2,086			1,040	1,046					0	0					
8	1	1	5,881	0			85,964	467	947					12,070	176	12,070	0	649,854	110,329	16,621	8,516	2,088	5,983			1,040	1,048	1,048	0	0	0	0					
9	1	1					86,887	468	939					12,327	131	12,327	0	658,202	110,227	16,478		2,089			1,040	1,049					0	0					
10	1	1					87,694	468	881					12,501	89	12,501	0		110,008	16,307		2,089			1,040	1,049					0	0					
11	1	1					88,539	469	901					12,691	97	12,691	0		109,757	16,227		2,089			1,040	1,049					0	0					
12	1	1					89,390	471	906					12,865	89	12,865	0		109,547	16,224		2,090			1,040	1,050					0	0					
13	1	1						0																	0												
14	1	1						0																	0												
15	1	1						0																	0												
16	1	1						0																	0												
17	1	1						0																	0												
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27	1	1						0																	0												
28	1	1						0																	0												
29	1	1						0																	0												
30	1	1						0																	0												
31								0																	0												
Total	30	30	5,881	0	0	0		5,593	10,174					1,355							8,516	25,035	5,983			12,480	12,555	1,048	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Tot (af)			11,666	0	0	0		11,094	20,180					2,687							16,891	49,656	11,867			24,754	24,902	2,079	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Min	1	1	5,881	0	0	0	81,183	0	692	0	0	0	0	10,486	19	10,486	0	649,854	109,547	16,224	8,516	2,083	5,983	0	0	0	1,043	1,048	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Max	1	1	5,881	0	0	0	89,390	471	947	0	0	0	0	12,865	205	12,865	0	658,202	111,659	16,621	8,516	2,090	5,983	0	0	1,040	1,050	1,048	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		

Annual Summary (all values in ac-ft) Note: Reservoir content is the end of the month content

	(days)	(days)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)	(af)



2023 COLORADO WATER CONGRESS SUMMER CONFERENCE AND MEMBERSHIP MEETING

August 22 to 24

TUESDAY, AUGUST 22

PRE-CONFERENCE WORKSHOPS

The South Platte and Republican River Compacts State of Compliance Korbel Ballroom A

Co-Moderators: Jennifer Gimbel (Co Water Center and Kevin Rein (CO State Engineer)

Republican River Compact

Following the drought of the 1930's and a devastating flood in the basin in 1935, the Republican River Compact (1943) was negotiated to pave the way for a system of six irrigation districts and two dams. Subsequent groundwater development is at the heart of the controversy between the states of Kansas and Nebraska in recent decades. We will cover the compact, Colorado's compact obligations, and current developments in administration.

South Platte River Compact

2023 is the 100th anniversary of the South Platte Compact between Colorado and Nebraska. We will cover the obligations of each state, the status of compliance, and, of course, Nebraska's proposed canal.

Stream Restoration, Water Quality, & Water Rights The Confluence of River Science and Water Law Korbel Ballroom B

Co-Moderators: Gabe Racz (Vranesh and Raisch) and Kelly Romero-Heaney (Colorado DNR)

Speakers: Alex Johnson, Virridy

April Long, Aspen

TBD

Jim Yahn, North Sterling Irrigation District

Heather Dutton, San Luis Valley Water Conservancy District

Sean Cronin, St. Vrain & Left Hand Water Conservancy District

Sonja Chavez, Upper Gunnison Water Conservancy District

Stream restoration is an important tool in improving water quality, restoring habitat, and mitigating the impacts of drought, fire, or floods. With the passage of Senate Bill 23-270, Minor Stream Restoration Activities, such as bank stabilization, erosion control on ephemeral streams, daylighting channels, and post-fire and flood recovery, are presumed to cause no injury to downstream water rights. Projects aimed at restoring the natural processes of a stream by reconnecting stream channels with their floodplains or by mimicking beaver activity face a less certain path given their potential to reduce the efficiency at which water flows to downstream water rights. A workable and durable policy solution that allows process-based restoration to continue in Colorado with sufficient limits and guidelines to protect water rights will require many more thoughtful conversations amongst the water community. Water Congress is the perfect venue for those conversations.

What's One Water?
Reducing Demand through Replacing Nonessential Turf
Korbel Ballroom C

Co-Moderators: Greg Fisher (Denver Water) and Russ Sands (CWCB)

The Colorado Water Plan mentions “holistic water management” several times – typically in conjunction with One Water. What does it mean? Is it different from Integrated Resources Planning? Review of Denver’s One Water Plan that provides effective strategies for regional leaders, elected officials, staff, and the community to use for water planning, management, policy, budget, and regulation decisions.

There is much current talk about turf and its role in reducing water demand. We will learn about the initial work of the new Urban Landscape Conservation Task Force. Over the next year, the 21-member Task Force will work to identify practical ways to advance outdoor water conservation through State policy and local initiatives, to meet the pressing challenges of urban water conservation. The Task Force implements a portion of the Colorado Water Plan calling for “Transformative Landscape Change” – to start building the landscapes of tomorrow today and improve the alignment of land use plans, water use, and water conservation. We will hear from several municipal representatives who have launched community programs aimed at helping eligible entities replace nonessential turf,

The Role of the State and Division Engineers in Water Court and Regulation by Policy
Burgess Creek

Moderator: TBA Colorado Water Law Section

Session description TBA

SUMMER CONFERENCE PROGRAM

*All sessions in the Korbel Grand Ballroom unless otherwise indicated.
All times are subject to change.*

12:00-1:45 BBQ Lunch

Sponsored by Ute Water Conservancy District

Tent

Reconnect with your colleagues at our annual BBQ lunch.

2:00–2:45 Opening Session

Opening Remarks

Travis Smith, CWC President

The Rural West

Who's My Neighbor?

Patty Limerick, Professor of History of the American West

Session description TBA

2:45–4:00 Session 2

Hey! We Found Our Neighbors and Here's What Some of Them Think

Moderator: Christine Arbogast (Kogovsek and Associates)

The media is quite good at pointing out the differences of opinion on water matters among States.

But there is more to the story. A lot more. So upon what, in fact, do we agree? A panel of our neighbors will tell us.

4:00–4:45

Session 3

The Member's Voice

Moderator: Lisa Darling (South Metro Water Supply Authority)

A large panel of our members will cover topics of interest.

5:30-8:00

POND Reception

Co-Sponsored by Molson Coors Beverage Company

[Tent](#)

Drinks and light snacks will be provided.

WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 23

7:00-8:30

*Annual Breakfast with Ag & Water Resources Review Committee and CWC Board
[Spring Creek](#)*

7:00–8:45

Pastries, Coffee, and Conversation

[Burgess Creek and Tent](#)

Just need a light breakfast? Stop by Burgess Creek or the Tent for a continental breakfast and a mug of coffee. Chat with your colleagues on issues of the day.

7:30–8:45

Session 4

Morning Farm Report

[Korbel Ballroom](#)

Co-Moderators: Austin Vincent (Colorado Farm Bureau) and TBA

Advocating for agriculture means first understanding a bit about agriculture. For those of us who are all hat and no cattle, our co-moderators will walk us through the key metrics farmers and ranchers monitor to manage their business.

This is an important time for the proposed Farm Bill legislation. We will feature a discussion of the Farm Bill.

8:45-9:00

Break

9:00-9:30

Session 5

Solving Water Problems Through Statewide Collaboration

Moderator: Colorado Attorney General Phil Weiser

Speakers and session description TBA

9:30-10:30

Session 6

Water Policy with Colorado Legislators

Dialogue with Legislators

Moderator: John McClow (Upper Gunnison River Water Conservancy District)

Speakers: Rep. Marc Catlin, Rep. Karen McCormick Sen. Dylan Roberts, Sen. Cleave Simpson, Julie McCluskie, Speaker of the Colorado House of Representatives

How have the dynamics of getting bills passed through the Colorado Legislature changed now that Democrats have a strong majority? What are the key things the Legislature might address in 2024?

How did the Demystifying Colorado Water for Legislature go? What can the Water Congress do to ensure its voice in water policy remains relevant? Update on the Colorado River Drought Task Force.

10:30-11:00 Break

11:00–12:00 Session 7

Building the Strong Voice for Colorado Agriculture

Co-Moderators: Travis Smith and Jim Yahn (Agriculture Representatives to CWC Board)

Speakers: Kate Greenberg (Colorado Agriculture Commissioner), Taylor Szilagyi (Colorado Farm Bureau), Erin Karney (Colorado Cattlemen's Association)

The Colorado Department of Agriculture has done much to promote Colorado grown produce through Colorado Proud. The Ag Department's STAR Plus program builds on Colorado's strong history of land and water stewardship by ensuring the sustainability of soils, improving drought resilience, increasing agricultural productivity, and promoting sustainable agriculture. The Colorado Water Plan identifies 10 agency actions to support Robust Agriculture. What suggestions do producers have for the Water Congress to improve our representation of irrigated agriculture?

12:00-1:00 Box Lunch
[Tent](#)

12:00-5:00+ POND Activities (grab lunch and go to pre-event gathering in Spring Creek)

2022 Activities were:

Emerald Group Mountain Bike Ride

Fish Creek Falls Hike

Fishing Day at Stagecoach State Park

Golf at Rollingstone Ranch Golf Club

Mountain Tap Brewery

2:00-5:00 Water Resources and Agriculture Review Committee
Topics TBA

2:00-5:00 Colorado Water Resources & Power Development Authority Board Meeting
[Burgess Creek](#)

5:30-7:00+ Water Buffalo Reception
Sponsored by the Colorado Bar Association Water Law Section
[Mountain View Foyer and Terrace](#)
Judge Boyd (Division 5)
Judge Schwartz (Division 2)
Joanne Herlihy (Thornton's long-time attorney)
Reception continues after the Induction Ceremony

6:00 Water Buffalo Presentation
[Burgess Creek](#)

For decades, the Colorado Bar Associations Water Law Section has recognized retired individuals who have made significant contributions to the field of water law through induction into the Ancient and Honorable Order of the Water Buffalo. Nominees to this distinguished group are selected by the Executive Committee of the Water Law Section and honored at this ceremony celebrating their careers. The inductees this year are TBA.

7:00-9:30 Mountain Jam V

Tent

Bring your voice and musical instruments and let's jam! Open to all experience levels (including noexperience). Please note this is an informal musical gathering and not a performance.

THURSDAY, AUGUST 24

7:00-8:45 Water for Breakfast

(Food service continues until 8:30)

Tent

9:00-10:00 Session 8

Weather and Water

Moderator: Erin Wilson (Wilson Water Group)

Retrospectives on Runoff and Climate

Russ Schumacher (Colorado State Climatologist)

Depending on the river basin, Colorado's snowpack ranged from okay to near record. How did snowmelt translate into actual streamflow? How did the runoff pattern and volumes compare to last year? The updated report on Climate Change in Colorado will be released at about the time of the Summer Conference and Russ will give us a summary.

Status of Storage

Kevin Rein (Colorado State Engineer)

As the end of the water year approaches, where does water storage stand? Do we have any water administration concerns?

10:00-11:15 Session 9

Big River Myth Busters

Can We Buy Our Way Out of Crisis?

Moderator: Jennifer Gimbel (Colorado Water Center)

Speakers TBA

Update on myths and realities of Colorado River water management. What is the latest regarding modeling and management for the Colorado River. Will the proposed Demand Management reduce ag consumptive use enough to make a difference in Lake Powell and Mead storage? Are we taking irrigated land in Colorado out of production for the benefit of the lower Basin? Can we conserve our way out of drought? Can we buy our way out of drought? What's the local impact?

11:15-12:00 Session 10

Who Sets Water Policy II?

Role of the Water Congress

Moderator and Speakers: TBA

The second edition of the Colorado Water Plan is a fundamentally different document from the first. As an organization, the Water Congress was not deeply involved in the creation of either plan – but our members were. Now that we have had a chance to read and reflect on the new Colorado Water Plan, what actions might the Water Congress take next to protect and advance the interests of our members?

12:00 Conference Conclusion

AGENDA ITEM 13

Citizen Comments

AGENDA ITEM 14

Future Meetings

FUTURE MEETINGS/EVENTS

- ▶ Offices closed for Independence Day - Tuesday, July 4, 2023
 - ▶ Taylor Local User's Group Meeting - Monday, July 10, 12:00PM
 - ▶ Jr. Livestock Show and Luncheon (UGRWCD Sponsors)- July 15th, Noon
 - ▶ Tentatively holding for Drought Planning - Wednesday, July 12, 1:30PM
 - ▶ Gunnison Basin Roundtable Meeting - Monday, July 17, 3:00PM
 - ▶ UGRWCD Board Meeting - Monday, July 24th, 5:30PM
 - ▶ CO Water Congress Summer Convention - August 22-24, 2023
 - ▶ UGRWCD Board Meeting - Monday, August 28th, 5:30 PM
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AGENDA ITEM 15

Summary of Action Items

AGENDA ITEM 16

Adjournment